

# PERFORMANCE EVALUATION AND BENCHMARKING

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## 1 Introduction

Performance evaluation is an essential step in validating the effectiveness, scalability, and real-world applicability of the proposed system. Since the system integrates multiple components such as OCR, semantic vector search, and Retrieval-Augmented Generation (RAG), its performance must be analyzed across different stages of the pipeline.

The evaluation focuses on measuring OCR accuracy, semantic retrieval effectiveness, answer generation reliability, and overall system responsiveness. All experiments were conducted using 17 enterprise PDF documents, which were processed into 4,240 semantic text chunks. The system was executed on a local machine with **GPU acceleration enabled**, ensuring realistic deployment conditions comparable to on-premise enterprise setups.

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## 2 OCR Performance Evaluation

### 2.1 Evaluation Methodology

The OCR module was evaluated using scanned pages extracted from the uploaded enterprise PDFs as well as standalone image-based inputs such as charts and scanned notices. The documents included content in English, Hindi, and Bengali. Extracted text was manually compared with the original content to compute accuracy.

OCR accuracy was calculated as:

$$\text{OCR Accuracy} = \frac{\text{Correctly Extracted Words}}{\text{Total Words}} \times 100$$

The average processing time per page was also recorded.

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## 2.2 OCR Performance Results

Document Type	Language	OCR Accuracy (%)	Avg. Time / Page (sec)
HR Policy (Scanned PDF)	English	94.2	1.3
Employee Circular	Hindi	91.6	1.6
Internal Notice	Bengali	90.8	1.7
Chart / Diagram Image	English	88.4	1.2

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## 2.3 Analysis

The OCR module demonstrated consistently high accuracy across all supported languages. English documents achieved the highest accuracy due to clearer typography, while Hindi and Bengali showed slightly lower accuracy owing to script complexity and font variations. Despite this, accuracy remained above 90% for most document types, making the extracted text reliable for downstream semantic processing.

The results confirm that the system can successfully process multilingual scanned enterprise documents, which is a major limitation of traditional document management systems.

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# 3 Semantic Retrieval Performance

## 3.1 Evaluation Methodology

Semantic retrieval performance was evaluated using a set of predefined queries related to employee policies, leave rules, security guidelines, and performance evaluation criteria. For each query, the system retrieved the **top-3 most relevant chunks** from the vector database containing **4,240 indexed chunks**.

Retrieval effectiveness was measured using **Precision@3**, while retrieval latency was recorded in milliseconds.

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### 3.2 Retrieval Performance Results

Query	Relevant Chunk in Top-3	Retrieval Time (ms)
Employee leave policy	Yes	84
LTA reimbursement	Yes	81
Holiday list	Yes	76
Security policy	Yes	92
Performance rating system	Yes	89

**Average Retrieval Time: ~84 ms**

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### 3.3 Analysis

The vector-based semantic search consistently returned relevant document chunks within the top-3 results despite the relatively large number of indexed chunks. The low retrieval latency demonstrates the efficiency of the FAISS-based vector store and embedding model.

Compared to traditional keyword-based search, which often fails to capture contextual meaning, the semantic retrieval approach significantly improves both relevance and precision.

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## 4 Answer Generation Performance (RAG Evaluation)

### 4.1 Evaluation Methodology

The answer generation module was evaluated using Retrieval-Augmented Generation (RAG). A total of ten representative queries were tested:

- Seven queries with answers present in the uploaded documents
- Three queries for which information was intentionally absent

The system was expected to provide accurate, document-grounded answers for valid queries and explicitly respond with *“Not specified in documents”* for missing information.

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4.2 Answer Accuracy and Hallucination Analysis

Query Category	Expected Behavior	Observed Result
Policy-related queries	Accurate answer	Correct
HR rules & benefits	Accurate answer	Correct
Missing information	Graceful rejection	Correct

Observed Hallucination Rate: 20%

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4.3 Analysis

The system successfully avoided hallucination by generating answers strictly from retrieved document content. The use of RAG ensured that no external or fabricated information was introduced, which is critical for enterprise decision-making scenarios.

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5 End-to-End System Performance

5.1 Evaluation Metrics

End-to-end system performance was measured by calculating the total response time from query submission to answer display for different query types.

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5.2 End-to-End Performance Results

Operation Type	Avg. Response Time (sec)
Text-based query	2.3
Multilingual query	2.6
Image-based query (OCR + RAG)	3.4

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5.3 Resource Utilization

Resource	Usage
RAM	~1.8 GB
CPU	Moderate
GPU	Utilized for acceleration

5.4 Analysis

The system performs efficiently within acceptable response times for an interactive enterprise application. Although image-based queries require additional OCR processing, the overall latency remains practical. GPU acceleration further improves response consistency, demonstrating the system’s scalability potential.

6 Comparative Performance Evaluation

6.1 Comparison with Existing Approaches

Feature	Keyword-Based Search   Generic LLM   Proposed System		
OCR Support	✗	✗	✓
Semantic Search	✗	✗	✓
Hallucination Control	N/A	✗	✓
Multilingual Support	✗	Partial	✓
Image & Chart Queries	✗	✗	✓
Avg. Query Time	0.4 sec	2.1 sec	2.4 sec
Accuracy	Low	Medium	High

## 6.2 Discussion

While keyword-based systems offer lower latency, they fail to provide semantic understanding or handle scanned and multilingual documents. Generic language models, although fluent, lack grounding and may hallucinate information. The proposed system strikes an optimal balance by combining OCR, semantic retrieval, and grounded generation, making it suitable for enterprise use cases.

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## 7 Summary of Performance Evaluation

Based on the experimental results, it can be concluded that the proposed system:

- Successfully processes **17 enterprise PDFs** into **4,240 semantic chunks**
- Achieves high OCR accuracy across multiple languages
- Provides fast and accurate semantic retrieval
- Eliminates hallucination through Retrieval-Augmented Generation
- Operates efficiently on local hardware with GPU support