You combine the four preferences to get your Myers Briggs personality type code. Eg: having preferences for E, S, T, and J gives a personality type of ESTJ. There are sixteen Myers Briggs

personality types:

ISTJ	ISFJ	INFJ	INTJ
ISTP	ISFP	INFP	INTP
ESTP	ESFP	ENFP	ENTP
ESTJ	ESFJ	ENFJ	ENTJ



# Q1. Which is your most natural energy orientation?

Every person has two faces. One is directed towards the **OUTER** world of activities, excitements, people, and things. The other is directed inward to the **INNER** world of thoughts, interests, ideas, and imagination.

While these are two different but complementary sides of our nature, most people have an innate preference towards **energy** from either the OUTER or the INNER world. Thus one of their faces, either the **Extraverted** (E) or **Introverted** (I), takes the lead in their personality development and plays a more**dominant role** in their behavior.

# **Extraverted Characteristics**

- Act first, think/reflect later
- Feel deprived when cutoff from interaction with the outside world
- Usually open to and motivated by

#### **Introverted Characteristics**

- Think/reflect first, then Act
- Regularly require an amount of "private time" to recharge batteries
- Motivated internally, mind is

- outside world of people and things
  Enjoy wide variety and change in people relationships
- sometimes so active it is "closed" to outside world
- Prefer one-to-one communication and relationships

(I)

<b>Choose</b>	which
best fits:	

© Extraversion

O Introversion

# Q2. Which way of Perceiving or understanding is most "automatic" or natural?

The **Sensing** (S) side of our brain notices the sights, sounds, smells and all the sensory details of the**PRESENT**. It categorizes, organizes, records and stores the specifics from the here and now. It is **REALITY**based, dealing with "what is." It also provides the specific details of memory & recollections from **PAST**events.

The **Intuitive** (N) side of our brain seeks to understand, interpret and form **OVERALL** patterns of all the information that is collected and records these patterns and relationships. It speculates on **POSSIBILITIES**, including looking into and forecasting the **FUTURE**. It is imaginative and conceptual.

While both kinds of perceiving are necessary and used by all people, each of us instinctively tends to favor one over the other.

#### **Sensing Characteristics**

- Mentally live in the Now, attending to present opportunities
- Using common sense and creating practical solutions is automaticinstinctual
- Memory recall is rich in detail of facts and past events
- Best improvise from past experience
- Like clear and concrete information; dislike guessing when facts are "fuzzy"

# **Intuitive Characteristics**

- Mentally live in the Future, attending to future possibilities
- Using imagination and creating/inventing new possibilities is automatic-instinctual
- Memory recall emphasizes patterns, contexts, and connections
- Best improvise from theoretical understanding
- Comfortable with ambiguous, fuzzy data and with guessing its meaning.

Choose which best fits:

Sensing (S)

iNtuition (N)

#### Q3. Which way of forming Judgments and making choices is most natural?

The **Thinking** (T) side of our brain analyzes information in a **DETACHED**, objective fashion. It operates from factual principles, deduces and forms conclusions systematically. It is our logical nature.

The **Feeling** (F) side of our brain forms conclusions in an **ATTACHED** and somewhat global manner, based on likes/dislikes, impact on others, and human and aesthetic values. It is our subjective nature.

While everyone uses both means of forming conclusions, each person has a natural bias towards one over the other so that when they give us conflicting directions - one side is the natural trump card or tiebreaker.

## **Thinking Characteristics**

- Instinctively search for facts and logic in a decision situation.
- Naturally notices tasks and work to be accomplished.
- Easily able to provide an objective and critical analysis.
- Accept conflict as a natural, normal part of relationships with people.

## **Feeling Characteristics**

- Instinctively employ personal feelings and impact on people in decision situations
- Naturally sensitive to people needs and reactions.
- Naturally seek consensus and popular opinions.
- Unsettled by conflict; have almost a toxic reaction to disharmony.

▶ Choose which best fits:

<sup>O</sup> Thinking (T)

• Feeling (F)

# Q4. What is your "action orientation" towards the outside world?

All people use both *judging* (thinking and feeling) and *perceiving* (sensing and intuition) processes to store information, organize our thoughts, make decisions, take actions and manage our lives. Yet **one** of these processes (Judging **or** Perceiving) tends to **take the lead** in our relationship with the **outside world**. . . while the other governs our inner world.

A **Judging** (J) style approaches the outside world **WITH A PLAN** and is oriented towards organizing one's surroundings, being prepared, making decisions and reaching closure and completion.

A **Perceiving** (P) style takes the outside world **AS IT COMES** and is adopting and adapting, flexible, open-ended and receptive to new opportunities and changing game plans.

# **Judging Characteristics**

- Plan many of the details in advance before moving into action.
- Focus on task-related action; complete meaningful segments before moving on.
- Work best and avoid stress when able to keep ahead of deadlines.
- Naturally use targets, dates and

# **Perceiving Characteristics**

- Comfortable moving into action without a plan; plan on-the-go.
- Like to multitask, have variety, mix work and play.
- Naturally tolerant of time pressure; work best close to the deadlines.
- Instinctively avoid commitments which interfere with flexibility,

standard routines to	manage life.	freedo	m and variety		
▶ Choose which best fits:	<sup>O</sup> Judgi	ng (J)	Perceiving (P)		
Your 4 Personality Type Letters					

http://www.humanmetrics.com/cgi-win/jtypes2.asp