# Network Engineering Assignment 3

HIDDEN PRIMARY DNS

## 1 CONFIGURING MASTER DNS

## 1.1 INSTALL PACKAGES

Firstly bind9 which is a DNS tool-set for ubuntu will need to installed

sudo apt install bind9 bind9utils bind9-doc

#### 1.2 SET STATIC HOSTNAME

You will need to set both a static hostname and IP address for the server, firstly set the static IP by editing /etc/network/interfaces with any text editor

Sudo nano /etc/network/interfaces

And edit under the correct Serial Interface, mine was enp0s9, and I set my IP to 10.1.1.6.

Next set a static hostname by editing /etc/hosts.

Sudo nano /etc/hosts

And add your static IP with a hostname, below is mine

10.1.1.6 server.neteng.lan

## 1.3 CONFIGURE MASTER DNS

The first step in configure the master DNS server is to define the zones, this is done by editing /etc/bind/named.conf.local

sudo nano /etc/bind/named.conf.local

And edit to look something like this – explanation is after screenshot

```
GNU nano 2.9.3 /etc/bind/named.conf.local

//
// Do any local configuration here
//
// Consider adding the 1918 zones here, if they are not used in your
// organization
//include "/etc/bind/zones.rfc1918";

zone "neteng.lan" {
    type master;
    file "/etc/bind/db.neteng.lan";
    allow-transfer { 10.1.1.4; };
    also-notify { 10.1.1.4; };
};
```

**Neteng.lan** in "zone" is the domain of the network, previously I chose to name my host: server.neteng.lan with .neteng.lan being the domain and server being this machine.

**File** will need to point to a file that will be created next, it's best to put it in the same location but it can be named anything

**Allow-transfer & also-notify**: is the static IP of the slave DNS which will be configured later in this document.

Next the zone file will need to be created, I just copied a pre-existing zone file to use as a template and edited that with nano.

```
sudo cp /etc/bind/db.local /etc/bind/db.neteng.lan
sudo nano /etc/bind/db.neteng.lan
```

The screenshot below is the final version of that zone file, however it's taken in sublime text editor to fit on the screen.

The **Serial** number will need to be set greater than the previous serial number, many people just set it as the current date/time but I've just been incrementing it by 1 each time I edit the file.

I also just randomly set the mail & ftp address making them go back to this servers IP (10.1.1.6) as I didn't setup proper addresses for these servers which should ideally be done. But this wasn't apart of the assignment specifications.

#### 1.4 CHECK FOR ERRORS AND RESTART

First check for errors with

```
sudo named-chechconf
```

If there is no response then that means there are no errors, next check for errors with the zone file with

```
sudo named-checkzone neteng.lan /etc/bind/db.neteng.lan
```

If there are still no errors then add the dns server ip to the static interface that was set earlier in /etc/network/interfaces

sudo nano /etc/network/interfaces

```
interfaces(5) file used by ifup(8) and ifdown(8)
auto lo
iface lo inet loopback
auto enp0s8
iface enp0s8 inet static
    address 10.1.1.6
    netmask 255.255.255.0
    dns-nameservers 10.1.1.6
```

And restart bind9

sudo systemctl restart bind9

## 2 SETUP SLAVE DNS

## 2.1 INSTALL BIND9 ON THIS MACHINE

sudo apt install bind9 bind9utils bind9-doc

## 2.2 SET STATIC IP ADDRESS

Use text editor to edit interfaces

sudo nano /etc/network/interfaces

```
iface enp0s9 inet static
address 10.1.1.4
netmask 255.255.255.0
dns-nameservers 10.1.1.6
dns-nameservers 10.1.1.4
```

Also add the dns-nameservers IP of both the master DNS (what was configured before, in this case 10.1.1.6) and this soon to be slave DNS (which is 10.1.1.4)

#### 2.3 CONFIGURE SLAVE DNS

Edit /etc/bind/named.conf.local using any text edit you wish.

```
sudo nano /etc/bind/named.conf.local
```

Make sure to notice the change in file, as the slave connects to the master DNS it won't have proper permissions access the real file, so we use /var/cache.

# 3 Configure Master DNS firewall

Ubuntu comes bundled with UFW now, which'll be used to setup the firewall on the master server, if you're not on ubuntu then install via:

```
sudo apt install ufw
```

Start UFW:

```
sudo ufw enable
```

Next is to deny all incoming requests with:

sudo ufw default deny incoming

And to accept from the IP of our slave server (10.1.1.4)

sudo ufw allow from 10.1.1.4

To check this firewall settings:

sudo ufw status

То	Action	From
Anywhere	ALLOW	10.1.1.4