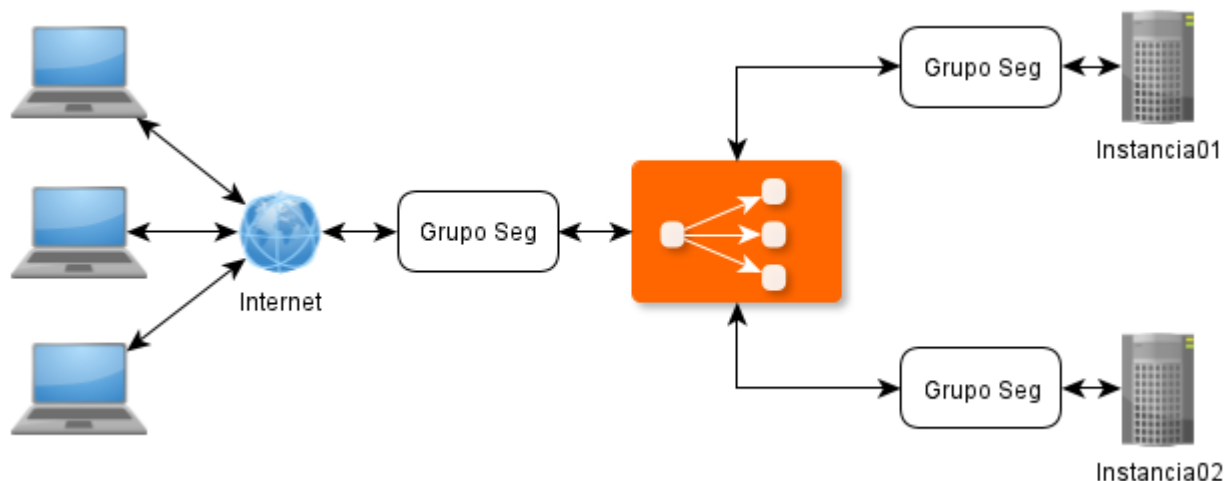




Infraestructura I

Cómo armar un ambiente más complejo en AWS

El objetivo de la clase es que conozcas cuáles son los usos reales que se van a encontrar en las empresas donde desarrollan. Además, aprenderás buenas prácticas al momento de elegir una arquitectura para tu aplicación y sacarle provecho a lo aprendido en Infraestructura I. El modelo a diseñar es el siguiente:





Instance: i-0630dbd3d89230282 (Instancia01)

Details	Security	Networking	Storage	Status checks	Monitoring	Tags
▼ Instance summary Info						
Instance ID i-0630dbd3d89230282 (Instancia01)		Public IPv4 address 3.221.170.223 open address		Private IPv4 addresses 172.31.2.9		
Instance state Running		Public IPv4 DNS ec2-3-221-170-223.compute-1.amazonaws.com open address		Private IPv4 DNS ip-172-31-2-9.ec2.internal		
Instance type t2.micro		Elastic IP addresses -		VPC ID vpc-4cef8131 open address		

Vamos a armar el ambiente en 2 clases.

La primera Clase vamos a realizar:

1. Creación de las 2 instancias en la VPC.
2. Deployar el código del trabajo realizado en Front End II.

En la Segunda clase vamos realizar:

3. Creación del load balancer.
4. Configuración del tráfico y verificación del funcionamiento.

Empecemos.

1. Creación de las instancias EC2 en la VPC.

1.a. Acceso a la consola de gestión AWS.

Una vez logueados en la consola de Amazon Educate, seleccionamos la opción **AWS Account**, aparecerá listada la materia y hacemos clic en **Go to Classroom**.

Instance: i-0630dbd3d89230282 (Instancia01)

Details	Security	Networking	Storage	Status checks	Monitoring	Tags
▼ Instance summary Info						
Instance ID i-0630dbd3d89230282 (Instancia01)		Public IPv4 address 3.221.170.223 open address		Private IPv4 addresses 172.31.2.9		
Instance state Running		Public IPv4 DNS ec2-3-221-170-223.compute-1.amazonaws.com open address		Private IPv4 DNS ip-172-31-2-9.ec2.internal		
Instance type t2.micro		Elastic IP addresses -		VPC ID vpc-4cef8131		

My Classrooms Portfolio Career Pathways Badges Jobs AWS Account Logout

Consecutive Days: 1

Pathways Completed: 0

Badges Earned: 0

Preferred Language:

English

ing over 18 million cloud jobs worldwide
ate introduces you to lucrative cloud-
learning pathways, each with content
:ivities and labs, opportunities to earn
of Completion, and access to the AWS
ses at your school or through online
re pathway to your dream job in the



If you missed out the "Optimizing your AWS Educate Profile to Help You Find a Cloud Career" webinar and Q&A session, watch it [here](#)!

Suggested Jobs

Entry Level Software Developer
Smoothstack, Inc.

[more about this opportunity](#)

[See More](#)

Seleccionamos la opción **AWS Educate Starter Account**.

AWS Educate Starter Account

Your cloud journey has only just begun. Use your AWS Educate Starter Account to access the AWS Console and resources, and start building in the cloud!



[AWS Educate Starter Account](#)

Presionamos el botón de acceso a **AWS Console** y verificamos que el browser no bloquee ventanas emergentes en este sitio.



Instance: i-0630dbd3d89230282 (Instancia01)

Details	Security	Networking	Storage	Status checks	Monitoring	Tags
▼ Instance summary Info						
Instance ID i-0630dbd3d89230282 (Instancia01)		Public IPv4 address 3.221.170.223 open address		Private IPv4 addresses 172.31.2.9		
Instance state Running		Public IPv4 DNS ec2-3-221-170-223.compute-1.amazonaws.com open address		Private IPv4 DNS ip-172-31-2-9.ec2.internal		
Instance type t2.micro		Elastic IP addresses -		VPC ID vpc-4cef8131 open address		

Vocareum

Welcome to your AWS Educate Account

AWS Educate provides you with access to a wide variety of AWS Services for you to get your hands on and build on AWS! To get started, click on the AWS Console button to log in to your AWS console.

Please read the FAQ below to help you get started on your Starter Account.

- What are the list of services supported?
- What regions are supported with Starter Accounts or Classroom Accounts?
- I can't start any resources. What happened?
- Can I create users within my Starter or Classroom Account for others to access?
- Can I create my own IAM policy within Starter Account or Classroom?

Your AWS Account Status

Active
full access ([introaingenieria@gmail.com](#))

\$30
remaining credits (estimated)

2:59
session time

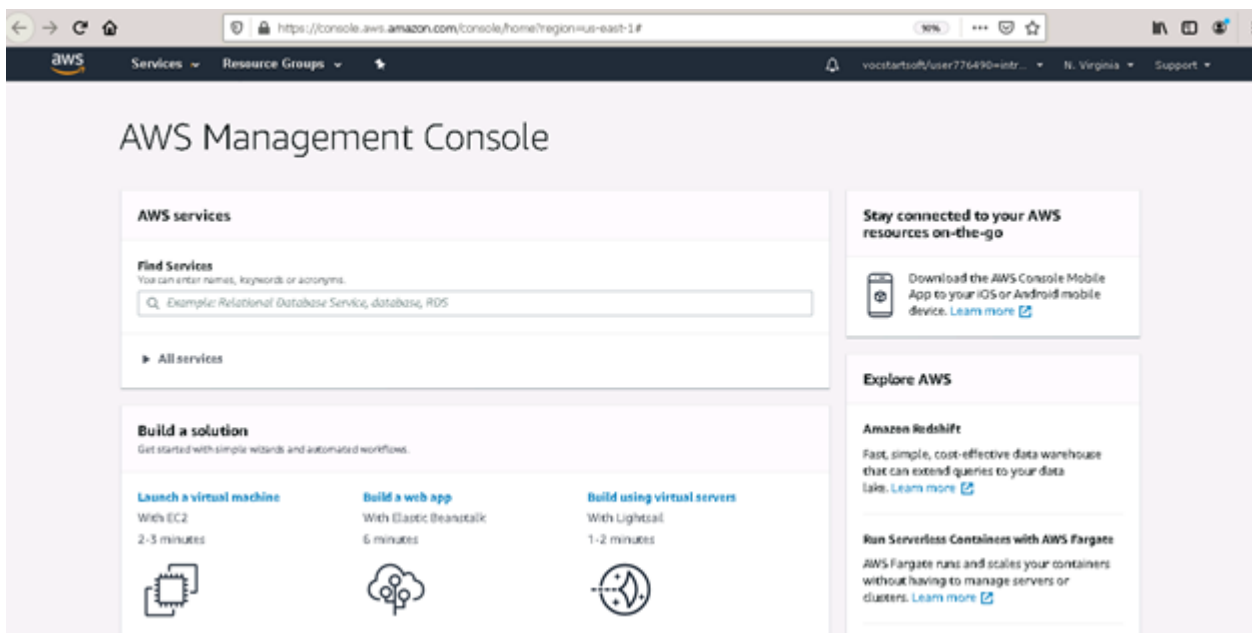
[Account Details](#) [AWS Console](#)

Please use AWS Educate Account responsibly. Remember to shut down your instances when not in use to make the best use of your credits. And, don't forget to logout once you are done with your work!

Nos encontramos con la consola de gestión de la plataforma AWS.

Instance: i-0630dbd3d89230282 (Instancia01)

Details	Security	Networking	Storage	Status checks	Monitoring	Tags
▼ Instance summary Info						
Instance ID i-0630dbd3d89230282 (Instancia01)		Public IPv4 address 3.221.170.223 open address		Private IPv4 addresses 172.31.2.9		
Instance state Running		Public IPv4 DNS ec2-3-221-170-223.compute-1.amazonaws.com open address		Private IPv4 DNS ip-172-31-2-9.ec2.internal		
Instance type t2.micro		Elastic IP addresses -		VPC ID vpc-4cef8131		



En la consola de gestión de la plataforma AWS hacemos clic en **EC2**.



Instance: i-0630dbd3d89230282 (Instancia01)

Details	Security	Networking	Storage	Status checks	Monitoring	Tags
▼ Instance summary Info						
Instance ID i-0630dbd3d89230282 (Instancia01)		Public IPv4 address 3.221.170.223 open address		Private IPv4 addresses 172.31.2.9		
Instance state Running		Public IPv4 DNS ec2-3-221-170-223.compute-1.amazonaws.com open address		Private IPv4 DNS ip-172-31-2-9.ec2.internal		
Instance type t2.micro		Elastic IP addresses -		VPC ID vpc-4cef8131 open address		

AWS Management Console

AWS services

► All services

Build a solution

Get started with simple wizards and automated workflows.

Launch a virtual machine

With EC2

2-3 minutes



Build a web app

With Elastic Beanstalk

6 minutes



Build using virtual servers

With Lightsail

1-2 minutes



1.b. Crear una instancia en EC2.

Vale aclarar que este paso lo vamos a repetir para crear también la segunda instancia.

Nos posicionamos en la parte superior derecha de la pantalla y hacemos clic en el botón **Launch instances**.

Launch instances

Elgimos **Ubuntu Server 20.04 LTS**.

Instance: i-0630dbd3d89230282 (Instancia01)

Details
Security
Networking
Storage
Status checks
Monitoring
Tags

▼ Instance summary
Info

Instance ID
i-0630dbd3d89230282 (Instancia01)

Instance state
Running

Instance type
t2.micro

Public IPv4 address
3.221.170.223 | open address


Public IPv4 DNS
ec2-3-221-170-223.compute-1.amazonaws.com | open address

Elastic IP addresses
-

Private IPv4 addresses
172.31.2.9

Private IPv4 DNS
ip-172-31-2-9.ec2.internal

VPC ID
vpc-4cef8131


Ubuntu Server 20.04 LTS (HVM), SSD Volume Type - ami-09e67e426f25ce0d7 (64-bit x86) / ami-00d1ab6b335f217cf (64-bit Arm)

Free tier eligible

Root device type: ebs Virtualization type: hvm ENA Enabled: Yes

Select

☒ 64-bit (x86)
☐ 64-bit (Arm)

Seleccionamos el modelo de máquina **Family T2.micro (capa free)**.

Step 2: Choose an Instance Type

Amazon EC2 provides a wide selection of instance types optimized to fit different use cases. Instances are v for your applications. [Learn more](#) about instance types and how they can meet your computing needs.

Filter by: **All instance families** **Current generation** **Show/Hide Columns**

Currently selected: t2.micro (- ECUs, 1 vCPUs, 2.5 GHz, -, 1 GiB memory, EBS only)

	Family	Type	vCPUs ⓘ
<input type="checkbox"/>	t2	t2.nano	1
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	t2	t2.micro Free tier eligible	1
<input type="checkbox"/>	t2	t2.small	1
<input type="checkbox"/>	t2	t2.medium	2

Hacemos clic en **Next**.



Instance: i-0630dbd3d89230282 (Instancia01)

Details	Security	Networking	Storage	Status checks	Monitoring	Tags
▼ Instance summary Info						
Instance ID i-0630dbd3d89230282 (Instancia01)		Public IPv4 address 3.221.170.223 open address		Private IPv4 addresses 172.31.2.9		
Instance state Running		Public IPv4 DNS ec2-3-221-170-223.compute-1.amazonaws.com open address		Private IPv4 DNS ip-172-31-2-9.ec2.internal		
Instance type t2.micro		Elastic IP addresses -		VPC ID vpc-4cef8131 open address		

En la interfaz, el Step 3 lo dejamos tal cual está y apretamos **Next**.

En el Step 4, dejamos los discos por defecto de 8 GB, volvemos a presionar **Next**.

En el Step 5, hacemos lo mismo.

COPIAMOS A QUE GRUPO DE SEGURIDAD PERTENECE

sg-0bcec8812b56facd1

En el Step 6 vamos a configurar, por ahora, un grupo de seguridad para el acceso a la instancia.

Step 6: Configure Security Group

A security group is a set of firewall rules that control the traffic to your instance. On this page, you can add rules to allow specific traffic to reach your instance. For example, if you want to set up a web server and allow Internet traffic to reach your instance, add rules that allow unrestricted access to the HTTP and HTTPS ports. You can create a new security group or select from an existing one below. [Learn more](#) about Amazon EC2 security groups.

Assign a security group: ☒ Create a new security group

☐ Select an existing security group

Security group name: grupo-seguridad-acceso-instancias

Description: acceder a las instancias EC2

Type	Protocol	Port Range	Source	Description
SSH	TCP	22	Anywhere 0.0.0.0/0 ::/0	e.g. SSH for Admin Desktop
HTTP	TCP	80	Anywhere 0.0.0.0/0 ::/0	e.g. SSH for Admin Desktop
HTTPS	TCP	443	Anywhere 0.0.0.0/0 ::/0	e.g. SSH for Admin Desktop

Add Rule



Instance: i-0630dbd3d89230282 (Instancia01)

Details	Security	Networking	Storage	Status checks	Monitoring	Tags
▼ Instance summary Info						
Instance ID i-0630dbd3d89230282 (Instancia01)			Public IPv4 address 3.221.170.223 open address		Private IPv4 addresses 172.31.2.9	
Instance state Running			Public IPv4 DNS ec2-3-221-170-223.compute-1.amazonaws.com open address		Private IPv4 DNS ip-172-31-2-9.ec2.internal	
Instance type t2.micro			Elastic IP addresses -		VPC ID vpc-4cef8131	

Lo importante es darle un nombre y una descripción que nos ayude a identificarlo y dar acceso a los protocolos:

- ☐ SSH TCP PUERTO 22 ANYWHERE
- ☐ HTTP TCP PUERTO 80 ANYWHERE

Hacemos clic en **Review and Launch**.

Corroboramos la configuración de la instancia y hacemos clic en **Launch instances**.

Select an existing key pair or create a new key pair ✕

A key pair consists of a **public key** that AWS stores, and a **private key file** that you store. Together, they allow you to connect to your instance securely. For Windows AMIs, the private key file is required to obtain the password used to log into your instance. For Linux AMIs, the private key file allows you to securely SSH into your instance.

Note: The selected key pair will be added to the set of keys authorized for this instance. Learn more about [removing existing key pairs from a public AMI](#).

Create a new key pair

Key pair name

infra1

Download Key Pair

You have to download the **private key file** (*.pem file) before you can continue. [Store it in a secure and accessible location](#). You will not be able to download the file again after it's created.

Cancel

Launch Instances

Creamos un nuevo key pair, si no tenemos, y descargamos el archivo .pem.



Instance: i-0630dbd3d89230282 (Instancia01)

Details	Security	Networking	Storage	Status checks	Monitoring	Tags
▼ Instance summary Info						
Instance ID i-0630dbd3d89230282 (Instancia01)		Public IPv4 address 3.221.170.223 open address		Private IPv4 addresses 172.31.2.9		
Instance state Running		Public IPv4 DNS ec2-3-221-170-223.compute-1.amazonaws.com open address		Private IPv4 DNS ip-172-31-2-9.ec2.internal		
Instance type t2.micro		Elastic IP addresses -		VPC ID vpc-4cef8131		

1.c. Repetimos los pasos para crear la segunda instancia.

Instance: i-067007f142712d7e1 (Instancia02)

Details	Security	Networking	Storage	Status checks	Monitoring	Tags
▼ Instance summary Info						
Instance ID i-067007f142712d7e1 (Instancia02)		Public IPv4 address 34.237.124.200 open address		Private IPv4 addresses 172.31.7.128		
Instance state Running		Public IPv4 DNS ec2-34-237-124-200.compute-1.amazonaws.com open address		Private IPv4 DNS ip-172-31-7-128.ec2.internal		
Instance type t2.micro		Elastic IP addresses -		VPC ID vpc-4cef8131		

2. Deployar el código del trabajo realizado en Front End II.

Para este apartado vamos a necesitar una consola o terminal BASH para comunicarnos vía SSH. En la actualidad, hay muchos productos disponibles y depende del sistema operativo que estemos utilizando. Por el momento, dejamos a tu criterio cuál te parece más cómodo y agradable a la vista. En este ejemplo, utilizamos windows 10 con CMDER. En caso de no tenerlo, se puede descargar de <https://cmder.net> —recomendamos bajar la versión full que es totalmente portable—.

Copiamos el archivo de claves .pem en la carpeta raíz del cmder, solo por comodidad del ejemplo.

Instance: i-0630dbd3d89230282 (Instancia01)

Details	Security	Networking	Storage	Status checks	Monitoring	Tags
▼ Instance summary Info						
Instance ID i-0630dbd3d89230282 (Instancia01)		Public IPv4 address 3.221.170.223 open address		Private IPv4 addresses 172.31.2.9		
Instance state Running		Public IPv4 DNS ec2-3-221-170-223.compute-1.amazonaws.com open address		Private IPv4 DNS ip-172-31-2-9.ec2.internal		
Instance type t2.micro		Elastic IP addresses -		VPC ID vpc-4cef8131		

bin
config
icons
opt
vendor
Cmder
LICENSE
Version 1.3.18.1106
infra1.pem

Abrir la carpeta en Bash donde esta la clave

Abrimos la consola. En la parte inferior derecha abrimos un bash como administrador.



Vamos a buscar la IP de la "Instancia01" que está online.

chmod 400 ubuntukey.pem

```
david@Escritorio ~/Downloads/cmdern
λ ssh -i infra1.pem ubuntu@3.221.170.223
```

```
>> ssh -i infra1.pem ubuntu@3.221.170.223
```

Instance: i-0630dbd3d89230282 (Instancia01)

Details	Security	Networking	Storage	Status checks	Monitoring	Tags
▼ Instance summary Info						
Instance ID i-0630dbd3d89230282 (Instancia01)		Public IPv4 address 3.221.170.223 open address		Private IPv4 addresses 172.31.2.9		
Instance state Running		Public IPv4 DNS ec2-3-221-170-223.compute-1.amazonaws.com open address		Private IPv4 DNS ip-172-31-2-9.ec2.internal		
Instance type t2.micro		Elastic IP addresses -		VPC ID vpc-4cef8131		

```

Cmder
* Documentation: https://help.ubuntu.com
* Management:   https://landscape.canonical.com
* Support:       https://ubuntu.com/advantage

System information as of Sat Jul 24 00:12:26 UTC 2021

System load:  0.0      Processes:            100
Usage of /:   16.4% of 7.69GB   Users logged in:     0
Memory usage: 23%      IPv4 address for eth0: 172.31.2.9
Swap usage:   0%

1 update can be applied immediately.
To see these additional updates run: apt list --upgradable

The list of available updates is more than a week old.
To check for new updates run: sudo apt update

The programs included with the Ubuntu system are free software;
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.

Ubuntu comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by
applicable law.

To run a command as administrator (user "root"), use "sudo <command>".
See "man sudo_root" for details.

ubuntu@ip-172-31-2-9:~$
  
```

Una vez dentro, tenemos que instalar un servidor Apache para deployar nuestro código. Con este objetivo, ponemos el siguiente comando:

```

>> sudo apt update

>> sudo apt upgrade -y

>> sudo apt install apache2 -y
  
```



Instance: i-0630dbd3d89230282 (Instancia01)

Details	Security	Networking	Storage	Status checks	Monitoring	Tags
▼ Instance summary Info						
Instance ID		Public IPv4 address		Private IPv4 addresses		
i-0630dbd3d89230282 (Instancia01)		3.221.170.223 open address		172.31.2.9		
Instance state		Public IPv4 DNS		Private IPv4 DNS		
Running		ec2-3-221-170-223.compute-1.amazonaws.com open address		ip-172-31-2-9.ec2.internal		
Instance type		Elastic IP addresses		VPC ID		
t2.micro		-		vpc-4cef8131		

Comprobamos que el servicio esté andando. Ingresamos a un explorador y colocamos la IP de nuestra instancia y nos debe contestar: **Apache2 recientemente instalado.**

← → ↻ Not secure | 3.221.170.223

Apache2 Ubuntu Default Page

It works!

This is the default welcome page used to test the correct operation of the Apache2 server after installation on Ubuntu systems. It is based on the equivalent page on Debian, from which the Ubuntu Apache packaging is derived. If you can read this page, it means that the Apache HTTP server installed at this site is working properly. You should **replace this file** (located at `/var/www/html/index.html`) before continuing to operate your HTTP server.

If you are a normal user of this web site and don't know what this page is about, this probably means that the site is currently unavailable due to maintenance. If the problem persists, please contact the site's administrator.

Configuration Overview

Ubuntu's Apache2 default configuration is different from the upstream default configuration, and split into several files optimized for interaction with Ubuntu tools. The configuration system is **fully documented in `/usr/share/doc/apache2/README.Debian.gz`**. Refer to this for the full documentation. Documentation for the web server itself can be found by accessing the **manual** if the `apache2-doc` package was installed on this server.

The configuration layout for an Apache2 web server installation on Ubuntu systems is as follows:

```

/etc/apache2/
|-- apache2.conf
|   |-- ports.conf
|-- mods-enabled
|   |-- *.load
|   |-- *.conf
|-- conf-enabled
|   |-- *.conf
|-- sites-enabled
|   |-- *.conf

```

- `apache2.conf` is the main configuration file. It puts the pieces together by including all remaining configuration files when starting up the web server.
- `ports.conf` is always included from the main configuration file. It is used to determine the listening ports for incoming connections, and this file can be customized anytime.
- Configuration files in the `mods-enabled/`, `conf-enabled/` and `sites-enabled/` directories contain particular configuration snippets which manage modules, global configuration fragments, or virtual host configurations, respectively.
- They are activated by symlinking available configuration files from their respective `*-available/` counterparts. These should be managed by using our helpers `a2enmod`, `a2dismod`, `a2ensite`, `a2dissite`, and `a2enconf`. See their respective man pages for detailed information.
- The binary is called `apache2`. Due to the use of environment variables, in the default configuration, `apache2` needs to be started/stopped with `/etc/init.d/apache2` or `apache2ctl`. Calling `/usr/bin/apache2` directly will not work with the default configuration.



Instance: i-0630dbd3d89230282 (Instancia01)

Details	Security	Networking	Storage	Status checks	Monitoring	Tags
▼ Instance summary Info						
Instance ID i-0630dbd3d89230282 (Instancia01)		Public IPv4 address 3.221.170.223 open address		Private IPv4 addresses 172.31.2.9		
Instance state Running		Public IPv4 DNS ec2-3-221-170-223.compute-1.amazonaws.com open address		Private IPv4 DNS ip-172-31-2-9.ec2.internal		
Instance type t2.micro		Elastic IP addresses -		VPC ID vpc-4cef8131 open address		

Luego, clonamos el repositorio del proyecto Front End II. En este caso, lo tenemos en el repositorio público de Github.

```
>> sudo git clone https://github.com/davidroco99/clase25.git
```

```
>>sudo chmod 777 -R clase25/
```

```
>> sudo cp -rf clase25/* /var/www/html/
```

Ingresamos nuevamente a la instancia a través del navegador web (repetimos este procedimiento para la segunda instancia en EC2).



Instance: i-0630dbd3d89230282 (Instancia01)

Details	Security	Networking	Storage	Status checks	Monitoring	Tags
▼ Instance summary Info						
Instance ID i-0630dbd3d89230282 (Instancia01)		Public IPv4 address 3.221.170.223 open address		Private IPv4 addresses 172.31.2.9		
Instance state Running		Public IPv4 DNS ec2-3-221-170-223.compute-1.amazonaws.com open address		Private IPv4 DNS ip-172-31-2-9.ec2.internal		
Instance type t2.micro		Elastic IP addresses -		VPC ID vpc-4cef8131		

3.221.170.223/login.html

ToDo

Ingresar

Email:

Contraseña:

Ingresar

[¿No tiene una cuenta? Regístrese aquí](#)

Instance: i-0630dbd3d89230282 (Instancia01)

Details	Security	Networking	Storage	Status checks	Monitoring	Tags
▼ Instance summary Info						
Instance ID i-0630dbd3d89230282 (Instancia01)		Public IPv4 address 3.221.170.223 open address		Private IPv4 addresses 172.31.2.9		
Instance state Running		Public IPv4 DNS ec2-3-221-170-223.compute-1.amazonaws.com open address		Private IPv4 DNS ip-172-31-2-9.ec2.internal		
Instance type t2.micro		Elastic IP addresses -		VPC ID vpc-4cef8131 open address		

No es seguro | mibalanceador-866200664.us-east-1.elb.amazonaws.com/login.html

YouTube Maps Gmail > Playground Digital... (3) Cómo balancear...

ToDo

Ingresar

Email:

Contraseña:

[Ingresar](#)

[¿No tiene una cuenta? Regístrese aquí](#)

¡Felicitaciones! Ya has llegado hasta acá, en la próxima clase vamos a configurar el load balancer.



Instance: i-0630dbd3d89230282 (Instancia01)

Details	Security	Networking	Storage	Status checks	Monitoring	Tags
▼ Instance summary Info						
Instance ID i-0630dbd3d89230282 (Instancia01)		Public IPv4 address 3.221.170.223 open address		Private IPv4 addresses 172.31.2.9		
Instance state Running		Public IPv4 DNS ec2-3-221-170-223.compute-1.amazonaws.com open address		Private IPv4 DNS ip-172-31-2-9.ec2.internal		
Instance type t2.micro		Elastic IP addresses -		VPC ID vpc-4cef8131		

Actividades a realizar

1. Intentar ingresar directamente a cada instancia constatar que está corriendo nuestra aplicación. Veremos que para ingresar tenemos que cambiar nuestra url.