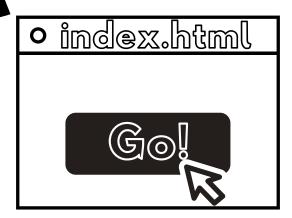
NCHOR TAG

The anchor $(\langle a \rangle)$ tag, creates a link on your site that can be internal or external.

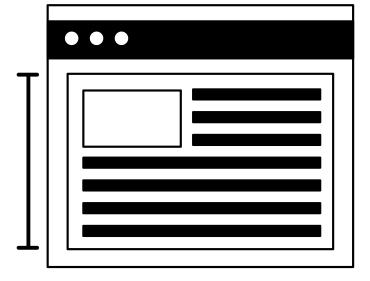


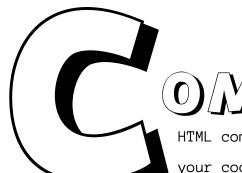
 Go!

The body (<body>) tag, indicate

The body (<body>) tag, indicates all of the contents that will be on your site.

```
<body>
// Website content
  (text, images, etc.)
</body>
```





OMMENTS

HTML comments (<!-- text -->) let you make notes in your code that won't show up on your website!

o index.html

- 1 <html>
- 2 <!-- the body of your
- 3 site will go below -->
- 4 <body>
- 5 </body>
- 6 </html>

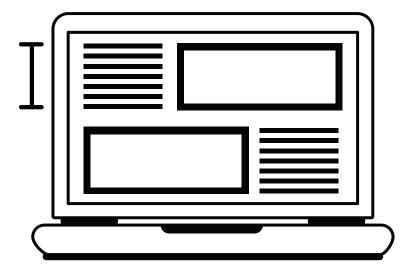


IV TAG

The div (<div>) tag, indicates a section of code in an HTML document and site.

<div>
// A section of code

</div>



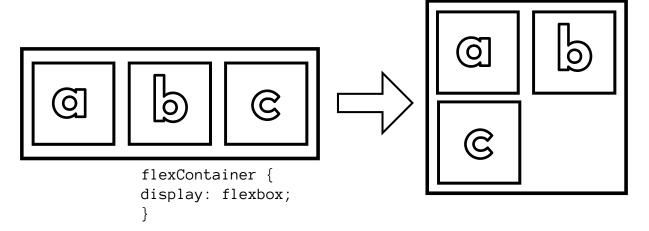


An HTML editor is where you write your code. Editors can be on your computer or online!

0	index.html
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	



A flexbox allows you to create a container of items that move flexibly when a sites layout changes.

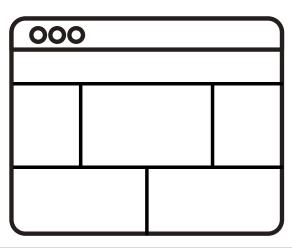




RID

A grid is a hidden structure that contains rows and columns that you can put content into!

gridContainer{
display: grid;

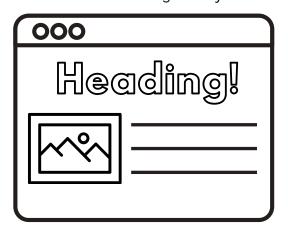




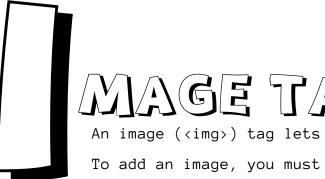
EADINGS

Headings help break up the text on your website!

You have seen headings in your textbooks, too!

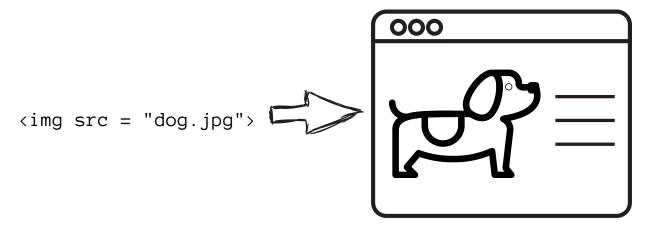


<h1> Heading! </h1>



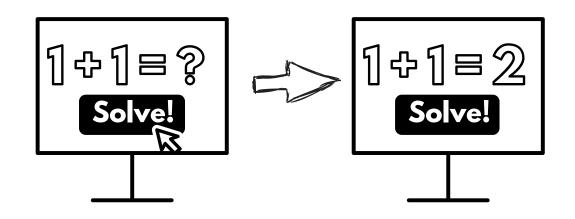
An image () tag lets you add images to your website!

To add an image, you must include its source, or src.





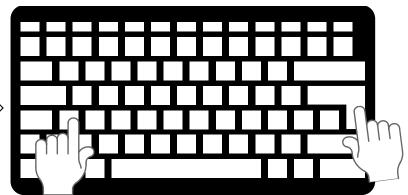
developers use to control the behavior of a site.





A keyboard (<kbd>) tag indicates text (via different styling) a user should type on their computer.

<kbd> Shift + A </kbd>



IST/LIST ITEM

List ($\langle ul \rangle$ or $\langle ol \rangle$) tags allow you to create lists on your site. To create a list, you have to also create a list item using the tag.

<u1>

Apples

Oranges

Apples Oranges