

Assignment 3

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```
#libraries needed for analysis
library(tidyverse)
library(ggplot2)
```

1. Reading and saving the data into R

```
#let's import the csv file using read_csv function
storm_event_details_92 <-
  read_csv("/Users/sunilsalunke/Documents/ana515/week6/StormEvents_details-ftp_v1.0_d1992_c20220425.csv")
```

```
## Rows: 13534 Columns: 51
## -- Column specification -----
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (12): STATE, MONTH_NAME, EVENT_TYPE, CZ_TYPE, CZ_NAME, WFO, BEGIN_DATE_T...
## dbl (24): BEGIN_YEARMONTH, BEGIN_DAY, BEGIN_TIME, END_YEARMONTH, END_DAY, EN...
## lgl (15): EPISODE_ID, SOURCE, MAGNITUDE_TYPE, FLOOD_CAUSE, CATEGORY, TOR_OTH...
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
```

```
#let' see the storm event details data for 1992
head(storm_event_details_92)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 51
##   BEGIN_YEARMONTH BEGIN_DAY BEGIN_TIME END_YEARMONTH END_DAY END_TIME EPISODE_ID
##   <dbl>          <dbl>    <dbl>         <dbl>    <dbl>    <dbl> <lgl>
## 1      199206         24      1511      199206     24      1511 NA
## 2      199206         24      1827      199206     24      1827 NA
## 3      199206         24      1943      199206     24      1943 NA
## 4      199206         25      1950      199206     25      1950 NA
## 5      199206         26      1251      199206     26      1251 NA
## 6      199206         26      1840      199206     26      1840 NA
## # ... with 44 more variables: EVENT_ID <dbl>, STATE <chr>, STATE_FIPS <dbl>,
## #   YEAR <dbl>, MONTH_NAME <chr>, EVENT_TYPE <chr>, CZ_TYPE <chr>,
## #   CZ_FIPS <dbl>, CZ_NAME <chr>, WFO <chr>, BEGIN_DATE_TIME <chr>,
## #   CZ_TIMEZONE <chr>, END_DATE_TIME <chr>, INJURIES_DIRECT <dbl>,
## #   INJURIES_INDIRECT <dbl>, DEATHS_DIRECT <dbl>, DEATHS_INDIRECT <dbl>,
## #   DAMAGE_PROPERTY <chr>, DAMAGE_CROPS <dbl>, SOURCE <lgl>, MAGNITUDE <dbl>,
## #   MAGNITUDE_TYPE <lgl>, FLOOD_CAUSE <lgl>, CATEGORY <lgl>, ...
```

2. Limit the dataframe to the following columns

1. the beginning and ending dates and times (make sure to keep BEGIN_DATE_TIME and END_DATE_TIME)
2. the episode ID
3. the event ID
4. the state name and FIPS
5. the “CZ” name
6. type
7. FIPS
8. the event type
9. the source

```
#Limit the data frame by selecting the required columns and save it as a new data frame
storm_event_details_92_subset <- storm_event_details_92 %>% select(BEGIN_DATE_TIME,
  ↳ END_DATE_TIME, EPISODE_ID, EVENT_ID, STATE, STATE_FIPS, CZ_NAME, CZ_TYPE, CZ_FIPS,
  ↳ EVENT_TYPE, SOURCE, BEGIN_LAT, BEGIN_LON, END_LAT, END_LON)

head(storm_event_details_92_subset)
```

10. the beginning latitude and longitude and ending latitude and longitude

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 15
##   BEGIN_DATE_TIME   END_DATE_TIME EPISODE_ID EVENT_ID STATE STATE_FIPS CZ_NAME
##   <chr>           <chr>         <lgl>      <dbl> <chr>      <dbl> <chr>
## 1 24-JUN-92 15:11:00 24-JUN-92 15:~ NA          9985034 COLO~      8 LARIMER
## 2 24-JUN-92 18:27:00 24-JUN-92 18:~ NA          9985035 COLO~      8 EL PASO
## 3 24-JUN-92 19:43:00 24-JUN-92 19:~ NA          9985036 COLO~      8 KIT CA~
## 4 25-JUN-92 19:50:00 25-JUN-92 19:~ NA          9985037 COLO~      8 MONTRO~
## 5 26-JUN-92 12:51:00 26-JUN-92 12:~ NA          9985038 COLO~      8 EL PASO
## 6 26-JUN-92 18:40:00 26-JUN-92 18:~ NA          9985040 COLO~      8 WELD
## # ... with 8 more variables: CZ_TYPE <chr>, CZ_FIPS <dbl>, EVENT_TYPE <chr>,
## #   SOURCE <lgl>, BEGIN_LAT <dbl>, BEGIN_LON <dbl>, END_LAT <dbl>,
## #   END_LON <dbl>
```

3. Arrange the data by the state name (STATE)

```
#let's arrange the data by the state name (STATE)
```

```
storm_event_details_92_subset %>% arrange(STATE)
```

```
## # A tibble: 13,534 x 15
##   BEGIN_DATE_TIME   END_DATE_TIME EPISODE_ID EVENT_ID STATE STATE_FIPS CZ_NAME
##   <chr>            <chr>          <lg1>      <dbl> <chr>      <dbl> <chr>
## 1 26-JUN-92 13:22:00 26-JUN-92 13~ NA        9982724 ALAB~      1 MACON
## 2 03-JUL-92 11:00:00 03-JUL-92 11~ NA        9982733 ALAB~      1 TUSCAL~
## 3 18-JUN-92 16:15:00 18-JUN-92 16~ NA        9982499 ALAB~      1 MARSHA~
## 4 04-NOV-92 07:00:00 04-NOV-92 07~ NA        9983918 ALAB~      1 MOBILE
## 5 04-NOV-92 07:10:00 04-NOV-92 07~ NA        9983919 ALAB~      1 MOBILE
## 6 22-NOV-92 08:40:00 22-NOV-92 08~ NA        9982810 ALAB~      1 DEKALB
## 7 22-NOV-92 08:47:00 22-NOV-92 08~ NA        9982811 ALAB~      1 JACKSON
## 8 22-NOV-92 08:50:00 22-NOV-92 08~ NA        9982812 ALAB~      1 TALLAP~
## 9 22-NOV-92 09:05:00 22-NOV-92 09~ NA        9982813 ALAB~      1 RANDOL~
## 10 22-NOV-92 09:10:00 22-NOV-92 09~ NA        9982814 ALAB~      1 CLEBUR~
## # ... with 13,524 more rows, and 8 more variables: CZ_TYPE <chr>,
## #   CZ_FIPS <dbl>, EVENT_TYPE <chr>, SOURCE <lg1>, BEGIN_LAT <dbl>,
## #   BEGIN_LON <dbl>, END_LAT <dbl>, END_LON <dbl>
```

4. Change state and county names to title case

```
#let's change state names to title case (e.g., "New Jersey" instead of "NEW JERSEY")
```

```
storm_event_details_92_subset$state_title_case <-
```

```
  ↪ str_to_title(storm_event_details_92_subset$STATE, locale = "en")
```

```
head(storm_event_details_92_subset$state_title_case, 100)
```

```
##   [1] "Colorado"      "Colorado"      "Colorado"      "Colorado"
##   [5] "Colorado"      "Colorado"      "Colorado"      "Colorado"
##   [9] "Colorado"      "Colorado"      "Colorado"      "Colorado"
##  [13] "Colorado"      "Colorado"      "Colorado"      "Colorado"
##  [17] "Colorado"      "Colorado"      "Colorado"      "Colorado"
##  [21] "Colorado"      "Colorado"      "Colorado"      "Colorado"
##  [25] "Colorado"      "Colorado"      "Colorado"      "Colorado"
##  [29] "Alabama"       "Alabama"       "Mississippi"   "Louisiana"
##  [33] "New Jersey"    "New Jersey"    "New Jersey"    "New Jersey"
##  [37] "New Jersey"    "New Jersey"    "New Jersey"    "New Jersey"
##  [41] "New Jersey"    "New Jersey"    "New Jersey"    "New Jersey"
##  [45] "New Jersey"    "New Jersey"    "New Jersey"    "New Jersey"
##  [49] "New Jersey"    "New Jersey"    "New Jersey"    "New Jersey"
##  [53] "New Jersey"    "New Jersey"    "New Jersey"    "New Jersey"
##  [57] "New Jersey"    "New Jersey"    "New Jersey"    "New Jersey"
##  [61] "New Jersey"    "New Jersey"    "New Jersey"    "New Jersey"
##  [65] "New Jersey"    "New Jersey"    "Minnesota"     "Louisiana"
##  [69] "Nevada"        "Louisiana"     "New Jersey"    "New Jersey"
##  [73] "New York"      "Kansas"        "New Mexico"    "Missouri"
```

```
## [77] "Pennsylvania" "Oklahoma" "Illinois" "Oklahoma"
## [81] "Florida" "Arkansas" "Oklahoma" "Oklahoma"
## [85] "Tennessee" "Ohio" "Ohio" "Illinois"
## [89] "Oklahoma" "Pennsylvania" "South Carolina" "New York"
## [93] "North Carolina" "Oklahoma" "Ohio" "Ohio"
## [97] "New Mexico" "New York" "Nebraska" "Georgia"
```

```
#let's change county names to title case
storm_event_details_92_subset$county_title_case <-
  ↪ str_to_title(storm_event_details_92_subset$CZ_NAME, locale = "en")

head(storm_event_details_92_subset$county_title_case, 100)
```

```
## [1] "Larimer" "El Paso" "Kit Carson" "Montrose"
## [5] "El Paso" "Weld" "Weld" "Morgan"
## [9] "Logan" "Washington" "Lincoln" "El Paso"
## [13] "Arapahoe" "Arapahoe" "Washington" "El Paso"
## [17] "El Paso" "Morgan" "Lincoln" "Yuma"
## [21] "Yuma" "Arapahoe" "Saguache" "Phillips"
## [25] "Adams" "Adams" "Adams" "Adams"
## [29] "Macon" "Tuscaloosa" "Lowndes" "Bienville"
## [33] "Union" "Burlington" "Union" "Warren"
## [37] "Bergen" "Hunterdon" "Gloucester" "Hunterdon"
## [41] "Cumberland" "Atlantic" "Cape May" "Morris"
## [45] "Bergen" "Middlesex" "Ocean" "Monmouth"
## [49] "Middlesex" "Atlantic" "Cumberland" "Monmouth"
## [53] "Cape May" "Cumberland" "Burlington" "Burlington"
## [57] "Middlesex" "Middlesex" "Somerset" "Middlesex"
## [61] "Union" "Gloucester" "Middlesex" "Morris"
## [65] "Burlington" "Cumberland" "Yellow Medicine" "Bienville"
## [69] "Nye" "Livingston" "Ocean" "Somerset"
## [73] "Wayne" "Leavenworth" "Eddy" "St. Louis"
## [77] "Northampton" "Logan" "Hancock" "Pontotoc"
## [81] "Jackson" "Boone" "Pittsburg" "Oklahoma"
## [85] "Meigs" "Crawford" "Putnam" "Morgan"
## [89] "Noble" "Beaver" "Charleston" "Broome"
## [93] "Greene" "Oklahoma" "Summit" "Cuyahoga"
## [97] "Eddy" "Fulton" "Thurston" "Cobb"
```

5.Limit to the events listed by county FIPS (CZ_TYPE of “C”) and then remove the CZ_TYPE column

```
storm_event_details_92_subset %>% filter(CZ_TYPE == "C") %>% select(-CZ_TYPE)
```

```
## # A tibble: 13,534 x 16
## BEGIN_DATE_TIME END_DATE_TIME EPISODE_ID EVENT_ID STATE STATE_FIPS CZ_NAME
## <chr> <chr> <lgl> <dbl> <chr> <dbl> <chr>
## 1 24-JUN-92 15:11:00 24-JUN-92 15~ NA 9985034 COLO~ 8 LARIMER
## 2 24-JUN-92 18:27:00 24-JUN-92 18~ NA 9985035 COLO~ 8 EL PASO
## 3 24-JUN-92 19:43:00 24-JUN-92 19~ NA 9985036 COLO~ 8 KIT CA~
```

```
## 4 25-JUN-92 19:50:00 25-JUN-92 19~ NA          9985037 COLO~      8 MONTRO~
## 5 26-JUN-92 12:51:00 26-JUN-92 12~ NA          9985038 COLO~      8 EL PASO
## 6 26-JUN-92 18:40:00 26-JUN-92 18~ NA          9985040 COLO~      8 WELD
## 7 26-JUN-92 18:40:00 26-JUN-92 18~ NA          9985041 COLO~      8 WELD
## 8 26-JUN-92 18:43:00 26-JUN-92 18~ NA          9985042 COLO~      8 MORGAN
## 9 26-JUN-92 20:10:00 26-JUN-92 20~ NA          9985043 COLO~      8 LOGAN
## 10 27-JUN-92 14:28:00 27-JUN-92 14~ NA         9985044 COLO~      8 WASHIN~
## # ... with 13,524 more rows, and 9 more variables: CZ_FIPS <dbl>,
## #   EVENT_TYPE <chr>, SOURCE <lgl>, BEGIN_LAT <dbl>, BEGIN_LON <dbl>,
## #   END_LAT <dbl>, END_LON <dbl>, state_title_case <chr>,
## #   county_title_case <chr>
```

6. Pad the state and county FIPS with a “0” at the beginning and then unite the two columns to make one fips column with the 5 or 6-digit county FIPS code

```
#let's pad state FIPS
storm_event_details_92_subset$STATE_FIPS_padded <-
  ↪ str_pad(storm_event_details_92_subset$STATE_FIPS, width =3, side = "left", pad = "0")

head(storm_event_details_92_subset$STATE_FIPS_padded, 100)
```

```
## [1] "008" "008" "008" "008" "008" "008" "008" "008" "008" "008" "008" "008"
## [13] "008" "008" "008" "008" "008" "008" "008" "008" "008" "008" "008" "008"
## [25] "008" "008" "008" "008" "001" "001" "028" "022" "034" "034" "034" "034"
## [37] "034" "034" "034" "034" "034" "034" "034" "034" "034" "034" "034" "034"
## [49] "034" "034" "034" "034" "034" "034" "034" "034" "034" "034" "034" "034"
## [61] "034" "034" "034" "034" "034" "034" "027" "022" "032" "022" "034" "034"
## [73] "036" "020" "035" "029" "042" "040" "017" "040" "012" "005" "040" "040"
## [85] "047" "039" "039" "017" "040" "042" "045" "036" "037" "040" "039" "039"
## [97] "035" "036" "031" "013"
```

```
#let's pad county FIPS
storm_event_details_92_subset$CZ_FIPS_padded <-
  ↪ str_pad(storm_event_details_92_subset$CZ_FIPS, width =3, side = "left", pad = "0")

head(storm_event_details_92_subset$CZ_FIPS_padded, 100)
```

```
## [1] "069" "041" "063" "085" "041" "123" "123" "087" "075" "121" "073" "041"
## [13] "005" "005" "121" "041" "041" "087" "073" "125" "125" "005" "109" "095"
## [25] "001" "001" "001" "001" "087" "125" "087" "013" "039" "005" "039" "041"
## [37] "003" "019" "015" "019" "011" "001" "009" "027" "003" "023" "029" "025"
## [49] "023" "001" "011" "025" "009" "011" "005" "005" "023" "023" "035" "023"
## [61] "039" "015" "023" "027" "005" "011" "173" "013" "023" "063" "029" "035"
## [73] "117" "103" "015" "189" "095" "083" "067" "123" "063" "009" "121" "109"
## [85] "121" "033" "137" "137" "103" "007" "019" "007" "079" "109" "153" "035"
## [97] "015" "035" "173" "067"
```

```
#let's union the padded state and county FIPS to make one fips column
storm_event_details_92_subset <- storm_event_details_92_subset %>%
  unite("fips", c(STATE_FIPS_padded,CZ_FIPS_padded), remove = FALSE, sep = "")
```

```
head(storm_event_details_92_subset$fips, 100)
```

```
## [1] "008069" "008041" "008063" "008085" "008041" "008123" "008123" "008087"
## [9] "008075" "008121" "008073" "008041" "008005" "008005" "008121" "008041"
## [17] "008041" "008087" "008073" "008125" "008125" "008005" "008109" "008095"
## [25] "008001" "008001" "008001" "008001" "001087" "001125" "028087" "022013"
## [33] "034039" "034005" "034039" "034041" "034003" "034019" "034015" "034019"
## [41] "034011" "034001" "034009" "034027" "034003" "034023" "034029" "034025"
## [49] "034023" "034001" "034011" "034025" "034009" "034011" "034005" "034005"
## [57] "034023" "034023" "034035" "034023" "034039" "034015" "034023" "034027"
## [65] "034005" "034011" "027173" "022013" "032023" "022063" "034029" "034035"
## [73] "036117" "020103" "035015" "029189" "042095" "040083" "017067" "040123"
## [81] "012063" "005009" "040121" "040109" "047121" "039033" "039137" "017137"
## [89] "040103" "042007" "045019" "036007" "037079" "040109" "039153" "039035"
## [97] "035015" "036035" "031173" "013067"
```

7. Change all the column names to lower case

```
#let's rename all column names to lower case
storm_event_details_92_subset <- storm_event_details_92_subset %>% rename_all(tolower)

#let's check if column names have been changed to lower case
colnames(storm_event_details_92_subset)
```

```
## [1] "begin_date_time" "end_date_time" "episode_id"
## [4] "event_id" "state" "state_fips"
## [7] "cz_name" "cz_type" "cz_fips"
## [10] "event_type" "source" "begin_lat"
## [13] "begin_lon" "end_lat" "end_lon"
## [16] "state_title_case" "county_title_case" "fips"
## [19] "state_fips_padded" "cz_fips_padded"
```

8. There is data that comes with base R on U.S. states (data("state")). Use that to create a dataframe with these three columns: state name, area, and region

```
us_state_data <- data.frame(state=state.name, region=state.region, area=state.area)

head(us_state_data)
```

```
##      state region  area
## 1  Alabama  South 51609
## 2   Alaska   West 589757
## 3  Arizona   West 113909
## 4 Arkansas  South  53104
## 5 California West 158693
## 6  Colorado   West 104247
```

9. Create a dataframe with the number of events per state in the year of birth. Merge in the state information dataframe created in step 8. Remove any states that are not in the state information dataframe.

```
#let's create a dataframe with the number of events per state in the year of my birth
event_freq_per_state <- data.frame(table(storm_event_details_92_subset$state))
head(event_freq_per_state)
```

```
##           Var1 Freq
## 1    ALABAMA   347
## 2    ARIZONA    82
## 3   ARKANSAS   567
## 4  CALIFORNIA    33
## 5   COLORADO   266
## 6 CONNECTICUT   46
```

```
#Let's merge in the state information dataframe created in step 8. Let's remove any
↳ states that are not in the state information dataframe.
```

```
#Before doing merge let's make sure column names and data matches
```

```
#let's rename column name Var1 to state in event_freq_per_state dataframe
event_freq_per_state <- event_freq_per_state %>% rename(state = Var1)
head(event_freq_per_state)
```

```
##           state Freq
## 1    ALABAMA   347
## 2    ARIZONA    82
## 3   ARKANSAS   567
## 4  CALIFORNIA    33
## 5   COLORADO   266
## 6 CONNECTICUT   46
```

```
#let's change the case of the states in us_state_data from lower case to upper case
↳ before merge
us_state_data$state <- str_to_upper(us_state_data$state, locale = "en")
head(us_state_data)
```

```
##           state region  area
## 1    ALABAMA   South  51609
## 2    ALASKA    West 589757
## 3    ARIZONA    West 113909
## 4   ARKANSAS   South  53104
## 5  CALIFORNIA    West 158693
## 6   COLORADO    West 104247
```

```
#As the column names and case of the data matches for column state in both us_state_data,
↳ event_freq_per_state data frames, let's merge them
state_storms_merged_data <- merge(x=event_freq_per_state, y=us_state_data, by.x =
↳ "state", by.y = "state")
```

```
head(state_storms_merged_data,10)
```

```
##      state Freq  region  area
## 1  ALABAMA  347   South  51609
## 2  ARIZONA   82   West 113909
## 3  ARKANSAS 567   South 53104
## 4  CALIFORNIA 33   West 158693
## 5  COLORADO 266   West 104247
## 6  CONNECTICUT 46 Northeast 5009
## 7  DELAWARE  23   South  2057
## 8  FLORIDA  368   South 58560
## 9  GEORGIA  393   South 58876
## 10 IDAHO    68   West  83557
```

Create a plot of number of storm events in 1992 vs land area in square miles

```
state_storms_merged_data %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=area, y=Freq)) +
  geom_point(aes(color = region)) +
  labs(x = "Land area (square miles)",
       y = "# storm events in 1992")
```

