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## **PRACTICE Beginner Challenge**

Can you predict air quality in cities around the world using satellite data?

Prize

Knowledge

Time

Ended ~1 month ago

**Participants** 

110 active · 374 enrolled

Helping

**Africa** 

Good for beginners Prediction Safety

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## **About**

The objective of this challenge is to predict PM2.5 particulate matter concentration in the air every day for each city. PM2.5 refers to atmospheric particulate matter that have a diameter of less than 2.5 micrometers and is one of the most harmful air pollutants. PM2.5 is a common measure of air quality that normally requires ground-based sensors to measure. The data covers the last three months, spanning hundreds of cities across the globe.

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- Ground-based air quality sensors. These measure the target variable New 2.5 particle concentration). In addition to the target column (which is the daily mean concentration) there are also columns for minimum and maximum readings on that day, the variance of the readings and the total number (count) of sensor readings used to compute the target value. This data is only provided for the train set you must predict the target variable for the test set.
- The Global Forecast System (GFS) for weather data. Humidity, temperature and wind speed, which can be used as inputs for your model.
- The Sentinel 5P satellite. This satellite monitors various pollutants in the atmosphere. For each pollutant, we queried the offline Level 3 (L3) datasets available in Google Earth Engine (you can read more about the individual products here:

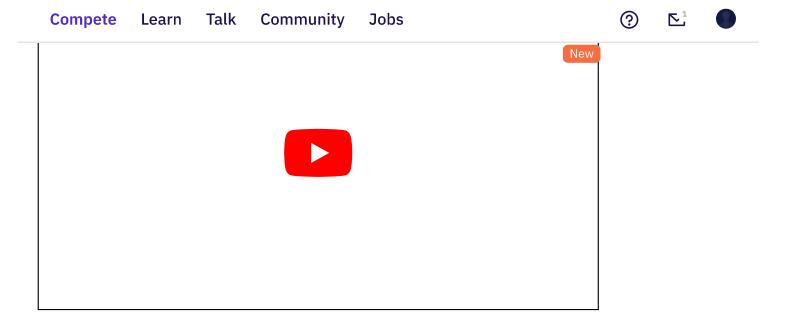
  https://developers.google.com/earth-engine/datasets/catalog/sentinel-5p). For a given pollutant, for example NO2, we provide all data from the Sentinel 5P dataset for that pollutant. This includes the key measurements like NO2\_column\_number\_density (a measure of NO2 concentration) as well as metadata like the satellite altitude. We recommend that you focus on the key measurements, either the column\_number\_density or the tropospheric\_X\_column\_number\_density (which measures density closer to Earth's surface).

Unfortunately, this data is not 100% complete. Some locations have no sensor readings for a particular day, and so those rows have been excluded. There are also gaps in the input data, particularly the satellite data for CH4.

#### **Variable Definitions:** Read about the datasets at the following pages:

- Weather Data: https://developers.google.com/earthengine/datasets/catalog/NOAA\_GFS0P25

#### How to use Colab on Zindi



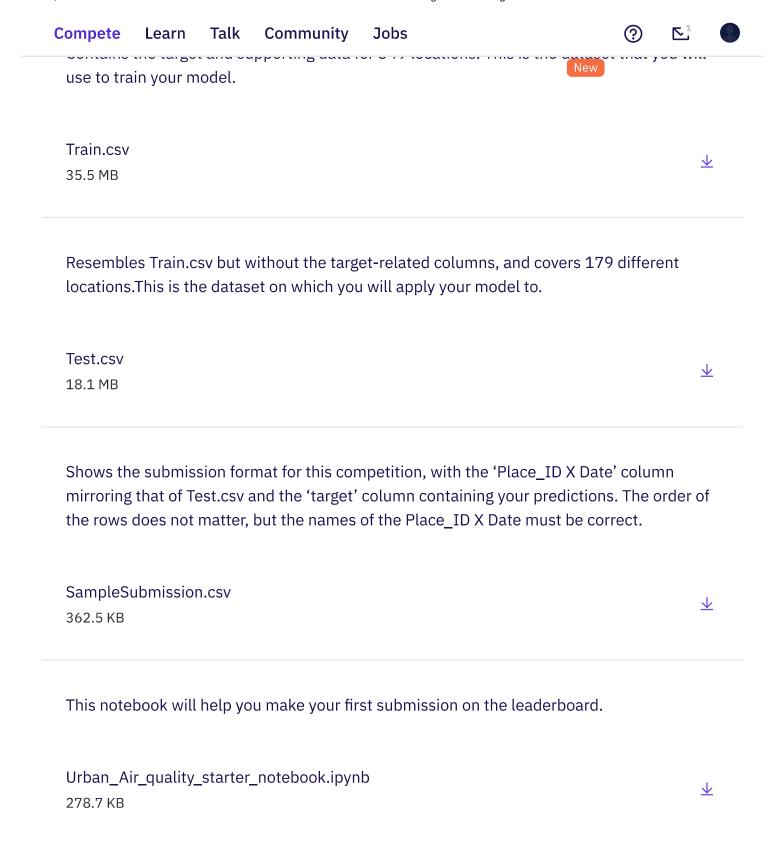
#### How to mount a drive on Colab



# **Files**

Download all files in archive 20.5 MB





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