

Assessing our models

Gov 1347: Election Analytics

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Today's agenda

1. **Cocktail party simulation**: Election (hot) takes pt.2
2. How did the **538** and **The Economist** models do?
3. **Breakout room exercise**: Evaluate your prediction models with a like-minded friend

*Share one **interesting/surprising/memorable/confusing** observation about the 2022 election!*

- It can be related to any aspect of this election
- It does not have to be about predictions and their accuracy

How did the 538 and Economist model do?

Dem predicted (forecast) - Dem actual (observed)

	FiveThirtyEight	The Economist
National 2 party vote share	-0.34	2.537
National seat share	-7	-3
RMSE (district, pv2p)	3.99	3.39
Brier score (district)	0.032	0.035
Classification accuracy	95	96

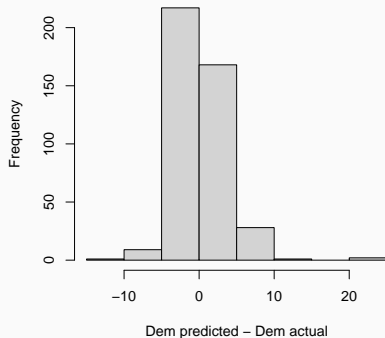
In which districts did we see (systematic) error?

	FiveThirtyEight	The Economist
Districts missed	"WA-3" "VA-2" "RI-2" "PA-7" "PA-17" "OR-6" "OH-13" "OH-1" "NY-4" "NY-3" "NY-22" "NY-19" "NY-17" "NV-3" "NV-1" "NM-2" "NH-1" "MS-2" "CO-8" "CA-22" "CA-13" "AZ-1" "AK-1"	"AZ-1" "CA-13" "CA-22" "CA-27" "CO-8" "MS-2" "NE-2" "NM-2" "NV-1" "NY-17" "NY-19" "NY-22" "NY-3" "NY-4" "OR-5" "PA-8" "RI-2" "WA-3"

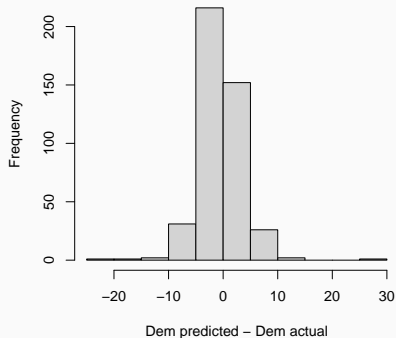
- With your neighbor, briefly discuss potential reasons why these districts were called incorrectly.
- What do these districts have in common? Would you expect these districts to be called incorrectly? Open 'district_error_538.csv' and 'district_error_economist.csv' to see how close the calls were (size of error)

How did the 538 and Economist model do?

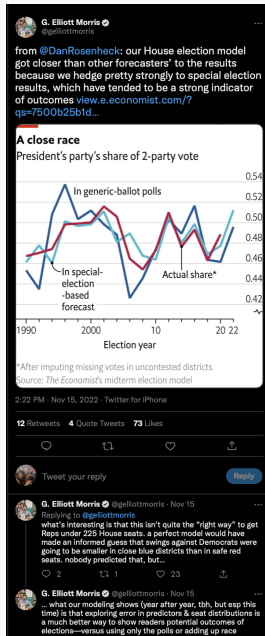
The Economist



FiveThirtyEight



Some reflections on their forecasts: The Economist



Some reflections on their forecasts: 538

Nate Silver @NateSilver538 · Nov 13
Generic ballot polling average did very very good.

Democrats in Congress?

An updating estimate of the generic congressional ballot, based on polls that ask people which party they would support in an election.

ELECTION DAY
NOV. 8, 2022

NOV. 8, 2022 LEADER
Republicans
+1.2

46.9%
45.7%

Patrick Ruffini @PatrickRuffini · Nov 13
This has now shifted to R 50.0, D 48.0 with yesterday's vote drops. Points to an R+1 environment accounting for uncontested seats, which is a perfect mirror of the R+1 makeup of the post-Dobbs primary electorates.
[Show this thread](#)

69 76 522

Nate Silver @NateSilver538 · Nov 13
D overperformance in swing states/districts, though. In most though not all cases, this "was" in line with the polls, too. But less in line with theories of uniform swing. The below is a really interesting question.

Matthew Zeitlin @MattZeitlin · Nov 13
i wonder if voters are getting more informed and "better" at voting, ie that even though there was probably a GOP popular vote victory, voters who knew they were in high leverage districts/states paid systematically more attention to what's going on and voted differently
[Show this thread](#)

Before moving on to the breakout room exercise. . . Next week,

- Thanksgiving break so **NO lab sections** next week!
- Reflection assignment due Tuesday 11/22 by 9pm

Breakout room: Evaluate your prediction models (30 minutes)

Groups (based on a characteristic feature of your forecast): * Poll believers * Incumbency matter! * Expert ratings matter! * Everything matters!

1. **Describe** your models to each other. Which variables and models did you use? If you did a district-level prediction, which districts did you predict incorrectly? (5 min)
2. Generate a number or a plot showing the **accuracy** of your model using datasets provided in the lab sessions folder. (10 min)
3. Share the number or plot with each other. Share **hypotheses** for why your model was accurate/inaccurate. Give feedback on each others' hypotheses. (10 min)
4. Discuss a (hypothetical) quantitative **test** for your hypotheses. (5 min)