

## Assignment Solution:-

### Answer 1:

Mean sales for Region A =  $(10 + 15 + 12 + 8 + 14) / 5 = 11.8$

Mean sales for Region B =  $(18 + 20 + 16 + 22 + 25) / 5 = 20.2$

### Answer 2:

Mode of the survey responses = 4

### Answer 3:

Median salary for Department A =  $(5000 + 5500) / 2 = 5250$

Median salary for Department B =  $(5500 + 5800) / 2 = 5650$

### Answer 4:

Range of the stock prices =  $26.1 - 24.8 = 1.3$

### Answer 5:

t-test results: p-value = 0.071, which is greater than the significance level of 0.05. Therefore, we cannot reject the null hypothesis that the mean scores are equal.

### Answer 6:

Correlation coefficient between advertising expenditure and sales = 0.73, which is a strong positive correlation.

### Answer 7:

Standard deviation of the heights = 4.22

### Answer 8:

Linear regression results:  $y = 0.7x + 6.5$ ,  $R^2 = 0.86$

### Answer 9:

ANOVA results: p-value = 0.014, which is less than the significance level of 0.05. Therefore, we can reject the null hypothesis that the mean recovery times are equal.

### Answer 10:

75th percentile of the feedback ratings = 9

### Answer 11:

Hypothesis test results: p-value = 0.16, which is greater than the significance level of 0.05. Therefore, we cannot reject the null hypothesis that the mean weight is equal to 10 grams.

**Answer 12:**

Chi-square test results: p-value = 0.045, which is less than the significance level of 0.05. Therefore, we can reject the null hypothesis that the click-through rates are equal.

**Answer 13:**

95% confidence interval for the population mean satisfaction score = (6.8, 7.2)

**Answer 14:**

Simple linear regression results:  $y = 0.5x + 7.5$ ,  $R^2 = 0.63$

**Answer 15:**

Mann-Whitney U test results: p-value = 0.052, which is greater than the significance level of 0.05. Therefore, we cannot reject the null hypothesis that the median preferences are equal.

**Answer 16:**

Interquartile range (IQR) of the ages =  $(45 - 35) = 10$

**Answer 17:**

Kruskal-Wallis test results: p-value = 0.018, which is less than the significance level of 0.05. Therefore, we can reject the null hypothesis that the median accuracy scores are equal.

**Answer 18:**

Simple linear regression results:  $y = 0.7x + 80$ ,  $R^2 = 0.71$

**Answer 19:**

Standard error of the mean satisfaction score = 0.2

**Answer 20:**

Multiple regression results:  $y = 0.5x + 75$ ,  $R^2 = 0.83$