DS 501: STATISTICAL & MATHEMATICAL METHODS FOR DATA SCIENCE FALL 2019

ASSIGNMENT 5: Data visualization using MDS

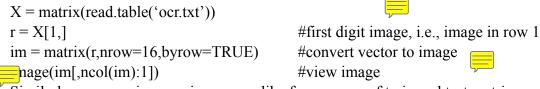
DUE: Thursday November 21, 2019.

DATASET

This data is a subset of OCR data taken from http://cmp.felk.cvut.cz/cmp/software/stprtool/index.html

VIEW AN IMAGE

Each row 'ocr.txt' consist of images of the digit 2,3 or 4. Each image is a 16x16 image, stored in one row as a 256 dimensional vector. You can view any images as follows:



Similarly you can view any image you like for any row of train and test matrices

TASK 1: MULTI-DIMENSIONAL SCALING (MDS) For DATA VISUALIZATION

Ypu can read about MDS from Alpaydin's book. Traditionally this algorithm was used to create a 2D map of all the countries. When making an atlas, the challenge is to map all the points on a sphere (earth) to a 2D surface (paper). MDS algorithm is given below:

Given a data matrix X (mxn) without the labels, proceed as follows:

- 1. Center the data so that the mean of all columns is zero. Subtract from each element of the matrix X, the mean of its corresponding column. The new centered data matrix is X_C .
- 2. Get B matrix, which denotes the pair wise dot product between each image. In other words, it is the dot product between different instances. $B = X_C X_C^T$. B is an mxm matrix.
- 3. Find the Eigen values λ and the corresponding Eigen vectors **e** of matrix B. Sort the Eigen values in descending order.
- 4. Retain only the first two highest Eigen values and only the first two corresponding Eigen vectors.
- 5. Get a new transformed dataset as Z = VS, where V is a matrix with columns as eigen values (only mx2) and S is diagonal matrix (2x2) with entries s_{ii} =sqrt(λ_i). Z is two dimensional data because we retained only the 2 highest eigen values. If we had retained k eigen values then we would be left with an mxk matrix Z.
- 6. Now take the Z matrix. Each row of this matrix corresponds to an image and we have each image represented by only two features, which can be plotted.
- 7. Make a scatter plot in 2D space for each digit in a **different color** (the digits are 2,3,4). You'll need to find all rows of Z that correspond to 2 and then plot them in one color. Repeat the same for 3 and 4. It is important to plot each digit in a different color so that you can see the relationship of each digit which is the same and its relationship with each digit, which is different.

TASK 2: DISPLAY EIGEN DIGITS

Eigen digits are successfully used for building OCR systems. Every digit has a unique signature which can be captured very well using eigen values and eigen vectors of the covariance matrix of data.

Implement the following algorithm:

- 1. Get a subset of data matrix X_2 , which denotes only those rows which correspond to label = 2.
- 2. Get the covariance matrix Σ of data matrix X_2 .
- 3. Get the eigen values and eigen vectors of Σ .
- 4. Reshape the first 4 eigen vectors as 4x4 matrices corresponding to the highest eigen values and display all four of them using image in R.
- 5. Reshape the last 4 eigen vectors corresponding to the lowest eigen values and display them using image in R.
- 6. Repeat the above for digit 3

R FUNCTIONS

- 1. **Eigen:** for finding Eigen values and Eigen vectors. Read its documentation. R would return a sorted list of Eigen values.
- 2. **Plot** and **points**: for making the scatter plot of different digits on the same graph.

BONUS DISPLAY FACES

- 1. Take around 8-10 photographs of your face. ONLY YOUR FACE.
- 2. Convert the images to grayscale and crop them to a more manageable size, e.g., 32x32.
- 3. Reshape all 2D images to vectors and make a data matrix X with each row as a vector. Each column would then represent a pixel value at a certain coordinate in the image.
- 4. Get the covariance matrix of X and its corresponding eigen values and eigen vectors.
- 5. From the eigen vectors display the eigen images corresponding to the highest and lowest eigen values. Also, paste one picture of the face you applied this to.

TO SUBMIT

- 1. Source code in R on slate
- 2. Hard copy of the report

NOTE

Plagiarism will not be tolerated.