# **Natural Language Processing**

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# **Theory Assessment**

T1/Quiz/Surprise test – 20 marks

Mini-project – 20 marks

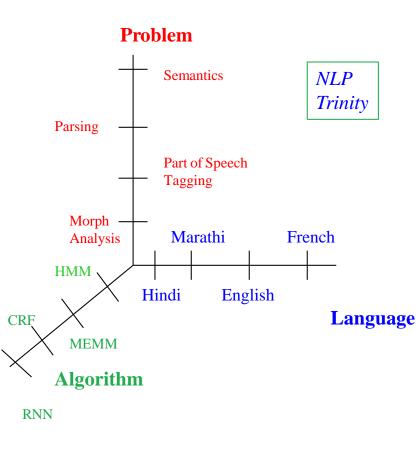
EndSem – 60 marks

Minimum marks – 40 marks for passing in this subject.

# **Course Objectives**

 Introduce the fundamental concepts and techniques of natural language processing (NLP) by studying the phonological, morphological, syntactic and semantic processing.

To gain an in-depth understanding of algorithms available for the processing of linguistic text information and the underlying computational properties of natural languages.



# Why do we need to study NLP?

• What is NLP?

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  - 1. Fundamental and Scientific Goal
    - Deep Understanding of natural language
  - 2. Practical and Engineering goal
    - Design, implement and test systems that process natural language for practical applications

# **Language Families**

### **Multilinguality**: Indian situation

- Language families
  - Indo Aryan
  - Dravidian
  - Austro-Asiatic
  - Tibeto-Burman
- Languages that are ranked within 20 in the world in terms of the populations speaking them, are
  - Hindi: 3<sup>rd</sup> (~350 milion)
  - Bangla: 7<sup>th</sup> (~230 million)
  - Marathi:15<sup>th</sup> (~84 million)



# Natural Language Processing: Background & Relevance in Indian Scenario

### **Background: Indian Context**

- India is a multi-lingual country with great linguistic and cultural diversities
- 22 official languages mentioned in the Indian constitution
- However, Census of India in 2011 reported-
  - 121 major languages
  - 1,599 other regional languages
  - **2,371** scripts
  - 30 languages are spoken by more than one million native speakers
  - 121 are spoken by more than 10,000 people
- 20% understand English
- 80% cannot understand

### Background

- Phenomenal growth in the number of internet users, social media (*Facebook,Twitter* etc.)
- Increasing tendency of using Indian language contents for exchanging information
- Digital divide cannot be tackled unless citizens are given flexibility in communicating in their own languages

Natural Language Processing (NLP) that deals with developing theories and techniques for effective communication in human languages play an important role towards creating this digital society

### **Motivation**

### TDIL: MeiTY, Govt. of India

**TDIL:** Technology Development for Indian Languages Programme initiated by the Ministry of Electronics & Information Technology, Govt. of India

#### **Objective:**

- objective of developing Information Processing Tools and Techniques to facilitate human-machine interaction without language barrier;
- creating and accessing multilingual knowledge resources; and
- integrating them to develop innovative user products and services.

#### **TDIL: Some major Machine Translation Projects**

- L. Development of English to Indian Language Machine Translation System (Anuvadaksh): Translator for English to Hindi/ Marathi/ Bangla/ Oriya/ Tamil/ Urdu/ Gujrati/ Bodo
- System with Angla-Bharti Technology: ANGLABHARTI represents a machine-aided translation methodology specifically designed for translating English to Indian languages, like, English to Bangla/ Punjabi/ Malaylam/ Urdu/ Hindi/ Telugu
- Machine Translation System (Sampark)- 18 pairs of languages, like, -Hindi to Bengali, Bengali to Hindi, Marathi to Hindi, Hindi to Marathi, Hindi to Punjabi, Punjabi to Hindi, Hindi to Tamil, Tamil to Hindi, Hindi to Kannada, Kannada to Hindi, Hindi to Telugu, Telugu to Hindi, Hindi to Urdu, Urdu-Hindi, Malaylam to Tamil, Tamil to Malaylam, Tamil to Telugu, Telugu to Tamil

### **TDIL: Some major initiatives**

- Development of Cross-Lingual Information Access (CLIA)
  - —Assamese, Bengali, Hindi, Oriya, Punjabi, Tamil, Telugu, Marathi, Gujarati
- Development of Robust Document Analysis & Recognition System for Indian Languages (OCR)-14 languages
  - —Assamese, Bengali, Devanagri, Gujarati, Gurumukhi, Kannada, Malaylam, Manipuri, Marathi, Oriya, Tamil, Telugu, Tibetan, Urdu
- Development of Text to Speech System in Indian Languages
- Development of Automatic Speech Recognition System in Indian Languages
- Development of Sanskrit Machine Translation System
- Development of Hindi to English Machine Translation in Judicial Domain

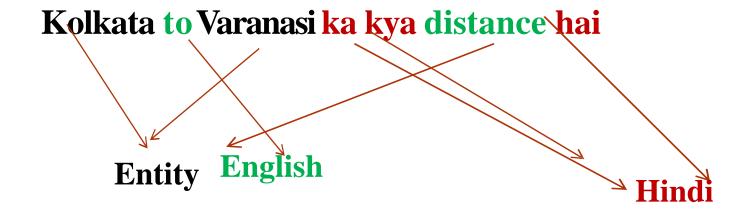
# Languages and the Institutes working on different language

Language	Institute		
Assamese	Guwahati University, Guwahati, Assam		
Bengali	Indian Statistical Institute, Kolkata, West Bengal		
Bodo	Guwahati University, Guwahati, Assam		
Gujarati	<u>Dharamsinh Desai University</u> , <u>Nadiad</u> , <u>Gujarat</u>		
Hindi	IIT Bombay, Mumbai, Maharashtra		
Kannada	Mysore University, Mysore, Karnataka		
Kashmiri	Kashmir University, Srinagar, Jammu and Kashmir		
Konkani	Goa University, Taleigao, Goa		
Malayalam	Amrita University, Coimbatore, Tamil Nadu		
Marathi	IIT Bombay, Mumbai, Maharashtra		
Meitei	Manipur University, Imphal, Manipur		
Nepali	Assam University, Silchar, Assam		
Oriya	Hyderabad Central University, Hyderabad, Andhra Pradesh		
Punjabi	Thapar University and Punjabi University, Patiala, Punjab		
Sanskrit	IIT Bombay, Mumbai, Maharashtra		
Tamil	Tamil University, Thanjavur, Tamil Nadu		
Telugu	<u>Dravidian University</u> , <u>Kuppam</u> , <u>Andhra Pradesh</u>		
Urdu	Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi		

# **Code Mixing**

# **Code-Mixing**

 Code- mixing refers to the mixing of two or more languages or language varieties in speech/text



### Code-Mixing in MyGov.in: Few Examples

- Sir ji aapka ye abhiyan acha ha isse naye bharat ka nirman hoga maine apne school ke student ke sath milkar hospital ki safai ki and jagrukta rali nikali jisse log gandagi kam failaye.
- Aaj her school main swachta abhiyan honi chye we do it
- india ko clean rakhne ke lie gandgi karne walo pe penalty lagani chahiye jo kaam das sal me hoga penalty lagane ke bad wo kuch hi dino me ho jaega
- Modi sir swachh bharat m aapke bjp poltician photo click krawane k liye safai krte h sathinye neta sirf pik click krte h bs.

#### **NLP: In Governance**

- Uses of NLP in Government Websites
  - Making e-governance related information to be available in multiple languages
- Natural Language Generation in e-Governance
  - Chatbot
  - E.g. farmer can not read or write, but with the multilingual support and NLP generation, s/he can communicate the query in any language and get it resolved



#### **NLP:** In Healthcare

#### NLP in Healthcare

- the healthcare system is to provide better and 24/7 Electronic health record experience
- for doing Predictive analytics, Prescriptive analytics
- Patients can interact in his/her own language
- Easier for a patient to understand health status

#### Identification of the patients which require Improved Care Coordination

 Automated detection of cancer, detection of the root causes related to any disorder are some of the examples

#### **NLP: In Finance**

- Credit Scoring Method
  - Estimate risk factor of giving loan with the past histories
  - E.g. Lenddo EFL (with 115 employees), a Singapore-based company developed a software called Lenddo Score which uses machine learning and NLP to assess and calculate an individual's creditworthiness.
- Fraud detection in banking
- Stock market prediction based on sentiment

#### **NLP: In Business**

- Searching –Autocorrect/Autocomplete
- Translation from one language to another language
- Survey Analysis
- Sentiment Analysis: Analyzing public opinion
- **Email Filters:** Filtering out irrelevant emails
- Information Extraction

#### **NLP: In Other domains**

#### National Security

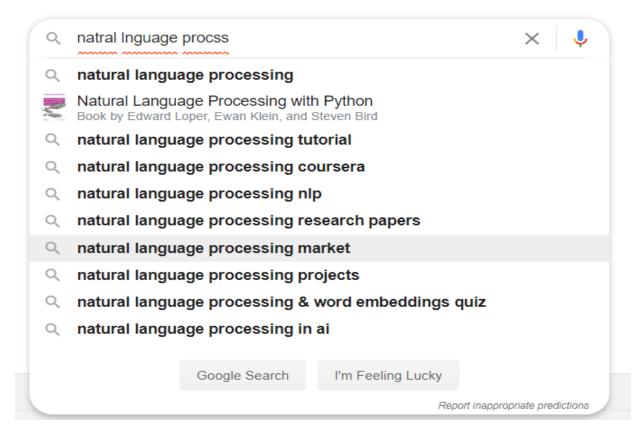
- Sentiment in Cross-border languages
- Hate Speech, Radicalization

#### NLP in Recruitment

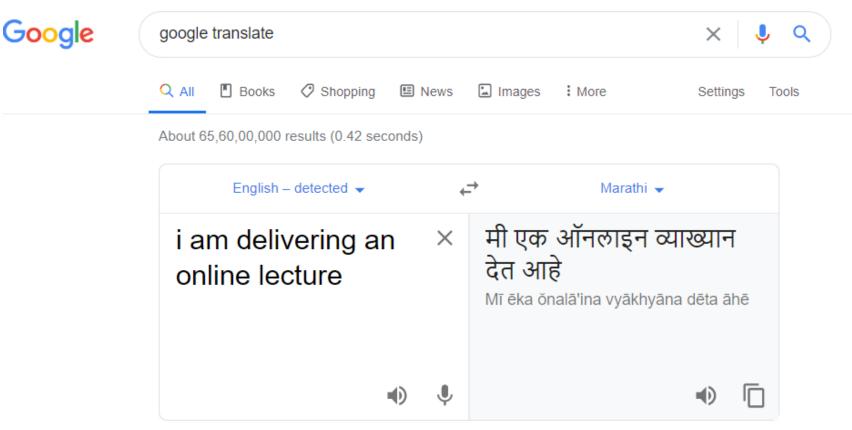
• searching the appropriate applications from the data, and it also can be used for selecting the best applications from the data available

#### 1. Search Autocorrect and Autocomplete



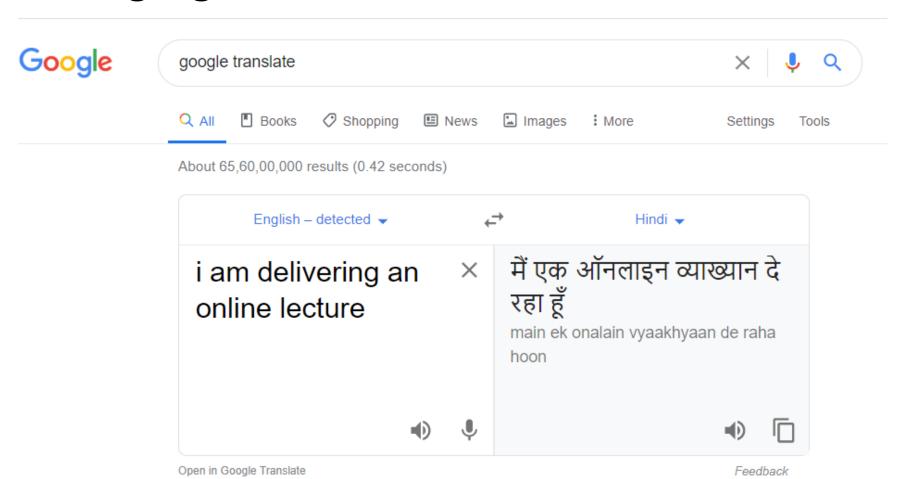


#### 2. Language Translator

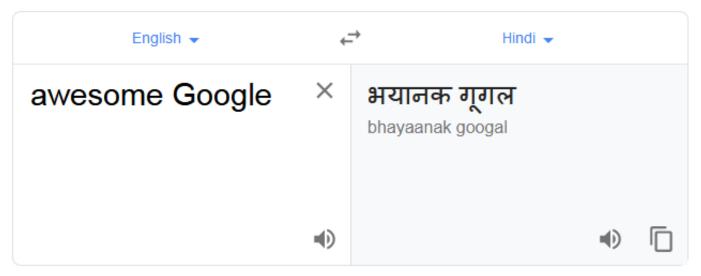


Open in Google Translate Feedback

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#### Google Translate

https://translate.google.co.in/ ▼

Google's free service instantly translates words, phrases, and web pages between English and over 100 other languages.

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#### 2. Language Translator

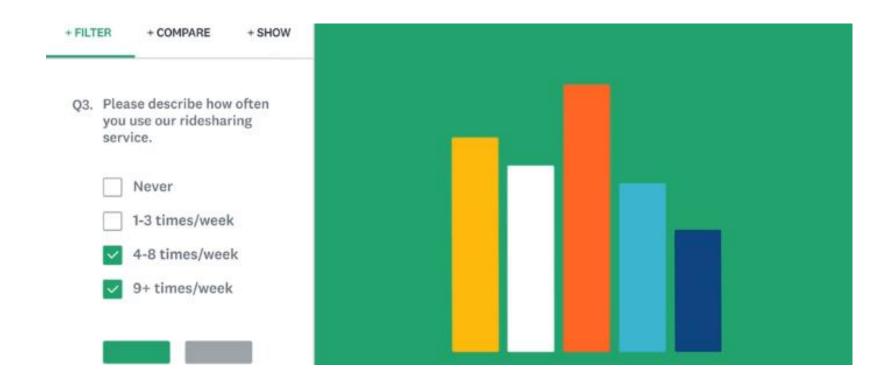


#### 3. Sentiment Analysis



Discovering people opinions, emotions and feelings about a product or service

#### 4. Survey Analysis



#### 5. Targeted Advertising



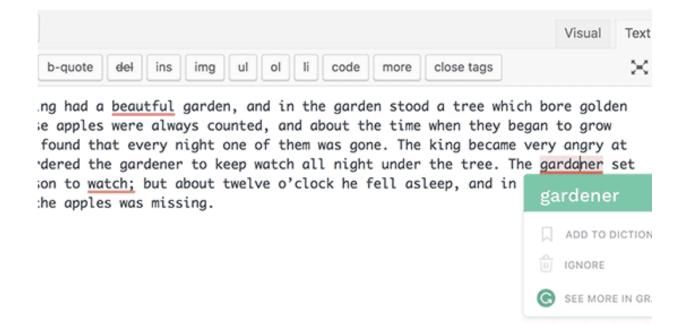
#### 6. Hiring and Recruitment



#### 7. Grammar Checkers

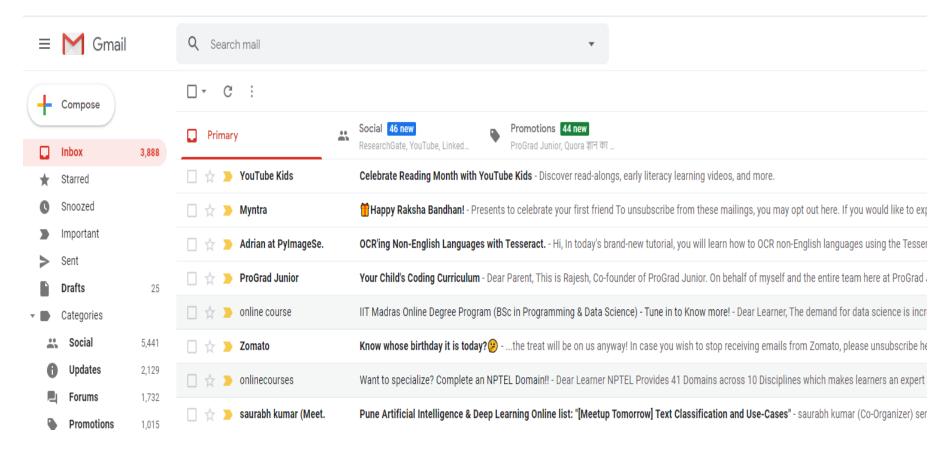
#### 1. Grammarly

Grammarly is a popular online grammar checker tool available as a browser addon for Google Chrome, Firefox, and even Microsoft Edge. It checks for grammar and spelling errors as you write your posts.



#### 8. Email Filtering

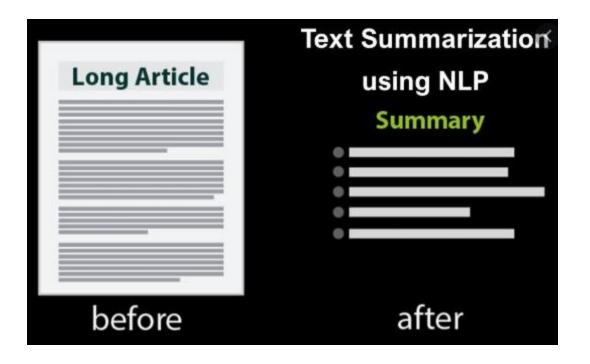
#### Have you ever used Gmail?



### 9. Question Answering/Chatbots



#### 10. Automatic Summarization



Some of the APIs: Aylien Text Analysis, MeaningCloud Summarization, ML Analyzer, Summarize Text, Text Summary.

#### 11. Information Retrieval

- Lot of unstructured data. Identify entities of interest and their relationship.

#### Example:

College of Engineering Pune, selected Dr. Jibi Abraham, as Dean Academics from June 2019, responsible for all academic based activities. She was institute MIS-Incharge before this. She succeeds Dr. M.S. Sutaone, who is now Deputy Director of the institute.

Person Name	Institute /Company Name	Post	State	Year
Dr. Jibi Abraham	COEP	Dean Academics	Start	2019
Dr. Jibi Abraham	COEP	MIS-Incharge	End	2019
Dr. M.S.Sutaone	COEP	Deputy Director	Start	2019

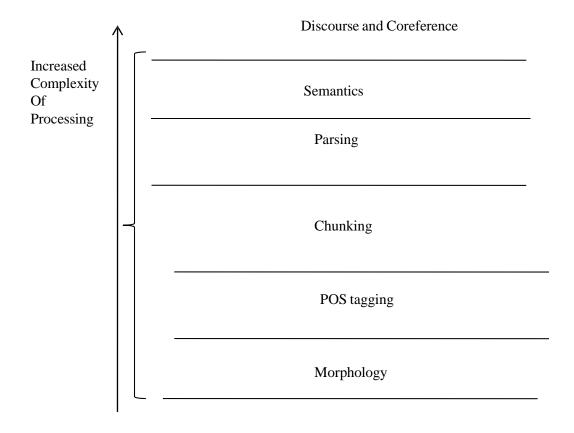
### **NLP: Projected Growth**

- Growing in an exponential manner
- Expected to touch the market of more than \$25 billion in 2022
  - With compound growth rate of 16% annually
- Reasons behind this growth
  - Rising of the Chatbots
  - Urge of discovering the customer insights
  - Transfer of technology of messaging from manual to automated
  - Translation of contents, and
  - many other tasks which are required to be automated and involve language/Speech at some point
  - Etc.

Major Industries: Amazon, Google, Microsoft, Facebook, IBMetc.

# **Layers in NLP**

# **Layers of Language Processing**



## **Different Levels of Language Analysis**

#### 1. Phonetic and phonological knowledge

Words are related to sound

#### 2. Morphological Knowledge

Word are constructed from morphemes

#### 3. Syntactic Knowledge

- Words put together to form correct sentence
- Structural role played by each word

#### 4. Semantic Knowledge

- What word means
- Context independent meaning- meaning the sentence has regardless of the context in which it is used

### **Different Levels of Language Analysis**

#### 5. Pragmatic Knowledge

 How sentences are used in different situations and how use affects the interpretation of the sentence

#### 6. Discourse Knowledge

 How the immediately preceding sentences affects the interpretation of next sentence

#### 7. World Knowledge

 Includes general language about the structure of the world that language users must have in order to maintain a conversation.