Implementation Guidelines

For Solving Each Problem:

- 1. Choose appropriate collection type based on requirements
- 2. Implement proper error handling for edge cases
- 3. Use generics where applicable for type safety
- 4. Follow Java naming conventions
- 5. **Include proper documentation** and comments

Key Learning Outcomes:

- Understanding when to use different collection types
- Mastering iteration techniques and removal
- Working with generics and custom objects
- Implementing real-world scenarios using collections
- During Interview you can mention these use-cases for a particular concept

Problem 1: Student Names Management System

Use Case: A school administrator needs to maintain a list of student names for a class roster.

Requirements:

- Add student names to the roster
- Display all students
- Remove a student from the roster

Sample Input:

Add students: "Amit", "Priya", "Rohan"

Remove student: "Priya"

Expected Output:

Students: Amit, Rohan

Problem 2: Lab Access Queue System

Use Case: A computer lab needs to manage students waiting for access using a first-come-first-served system.

Requirements:

- Students join the queue for lab access
- Process students in FIFO order
- Display remaining queue

Sample Input:

Enqueue: "Amit", "Priya", "Rohan"

Dequeue: 1 student

Expected Output:

Queue: Priya, Rohan

Problem 3: Daily Task Tracker

Use Case: A student wants to track their daily tasks and mark completed ones.

Requirements:

- Add tasks to the list
- Mark tasks as completed (remove them)
- Display remaining tasks

Sample Input:

Add tasks: "Study Java", "Complete Assignment", "Exercise"

Complete task: "Exercise"

Expected Output:

Remaining tasks: Study Java, Complete Assignment

Problem 4: Grocery Shopping List

Use Case: A person maintains a grocery list and removes items as they purchase them.

Requirements:

- Add items to grocery list
- Remove purchased items
- Display remaining items

Sample Input:

Add items: "Milk", "Eggs", "Bread"

Purchase: "Milk"

Expected Output:

Items to buy: Eggs, Bread

Problem 5: Recent Search History

Use Case: A search application maintains the last 5 searches, removing the oldest when the limit is exceeded.

Requirements:

- Store recent searches (maximum 5)
- Remove oldest search when limit exceeded
- Maintain insertion order

Sample Input:

Searches: "Java", "Python", "C++", "DSA", "OOP", "Spring"

Expected Output:

Recent searches: Python, C++, DSA, OOP, Spring

Problem 6: Unique Roll Number Validator

Use Case: A registration system must ensure no duplicate roll numbers are assigned.

Requirements:

- Accept roll numbers for registration
- Automatically remove duplicates
- Display unique roll numbers

Sample Input:

Roll numbers: 101, 102, 101, 103

Expected Output:

Unique Roll Numbers: 101, 102, 103

Problem 7: Alphabetical Student Directory

Use Case: A school wants to maintain student names in alphabetical order.

Requirements:

- Add student names
- Automatically maintain alphabetical sorting
- Display sorted name

Sample Input:

Students: "Rohan", "Amit", "Priya"

Expected Output:

Students: Amit, Priya, Rohan

Problem 8: Course Registration System

Use Case: A student registers for courses, ensuring no duplicate course codes.

Requirements:

- Register for courses using course codes
- Prevent duplicate registrations
- Display registered courses

Sample Input:

Course codes: "CS101", "MA101", "CS101"

Expected Output:

Registered Courses: CS101, MA101

Problem 9: Event Attendance Counter

Use Case: Count unique attendees at an event, handling duplicate check-ins.

Requirements:

- Record attendee names
- Count only unique attendees
- Handle duplicate entries

Sample Input:

Attendees: "Amit", "Rohan", "Amit", "Priya"

Expected Output:

Total unique attendees: 3

Problem 10: Electronic Voting System

Use Case: Track unique voters in an election system to prevent duplicate voting.

Requirements:

- Record voter IDs
- Ensure one vote per voter
- Count total unique voters

Sample Input:

Voter IDs: 201, 202, 203, 202

Expected Output:

Total voters: 3

Problem 11: Student Grade Management

Use Case: A teacher needs to map student names to their exam marks.

Requirements:

- Store student name and marks pairs
- Retrieve marks by student name
- Display all student-marks mappings

Sample Input:

Students and marks: "Amit" \rightarrow 85, "Priya" \rightarrow 92, "Rohan" \rightarrow 78

Expected Output:

Grade Report: Amit:85, Priya:92, Rohan:78

Problem 12: Attendance Tracking System

Use Case: Track student attendance percentages in alphabetical order.

Requirements:

- Map student names to attendance percentages
- Maintain alphabetical order of students
- Display sorted attendance report

Sample Input:

Attendance: "Amit" \rightarrow 90, "Rohan" \rightarrow 85, "Priya" \rightarrow 95

Expected Output:

Attendance Report: Amit:90, Priya:95, Rohan:85

Problem 13: Student Registration Order Tracker

Use Case: Maintain the order in which students registered for a course.

Requirements:

- Record registration order
- Map student names to roll numbers
- Preserve insertion order

Sample Input:

Registrations: "Amit" $\rightarrow 101$, "Rohan" $\rightarrow 102$, "Priya" $\rightarrow 103$

Expected Output:

Registration Order: Amit:101, Rohan:102, Priya:103

Problem 14: Grade Update System

Use Case: Update a student's marks in the grading system.

Requirements:

- Store student grades
- Update existing student's marks
- Display updated information

Sample Input:

Initial: "Rohan" \rightarrow 78 Update: "Rohan" \rightarrow 88

Expected Output:

Updated Grade: Rohan:88

Problem 15: Library Book Inventory

Use Case: Track available copies of books in a library system.

Requirements:

- Map book titles to available copies
- Update copies when books are borrowed
- Display current inventory

Sample Input:

Initial inventory: "Java" \rightarrow 3, "Python" \rightarrow 5

Borrow: "Java" (1 copy)

Expected Output:

Current inventory: Java:2, Python:5

Problem 16: Grade-Based Student Filter

Use Case: Remove students with failing grades from the honor roll.

Requirements:

- Store student grades in a map
- Remove students with marks below 60
- Display remaining student

Sample Input:

Student grades: "Amit" \rightarrow 85, "Priya" \rightarrow 52, "Rohan" \rightarrow 78

Filter threshold: 60

Expected Output:

Honor Roll: Amit:85, Rohan:78

Problem 17: Grade Distribution Counter

Use Case: Analyze the distribution of grades in a class.

Requirements:

- Count frequency of each grade
- Display grade distribution
- Handle multiple occurrences

Sample Input:

Grades: ["A", "B", "A", "C", "B", "A"]

Expected Output:

Grade Distribution: A=3, B=2, C=1

Problem 18: Batch Merger System

Use Case: Merge student lists from morning and evening batches, removing duplicates.

Requirements:

• Combine two student lists

- Remove duplicate students
- Maintain unique student list

Sample Input:

Morning batch: "Amit", "Priya" Evening batch: "Rohan", "Priya"

Expected Output:

Combined batches: Amit, Priya, Rohan

Problem 19: Grade Report Generator

Use Case: Display all student grades using proper iteration techniques.

Requirements:

- Iterate through student-grade mappings
- Display formatted grade report
- Use Iterator pattern

Sample Input:

Student grades: "Amit" \rightarrow 85, "Priya" \rightarrow 92

Expected Output:

Grade Report: Amit:85, Priya:92

Problem 20: Even Roll Number Filter

Use Case: Filter and display only students with even roll numbers.

Requirements:

- Process list of roll numbers
- Remove odd roll numbers
- Display filtered results

Sample Input:

Roll numbers: 101, 102, 103, 104

Expected Output:

Even Roll Numbers: 102, 104

Problem 21: Text Editor Undo System

Use Case: Implement undo functionality for a text editor.

Requirements:

Track user actions in order

• Implement undo operation (LIFO)

• Display current action history

Sample Input:

Actions: "Type A", "Type B", "Delete"

Operation: Undo last action

Expected Output:

Current actions: Type A, Type B

Problem 22: Ticket Booking Queue

Use Case: Manage customer service in a ticket booking system.

Requirements:

Oueue customers for service

- Serve customers in FIFO order
- Display current queue status

Sample Input:

Queue: "Amit", "Priya", "Rohan"

Serve: 1 customer

Expected Output:

Serving: Amit, Queue: Priya, Rohan

Problem 23: Browser History Management

Use Case: Maintain browser history with back functionality.

Requirements:

- Store visited pages
- Implement back navigation (LIFO)
- Display current history

Sample Input:

Pages visited: "Google", "YouTube", "GFG"

Action: Back (1 page)

Expected Output:

Current history: Google, YouTube

Problem 24: Print Job Queue Manager

Use Case: Manage print jobs in a shared printer system.

Requirements:

- Queue print jobs
- Process jobs in order
- Display job status

Sample Input:

Jobs: "Doc1", "Doc2", "Doc3"

Process: 1 job

Expected Output:

Printing Doc1, Queue: Doc2, Doc3

Problem 25: Command History Tracker

Use Case: Store recent commands in a terminal with limited history.

Requirements:

- Maintain last 3 commands
- Remove oldest when limit exceeded
- Display recent commands

Sample Input:

Commands: "ls", "pwd", "cd ..", "mkdir"

History limit: 3

Expected Output:

Recent Commands: pwd, cd .., mkdir

Problem 26: Employee Management System

Use Case: Manage employee information including name and salary.

Requirements:

- Create Employee objects with name and salary
- Store employees in a collection
- Display employee information

Sample Input:

Employees: Employee("Amit", 50000), Employee("Priya", 60000)

Expected Output:

Employee List: Amit:50000, Priya:60000

Problem 27: Employee Salary Sorting

Use Case: Sort employees by salary for payroll processing.

Requirements:

- Store employee objects
- Sort by salary in ascending order
- Display sorted employee list

Sample Input:

Employees: ("Amit", 50000), ("Priya", 60000), ("Rohan", 45000)

Expected Output:

Sorted by salary: Rohan:45000, Amit:50000, Priya:60000

Problem 28: Department Employee Mapping

Use Case: Organize employees by department for HR management.

Requirements:

- Map departments to employee lists
- Group employees by department
- Display departmental structure

Sample Input:

Department mapping: "IT" → ["Amit", "Rohan"], "HR" → ["Priya"]

Expected Output:

Department Structure: IT: Amit, Rohan; HR: Priya

Problem 29: Student Record System

Use Case: Maintain student records with name and grade information.

Requirements:

- Create Student objects with name and grade
- Store in a collection
- Display student records

Sample Input:

Students: Student("Amit", "A"), Student("Priya", "B")

Expected Output:

Student Records: Amit:A, Priya:B

Problem 30: Grade-Based Student Filter

Use Case: Filter students based on minimum grade requirements.

Requirements:

• Store student objects with grades

• Remove students below grade B

• Display filtered results

Sample Input:

Students: ("Amit", "A"), ("Priya", "C"), ("Rohan", "B")

Filter: Grade >= B

Expected Output:

Qualified Students: Amit:A, Rohan:B

University Student Management System

Placement Pakka Problem Statement:

Create a **University Student Management System** using Java Collections to manage students across departments.

- Roll Number (int)
- Name (String)
- **Department** (String)
- CGPA (double)

Requirements

- 1. Registration List ArrayList<Student>
 - Store students in registration order
- 2. Merit List Comparable Student>
 - Sort by CGPA (descending order)
- 3. Alphabetical List Comparator<Student>
 - Sort by name (A to Z)
- 4. Department Grouping HashMap<String, List<Student>>
 - Group students by department
- 5. Unique Names HashSet<String>
 - Track unique student names
- 6. Roll Number Sorting TreeSet<Student>
 - Auto-sort by roll number
- 7. Performance Filter Iterator
 - Remove students with CGPA < 5.0

- 8. Recent Registrations Stack<Student>
 - Track last added students (LIFO)
- 9. Scholarship Queue Queue < Student>
 - Process students for scholarships (FIFO)
- 10. Hostel Applications LinkedList<Integer>
 - Add priority applicants at **front**
 - Add regular applicants at end
 - Remove from **both ends** for allocation

Sample Data

Student s1 = new Student(101, "Amit", "CS", 8.5); Student s2 = new Student(102, "Priya", "Math", 9.2); Student s3 = new Student(103, "Rohan", "CS", 7.8); Student s4 = new Student(104, "Sneha", "Physics", 4.5);

Expected Outputs

Registration Order: Amit, Priya, Rohan, Sneha

Merit List: Priya(9.2), Amit(8.5), Rohan(7.8), Sneha(4.5)

Alphabetical: Amit, Priya, Rohan, Sneha

Department Groups: CS: [Amit, Rohan] Math: [Priya] Physics: [Sneha]

After Filter (CGPA >= 5.0): Amit, Priya, Rohan

Hostel Queue:

Add regular(105): [105] Add priority(101): [101, 105]

Remove front: [105]

CONGRATULATIONS