NETWORKS LAB 2 ROLL NUMBER: 106119109

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QUESTION 1:

Explanation: taking in a range of port values to check, and then trying to connect to all to see if open or not:

CODE:

SCANNER:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <string.h>
int main()
   int sock = 0, valread;
   struct sockaddr in serv addr;
   char *hello = "Hello from client";
   char buffer[1024] = {0};
   int start, end;
  printf("Enter starting port number for searching: ");
  scanf("%d", &start);
  printf("Enter ending port number for searching: ");
   scanf("%d", &end);
   printf("\n");
   for(int i=start;i<end;++i)</pre>
   if ((sock = socket(AF INET, SOCK STREAM, 0)) < 0)</pre>
       printf("\n Socket creation error \n");
       return -1;
```

```
serv_addr.sin_family = AF_INET;
serv_addr.sin_port = htons(i);

// Convert IPv4 and IPv6 addresses from text to binary form
if (inet_pton(AF_INET, "127.0.0.1", &serv_addr.sin_addr)<=0)
{
    printf("\nInvalid address/ Address not supported \n");
    return -1;
}

if (connect(sock, (struct sockaddr *)&serv_addr,
sizeof(serv_addr)) < 0)
{
    //printf("\nPort %d closed\n",i);
}
else {
    printf("Port %d open\n",i);
}
return 0;
}</pre>
```

SERVER 1:

```
// Server side C/C++ program to demonstrate Socket programming
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <string.h>
#define PORT 8080
int main(int argc, char const *argv[])
{
   int server_fd, new_socket, valread;
   struct sockaddr_in address;
```

```
int opt = 1;
int addrlen = sizeof(address);
char buffer[1024] = \{0\};
char *hello = "Hello from server";
if ((server fd = socket(AF INET, SOCK STREAM, 0)) == 0)
    perror("socket failed");
    exit(EXIT FAILURE);
if (setsockopt(server fd, SOL SOCKET, SO REUSEADDR | SO REUSEPORT,
                                             &opt, sizeof(opt)))
    perror("setsockopt");
    exit(EXIT FAILURE);
address.sin family = AF INET;
address.sin addr.s addr = INADDR ANY;
address.sin port = htons( PORT );
if (bind(server fd, (struct sockaddr *)&address,
                            sizeof(address))<0)</pre>
    perror("bind failed");
    exit(EXIT FAILURE);
if (listen(server fd, 3) < 0)
    perror("listen");
    exit(EXIT FAILURE);
if ((new socket = accept(server fd, (struct sockaddr *)&address,
```

```
(socklen_t*)&addrlen))<0)
{
    perror("accept");
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
}
return 0;
}</pre>
```

SERVER 2:

```
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <string.h>
#define PORT 8000
int main(int argc, char const *argv[])
  int server fd, new socket, valread;
  struct sockaddr in address;
  int opt = 1;
  int addrlen = sizeof(address);
  char buffer[1024] = \{0\};
  char *hello = "Hello from server";
   if ((server fd = socket(AF INET, SOCK STREAM, 0)) == 0)
      perror("socket failed");
       exit(EXIT FAILURE);
  if (setsockopt(server fd, SOL SOCKET, SO REUSEADDR | SO REUSEPORT,
                                                &opt, sizeof(opt)))
```

```
perror("setsockopt");
address.sin family = AF INET;
address.sin addr.s addr = INADDR ANY;
address.sin port = htons( PORT );
if (bind(server fd, (struct sockaddr *) &address,
                             sizeof(address))<0)</pre>
    perror("bind failed");
if (listen(server fd, 3) < 0)
    perror("listen");
    exit(EXIT FAILURE);
if ((new socket = accept(server fd, (struct sockaddr *) &address,
                 (socklen t*)&addrlen))<0)</pre>
    perror("accept");
    exit(EXIT FAILURE);
return 0;
```

RESULTS:

```
(base) saloni@salonirakholiya:~/Desktop/networks_lab/lab2$ gcc qs1_server2.c -o qs1_server2
(base) saloni@salonirakholiya:~/Desktop/networks_lab/lab2$ ./qs1_server2
```

```
(base) saloni@salonirakholiya:~/Desktop/networks_lab/lab2$ gcc qs1 server2.c -o
qs1 server2
(base) saloni@salonirakholiya:~/Desktop/networks_lab/lab2$ ./qs1_server2
(base) saloni@salonirakholiya:~/Desktop/networks lab/lab2$ ./qs1 scanner
Enter starting port number for searching: 0
Enter ending port number for searching: 700
Port 80 open
Port 631 open
(base) saloni@salonirakholiya:~/Desktop/networks_lab/lab2$
(base) saloni@salonirakholiya:~/Desktop/networks_lab/lab2$ gcc qs1 scanner.c -o
qs1 scanner
(base) saloni@salonirakholiya:~/Desktop/networks_lab/lab2$ ./qs1 scanner
Enter starting port number for searching: 8000
Enter ending port number for searching: 9000
Port 8000 open
Port 8080 open
Port 8086 open
Port 8088 open
(base) saloni@salonirakholiya:~/Desktop/networks_lab/lab2$
```

QUESTION 2:

Explanation: Normal server client chat, which doesnt end till BYEBYE message is sent. Looping through the send and receive and checking BYEBYE condition to break out of the loop.

CLIENT:

```
// Client side C/C++ program to demonstrate Socket programming
#include <stdio.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <string.h>
#define PORT 8080

int main()
{
```

```
int sock = 0, valread;
  struct sockaddr in serv addr;
  if ((sock = socket(AF INET, SOCK STREAM, 0)) < 0)
      printf("\n Socket creation error \n");
      return -1;
  serv addr.sin family = AF INET;
  serv addr.sin port = htons(PORT);
  if(inet pton(AF INET, "127.0.0.1", &serv addr.sin addr) <=0)</pre>
      printf("\nInvalid address/ Address not supported \n");
      return -1;
  if (connect(sock, (struct sockaddr *)&serv addr,
sizeof(serv addr)) < 0)</pre>
      printf("\nConnection Failed \n");
      return -1;
  while (1)
  char *str;
  char buffer[1024] = \{0\};
  printf("Client: ");
  scanf("%[^\n]%*c", str);
  send(sock , str , strlen(str) , 0 );
  valread = read( sock , buffer, sizeof(buffer));
  printf("Server: %s\n",buffer );
  if(strcmp(buffer, "BYEBYE") == 0)
```

```
break;
}
return 0;
}
```

SERVER:

```
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <string.h>
#define PORT 8080
int main(int argc, char const *argv[])
   int server fd, new socket, valread;
  struct sockaddr in address;
  int opt = 1;
   int addrlen = sizeof(address);
  if ((server fd = socket(AF INET, SOCK STREAM, 0)) == 0)
      perror("socket failed");
      exit(EXIT FAILURE);
  if (setsockopt(server fd, SOL SOCKET, SO REUSEADDR | SO REUSEPORT,
                                                  &opt, sizeof(opt)))
      perror("setsockopt");
      exit(EXIT FAILURE);
```

```
address.sin family = AF INET;
address.sin addr.s addr = INADDR ANY;
address.sin port = htons( PORT );
if (bind(server fd, (struct sockaddr *)&address,
                              sizeof(address))<0)</pre>
    perror("bind failed");
    exit(EXIT FAILURE);
if (listen(server fd, 3) < 0)
    perror("listen");
    exit(EXIT FAILURE);
if ((new socket = accept(server fd, (struct sockaddr *)&address,
                    (socklen t*)&addrlen))<0)</pre>
    perror("accept");
    exit(EXIT FAILURE);
while (1)
char buffer[1024] = \{0\};
valread = read( new socket , buffer, 1024);
printf("Recieved %s\n",buffer );
if(strcmp(buffer, "BYEBYE") == 0)
    send(new socket , buffer , strlen(buffer) , 0 );
    break;
```

```
for(int i=0;i<strlen(buffer);++i)</pre>
        if(buffer[i]>='a' && buffer[i]<='z')</pre>
            if(buffer[i]=='z') buffer[i]='a';
            else buffer[i]=(char) (buffer[i]+1);
        else if(buffer[i]>='A' && buffer[i]<='Z')</pre>
            if(buffer[i] == 'Z') buffer[i] = 'A';
            else buffer[i]=(char) (buffer[i]+1);
        else if(buffer[i]>='0' && buffer[i]<='9')</pre>
             if(buffer[i]=='9') buffer[i]='0';
             else buffer[i]=(char) (buffer[i]+1);
        else buffer[i]='.';
    send(new socket , buffer , strlen(buffer) , 0 );
printf("Reply sent\n");
```

OUTPUTS:

Example 1:

```
saloni@salonirakholiya: ~/Desktop/networks_lab/lab2
 ſŦ
                                                         Q
(base) saloni@salonirakholiya:~/Desktop/networks_lab/lab2$ ./qs2 server
Recieved Hevy
Reply sent
Recieved AHAHAHHAHA:::000
Reply sent
Recieved NO
Reply sent
Recieved BYEBYE
(base) saloni@salonirakholiya:~/Desktop/networks_lab/lab2$
              saloni@salonirakholiya: ~/Desktop/networks_lab/lab2
 J∓l
(base) saloni@salonirakholiya:~/Desktop/networks_lab/lab2$ ./qs2 client
Client: Heyy
Server: Ifzz
Client: AHAHAHHAHA;;;000
Server: BIBIBIIBIB...111
Client: NO
Server: OP
Client: BYEBYE
(base) saloni@salonirakholiya:~/Desktop/networks_lab/lab2$
Example 2
(base) saloni@salonirakholiya:~/Desktop/networks lab/lab2$ ./s2
Recieved Hey
Reply sent
Recieved OhIdkZ123
Reply sent
Recieved Pop ok
Reply sent
Recieved BYEBYE
(base) saloni@salonirakholiya:~/Desktop/networks_lab/lab2$ |
(base) saloni@salonirakholiya:~/Desktop/networks_lab/lab2$ ./c2
Client: Hey
Server: Ifz
Client: OhIdkZ123
Server: PiJelA234
Client: Pop ok
Server: Qpq.pl
Client: BYEBYE
Server: BYEBYE
(base) saloni@salonirakholiya:~/Desktop/networks_lab/lab2$
```

Example 3:

```
saloni@salonirakholiya: ~/Desktop/networks_lab/lab2
(base) saloni@salonirakholiya:~/Desktop/networks_lab/lab2$ ./s2
Recieved Hey
Reply sent
Recieved IS it ZAZA 1239
Reply sent
Recieved oh done right
Reply sent
Recieved BYEBYE
(base) saloni@salonirakholiya:~/Desktop/networks_lab/lab2$
             saloni@salonirakholiya: ~/Desktop/networks_lab/lab2
(base) saloni@salonirakholiya:~/Desktop/networks lab/lab2$ ./c2
Client: Hey
Server: Ifz
Client: IS it ZAZA 1239
Server: JT.ju.ABAB.2340
Client: oh done right
Server: pi.epof.sjhiu.
Client: BYEBYE
Server: BYEBYE
(base) saloni@salonirakholiya:~/Desktop/networks_lab/lab2$
```

QUESTION 3:

Explanation: Making a 10MB file using a python script, and using C (commented code in server side) breaking the file into 10 chunks and randomly generating 5 chunks to send. Sending the 5 chunks and the client asks for 5 remaining chunks from serverB. Server B sends remaining chunks and all chunks are also stored as files, which can be combined to form the previous 10 MB File.

CLIENT CODE:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#define SIZE 1024
```

```
void write file(int sockfd, char *filename)
  FILE *fp;
  char buffer[SIZE];
  fp = fopen(filename, "a");
   while (1)
      n = recv(sockfd, &ch, sizeof(ch), 0);
       fprintf(fp, "%c", ch);
           return;
int main()
  int port = 8086;
  int sockfd;
  struct sockaddr in server addr;
  if (sockfd < 0)
      perror("[-]Error in socket");
      exit(1);
```

```
server addr.sin family = AF INET;
  server addr.sin port = port;
  server addr.sin addr.s addr = inet addr(ip);
  e = connect(sockfd, (struct sockaddr *)&server addr,
sizeof(server addr));
  if (e == -1)
      perror("[-]Error in socket");
      exit(1);
  int buffer[10];
  char *msgask = "Send packets!\n";
  send(sockfd, msgask, strlen(msgask), 0);
  printf("%s", msgask);
  int valread = recv(sockfd, buffer, sizeof(buffer), 0);
  printf("Chunks which will be got from server A(1) and which from
B(-1) \setminus n");
  for (int i = 0; i < 10; ++i)
       printf("%d ", buffer[i]);
  printf("\n");
  char *filenames[10] = {"rfile part1", "rfile part2",
  for (int i = 0; i < 10; ++i)
       if (buffer[i] != -1)
           write file(sockfd, filenames[i]);
           printf("Chunk %d got from server\n", i + 1);
```

```
int sockfd2;
      struct sockaddr in server addr2;
      int port2=8080;
       if (sockfd2 < 0)
          perror("[-]Error in socket");
          exit(1);
      server addr2.sin family = AF INET;
      server addr2.sin port = port2;
      server addr2.sin addr.s addr = inet addr(ip);
       e = connect(sockfd2, (struct sockaddr *)&server addr2,
sizeof(server addr2));
          perror("[-]Error in socket");
          exit(1);
  send(sockfd2, buffer, sizeof(buffer), 0);
       for(int i=0;i<10;++i)
      if(buffer[i]==-1)
        write file(sockfd2,filenames[i]);
        printf("Chunk %d got from server\n", i+1);
```

```
char thanks[1024] = "Thank You from client!";
send(sockfd, thanks, 1024, 0);
send(sockfd2, thanks, 1024, 0);
return 0;
}
```

SERVER A CODE:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#define SIZE 1024
void send file(FILE *fp, int sockfd)
  char data[SIZE] = {0};
  while ((ch = fgetc(fp)) != EOF)
       if (send(sockfd, &ch, sizeof(ch), 0) == -1)
           perror("[-]Error in sending file.");
           exit(1);
  ch = EOF;
   if (send(sockfd, \&ch, sizeof(ch), 0) == -1)
      perror("[-]Error in sending file.");
       exit(1);
FILE *openforwrite(int filecounter)
```

```
char fileoutputname[15];
  sprintf(fileoutputname, "file part%d", filecounter);
  return fopen(fileoutputname, "a");
int main()
```

```
int total = 0;
  int a[10];
      a[i] = -1;
  while (1)
      if (a[x] == -1)
          total += 1;
          a[x] = 1;
      if (total == 5)
          break;
  printf("Checker to track which chunks are sent from server A(1)
and which are not(-1)\n";
  for (int i = 0; i < 10; ++i)
      printf("%d", a[i]);
  printf("\n");
  int port = 8086;
  struct sockaddr_in server_addr, new_addr;
  socklen t addr size;
  char buffer[SIZE];
  if (sockfd < 0)
```

```
perror("[-]Error in socket");
       exit(1);
  server addr.sin family = AF INET;
  server addr.sin port = port;
  server addr.sin addr.s addr = inet addr(ip);
  e = bind(sockfd, (struct sockaddr *)&server addr,
sizeof(server addr));
  if (e < 0)
      perror("[-]Error in bind");
      exit(1);
  if (listen(sockfd, 10) == 0)
      printf("[+]Listening....\n");
  else
      perror("[-]Error in listening");
      exit(1);
  addr size = sizeof(new addr);
  new sock = accept(sockfd, (struct sockaddr *) &new addr,
&addr size);
  char *qs;
  int valread = recv(new sock, qs, 1024, 0);
  send(new sock, a, sizeof(a), 0);
  char *filenames[10] = {"file part1", "file part2", "file part3",
"file part4", "file part5", "file part6", "file part7", "file part8",
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < 10; ++i)
    if (a[i] != -1)
        FILE *fp;
        fp = fopen(filenames[i], "r");
        if (fp == NULL)
            perror("[-]Error in reading file.");
            exit(1);
        send file(fp, new sock);
        printf("Chunk %d sent from server\n", i + 1);
char waitmsgthanks[1024];
while (1)
    valread = recv(new sock, waitmsgthanks, 1024, 0);
    if (valread <= 0)</pre>
       break;
printf("%s", waitmsgthanks);
return 0;
```

SERVER B CODE:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#define SIZE 1024

void send_file(FILE *fp, int sockfd)
```

```
char data[SIZE] = {0};
while ((ch = fgetc(fp)) != EOF)
  if (send(sockfd, &ch, sizeof(ch), 0) == -1)
    perror("[-]Error in sending file.");
    exit(1);
if (send(sockfd, \&ch, sizeof(ch), 0) == -1)
  perror("[-]Error in sending file.");
  exit(1);
int main()
int port = 8080;
struct sockaddr in server addr, new addr;
char buffer[SIZE];
 if (sockfd < 0)
  perror("[-]Error in socket");
  exit(1);
```

```
printf("[+]Server socket created successfully.\n");
server addr.sin family = AF INET;
server addr.sin port = port;
server addr.sin addr.s addr = inet addr(ip);
e = bind(sockfd, (struct sockaddr *)&server addr,
sizeof(server addr));
if (e < 0)
  perror("[-]Error in bind");
  exit(1);
printf("[+]Binding successfull.\n");
if (listen(sockfd, 10) == 0)
  printf("[+]Listening....\n");
else
  perror("[-]Error in listening");
  exit(1);
addr size = sizeof(new addr);
new sock = accept(sockfd, (struct sockaddr *)&new addr, &addr size);
int a[10];
char *filenames[10] = {"file part1", "file part2", "file part3",
int valread = recv(new sock, a, sizeof(a), 0);
printf("Chunks to send from server B(-1) \n");
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < 10; ++i)
 printf("%d", a[i]);
printf("\n");
for (int i = 0; i < 10; ++i)
 if (a[i] == -1)
   FILE *fp;
   fp = fopen(filenames[i], "r");
   if (fp == NULL)
      perror("[-]Error in reading file.");
      exit(1);
    send file(fp, new sock);
   printf("Chunk %d sent from server\n", i + 1);
char waitmsgthanks[1024];
valread = recv(new sock, waitmsgthanks, 1024, 0);
printf("%s", waitmsgthanks);
return 0;
```

OUTPUT: Client side

```
(base) saloni@salonirakholiya:~/Desktop/networks lab/lab2$ gcc qs3 client1.c -o
cc
(base) saloni@salonirakholiya:~/Desktop/networks lab/lab2$ ./cc
Send packets!
Chunks which will be got from server A(1) and which from B(-1)
-1 -1 1 1 -1 1 1 1 -1 -1
Chunk 3 got from server
Chunk 4 got from server
Chunk 6 got from server
Chunk 7 got from server
Chunk 8 got from server
Chunk 1 got from server
Chunk 2 got from server
Chunk 5 got from server
Chunk 9 got from server
Chunk 10 got from server
(base) saloni@salonirakholiya:~/Desktop/networks_lab/lab2$
```

Server A side:

```
(base) saloni@salonirakholiya:~/Desktop/networks_lab/lab2$ gcc qs3_servera.c -o
sa
(base) saloni@salonirakholiya:~/Desktop/networks_lab/lab2$ ./sa
Checker to track which chunks are sent from server A(1) and which are not(-1)
-1-111-1111-1-1
[+]Listening....
Chunk 3 sent from server
Chunk 4 sent from server
Chunk 6 sent from server
Chunk 7 sent from server
Chunk 8 sent from server
Thank You from client!(base) saloni@salonirakholiya:~/Desktop/networks_lab/lab2$
```

Server B side:

```
(base) saloni@salonirakholiya:~/Desktop/networks_lab/lab2$ gcc qs3_serverb.c -o
sb
(base) saloni@salonirakholiya:~/Desktop/networks_lab/lab2$ ./sb
[+]Server socket created successfully.
[+]Binding successfull.
[+]Listening....
Chunks to send from server B(-1)
-1-111-1111-1-1
Chunk 1 sent from server
Chunk 2 sent from server
Chunk 5 sent from server
Chunk 5 sent from server
Chunk 9 sent from server
Chunk 10 sent from server
Thank You from client!(base) saloni@salonirakholiya:~/Desktop/networks_lab/lab2$
```