



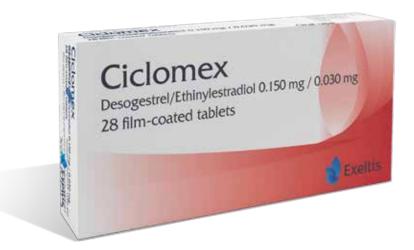
## **Ciclomex**

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## Desogestrel/Ethinylestradiol 0.150 mg / 0.030 mg 28 film-coated tablets



- Pearl index of 0.04.1
- Good cycle control.<sup>2</sup>
- Desogestrel has been demonstrated to have generally less pronounced effects on carbohydrate metabolism.3
- Minimal changes of the coagulation and fibrinolytic systems.<sup>4</sup>
- Favorable profile of reduced androgenic side effects.<sup>2</sup>



References: 1. AM J OBSTET GYNECOL 1993:168:1017-20. 2. AM J OBSTET GYRECOL 1993:168:1028-33. 3. Am J OBSTET GYNECOL 1993:168:1041-7. 4. AM J OBSTET GYNECOL 1993:168:1047-52.

Ciclomex® ® 0.150 mg/0.030 mg 28 film-coated tablets Desogestrel / Ethinylestradiol

Desogestre! / Ethinylestradiol

Indication: Ciclomex® is a contraceptive pill and is used to prevent pregnancy. Composition: A strip of Ciclomex® contains 21 white active tablets in the 1st, 2nd and 3rd rows of the strip and 7 green placebo tablets in row 4.Active tablets. The active substances are desogestre! and ethinylestradiol. Each white tablet contains 0,150 mg desogestre! and 0,030 mg ethinylestradiol. The green tablets do not contain active substances. The other ingredients are: White active tablets: lactose monohydrate, maize starch, povidone K-30 (E1201), d-alpha-tocophero! (E307), soybean oil, silica colloidal phydrated (E551), silica colloidal anhydrous (E551), stearic acid (E570) hypromellose 2910 (E464), triacetin (E1518), polysorbate, titanium dioxide (E171), EP ac Columbia (E17 vein thrombosis include: • swelling of one leg or along a vein in the leg or foot especially when accompanied by; • pain or tenderness in the leg which may be felt only when standing or walking; • increased warmth in the affected leg; • change in rollour of the skin on the leg e.g. turning pale, erd or blue. Signs of a pulmonary embolism: • sudden unexplained breathlessness or rapid breathing; • sudden cough without an obvious cause, which may bring up blood, • sharp chest pain which may increase with deep breathing; • severe light headedness or dizziness; • rapid or irregular heartbeat; • severe pain in your stomach. If you are unsure, talk to a doctor as some of these symptoms such as a respiratory tract infection (e.g. a 'common cold'). Signs of retinal vein thrombosis (blood clot in the eye): • Symptoms most commonly occur in one eye; • immediate loss of vision or choking feeling; • upper body discomfort adiating to the back, jaw, throat, arm and stomach; • sweating, nausea, vomiting or dizziness; • extreme weakness, anxiety, or shortness of breath; • rapid or irregular heartbeathsone; • sudden frouble seeing in one or both eyes; • sudden trouble seeing in one or both eyes; • sudden trouble seeing in one or both eyes; • sudden trouble seeing in one or both eyes; • sudden trouble seeing in one or both eyes; • sudden trouble seeing in one or both eyes; • sudden trouble walking, dizziness, loss of balance or coordination; • sudden, severe or prolonged headache with no known cause; • loss of consciousness or fainting with or without seizure. Sometimes the symptoms of stroke can be brief with an almost immediate and full recovery, but you should still seek urgent medical attention as you may be at risk of another stroke. Signs of blood clots blocking other blood vessels: • swelling and slight blue discolouration of an extermity; • severe pain in your stomach (acute adomen). Signs of severe lavered in the higher; • any lumps you can see or feel. Signs of cancer of the cervix include: • vaginal discharge that smel you wear contact renses; \* Erymena nodosum (pruise-like swelling to the sinis)\* Erymena multiformer (tins is a skin condition); \* Decreases weight; \* Increased sexual desire; \* Harmful blood clots in a vein of artery for example: in a leg of rote (i.e. DVT); in a lattack (TIA); blood clots in the liver, stomach/intestine, kidneys or eye. The chance of having a blood clot may be higher if there is any other conditions that increase this risk. like; \* Severe allergic reaction to Ciclomex \* Breast cancer \* Cancer of the cervix \* Severe liver problems \* High blood pressure \* Gall stones \* Chorea (a problem with the nervous system causing jerky movements that you can't control) \* Worsening of systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE; when your immune system attacks your body causing, for example, joint ache and tiredness) \* Stomach and intestine problems such as pancreatities; Crohn's disease; ulcerative colitis \* Worsening of otosclerosis (a hearing problem) \* Problems with blood sugar \* Worsening of a rare condition called porphyria \* Worsening of skin problems, such as brown patches on your face or body (chloasma).

This leaflet was last revised in June 2016

