1) Sakira 2)SELECT * FROM actor; SELECT last_name FROM actor WHERE first_name = 'John'; 3) SELECT * FROM actor WHERE last_name = 'Neeson'; 4)SELECT * FROM actor WHERE actor_id LIKE '%0'; 5. What is the description of the movie with an ID of 100? SELECT description FROM film WHERE film_id = 100; 6. Find every R-rated movie. SELECT * FROM film WHERE rating = 'R'; 7. Find every non-R-rated movie. SELECT * FROM film WHERE rating != 'R'; 8. Find the ten shortest movies. SELECT title FROM film ORDER BY length ASC LIMIT 10; 9. Find the movies with the longest runtime, without using LIMIT SELECT title FROM film WHERE length = (SELECT MAX(length) FROM film);

10. Find all movies that have deleted scenes.

SELECT title FROM film WHERE special_features LIKE '%deleted scenes%';

11. Using HAVING, reverse-alphabetically list the last names that are not repeated.

SELECT first_name, last_name FROM actor GROUP BY last_name HAVING COUNT(actor_id)=1 ORDER BY last_name DESC;

12. Using HAVING, list the last names that appear more than once, from highest to lowest frequency.

SELECT first_name, last_name FROM actor GROUP BY last_name HAVING COUNT(actor_id)>1 ORDER BY COUNT(actor_id) DESC;

13. Which actor has appeared in the most films?

SELECT * FROM actor WHERE actor_id = (

SELECT actor_id FROM film_actor GROUP BY actor_id ORDER BY COUNT(actor_id) DESC LIMIT 1);

14. When is 'Academy Dinosaur' due?

SELECT title, release_year FROM film WHERE title = 'Academy Dinasaur';

15. What is the average runtime of all films?

SELECT AVG(length) FROM film;

16. List the average runtime for every film category.

SELECT category.name AS category, AVG(length) AS avg_runtime

FROM film

JOIN

film_category ON film.film_id = film_category.film_id

JOIN category ON category.category_id = film_category.category_id

GROUP BY film_category.category_id;

```
17. List all movies featuring a robot.
SELECT title, description WHERE film.title LIKE '%robot%;
18. How many movies were released in 2010?
SELECT COUNT(film_id) AS FilmsReleasedIn2010 FROM film WHERE film.release_year = '2010';
19. Find the titles of all the horror movies.
SELECT title FROM film
JOIN film_category ON film_category.film_id = film.film_id
JOIN category ON film_category.category_id = category.category_id
WHERE category.name = 'Horror';
20. List the full name of the staff member with the ID of 2.
SELECT staff_id, first_name, last_name FROM staff WHERE staff.staff_id = '2';
21. List all the movies that Fred Costner has appeared in.
SELECT title FROM film WHERE film_id IN (
SELECT film_id FROM film_actor WHERE actor_id = (
SELECT actor_id FROM actor
WHERE first_name = 'Fred' AND last_name = 'Costner' ));
22. How many distinct countries are there?
SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT country) FROM country;
```

23. List the name of every language in reverse-alphabetical order.

SELECT name FROM language ORDER BY name DESC;
24. List the full names of every actor whose surname ends with '-son' in alphabetical order by their forename.
SELECT first_name, last_name FROM actor WHERE last_name
LIKE '%son' ORDER BY first_name ASC;
25. Which category contains the most films?
SELECT category.name, COUNT(film_category.film_id)
AS numberOfFilms FROM film_category JOIN category
ON film_category.category_id = category.category_id
GROUP BY film_category_id
ORDER BY COUNT(film_id) DESC LIMIT 1;

World.
1. Using COUNT , get the number of cities in the USA.
SELECT COUNT(*) FROM city WHERE CountryCode = 'USA';
2. Find out the population and life expectancy for people in Argentina.

SELECT Name, population AND LifeExpectancy FROM country WHERE Name = 'Argentina';
3. Using IS NOT NULL, ORDER BY, and LIMIT, which country has the highest life expectancy?
SELECT Name, LifeExpecatancy FROM country WHERE LifeExpectancy IS NOT NULL ORDER BY Population DESC LIMIT 1;
4. Using JOIN ON , find the capital city of Spain.
SELECT country.Name AS Country, city.Name AS Capital
FROM city JOIN country ON country.capital = city.ID WHERE country.Name = 'Spain';
5. Using JOIN ON , list all the languages spoken in the Southeast Asia region.
SELECT COUNT(countryLanguage.Language) AS LanguagesNumber FROM countryLanguage JOIN country ON country.code = countryLanguage.CountryCode WHERE Region = 'Southeast Asia';
6. Using a single query, list 25 cities around the world that start with the letter F.
SELECT Name FROM city WHERE Name LIKE 'F%' LIMIT 25;
7. Using COUNT and JOIN ON , get the number of cities in China.
SELECT COUNT(ID) FROM city JOIN country ON city.CountryCode = country.Code WHERE country.Name = 'China';

8. Using IS NOT NULL, ORDER BY, and LIMIT, which country has the lowest population? Discard non-zero populations.

SELECT Name FROM country WHERE Population IS NOT NULL AND Population != 0 ORDER BY Population ASC LIMIT 1;

9. Using aggregate functions, return the number of countries the database contains.

SELECT COUNT(*) FROM country AS NumberOfCountries;

10. What are the top ten largest countries by area?

SELECT Name, SurfaceArea FROM country ORDER BY SurfaceArea DESC LIMIT 10;

11. List the five largest cities by population in Japan

SELECT NAME, Population FROM city WHERE Countrycode = (SELECT code FROM country WHERE Name = 'Japan') ORDER BY Population DESC LIMIT 5;

2. List the names and country codes of every country with Elizabeth II as its Head of State. You will need to fix the mistake first!

UPDATE country SET HeadOfState = 'Elizabeth II' WHERE HeadOfState = 'Elisabeth II';

SELECT Name, Code FROM country WHERE HeadOfState = 'Elizabeth II';

13. List the top ten countries with the smallest population-to-area ratio. Discard any countries with a ratio of 0.

SELECT Name, Population/SurfaceArea FROM country WHERE Population!= 0 ORDER BY Population/SurfaceArea ASC LIMIT 10;

14. List every unique world language.

SELECT DISTINCT language FROM countrylanguage;

15. List the names and GNP of the world's top 10 richest countries.

SELECT Name, GNP FROM country ORDER BY GNP DESC LIMIT 10;

16. List the names of, and number of languages spoken by, the top ten most multilingual countries.
SELECT country.Name, COUNT(countrylanguage.Language) FROM country
JOIN countrylanguage ON country.code = countrylanguage.CountryCode
GROUP BY country.Name ORDER BY COUNT(countrylanguage.Language) DESC LIMIT 10;
17. List every country where over 50% of its population can speak German.
SELECT country.Name FROM country
JOIN countrylanguage ON country.Code = countrylanguage.Countrycode
WHERE Language= 'German' AND percentage>50;
18. Which country has the worst life expectancy? Discard zero or null values.
SELECT Name, LifeExpectancy FROM country WHERE LifeExpectancy IS NOT NULL AND LifeExpectancy != 0
ORDER BY LifeExpectancy ASC LIMIT 1;
19. List the top three most common government forms.
SELECT GovernmentForm, COUNT(Code) AS GlobalFrequency FROM country
SELECT GovernmentForm, COUNT(Code) AS GlobalFrequency FROM country GROUP BY GovernmentForm
GROUP BY GovernmentForm
GROUP BY GovernmentForm
GROUP BY GovernmentForm ORDER BY GlobalFrequency DESC LIMIT 3;
GROUP BY GovernmentForm ORDER BY GlobalFrequency DESC LIMIT 3; 20. How many countries have gained independence since records began?
GROUP BY GovernmentForm ORDER BY GlobalFrequency DESC LIMIT 3; 20. How many countries have gained independence since records began?
GROUP BY GovernmentForm ORDER BY GlobalFrequency DESC LIMIT 3; 20. How many countries have gained independence since records began? SELECT COUNT(IndepYear) FROM country;
GROUP BY GovernmentForm ORDER BY GlobalFrequency DESC LIMIT 3; 20. How many countries have gained independence since records began?
GROUP BY GovernmentForm ORDER BY GlobalFrequency DESC LIMIT 3; 20. How many countries have gained independence since records began? SELECT COUNT(IndepYear) FROM country; ***********************************
GROUP BY GovernmentForm ORDER BY GlobalFrequency DESC LIMIT 3; 20. How many countries have gained independence since records began? SELECT COUNT(IndepYear) FROM country;

```
ORDER BY release_date ASC;
```

2. Without using LIMIT, list the titles of the movies with the lowest average rating.

```
SELECT Q.name, Q.avg FROM

(SELECT movies.title AS name, AVG(ratings.rating) AS avg FROM ratings

JOIN movies ON movies.id = ratings.movie_id

GROUP BY ratings.movie_id) AS Q

WHERE Q.avg = (SELECT MIN(y.avg) FROM (SELECT AVG(ratings.rating) AS avg FROM ratings

GROUP BY ratings.movie_id) AS y);
```

3. List the unique records for Sci-Fi movies where male 24-year-old students have given 5-star ratings.

```
SELECT title FROM movies
```

```
WHERE id IN (

SELECT movie_id FROM ratings

WHERE user_id IN (

SELECT id FROM users

WHERE occupation_id = (

SELECT id FROM occupations

WHERE name = 'student')

AND age = 24

AND gender = 'M')

AND rating = 5)

AND id IN (
```

SELECT movie_id FROM genres_movies WHERE genre_id = (SELECT id FROM genres WHERE name = 'Sci-Fi'));

4. List the unique titles of each of the movies released on the most popular release day.

```
SELECT PISTINCT title FROM movies WHERE release_date = (
SELECT release_date FROM movies

GROUP BY release_date ORDER BY COUNT(id) DESC LIMIT 1);

5. Find the total number of movies in each genre; list the results in ascending numeric order.

SELECT genres.name AS genre, COUNT(genres_movies.movie_id) FROM genres_movies

JOIN genres ON genres.id = genres_movies.genre_id

GROUP BY genres_movies.genre_id

ORDER BY COUNT(genres_movies.movie_id) ASC;
```

SELECT genre_id, COUNT(movies_id) FROM genres_movies GROUP BY genre_id;