## **Assignment Report 6**

## 1. Solution

First, I set all the map points as -1 to show that there is no such point of height, which is very useful because the program will not need to judge whether it has crossed the boundaries.

```
for (i=0; i<MAX_NUM; i++ ) //set the height as -1 to make the boundaries
{
    for (j=0; j<MAX_NUM; j++)
    {
        Map[i][j] = -1;
    }
}</pre>
```

Then I read all the data (not from 0 to r-1 and 0 to c-1 but 1 to r and 1 to c because Map[0][j] and Map[i][0] are all boundaries).

Then I used memorized search to improve the program. If the current point is not 0 then it is already the max number, then just skip the procedure, or search the four directions to find the max numbers of the path by recursion.

```
if (Find[x][y] != 0)  //if it is not 0, then the max result of this point has been found
    return Find[x][y];
for (i=0; i<4; i++)
{
    tempx = x + dx[i];
    tempy = y + dy[i];

    if (Map[tempx][tempy] != -1 && Map[tempx][tempy] < Map[x][y])//find the max of the four directions
    {
        temp = SearchMaxPath(tempx, tempy)+1;
        if (Find[x][y] < temp) Find[x][y] = temp;
    }
}</pre>
```

Finally, the max number needs plus 1 because the last point had not been counted.

## 3. Source Code

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
#define MAX_NUM 21

int Map[MAX_NUM] [MAX_NUM]; //data of the map
int Find[MAX_NUM] [MAX_NUM]; //the result of memorized search
int dx[] = {-1, 0, 1, 0}; //four directions
```

```
int dy[] = \{0, -1, 0, 1\};
int SearchMaxPath(int x, int y)
   int i, temp;
   int tempx, tempy;
   if (Find[x][y] != 0) //if it is not 0, then the max result of this point has been found
      return Find[x][y];
   for (i=0; i<4; i++)
      tempx = x + dx[i];
      tempy = y + dy[i];
      if (Map[tempx][tempy] != -1 \&\& Map[tempx][tempy] < Map[x][y])//find the max of the
four directions
          temp = SearchMaxPath(tempx, tempy)+1;
          if (Find[x][y] < temp) Find[x][y] = temp;</pre>
      }
   }
  return Find[x][y];
}
int main()
   int r, c;
   int i, j;
   int max, temp;
   scanf("%d %d", &r, &c);
   for (i=0; i<MAX_NUM; i++ ) //set the height as -1 to make the boundaries
       for (j=0; j<MAX_NUM; j++)</pre>
          Map[i][j] = -1;
      }
   for (i=1; i<=r; i++) //read the data
      for (j=1; j<=c; j++)
          scanf("%d", &Map[i][j]);
          Find[i][j] = 0;
```

```
}

max = 0;

for (i=1; i<=r; i++)

{
    for (j=1; j<=c; j++)
    {
        temp = SearchMaxPath(i, j);
        if (max < temp) max = temp;
    }
}

printf("%d", max + 1 ); //count the last point return 0;
}</pre>
```

## 4. Snapshots (From Xcode)

```
5 5
1 2 3 4 5
16 17 18 19 6
15 24 25 20 7
14 23 22 21 8
13 12 11 10 9
25Program ended with exit code: 0
```