Technology Demonstration

Amazon's Product Advertising API

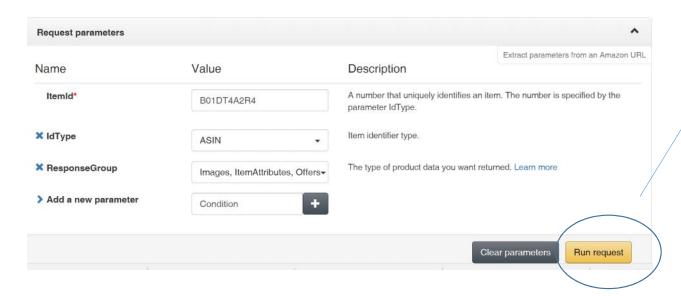
Associate ID: saleha-20

AWSAccessKeyId=AKIAJWKWBFZEI7MBOP3A

AWSSecretKey=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

Did test calls on Amazon's scratchpad at:

http://webservices.amazon.com/scratchpad/index.html



Using API to get product details



API returns reviews as iframe URL, so cannot use API to get reviews. Will need to use curl

Have used curl previously for course catalog assignment

```
curl http://www.catalog.gatech.edu/courses-grad/ae/index.html \http://www.catalog.gatech.edu/courses-grad/apph/index.html \http://www.catalog.gatech.edu/courses-grad/ase/index.html >> raw.html
```

Using minify

- // CLI command to put all HTML content in one line
- // uses "html_minifier", NPM package

html-minifier raw.html --collapse-whitespace --minify-js --minify-css -o no_whitespace.html

Sample script that counts words (1/2)

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<script src="http://d3js.org/d3.v3.min.js"></script>
<script src="d3.tip.js"></script>
<script src="data.js"></script>
<script src="new_graph.js"></script>
<link rel="stylesheet" href="styles-example.css">
<body>
<div id="target"></div>
</body>
<script>
// pass in html to add to page
// return element containing new HTML
function addHtmlToPage(htmlString){
document.getElementById('target').innerHTML = htmlString;
return document.getElementById('target');
// pass in html element containing data
// return nodelist of courses
function getCourseNodeList(tag){
var list = document.getElementsByClassName('courseblocktitle');
return list;
// pass in nodelist of courses
// return array of courses
function nodeListToArray(nodeList){
nodeList = Array.prototype.slice.call(nodeList);
return nodeList;
```

```
// pass in array of courses
// return course titles
function getTitles(list){
                  var titles = list.map(function(node){
                  return node.innerText;
                  });
  return titles;
// pass in course titles
// return words
// filter out punctuation/numbers, make words array
function scrubTitles(titles){
                  var words = titles.map(function(node){
                  return node.toLowerCase().match(/([a-z]+)/g);
                   });
  var i;
  var j;
  for (i=0; i<words.length; i++){
   for (j=0; j<words[i].length; j++)
                  //filtering out common words
                  words[i][j] =
words[i][i].replace(/(\bthe\b)|(\bof\b)|(\band\b)|(\bspecial\b)|(\bspecial\b)|
c\b)(\bi\b)(\bii\b)+/g, "");
```

```
//deleting empty strings
                 if (words[i][j] ==="") {
                                   words[i].splice(j,1);
   //removing the first element which contains an abbreviation for the
course code
   words[i].shift();
   //removing the last two elements which contain "credit" and
"hours"
   words[i].pop();
   words[i].pop();
  return words;
function flattenArray(words){
                 var wordsFlat = words.reduce(function(previous,
current){
                 return previous.concat(current);
                 return wordsFlat;
```

Sample script that counts words (2/2)

```
// pass in the flat words array
// return word scores
// count the word frequency
function scores(wordsFlat){
                  //word scores
                  var scores =
wordsFlat.reduce(function(previous,current){
                  if (current in previous) {
                  previous[current] += 1;
                  } else {
                  previous[current] = 1;
                  return previous;
                  }, {});
                  return scores;
getTitles(nodeListToArray(getCourseNodeList(addHtmlToPage(data))));
var titles3 = scrubTitles(titles2);
var wordsFlat1 = flattenArray(titles3);
var scores = scores(wordsFlat1);
graph();
</script>
</html>
```

d3 code (1/5)

```
function graph(){
  // clean up
  document.getElementById('target').innerHTML = ";
  // ----- GRAPHING -----
  //Improvement 1: improvement made - tooltip now shows not only word but also score of the word
  var tip = d3.tip()
   .attr('class', 'd3-tip')
   .html(function(d) { return '<span>' + d.word + ', ' + scores[d.word] + '</span>' ;})
   .offset([-12, 0]);
  var padding = 6,
    radius = d3.scale.log().range([15, 70]).domain([2, 82]),
    color = d3.scale.category10().domain([0, 15]);
  var nodes = [];
  var circle = [];
  var force;
```

d3 code (2/5)

```
var svg = d3.select("div[id=target]").append("svg")
  .attr("width", 1920)
  .attr("height", 960)
  .attr("class", "vis")
 .append("g");
svg.call(tip);
//Improvement 2: changed the graphing logic so that colors depend on word counts, not word lengths
for (var word in scores) {
 nodes.push({radius: radius(scores[word]), color: color(scores[word]), word: word, score: scores[word]});
force = d3.layout.force()
 .nodes(nodes)
 .size([1024, 768])
 .gravity(0.01)
 .charge(-0.01)
 .on("tick", tick)
 .start();
```

d3 code (3/5)

```
circle = svg.selectAll("circle")
 .data(nodes)
 .enter().append("circle")
 .attr("r", function(d) { return d.radius; })
 .style("fill", function(d) { return d.color; })
 .on('mouseover', tip.show)
 .on('mouseout', tip.hide)
 .call(force.drag);
function tick(e) {
 circle
   .each(cluster(10 * e.alpha * e.alpha))
   .each(collide(.5))
   .attr("cx", function(d) { return d.x; })
   .attr("cy", function(d) { return d.y; });
```

d3 code (4/5)

```
// Move d to be adjacent to the cluster node.
  function cluster(alpha) {
   var max = {};
   // Find the largest node for each cluster.
   nodes.forEach(function(d) {
    if (!(d.color in max) | | (d.radius >
max[d.color].radius)) {
     max[d.color] = d;
   });
   return function(d) {
    var node = max[d.color],
       r,
       Χ,
       у,
       i = -1;
    if (node == d) return;
```

```
x = d.x - node.x;
  y = d.y - node.y;
  I = Math.sqrt(x * x + y * y);
  r = d.radius + node.radius;
  if (I != r) {
   I = (I - r) / I * alpha;
   d.x -= x *= 1:
   d.y -= y *= I;
   node.x += x;
   node.y += y;
// Resolves collisions between d and all other circles.
function collide(alpha) {
 var quadtree = d3.geom.quadtree(nodes);
 return function(d) {
  var r = d.radius + radius.domain()[1] + padding,
    nx1 = d.x - r,
    nx2 = d.x + r
     ny1 = d.y - r,
```

d3 code (5/5)

```
// Resolves collisions between d and all other circles.
  function collide(alpha) {
   var quadtree = d3.geom.quadtree(nodes);
   return function(d) {
    var r = d.radius + radius.domain()[1] + padding,
       nx1 = d.x - r
       nx2 = d.x + r
       ny1 = d.y - r,
       ny2 = d.y + r;
    quadtree.visit(function(quad, x1, y1, x2, y2) {
      if (quad.point && (quad.point !== d)) {
      var x = d.x - quad.point.x,
         y = d.y - quad.point.y,
         I = Math.sqrt(x * x + y * y),
         r = d.radius + quad.point.radius + (d.color !==
quad.point.color) * padding;
```

```
if (1 < r) {
         I = (I - r) / I * alpha;
         d.x -= x *= 1:
         d.y -= y *= I;
         quad.point.x += x;
         quad.point.y += y;
      return x1 > nx2
         | | x2 < nx1
         | | y1 > ny2
         | | y2 < ny1;
    });
```