

Cardinality

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Cardinality

Comparing cardinalities. Instead of defining cardinality as absolute, think of it as a relation between sets.

Defn. Two sets S, T have the same cardinality if there exists a bijection $f: S \rightarrow T$ between the two functions.

Ex. Sets $A = [0, 1]$ and $B = [0, 2]$

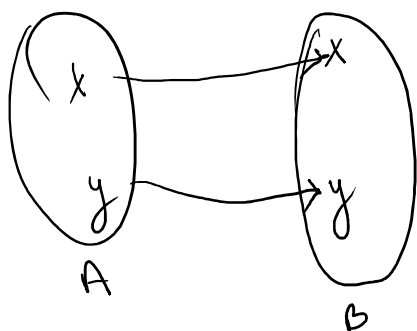
$f(x): A \rightarrow B = 2x$ is a bijection!

$$\Rightarrow |A| = |B|$$

$$\Rightarrow |[0, k]| = |[0, 1]| \text{ for any } k$$

To prove, show function, injection, surjection

Properties of cardinality



Theorem For any set A , we have $|A| = |A|$.

Theorem If A, B, C are sets where $|A| = |B|$ and $|B| = |C|$,
then $|A| = |C|$