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Soft Des Spring 2020 Mini Project 2: Computational Art

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import random
from PIL import Image
from math import pi, sin, cos
def build_random_function(min_depth, max_depth):
"""Build a random function.
   Builds a random function of depth at least min_depth and depth at most
   max_depth. (See the assignment write-up for the definition of depth
   in this context)
   Args:
       min_depth: the minimum depth of the random function
       max_depth: the maximum depth of the random function
   Returns:
       The randomly generated function represented as a nested list.
       (See the assignment write-up for details on the representation of
       these functions)
   # TODO: implement this
   function = []
   operations = ['x', 'y', 'prod', 'avg', 'cos_pi', 'sin_pi']
   random_func = random.randint(2,5)
   random_var = random.randint(0,1)
   end_possibility = random.randint(0,2)
   function.append(operations[random_func])
   if min_depth < 2:</pre>
       return function.append(operations[random_var])
   else:
       return build_random_function(min_depth - 1, max_depth - 1)
build_random_function(7,9)
def evaluate_random_function(f, x, y):
"""Evaluate the random function f with inputs x,y.
   The representation of the function f is defined in the assignment write-up.
```

```
Args:
    f: the function to evaluate
    \mathbf{x}: the value of \mathbf{x} to be used to evaluate the function
    y: the value of y to be used to evaluate the function
Returns:
    The function value
Examples:
    >>> evaluate_random_function(["x"],-0.5, 0.75)
    >>> evaluate_random_function(["y"],0.1,0.02)
    0.02
11 11 77
# TODO: implement this
if f[0] =="x":
    return x
elif f[0] == "y":
    return y
elif f[0] == "prod":
    return evaluate_random_function(f[1], x, y) * evaluate_random_function(f[2], x,
elif f[0] == "avg":
    return .5 * (evaluate_random_function(f[1], x, y) + evaluate_random_function(f[
elif f[0] == "cos_pi":
    return cos(pi * evaluate_random_function(f[1], x, y))
elif f[0] == "sin_pi":
    return sin(pi * evaluate_random_function(f[1], x, y))
```

```
def remap_interval(val, input_interval_start, input_interval_end, output_interval_start, output_interval_end):
```

"""Remap a value from one interval to another.

```
Given an input value in the interval [input_interval_start, input_interval_end], return an output value scaled to fall within the output interval [output_interval_start, output_interval_end].

Args:

val: the value to remap input_interval_start: the start of the interval that contains all possible values for val input_interval_end: the end of the interval that contains all possible values for val output_interval_start: the start of the interval that contains all possible output_interval_start: the start of the interval that contains all possible output_interval_end: the end of the interval that contains all possible output_values
```

```
Returns:
    The value remapped from the input to the output interval

Examples:
    >>> remap_interval(0.5, 0, 1, 0, 10)
    5.0
    >>> remap_interval(5, 4, 6, 0, 2)
    1.0
    >>> remap_interval(5, 4, 6, 1, 2)
    1.5

"""

# TODO: implement this

re_mapped = output_interval_start + (output_interval_end - output_interval_start) * return re_mapped
```

def color_map(val):

"""Maps input value between -1 and 1 to an integer 0-255, suitable for use as an RGB color code.

```
Args:
    val: value to remap, must be a float in the interval [-1, 1]
Returns:
    An integer in the interval [0,255]
Examples:
   >>> color_map(-1.0)
   >>> color_map(1.0)
   255
   >>> color_map(0.0)
    127
   >>> color_map(0.5)
    191
0.00
# NOTE: This relies on remap_interval, which you must provide
color_code = remap_interval(val, -1, 1, 0, 255)
return int(color_code)
```

def test_image(filename, x_size=350, y_size=350):

"""Generate a test image with random pixels and save as an image file.

```
Args:
    filename: string filename for image (should be .png)
    x_size, y_size: optional args to set image dimensions (default: 350)

# Create image and loop over all pixels
```

def generate_art(filename, x_size=350, y_size=350):

"""Generate computational art and save as an image file.

```
Args:
    filename: string filename for image (should be .png)
    x_size, y_size: optional args to set image dimensions (default: 350)
# Functions for red, green, and blue channels - where the magic happens!
red_function = ["x"]
green_function = ["y"]
blue_function = ["x"]
#red_function = build_random_function(7, 9)
#green_function = build_random_function(7, 9)
#blue_function = build_random_function(7, 9)
# Create image and loop over all pixels
im = Image.new("RGB", (x_size, y_size))
pixels = im.load()
for i in range(x_size):
    for j in range(y_size):
        x = remap_interval(i, 0, x_size, -1, 1)
        y = remap_interval(j, 0, y_size, -1, 1)
        pixels[i, j] = (
            color_map(evaluate_random_function(red_function, x, y)),
            color_map(evaluate_random_function(green_function, x, y)),
            \verb|color_map(evaluate_random_function(blue_function, x, y))| \\
        )
im.save(filename)
```

```
if name == 'main':
import doctest
#doctest.testmod()
```

doctest.run_docstring_examples(remap_interval, globals(), verbose = False)

```
# Create some computational art!
# TODO: Un-comment the generate_art function call after you
```

```
# implement remap_interval and evaluate_random_function
#generate_art("myart1.png")

# Test that PIL is installed correctly
# TODO: Comment or remove this function call after testing PIL install
#test_image("noise.png")
```