

# RAPID 3D ORIENTATION RESOLVER





Project Dates: Jun 27, 2014 - Aug 1, 2014

# **Project Objective and Research Approach:**

Our goal with RAPTOR is to design a novel pipeline for inferring solely from 2D image data the 3D distance-from-camera and orientation (pose) of known classes of rigid objects for which manmade 3D models are available. We have devised and implemented three preliminary versions of the RAPTOR pipeline. Variant A generates 2D covariance matrices from input images, using class-specific neural networks to try to learn the mapping of 2D covariance matrix to 3D pose parameters directly (possibly in tandem with stereo vision). Variant B instead uses the rotational distance between the 2D covariance matrix for the input image and several reference poses as a feature vector. Variant C leverages a 3D model of the target object class to iteratively render poses, eventually converging on the target 3D pose parameters.

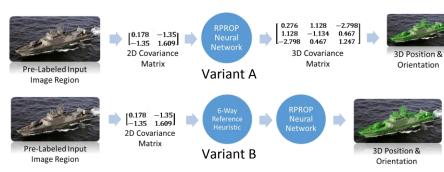
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## **Next Steps:**

- Plans to continue work on RAPTOR as a student contractor
- Must still test and tweak each architecture until we meet our accuracy and real-time performance requirements with at least one pipeline variant
- Particularly if variants B or C prove fruitful, these results should be publishable