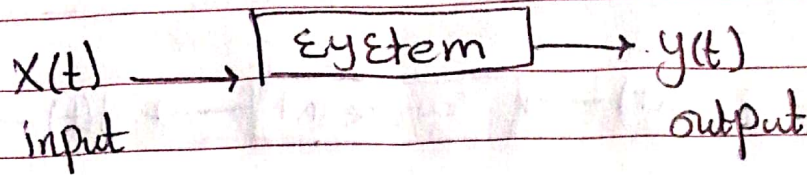


Systems the relationship between the input & output

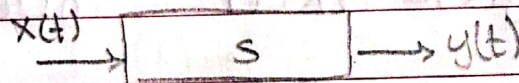


ex:

- $y(t) = x^2(t)$
- $y(t) = \text{abs}(x(t))$
- $y(t) = \int_{-\infty}^t x(\tau) d\tau$
- $y[n] = 5x[n]$

Properties of Systems

* **Memory**



$y(t) = x^2(t)$ without memory

$y(t) = x(t-1)$ memory

$y(t) = x(t) * (t-1)$ without memory

$y[n] = [n-2] x[n-5]$ memory

$y(t) = (t+1)x(t)$ without

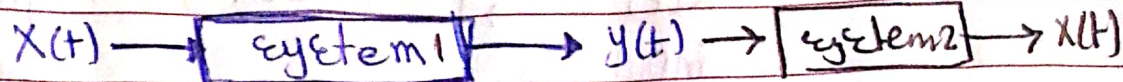
$y[n] = x[-n]$ memory

$y(t) = t x(t+1)$ memory

$y[n] = x[n+5]$ memory

$y(t) = \int_{-\infty}^t x(\tau) d\tau$ memory

Invertibility



* From knowing the output, we can get the input back.

$$y(t) = x^2(t)$$

not inverting because we can't exactly tell what the input was.

$$y(t) = 9$$

$x_2(t) = \pm 3$? I don't know. we lost some info.

$$y(t) = 3x(t)$$

invertible

$$y(t) = \cos(t) x(t)$$

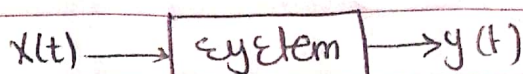
not inverting because when $\cos(\frac{\pi}{2}) = 0$, we don't know whether $t = \frac{\pi}{2}$ or the $x(t)$ was zero.

(Sometimes we lose some information)

DATE: _____

SUBJECT: _____

Causality



depends only in the Current or Past signal ~~not~~ the Future.

$$y(t) = (t+5) x(t)$$

Causal "Current"

$$y[n] = [n+10] x[n-6]$$

Causal "Past"

$$y(t) = \cos(t+5) x(t+6)$$

Not Causal "Future"

$$y[n] = x[-n]$$

Not Causal "Sometimes Future"

$$y(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(\tau) d\tau$$

Not Causal "Sometimes Future"

Stability

$$x(t) \rightarrow \boxed{s} \rightarrow y(t)$$

$$y(t) \rightarrow \infty \quad x(t) \text{ is finite}$$

unstable ↗

- Stable system \rightarrow output is finite when input is finite
- BIBO = Bounded input Bounded output
- FIFO
- When input is $\infty \rightarrow$ never study stability "abnormal"

$$y(t) = x^2(t) \rightarrow \text{stable}$$

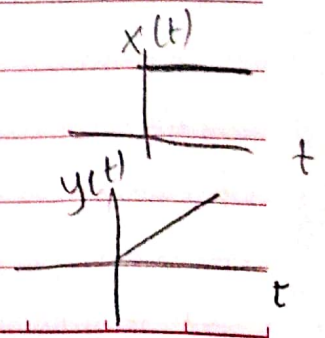
$$y(t) = e^{x(t)} \rightarrow \text{stable}$$

$$y(t) = t x(t) \rightarrow \text{unstable "when } t = \infty \text{"}$$

$$y(t) = \cos(t) x(t) \rightarrow \text{stable "}-1 \div 1\text{"}$$

$$y(t) = \tan(t) x(t) \rightarrow \text{unstable "}\infty\text{"}$$

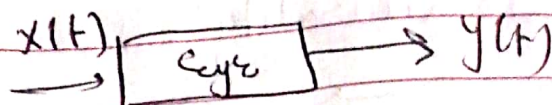
$$y(t) = \tan(x(t)) \rightarrow \text{unstable}$$



DATE: _____

SUBJECT: _____

Time invariance

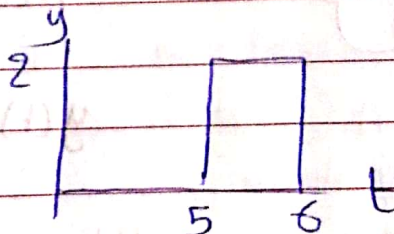
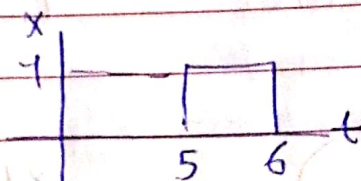
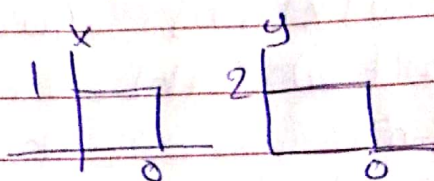


When the relationship doesn't vary with time

$$x(t) \rightarrow y(t)$$

$$x(t-t_0) \rightarrow y(t-t_0)$$

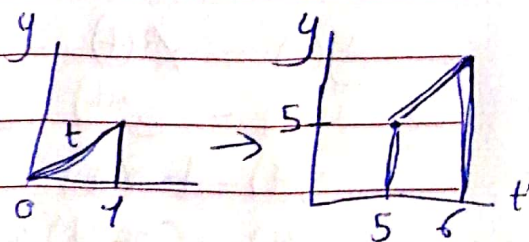
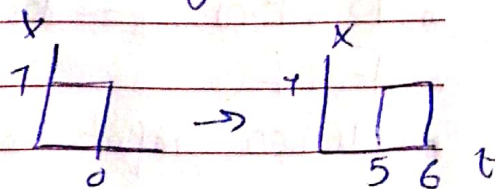
$$y(t) = 2x(t)$$



$y(t) = y(t-5)$, The same performance at any time

$$y(t) = t x(t)$$

Not TI



not time invariant