E-retail factors for customer activation and retention: A case study from Indian e-commerce customers

Author: Sumair Dhir

Introduction

Customer satisfaction has emerged as one of the most important factors that guarantee the success of online stores; it has been posited as a key stimulant of purchase, repurchase intentions and customer loyalty. A comprehensive review of the literature, theories and models have been carried out to propose the models for customer activation and customer retention. Five major factors that contributed to the success of an e-commerce store have been identified as: service quality, system quality, information quality, trust and net benefit. The research furthermore investigated the factors that influence the online customers repeat purchase intention. The combination of both utilitarian value and hedonistic values are needed to affect the repeat purchase intention (loyalty) positively. The data is collected from the Indian online shoppers. Results indicate the e-retail success factors, which are very much critical for customer satisfaction.

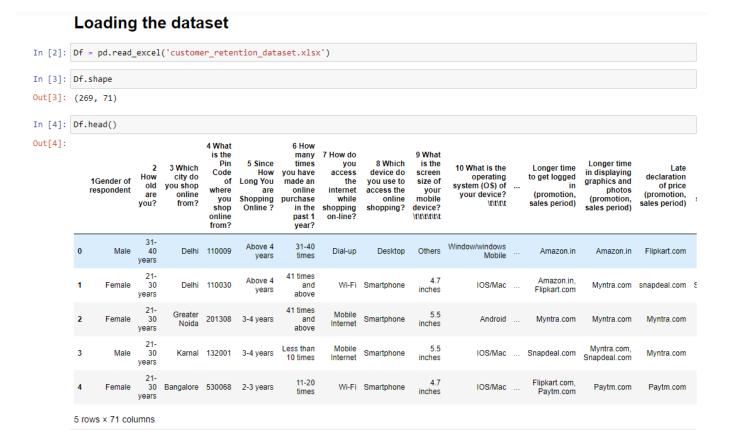
Executive Summary:

In this project, a dataset was provided containing the details of the participants of a survey, along with their online shopping experiences, preferences, and opinions regarding various ecommerce websites.

The Dataset was first checked for null values, and then the various feature columns were analysed. Exploratory Data analysis was conducted to investigate the relationships that existed between the columns, using various visualization techniques.

The dataset was worked with to study and understand how various Hedonic values, Utilitarian values in combination with several perceived risks helped to understand Customer retention and loyalty to various ecommerce websites.

About the Dataset:



The given dataset consists of 71 columns and 269 rows

The Featured columns are:

```
'Gender of respondent',
    'How old are you? ',
    'Which city do you shop online from?',
    'What is the Pin Code of where you shop online from?',
    'Since How Long You are Shopping Online?',
    'How many times you have made an online purchase in the past 1 year?',
    'How do you access the internet while shopping on-line?',
    'Which device do you use to access the online shopping?',
    'What is the screen size of your mobile device?',
    'What is the operating system (OS) of your device?',
    'What browser do you run on your device to access the website?',
    'Which channel did you follow to arrive at your favorite online store for the first time?',
    'After first visit, how do you reach the online retail store?',
    ' How much time do you explore the e- retail store before making a purchase
decision?'.
    'What is your preferred payment Option?',
    ' How frequently do you abandon (selecting an items and leaving without making
payment) your shopping cart?',
```

'Why did you abandon the "Bag", "Shopping Cart"?',

- 'The content on the website must be easy to read and understand',
- 'Information on similar product to the one highlighted is important for product comparison',
- ' Complete information on listed seller and product being offered is important for purchase decision.',
 - ' All relevant information on listed products must be stated clearly',
 - 'Ease of navigation in website',
 - 'Loading and processing speed',
 - 'User friendly Interface of the website',
 - 'Convenient Payment methods',
- 'Trust that the online retail store will fulfill its part of the transaction at the stipulated time',
 - 'Empathy (readiness to assist with queries) towards the customers',
 - 'Being able to guarantee the privacy of the customer',
- 'Responsiveness, availability of several communication channels (email, online rep, twitter, phone etc.)',
 - 'Online shopping gives monetary benefit and discounts',
 - 'Enjoyment is derived from shopping online',
 - 'Shopping online is convenient and flexible',
 - 'Return and replacement policy of the e-tailer is important for purchase decision',
 - 'Gaining access to loyalty programs is a benefit of shopping online',
 - Displaying quality Information on the website improves satisfaction of customers',
 - 'User derive satisfaction while shopping on a good quality website or application',

- $\mbox{'}$ Net Benefit derived from shopping online can lead to users satisfaction',
- 'User satisfaction cannot exist without trust',
- 'Offering a wide variety of listed product in several category',
- 'Provision of complete and relevant product information',
- ' Monetary savings',
- 'The Convenience of patronizing the online retailer',
- 'Shopping on the website gives you the sense of adventure',
- 'Shopping on your preferred e-tailer enhances your social status',
- 'You feel gratification shopping on your favorite e-tailer',
- 'Shopping on the website helps you fulfill certain roles',
- 'Getting value for money spent',
- 'From the following, tick any (or all) of the online retailers you have shopped from',
- 'Easy to use website or application',
- 'Visual appealing web-page layout', 'Wild variety of product on offer',
- 'Complete, relevant description information of products',
- 'Fast loading website speed of website and application',
- 'Reliability of the website or application',
- 'Quickness to complete purchase',
- 'Availability of several payment options',
- 'Speedy order delivery',
- 'Privacy of customers' information',

'Security of customer financial information',

'Perceived Trustworthiness',

'Presence of online assistance through multi-channel',

'Longer time to get logged in (promotion, sales period)',

'Longer time in displaying graphics and photos (promotion, sales period)',

'Late declaration of price (promotion, sales period)',

'Longer page loading time (promotion, sales period)',

'Limited mode of payment on most products (promotion, sales period)',

'Longer delivery period', 'Change in website/Application design',

'Frequent disruption when moving from one page to another',

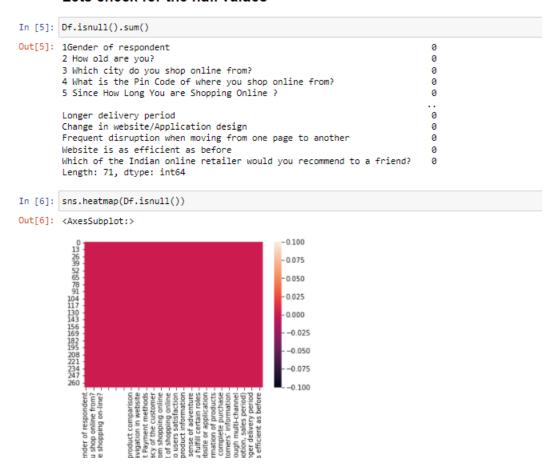
'Website is as efficient as before',

'Which of the Indian online retailer would you recommend to a friend?'

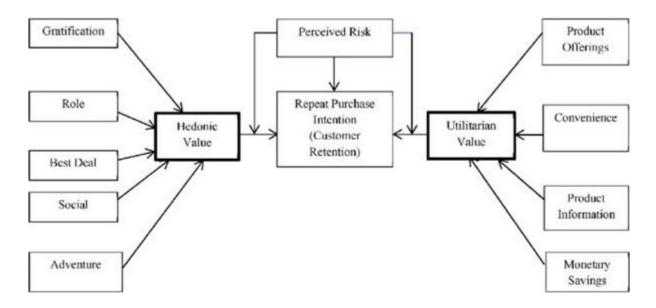
Data Cleaning:

Upon inspecting all the columns in the dataframe, it is observed that none of the columns appear to have any NaN values.

Lets check for the null values



Exploratory Data Analysis

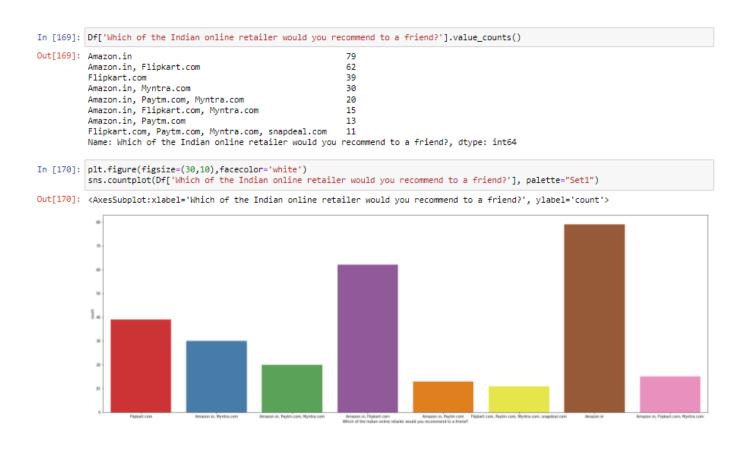


The individual columns of the dataframe were first analysed to study their composition and then, with reference to the diagram above, the relationship between various columns was understood through data visualization using Countplots.

Univariate Analysis

Analyzing the Target Class

Column: 'Which of the Indian online retailer would you recommend to a friend?' can be regarded as a representation of customer Loyalty / Retention since customers who recommend the services of an ecommerce are very highly likely to buy from those websites again



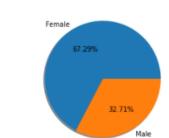
It is observed that Amazon is the most popular E commerce website followed by Flipkart.

Consumer Demographics

Columns which contained details regarding the demographics of the participants (age, gender, location) were visualized and analyzed.

Lets check for the Consumer Demographics

```
In [14]: Df['Gender of respondent'].unique()
Out[14]: array(['Male', 'Female'], dtype=object)
In [15]: Df['Gender of respondent'].value_counts()
Out[15]: Female 181
          Male
                     88
          Name: Gender of respondent, dtype: int64
In [16]: sns.countplot(Df['Gender of respondent'], palette="Set1")
Out[16]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Gender of respondent', ylabel='count'>
             175
             150
             125
             100
              75
              50
              25
                          Male
                                                Female
                                Gender of respondent
In [17]: labels = 'Female','Male'
          fig, ax = plt.subplots()
ax.pie(Df['Gender of respondent'].value_counts(),labels = labels,radius =1,autopct = '%1.2f%%', shadow=True,)
          plt.show()
```



```
In [18]: Df['How old are you?'].unique()
Out[18]: array(['31-40 years', '21-30 years', '41-50 yaers', 'Less than 20 years',
                   '51 years and above'], dtype=object)
In [19]: Df['How old are you?'].value_counts()
Out[19]: 31-40 years
                                   81
          21-30 years
                                   79
          41-50 yaers
                                   70
          Less than 20 years
                                   20
          51 years and above
                                  19
          Name: How old are you?, dtype: int64
In [21]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,4),facecolor='white')
sns.countplot(Df['How old are you?'], palette="Set1")
Out[21]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='How old are you?', ylabel='count'>
              80
              70
             60
              50
            # 40
              30
              20
             10
              0
                                                                       41-50 yaers
How old are you?
                        31-40 years
                                                21-30 years
                                                                                              Less than 20 years
                                                                                                                      51 years and above
In [22]: labels = '31-40years','21-30 years','41-50 years','Less than 20 years','51 years and above'
          fig, ax = plt.subplots()
          ax.pie(Df['How old are you?'].value_counts(),labels = labels,radius =1,autopct = '%1.2f%%', shadow=True,)
          plt.show()
                                          31-40years
                                   30.11%
           21-30 years
                        29.37%
                                     7.06%
```

51 years and above

Less than 20 years

41-50 years

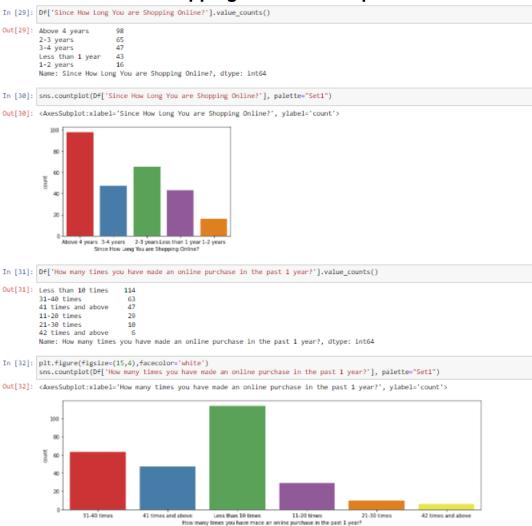


Based on the above graphs it is observed that:

- Majority of the participants are female, comprising 67.29% of the total participants of the survey.
- Most of the participants hail from Delhi, Greater Noida, Noida, and Bangalore.
- Of those who hailed from Delhi and Noida, the majority were Male. While of those who hailed from Greater Noida, Bangalore and Karnal, Ghaziabad and Solan the majority were Female

• The age distribution of the majority of the participants lies in the range of 21-40 years, with 59.48% of the total participants falling within that age range, while 26.02% of the participants belong to the age range of 41-50 years.

Consumer online shopping activities and preferences

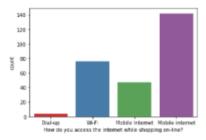


```
In [33]: Df['How do you access the internet while shopping on-line?'].value_counts()

Out[33]: Mobile internet 142
Wi-fi 76
Mobile Internet 47
Dial-up 4
Name: How do you access the internet while shopping on-line?, dtype: int64
```

In [34]: sns.countplot(Df['How do you access the internet while shopping on-line?'], palette="Set1")

Out[34]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='How do you access the internet while shopping on-line?', ylabel='count'>



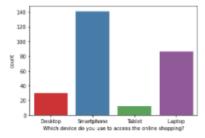
```
In [35]: Df['Which device do you use to access the online shopping?'].value_counts()
```

Out[35]: Smartphone 141 Laptop 86 Desktop 30 Tablet 12

Name: Which device do you use to access the online shopping?, dtype: int64

In [36]: sns.countplot(Df['Which device do you use to access the online shopping?'], palette="Set1")

Out[36]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Which device do you use to access the online shopping?', ylabel='count'>



```
In [37]: Df['What is the screen size of your mobile device?'].value_counts()
   Out[37]: Others
5.5 inches
4.7 inches
             5 inches
             Name: What is the screen size of your mobile device?, dtype: int64
   In [38]: sns.countplot(Df['What is the screen size of your mobile device?'], palette="Seti")
   Out[38]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='What is the screen size of your mobile device?', ylabel='count'>
                120
                100
                 60
                 40
   In [39]: Df['What is the operating system (OS) of your device?'].value_counts()
   Out[39]: Window/windows Mobile
                                       122
             Android
             Name: What is the operating system (OS) of your device?, dtype: int64
   In [40]: sns.countplot(Df['What is the operating system (OS) of your device?'], palette="Set1")
   Out[40]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='What is the operating system (OS) of your device?', ylabel='count'>
                120
                100
                 60
                 40
                 20
  In [41]: sns.countplot(Df['What is the operating system (OS) of your device?'], hue=Df['Which device do you use to access the online 💠
             - 4 |
  Out[41]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='What is the operating system (OS) of your device?', ylabel='count'>
                    Which device do you use to access the online shapping?

Desktop
Smartphone
Tablet
               80
               70
               60
               50
             50
40
               30
               20
```

```
In [42]: Df['What browser do you run on your device to access the website?'].value_counts()
 Out[42]: Google chrome
Safari
            Opena
            Mozilla Firefox 5
Name: What browser do you run on your device to access the website?, dtype: int64
 In [43]: sns.countplot(Df['What browser do you run on your device to access the website?'], palette="Set1")
 Out[43]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='What browser do you run on your device to access the website?', ylabel='count'>
               200
               150
             ₩
100
 In [44]: sns.countplot(Df['What browser do you run on your device to access the website?'], hue=Df['Which device do you use to access \updownarrow
             4
 Out[44]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='What browser do you run on your device to access the website?', ylabel='count'>
                         evice do you use to access the online shapping?

Desktop

Smartphone

Tablet
               60
 In [45]: Df['Which channel did you follow to arrive at your favorite online store for the first time?'].value_counts()
 Out[45]: Search Engine
Content Marketing
Display Adverts
                                    20
19
            Name: Which channel did you follow to arrive at your favorite online store for the first time?, dtype: int64
In [45]: Df['Which channel did you follow to arrive at your favorite online store for the first time?'].value_counts()
Out[45]: Search Engine
Content Marketing
Display Adverts
                                  20
19
           Name: Which channel did you follow to arrive at your favorite online store for the first time?, dtype: int64
In [46]: sns.countplot(Df["Which channel did you follow to arrive at your favorite online store for the first time?"], palette="Set1" 💠
           - 4 ∥
                                                                                                                                              Þ
Out[46]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Which channel did you follow to arrive at your favorite online store for the first time?', ylabel='count'>
              200
              150
               100
```

```
Out[47]: Search Engine
                        Via application
                        Direct URL
E-mail
                        Social Media
                        Name: After first visit, how do you reach the online retail store?, dtype: int64
             In [48]: sns.countplot(Df['After first visit, how do you reach the online retail store?'], palette="Set1")
             Out[48]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='After first visit, how do you reach the online retail store?', ylabel='count'>
                           40
             In [49]: Df['How much time do you explore the e- retail store before making a purchase decision?'].value_counts()
            Out[49]: more than 15 mins
6-10 mins
11-15 mins
                                                123
                        Less than 1 min
1-5 mins
                                                  15
                                                  14
                        Name: How much time do you explore the e- retail store before making a purchase decision?, dtype: int64
In [50]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,4),facecolor='white') sns.countplot(Df['How much time do you explore the e- retail store before making a purchase decision?'], palette="Set1")
Out[50]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='How much time do you explore the e- retail store before making a purchase decision?', ylabel='count'>
               120
               100
                80
                60
                            6-10 mins
                                                  more than 15 mins 11-15 mins 1-5 mins 1-5 mins How much time do you explore the e- retail store before making a purchase decision?
                                                                                                                               Less than 1 min
In [51]: Df['What is your preferred payment Option?'].value_counts()
Out[51]: Credit/Debit cards
            Cash on delivery (CoD)
E-wallets (Paytm, Freecharge etc.)
            Name: What is your preferred payment Option?, dtype: int64
In [52]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,4),facecolor='white')
           sns.countplot(Df['What is your preferred payment Option?'], palette="Set1")
Out[52]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='What is your preferred payment Option?', ylabel='count'>
              140
              120
              300
               80
               60
               40
                   E-wallets (Payton, Preecharge etc.) Credit/Debit cards
What is your preferred payment Option?
                                                                               Cash on delivery (CoD)
```

In [47]: Df['After first visit, how do you reach the online retail store?'].value_counts()

Based on the above graphs it is observed that:

- Majority of the consumers have been shopping for over 4 years and have made less than 10 purchases in the last 1 year.
- Smartphone and mobile internet are the most popular means of accessing ecommerce websites, with most common screen size being 5.5 inches or greater.
- Windows operating system is the most popular on Laptop/Desktop devices while android
 is the most popular OS on smartphone devices followed by iOS.
- Google Chrome is the most popular web Browser, especially on portable devices, followed by Safari.
- Search Engine is the most common means of arriving at the E commerce websites, followed by Application and Direct URL.
- Most consumers spend over 15 mins browsing an e-commerce website before making a purchase decision.

Consumer Hesitation

Various factors/reasons which contributed to consumers' hesitation to complete a purchase online were analysed from the data provided under the columns of the dataframe.



Based on the above graphs it is observed that:

- Consumers sometimes abandon items in shopping cart.
- Finding a better alternative offer is the most common reason behind why consumers abandon items on a particular e commerce website.

Consumer opinions on Website Features

Analyzing the opinions of the participants on the various features of the e-commerce websites.



```
In [63]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,4),facecolor='white') sns.countplot(Df['Complete information on listed seller and product being offered is important for purchase decision'], palette-
Out[63]: cAxesSubplot:xlabel='Complete information on listed seller and product being offered is important for purchase decision', ylabe
l='count'>
                   20
                                                      Strongly agree [5] Agree [4] Dis-agree (2)
Complete information on listed seller and product being offered is important for purchase decision
In [64]: Df['All relevant information on listed products must be stated clearly'].value_counts()
Out[64]: Agree (4)
                                                  132
             Agree (+) 132
Strongly agree (5) 107
Strongly disagree (1) 18
Dis-agree (2) 12
Name: All relevant information on listed products must be stated clearly, dtype: int64
In [65]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,4),facecolor='white')
sns.countplot(Df['All relevant information on listed products must be stated clearly'], palette="Set1")
Out[65]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='All relevant information on listed products must be stated clearly', ylabel='count'>
                  120
                  300
                   80
                   60
                   20
                                      Agree (4)
                                                                      Strongly agree (5) Strongly disagree (1)
All relevant information on listed products must be stated clearly
                                                                                                                                                        Dis-agree (2)
In [66]: Df['Ease of navigation in website'].value_counts()
Out[66]: Strongly agree (5) 141
Agree (4) 105
Strongly disagree (1) 18
Dis-agree (2) 5
Name: Ease of navigation in website, dtype: int64
```

```
In [67]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,4),facecolor='white')
sns.countplot(Df['Ease of navigation in website'], palette="Set1")
Out[67]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Ease of navigation in website', ylabel='count'>
                  120
                  100
                   20
                                                                          Strongly agree (5) Strongly disagree (1)
Ease of navigation in website
                                       Agree (4)
In [70]: Df['Loading and processing speed'].value_counts()
Out[70]: Strongly agree (5)
Agree (4)
Dis-agree (2)
Strongly disagree (1)
Indifferent (3)
                                                   18
12
12
              Name: Loading and processing speed, dtype: int64
In [71]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,4),facecolor='white')
sns.countplot(Of['Loading and processing speed'], palette="Set1")
Out[71]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Loading and processing speed', ylabel='count'>
                  300
                   80
                   60
                                                                                      Agree (4)
Loading and processing speed
                             Strongly disagree (1)
                                                              Strongly agree (5)
                                                                                                                               Dis-agree (2)
 In [72]: Df['User friendly Interface of the website'].value_counts()
Out[72]: Strongly agree (5) 189
Agree (4) 45
Strongly disagree (1) 18
Dis-agree (2) 12
Indifferent (3) 5
Name: User friendly Interface of the website, dtype: int64
```

```
In [73]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,4),facecolor='white')
sns.countplot(Df['User friendly Interface of the website'], palette="Set1")
  Out[73]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='User friendly Interface of the website', ylabel='count'>
                 175
                 150
                 125
               ₩ 100
                              Dis-agree (2)
                                                      Strongly agree (5)
                                                                                                                                         Indifferent (3)
                                                                         Agree (4)
User friendly Interface of the website
                                                                                                           Strongly disagree (1)
  In [74]: Df['Convenient Payment methods'].value_counts()
  Out[74]: Strongly agree (5)
Agree (4)
              Dis-agree (2) 30
Name: Convenient Payment methods, dtype: int64
  In [75]: sns.countplot(Df['Convenient Payment methods'], palette="Set1")
  Out[75]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Convenient Payment methods', ylabel='count'>
                 140
                 120
                  100
                  80
                   60
                   40
                   20
                                    Strongly agree (5)
Convenient Payment methods
                                                              Agree (4)
  In [76]: Df['Trust that the online retail store will fulfill its part of the transaction at the stipulated time'].value_counts()
  Out[76]: Strongly agree (5)
                                        141
              Agree (4)
             Disagree (2)
indifferent (3)
                                          30
              Name: Trust that the online retail store will fulfill its part of the transaction at the stipulated time, dtype: int64
In [77]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,4),facecolor='white')
sns.countplot(Df['Trust that the online retail store will fulfill its part of the transaction at the stipulated time'], palette=
             4
Out[77]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Trust that the online retail store will fulfill its part of the transaction at the stipulated time', ylabe
               340
               120
               100
                60
                               Disagree (2)
                                                  Strongly agree (5) Agree (4)
Thust that the online retail store will fulfill its part of the transaction at the stipulated time
                                                                                                                                  indifferent (3)
```

```
In [78]: Df['Empathy (readiness to assist with queries) towards the customers'].value_counts()
   Out[78]: Strongly agree (5)
Agree (4)
Strongly disagree (1)
                                              42
18
               Name: Empathy (readiness to assist with queries) towards the customers, dtype: int64
   In [79]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,4),facecolor='white')
sns.countplot(Df['Empathy (readiness to assist with queries) towards the customers'], palette="Set1")
    Out[79]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Empathy (readiness to assist with queries) towards the customers', ylabel='count'>
                  175
                  150
                   125
                )
100
                    75
                   50
                   25
                                Strongly agree (5)
                                                              Agree (4) Strongly disagree (1) 
Empathy (readiness to assist with gueries) towards the customers
                                                                                                                                     indifferent (3)
    In [80]: Df['Being able to guarantee the privacy of the customer'].value_counts()
   Out[80]: Strongly agree (5)
Agree (4)
indifferent (3)
               Name: Being able to guarantee the privacy of the customer, dtype: int64
    In [81]: sns.countplot(Df['Being able to guarantee the privacy of the customer'], palette="Set1")
    Out[81]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Being able to guarantee the privacy of the customer', ylabel='count'>
                   175
                   150
                   125
                ¥ 100
                    50
                            Agree (4) Strongly agree (5) indifferent (3)
Being able to guarantee the privacy of the customer
    In [82]: Df['Responsiveness, availability of several communication channels (email, online rep, twitter, phone etc.)'].value_counts()
   Out[82]: Strongly agree (5)
Agree (4)
indifferent (3)
                                             149
               Strongly disagree (1) 11
Name: Responsiveness, availability of several communication channels (email, online rep, twitter, phone etc.), dtype: int64
```

```
In [83]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,4),facecolor='white') sns.countplot(Df['Responsiveness, availability of several communication channels (email, online rep, twitter, phone etc.)'], pal
              4
Out[83]: cAxesSubplot:xlabel='Responsiveness, availability of several communication channels (email, online rep, twitter, phone etc.)',
    ylabel='count'>
                140
                120
                100
                80
                 60
                 40
                 20
                                               Strongly agree (5) Indifferent (3)
Responsiveness, availability of several communication channels (email, online rep, twitter, phone etc.)
                                  Agree (4)
In [84]: Df['Online shopping gives monetary benefit and discounts'].value_counts()
Out[84]: Strongly agree (5) 105
Agree (4) 85
indifferent (3) 50
Strongly disagree (1) 18
Dis-agree (2) 11
Name: Online shopping gives monetary benefit and discounts, dtype: int64
In [85]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,4),facecolor='white')
sns.countplot(Df['Online shopping gives monetary benefit and discounts'], palette="Set1")
300
                                                      Strongly agree (5) Agree (4) Strongly disagree (1)
Online shopping gives monetary benefit and discounts
```

```
In [86]: Df['Enjoyment is derived from shopping online'].value_counts()
Out[86]: Strongly agree (5)
indifferent (3)
Agree (4)
            Strongly disagree (1)
Dis-agree (2)
                                          30
19
            Name: Enjoyment is derived from shopping online, dtype: int64
In [87]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,4),facecolor='white')
sns.countplot(Df['Enjoyment is derived from shopping online'], palette="Set1")
Out[87]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Enjoyment is derived from shopping online', ylabel='count'>
               20
                                                    Strongly agree (5)
In [88]: Df['Shopping online is convenient and flexible'].value_counts()
Out[88]: Strongly agree (5)
Agree (4)
                                       146
            indifferent (3)
                                        33
            Dis-agree (2) 12
Name: Shopping online is convenient and flexible, dtype: int64
In [89]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,4),facecolor='white')
sns.countplot(Df['Shopping online is convenient and flexible'], palette="Seti")
Out[89]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Shopping online is convenient and flexible', ylabel='count'>
               120
               300
                60
                40
                                                              Strongly agree (5) indifferent (3)
Shopping online is convenient and flexible
                               Dis-agree (2)
                                                                                                                                     Agree (4)
In [90]: Df['Return and replacement policy of the e-tailer is important for purchase decision'].value_counts()
Out[90]: Strongly agree (5)
Agree (4)
                                      198
            Name: Return and replacement policy of the e-tailer is important for purchase decision, dtype: int64
In [91]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,4),facecolor='white')
sns.countplot(Of['Return and replacement policy of the e-tailer is important for purchase decision'], palette="Set1")
Out[91]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Return and replacement policy of the e-tailer is important for purchase decision', ylabel='count'>
               200
               175
               150
               125
             E 100
                50
                                    Dis-agree (2)
                                                      Strongly agree (5)
Return and replacement policy of the e-tailer is important for purchase decision
                                                                                                                               Agree (4)
```

```
In [92]: Df['Gaining access to loyalty programs is a benefit of shopping online'].value_counts()
 Out[92]: Strongly agree (5)
                                          115
             Agree (4)
indifferent (3)
            Dis-agree (2) 15
Strongly disagree (1) 11
Name: Gaining access to loyalty programs is a benefit of shopping online, dtype: int64
  In [93]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,4),facecolor='white')
sns.countplot(Df['Gaining access to loyalty programs is a benefit of shopping online'], palette="Set1")
 Out[93]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Gaining access to loyalty programs is a benefit of shopping online', ylabel='count'>
                100
                 80
              DUNE
                 60
                 20
                             Agree (4)
                                                   Strongly agree (5) Indifferent (3) Dis-agree (2) 
Gaining access to loyalty programs is a benefit of shopping online
                                                                                                                                Strongly disagree (1)
  In [94]: Df['Displaying quality Information on the website improves satisfaction of customers'].value_counts()
  Out[94]: Strongly agree (5)
             Agree (4)
indifferent (3)
             Name: Displaying quality Information on the website improves satisfaction of customers, dtype: int64
  In [95]: sns.countplot(Df['Displaying quality Information on the website improves satisfaction of customers'], palette="Set1")
  Out[95]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Displaying quality Information on the website improves satisfaction of customers', ylabel='count'>
                100
                 60
              indifferent (3) Strongly agree (5) Agree (4)
Displaying quality Information on the website improves satisfaction of customers
  In [96]: Df['User derive satisfaction while shopping on a good quality website or application'].value_counts()
 Out[96]: Strongly agree (5)
             Agree (4)
Dis-agree (2)
             Name: User derive satisfaction while shopping on a good quality website or application, dtype: int64
In [97]: sns.countplot(Df['User derive satisfaction while shopping on a good quality website or application'], palette="Set1")
Out[97]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='User derive satisfaction while shopping on a good quality website or application', ylabel='count'>
              150
              125
              100
                                                        Dis-agree (2)
                               e (5) Agree [4]
in while shopping on a good qu
```

```
In [98]: Df['Net Benefit derived from shopping online can lead to users satisfaction'].value_counts()
 Out[98]: Strongly agree (5)
             Agree (4)
indifferent (3)
             Dis-agree (2) 11
Name: Net Benefit derived from shopping online can lead to users satisfaction, dtype: int64
 In [99]: sns.countplot(Df['Net Benefit derived from shopping online can lead to users satisfaction'], palette="Set1")
 Out[99]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Net Benefit derived from shopping online can lead to users satisfaction', ylabel='count'>
                 160
                 140
                120
                 BO
                 60
                  40
                                 Strongly agree (5) indifferent (3) Dis-agree (2) 
yed from shopping online can lead to users satisfac
In [100]: Df['User satisfaction cannot exist without trust'].value_counts()
Out[100]: Strongly agree (5)
             Agree (4)
Strongly disagree (1)
                                            117
                                             18
             Dis-agree (2)
indifferent (3)
             Name: User satisfaction cannot exist without trust, dtype: int64
In [101]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,4),facecolor='white') sns.countplot(Df['User satisfaction cannot exist without trust'], palette="Set1")
Out[101]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='User satisfaction cannot exist without trust', ylabel='count'>
                120
                 300
               count
                                                         Agree (4)
In [102]: Df['Offering a wide variety of listed product in several category'].value_counts()
Out[102]: Strongly agree (5) 111
Agree (4) 94
indifferent (3) 57
Dis-agree (2) 7
Name: Offering a wide variety of listed product in several category, dtype: int64
In [103]: sns.countplot(Df['Offering a wide variety of listed product in several category'], palette="Set1")
Out[103]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Offering a wide variety of listed product in several category', ylabel='count'>
                100
              ount
                       different [3] Strongly agree (5) Agree (4) Dis-agree (2)
Offering a wide variety of listed product in several category
```

```
In [104]: Df['Provision of complete and relevant product information'].value_counts()
Out[184]: Strongly agree (5)
Agree (4)
indifferent (3)
                                         135
                                          98
31
5
             Disagree (2) 5
Name: Provision of complete and relevant product information, dtype: int64
In [105]: sns.countplot(Df['Provision of complete and relevant product information'], palette="Set1")
Out[105]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Provision of complete and relevant product information', ylabel='count'>
                 120
                 100
                   60
                   40
                           ferent (3) Strongly agree (5) Agree (4) Disagree (2)
Provision of complete and relevant product information
 In [106]: Df['Monetary savings'].value_counts()
Out[106]: Strongly agree (5)
Agree (4)
             Agree (+)
Disagree (2) 31
indifferent (3) 15
Name: Monetary savings, dtype: int64
In [107]: sns.countplot(Df['Monetary savings'], palette="Set1")
Out[107]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Monetary savings', ylabel='count'>
                 120
                   60
                       Disagree (2) Strongly agree (5) Agree (4)
Monetary savings
                                                               indifferent (3)
In [108]: Df['The Convenience of patronizing the online retailer'].value_counts()
Out[108]: Agree (4) 138 indifferent (3) 77 Strongly agree (5) 54 Name: The Convenience of patronizing the online retailer, dtype: int64
In [109]: sns.countplot(Df['The Convenience of patronizing the online retailer'], palette="Set1")
Out[109]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='The Convenience of patronizing the online retailer', ylabel='count'>
                120
                300
                        indifferent (3) Agree (4)
The Convenience of patronizing
```

```
In [110]: Df['Shopping on the website gives you the sense of adventure'].value_counts()
Out[110]: Agree (4)
                                             101
              indifferent (3)
Strongly agree (5)
             Dis-agree (2) 50
Strongly disagree (1) 5
Name: Shopping on the website gives you the sense of adventure, dtype: int64
 In [111]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,4),facecolor='white')
sns.countplot(Df['Shopping on the website gives you the sense of adventure'], palette="Set1")
Out[111]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Shopping on the website gives you the sense of adventure', ylabel='count'>
                  100
                   20
                                                         indifferent (3) Strongly agree (5) Ois-agree (2)
Shopping on the website gives you the sense of adventure
In [112]: Df['Shopping on your preferred e-tailer enhances your social status'].value_counts()
Out[112]: indifferent (3)
                                             100
               Agree (4)
             Strongly agree (5)
Strongly disagree (1)
                                              48
                                              33
             Dis-agree (2) 29
Name: Shopping on your preferred e-tailer enhances your social status, dtype: int64
 In [113]:
plt.figure(figsize=(15,4),facecolor='white')
sns.countplot(Df['Shopping on your preferred e-tailer enhances your social status'], palette="Set1")
Out[113]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Shopping on your preferred e-tailer enhances your social status', ylabel='count'>
                                                                                                                                           Dis-agree (2)
                                                         indifferent (3)
                                                                int (3) Strongly agree (5) Strongly disagree (1) 
Shopping on your preferred e-tailer enhances your social status
 In [114]: Df['You feel gratification shopping on your favorite e-tailer'].value_counts()
Out[114]: indifferent (3)
                                             101
              Strongly agree (5)
                                              65
              Agree (4)
Disagree (2)
                                              63
22
             Strongly disagree (1) 18
Name: You feel gratification shopping on your favorite e-tailer, dtype: int64
In [115]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,4),facecolor='white')
             sns.countplot(Df['You feel gratification shopping on your favorite e-tailer'], palette="Seti")
Out[115]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='You feel gratification shopping on your favorite e-tailer', ylabel='count'>
                 300
                  80
                  60
                  40
                                                        indifferent (3) Agree (4) Strongly disagree (1) You feel gratification shopping on your favorite e-bailer
                                                                                                                                           Disagree (2)
```

```
In [116]: Df['Shopping on the website helps you fulfill certain roles'].value_counts()
Out[116]: Agree (4) 88
indifferent (3) 88
Strongly agree (5) 38
Strongly disagree (1) 33
Dis-agree (2) 22
Name: Shopping on the website helps you fulfill certain roles, dtype: int64
In [117]: sns.countplot(Df['Shopping on the website helps you fulfill certain roles'], palette="Set1")
Out[117]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Shopping on the website helps you fulfill certain roles', ylabel='count'>
                  60
                       Agree (4)Strongly agree ($$itifferen5($$ingly disagreeQ$) agree (2)
Shopping on the website helps you fulfill certain roles
In [118]: Df['Getting value for money spent'].value_counts()
Out[118]: Agree (4) 149
Strongly agree (5) 82
indifferent (3) 38
Name: Getting value for money spent, dtype: int64
In [119]: sns.countplot(Df['Getting value for money spent'], palette="Set1")
Out[119]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Getting value for money spent', ylabel='count'>
                  140
                  120
                  100
                80 grid
                   60
                   40
                   20
                        Strongly agree (5) Agree [4] indifferent (3)
Getting value for money spent
```

From the graphs above the following observations are made:

- Majority of the consumers strongly agree that:
 - The content on the website must be easy to read and understand
 - Information on similar product to the one highlighted is important for product comparison
 - Complete information on listed seller and product being offered is important for purchase decision
 - All relevant information on listed products must be stated clearly
 - Navigation in website should be easy
 - Loading and processing should be quick
 - Interface of the website must be user friendly
 - Convenient Payment methods should be available
 - There is trust in the online retail store fulfilling its part of the transaction at the stipulated time
 - There should be Empathy (readiness to assist with queries) towards the customers
 - Online retail store should be able to guarantee the privacy of the customer
 - There should be Responsiveness, availability of several communication channels (email, online rep, twitter, phone etc.)
 - Online shopping gives monetary benefit and discounts
 - Enjoyment is derived from shopping online
 - Shopping online is convenient and flexible
 - Return and replacement policy of the e-tailer is important for purchase decision
 - Gaining access to loyalty programs is a benefit of shopping online
 - Displaying quality Information on the website improves satisfaction of customers
 - User derive satisfaction while shopping on a good quality website or application
 - Net Benefit is derived from shopping online can lead to users satisfaction
 - User satisfaction cannot exist without trust
 - E commerce websites must Offer a wide variety of listed product in several category
 - There should be Provision of complete and relevant product information
 - Monetary savings must be considerable

- The Convenience of patronizing the online retailer
- Shopping on the website gives you the sense of adventure
- Shopping on your preferred e-tailer enhances your social status
- You feel gratification shopping on your favorite e-tailer
- Shopping on the website helps you fulfill certain roles
- Getting value for money spent is important

Consumer Ecommerce Website preferences and opinions

Analyzing the Preferences and opinions of the participants regarding the e-commerce websites.



```
In [127]: Df['Visual appealing web-page layout'].value_counts()
 Out[127]: Amazon.in, Flipkart.com
              Amazon.in
Amazon.in, Flipkart.com, Paytm.com, Myntra.com, Snapdeal.com
              Amazon.in, Paytm.com, Myntra.com
Amazon.in, Myntra.com
                                                                                                15
              Flipkart.com, Myntra.com
               Myntra.com
Amazon.in, Flipkart.com, Myntra.com, Snapdeal.com
                                                                                                15
14
              Flipkart.com
Amazon.in, Flipkart.com, Paytm.com, Snapdeal.com
                                                                                                12
                                                                                                11
              Name: Visual appealing web-page layout, dtype: int64
 In [128]: plt.figure(figsize=(50,10),facecolor='white')
sns.countplot(Df['Visual appealing web-page layout'], palette="Set1")
 Out[128]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Visual appealing web-page layout', ylabel='count'>
 In [129]: Df['Wild variety of product on offer'].value_counts()
 Out[129]: Amazon.in, Flipkart.com
                                                                                   20
               Amazon.in, Myntra.com
              Amazon.in, Pyntra.com
Pilpkart.com, Myntra.com
Myntra.com
Amazon.in, Flipkart.com, Myntra.com, Snapdeal.com
Amazon.in, Flipkart.com, Paytm.com
                                                                                   15
15
                                                                                   14
              Flipkart.com
                                                                                   12
              Paytm.com
Name: Wild variety of product on offer, dtype: int64
 In [130]: plt.figure(figsize=(50,10),facecolor='white')
sns.countplot(Df['Wild variety of product on offer'], palette="Set1")
 Out[130]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Wild variety of product on offer', ylabel='count'>
In [131]: Df['Complete, relevant description information of products'].value_counts()
Out[131]: Amazon.in, Flipkart.com
                                                                                               100
             Amazon.in
Amazon.in, Flipkart.com, Paytm.com
                                                                                                43
24
             Amazon.in, Palym.com, Myntra.com
Amazon.in, Pilipkart.com, Myntra.com
Amazon.in, Flipkart.com, Paytm.com, Myntra.com, Snapdeal.com
Amazon.in, Flipkart.com, Myntra.com, Snapdeal.com
                                                                                                15
                                                                                                14
12
             Snapdeal.com
             Flipkart.com, Snapdeal.com
                                                                                                11
             Flipkart.com
             Amazon.in, Flipkart.com, Snapdeal.com 7
Name: Complete, relevant description information of products, dtype: int64
In [132]: plt.figure(figsize=(50,10),facecolor='white')
             sns.countplot(Df['Complete, relevant description information of products'], palette="Set1")
Out[132]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Complete, relevant description information of products', ylabel='count'>
```

```
In [133]: Df['Fast loading website speed of website and application'].value_counts()
         Out[133]: Amazon.in
                      Amazon.in,
Amazon.in, Paytm.com
Amazon.in, Flipkart.com, Myntra.com
Amazon.in, Flipkart.com, Paytm.com, Myntra.com, Snapdeal.com
Amazon.in, Flipkart.com
Amazon.in, Flipkart.com, Paytm.com
Amazon.in, Flipkart.com, Snapdeal.com
Amazon.in, Flipkart.com, Myntra.com, Snapdeal.com
Snapdeal.com
Snapdeal.com
                                                                                                          30
                                                                                                           30
25
                                                                                                          25
14
                       Snapdeal.com
                                                                                                          12
                       Flipkart.com
                       Name: Fast loading website speed of website and application, dtype: int64
         In [134]: plt.figure(figsize=(50,10),facecolor='white')
sns.countplot(Df['Fast loading website speed of website and application'], palette="Set1")
         Out[134]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Fast loading website speed of website and application', ylabel='count'>
         In [135]: Df['Quickness to complete purchase'].value_counts()
         Out[135]: Amazon.com
                                                                                                      66
                       Amazon.com, Flipkart.com, Paytm.com
Amazon.com, Flipkart.com
                                                                                                       47
37
                       Amazon.com, Flipkart.com, Myntra.com
                                                                                                       30
                                                                                                       25
                       Paytm.com
                       Amazon.com, Paytm.com, Myntra.com
                                                                                                       20
                       Amazon.com, Flipkart.com, Paytm.com, Myntra.com, Snapdeal
                       Flipkart.com
                                                                                                       15
                       Flipkart.com, Myntra.com, Snapdeal
Name: Quickness to complete purchase, dtype: int64
                                                                                                       14
         In [136]: plt.figure(figsize=(50,10),facecolor='white')
                      sns.countplot(Df['Quickness to complete purchase'], palette="Set1")
         Out[136]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Quickness to complete purchase', ylabel='count'>
In [137]: Df['Availability of several payment options'].value_counts()
Out[137]: Amazon.in, Flipkart.com
             Amazon.in, Flipkart.com, Myntra.com
Amazon.in, Flipkart.com, Patym.com, Myntra.com, Snapdeal.com
                                                                                                 40
                                                                                                 39
             Amazon.in
                                                                                                 23
             Patym.com, Myntra.com
                                                                                                 20
             Amazon.in, Flipkart.com, Myntra.com, Snapdeal.com
Amazon.in, Flipkart.com, Snapdeal.com
                                                                                                 19
             Flipkart.com, Myntra.com, Snapdeal.com
                                                                                                 14
             Patym.com
Amazon.in, Patym.com
                                                                                                 12
                                                                                                 11
             Flipkart.com
Name: Availability of several payment options, dtype: int64
In [138]: plt.figure(figsize=(50,10),facecolor='white')
sns.countplot(Df['Availability of several payment options'], palette="Set1")
Out[138]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Availability of several payment options', ylabel='count'>
```

```
In [139]: Df['Speedy order delivery '].value_counts()
Out[139]: Amazon.in
              Amazon.in, Flipkart.com
Amazon.in, Flipkart.com, Snapdeal.com
Amazon.in, Flipkart.com, Myntra.com
                                                                           82
                                                                           36
                                                                           15
              Flipkart.com
Flipkart.com, Myntra.com, Snapdeal.com
                                                                           15
              Name: Speedy order delivery , dtype: int64
In [140]: plt.figure(figsize=(50,10),facecolor='white')
sns.countplot(Df['Speedy order delivery '], palette="Set1")
Out[140]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Speedy order delivery ', ylabel='count'>
In [141]: Df['Privacy of customers' information'].value_counts()
Out[141]: Amazon.in
                                                                                                         71
               Amazon.in, Flipkart.com
                                                                                                         54
25
24
              Amazon.in, Flipkart.com, Myntra.com
Amazon.in, Flipkart.com, Paytm.com, Myntra.com, Snapdeal.com
               Paytm.com
                                                                                                         18
15
               Myntra.com
               Amazon.in, Paytm.com
              Flipkart.com
Amazon.in, Flipkart.com, Myntra.com, Snapdeal.com
Amazon.in, Flipkart.com, Paytm.com
Amazon.in, Flipkart.com, Snapdeal.com
Name: Privacy of customers' information, dtype: int64
                                                                                                         15
                                                                                                         14
                                                                                                         11
In [142]: plt.figure(figsize=(50,10),facecolor='white')
sns.countplot(Df['Privacy of customers' information'], palette="Set1")
Out[142]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Privacy of customers' information', ylabel='count'>
 In [143]: Df['Security of customer financial information'].value_counts()
Out[143]: Amazon.in
Amazon.in, Flipkart.com, Paytm.com, Myntra.com, Snapdeal.com
               Flipkart.com
Amazon.in, Flipkart.com, Snapdeal.com
Amazon.in, Flipkart.com
                                                                                                          33
                                                                                                          25
24
                Amazon.in, Paytm.com, Myntra.com
                                                                                                          20
                Amazon.in, Snapdeal.com
                                                                                                          19
                Paytm.com
                                                                                                          15
               Paytm.com
Myntra.com
Amazon.in, Flipkart.com, Myntra.com, Snapdeal.com
Amazon.in, Flipkart.com, Paytm.com
Name: Security of customer financial information, dtype: int64
                                                                                                          15
                                                                                                          14
                                                                                                          11
 In [144]:
plt.figure(figsize=(50,10),facecolor='white')
sns.countplot(Df['Security of customer financial information'], palette="Seti")
 Out[144]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Security of customer financial information', ylabel='count'>
```

```
In [145]: Df['Perceived Trustworthiness'].value_counts()
   Out[145]: Amazon.in
Amazon.in, Flipkart.com, Snapdeal.com
                                                                                                    76
                                                                                                    36
35
31
27
                Amazon.in, Myntra.com
Amazon.in, Flipkart.com
                 Flipkart.com
                Amazon.in, Flipkart.com, Myntra.com, Snapdeal.com
Myntra.com
                                                                                                    25
15
                Amazon.in, Flipkart.com, Paytm.com, Myntra.com, Snapdeal.com
Amazon.in, Flipkart.com, Paytm.com
Name: Perceived Trustworthiness, dtype: int64
                                                                                                    13
11
   In [146]: plt.figure(figsize=(50,10),facecolor='white')
sns.countplot(Df['Perceived Trustworthiness'], palette="Set1")
   Out[146]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Perceived Trustworthiness', ylabel='count'>
   In [147]: Df['Presence of online assistance through multi-channel'].value_counts()
   Out[147]: Amazon.in, Flipkart.com, Myntra.com, Snapdeal
Amazon.in
                 Amazon.in, Flipkart.com
                                                                                39
                 Amazon.in, Snapdeal
Myntra.com
                Amazon.in, Myntra.com
Amazon.in, Flipkart.com, Myntra.com
Amazon.in, Flipkart.com, Paytm.com
                                                                                15
15
                                                                                13
                 Paytm.com
Flipkart.com
                                                                                12
                 Name: Presence of online assistance through multi-channel, dtype: int64
   In [148]:
plt.figure(figsize=(50,10),facecolor='white')
sns.countplot(Df['Presence of online assistance through multi-channel'], palette="Seti")
   Out[148]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Presence of online assistance through multi-channel', ylabel='count'>
   In [149]: Df['Longer time to get logged in (promotion, sales period)'].value_counts()
   Out[149]: Amazon.in
                 Amazon.in, Flipkart.com
                                                                      38
                 Myntra.com
Amazon.in, Flipkart.com, Snapdeal.com
                                                                      35
29
                Snapdeal.com
Flipkart.com, Paytm.com
Flipkart.com, Paytm.com, Snapdeal.com
Amazon.in, Paytm.com
                                                                      25
15
                                                                     13
                 Flipkart.com
                 Name: Longer time to get logged in (promotion, sales period), dtype: int64
   In [150]:
plt.figure(figs1ze=(50,10),facecolor='white')
sns.countplot(Df['Longer time to get logged in (promotion, sales period)'], palette="Set1")
   Out[150]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Longer time to get logged in (promotion, sales period)', ylabel='count'>
```

```
In [151]: Df['Longer time in displaying graphics and photos (promotion, sales period)'].value_counts()
Out[151]: Amazon.in, Flipkart.com
Amazon.in
             Myntra.com
                                                            35
             Snapdeal.com
Myntra.com, Snapdeal.com
                                                            34
25
             Flipkart.com, Snapdeal.com
Paytm.com
                                                            19
15
             Flipkart.com
                                                            15
             Amazon.in, Myntra.com, Snapdeal.com
Amazon.in, Paytm.com
                                                            13
             Name: Longer time in displaying graphics and photos (promotion, sales period), dtype: int64
 In [152]: plt.figure(figsize=(50,10),facecolor='white')
             sns.countplot(Df['Longer time in displaying graphics and photos (promotion, sales period)'], palette="Set1")
Out[152]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Longer time in displaying graphics and photos (promotion, sales period)', ylabel='count'>
In [153]: Df['Late declaration of price (promotion, sales period)'].value_counts()
Out[153]: Myntra.com
Paytm.com
                                              75
52
             snapdeal.com
Amazon.in
                                              41
38
             Flipkart.com
                                              38
             Amazon.in, Paytm.com 13
Paytm.com, snapdeal.com 7
Amazon.in, Flipkart.com 5
Name: Late declaration of price (promotion, sales period), dtype: int64
In [154]: plt.figure(figsize=(50,10),facecolor='white')
sns.countplot(Df['Late declaration of price (promotion, sales period)'], palette="Set1")
 Out[154]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Late declaration of price (promotion, sales period)', ylabel='count'>
In [155]: Df['Longer page loading time (promotion, sales period)'].value_counts()
Out[155]: Myntra.com
                                                        61
                                                        59
32
23
             Paytm.com
            Flipkart.com
            Snapdeal.com
Amazon.in, Flipkart.com
                                                        18
            Amazon.in
                                                        16
            Paytm.com, Snapdeal.com
            Amazon.in, Snapdeal.com
Amazon.in, Paytm.com
                                                        14
                                                        13
            Flipkart.com, Snapdeal.com
                                                        11
            Amazon.in, Paytm.com, Myntra.com 7
Name: Longer page loading time (promotion, sales period), dtype: int64
In [156]:
plt.figure(figsize=(50,10),facecolor='white')
sns.countplot(Df['Longer page loading time (promotion, sales period)'], palette="Set1")
Out[156]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Longer page loading time (promotion, sales period)', ylabel='count'>
```

```
In [157]: Df['Limited mode of payment on most products (promotion, sales period)'].value_counts()
Out[157]: Snapdeal.com
             Amazon.in
                                               62
            Flipkart.com
Amazon.in, Flipkart.com
                                               31
                                               29
25
             Pavtm.com
             Paytm.com, Snapdeal.com
                                               15
             Amazon.in, Paytm.com 13
Myntra.com, Snapdeal.com 7
Name: Limited mode of payment on most products (promotion, sales period), dtype: int64
In [158]:
plt.figure(figsize=(30,10),facecolor='white')
sns.countplot(Df['Limited mode of payment on most products (promotion, sales period)'], palette="Set1")
Out[158]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Limited mode of payment on most products (promotion, sales period)', ylabel='count'>
In [159]: Df['Longer delivery period'].value_counts()
Out[159]: Paytm.com
             Snapdeal.com
Flipkart.com
Amazon.in
                                              64
                                              44
                                              37
             Paytm.com, Snapdeal.com
Myntra.com
                                             26
             Name: Longer delivery period, dtype: int64
In [160]: plt.figure(figsize=(50,10),facecolor='white')
sns.countplot(Df['Longer delivery period'], palette="Set1")
Out[160]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Longer delivery period', ylabel='count'>
In [161]: Df['Change in website/Application design'].value_counts()
Out[161]: Amazon.in
             Paytm.com
Amazon.in, Flipkart.com
                                               63
                                               45
             Myntra.com
                                               30
             Flipkart.com
                                               20
             Snapdeal.com
             Flipkart.com, Myntra.com 7
Name: Change in website/Application design, dtype: int64
In [162]: plt.figure(figsize=(50,10),facecolor='white')
sns.countplot(Df['Change in website/Application design'], palette="Set1")
Out[162]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Change in website/Application design', ylabel='count'>
```

```
In [163]: Df['Presence of online assistance through multi-channel'].value_counts()
Out[163]: Amazon.in, Flipkart.com, Myntra.com, Snapdeal
               Amazon.in
              Amazon.in, Flipkart.com
Amazon.in, Snapdeal
Myntra.com
                                                                             20
15
15
              Amazon.in, Myntra.com
Amazon.in, Flipkart.com, Myntra.com
Amazon.in, Flipkart.com, Paytm.com
                                                                             13
              Paytm.com
Flipkart.com
                                                                             12
              Name: Presence of online assistance through multi-channel, dtype: int64
 In [164]: plt.figure(figsize=(50,10),facecolor='white')
sns.countplot(Df['Presence of online assistance through multi-channel'], palette="Seti")
Out[164]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Presence of online assistance through multi-channel', ylabel='count'>
 In [165]: Df['Frequent disruption when moving from one page to another'].value_counts()
Out[165]: Amazon.in
               Snapdeal.com
                                                     49
                                                     39
26
              Paytm.com
              Flipkart.com
              Amazon.in, Flipkart.com 25
Myntra.com, Snapdeal.com 14
Flipkart.com, Snapdeal.com 11
Name: Frequent disruption when moving from one page to another, dtype: int64
In [166]:
plt.figure(figsize=(30,10),facecolor='white')
sns.countplot(Df['Frequent disruption when moving from one page to another'], palette="Set1")
Out[166]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Frequent disruption when moving from one page to another', ylabel='count'>
In [167]: Df['Website is as efficient as before'].value_counts()
Out[167]: Amazon.in
Flipkart.com
             Amazon.in, Flipkart.com
Amazon.in, Flipkart.com, Paytm.com
Amazon.in, Paytm.com
                                                               45
                                                               25
18
             Paytm.com
Myntra.com, Snapdeal.com
                                                               15
              Snandeal.com
                                                               11
              Name: Website is as efficient as before, dtype: int64
```

```
In [168]: plt.figure(figsize(30,18),facecolors'white')
sm.countplt(DF|'wbbite is as efficient as before'), palette="Set1")

Out[168]: cAsesSubplot:xlabel='Website is as efficient as before', ylabel='count'>

In [169]: DF|'Which of the Indian online retailer would you recommend to a friend?'].value_counts()

Out[169]: Amazon.in

Amazon.in, Flipkert.com
Amazon.in, Flipkert.com, Myntra.com
Amazon.in, Flybra.com, Myntra.com
Amazon.in, Flybra.com, Myntra.com
Amazon.in, Flybra.com, Myntra.com, snapdeal.com
In Name: Which of the Indian online retailer would you recommend to a friend?', dtype: int64

In [178]: plt.figure(figsize(20,18),facecolors'white')

plt.figure(figsize(20,18),facecolors'white')
sm.countplot(Df|'Which of the Indian online retailer would you recommend to a friend?', ylabel='count'>

casesSubplot:xlabel='Which of the Indian online retailer would you recommend to a friend?', ylabel='count'>

manual manual myntra.com
Amazon.in, Paytra.com, Shaptra.com, snapdeal.com
In [178]: casesSubplot:xlabel='Which of the Indian online retailer would you recommend to a friend?', ylabel='count'>

manual myntra.com
Amazon.in, Paytra.com
Amazon.in, Paytra.com, Shaptra.com, snapdeal.com
In [178]: casesSubplot:xlabel='Which of the Indian online retailer would you recommend to a friend?', ylabel='count'>

manual myntra.com
Amazon.in, Paytra.com
Amazon.in, Paytra.com
Amazon.in, Paytra.com
Amazon.in, Phyntra.com
Am
```

From the graphs above the following observations are made:

- Amazon.in, Flipkart.com, Paytm.com, Myntra.com, Snapdeal.com are the most popular e-commerce websites.
- Amazon.in, Flipkart.com, Paytm.com, Myntra.com, Snapdeal.com are the easiest to use websites and applications
- Amazon.in and Flipkart.com have the most visually appealing web-page layout.
- Amazon.in and Flipkart.com have the widest variety of products on offer
- Amazon.in and Flipkart.com have the most complete, relevant description information of products.
- Amazon.in, and Paytm.com have the fastest loading speed while Flipkart is regarded by very few as being quick to load
- Amazon.com, Flipkart.com, Paytm.com are considered quick to complete purchases.
- Amazon.in, Flipkart.com are regarded by most to have several payment options available
- Amazon.in is regarded to offer speedy order delivery by most.
- Amazon.in offers the most Privacy for customers' information.
- Amazon.in, followed by Flipkart.com, Paytm.com, Myntra.com, Snapdeal.com provide the best security for customer financial information.
- Amazon.in is perceived to be the most trustworthy website by the majority of participants.
- Amazon.in, Flipkart.com, Myntra.com, Snapdeal have the highest presence of online assistance through multi-channel.
- Most people face longer time to get logged in during promotion, sales period on Amazon.in and Flipkart followed by Paytm and Myntra.
- Amazon.in, Flipkart.com take the longest time displaying graphics and photos during promotion, sales period.
- Most people face Late declaration of price on Myntra and Paytm during promotion, sales period.
- Myntra and Paytm take the longest page loading time during promotion, sales period.
- Snapdeal.com and Amazon.in have the most limited modes of payment on most products during promotion, sales period.
- Paytm.com and Snapdeal.com have Longer delivery periods compared to others.
- Amazon.in and Paytm.com have had recent changes in website/Application design, as

- observed by the consumers.
- Most consumers face frequent disruption when moving from one page to another on Amazon.in, Myntra.com and Snapdeal.com.
- Most consumers are of the opinion that Amazon.in website is as efficient as before followed by Flipkart.com.
- Most Consumers would recommend Amazon.in to a friend, followed by Flipkart.

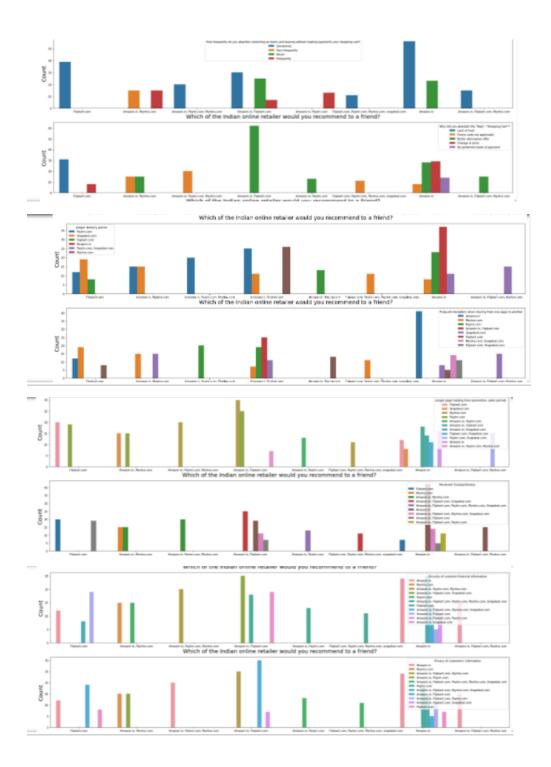
Analysing Relationship between Customer retention and Perceived Risks

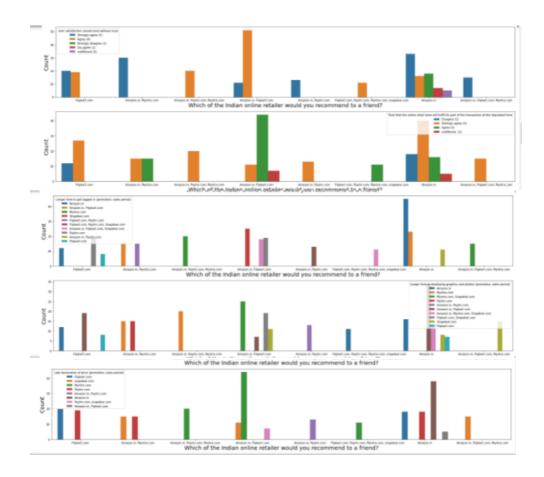
The Columns titled: 'How frequently do you abandon (selecting an items and leaving without making payment) your shopping cart?', 'Why did you abandon the "Bag", "Shopping Cart"?", 'Longer delivery period', 'Frequent disruption when moving from one page to another', 'Longer page loading time (promotion, sales period)', 'Perceived Trustworthiness', 'Security of customer financial information', 'Privacy of customers' information', 'User satisfaction cannot exist without trust', 'Trust that the online retail store will fulfill its part of the transaction at the stipulated time', 'Longer time to get logged in (promotion, sales period)', 'Longer time in displaying graphics and photos (promotion, sales period)', 'Late declaration of price (promotion, sales period)' represent the "Perceived Risk" of a customer while shopping online.

While the column titled: 'Which of the Indian online retailer would you recommend to a friend?' represents a customer's loyalty to a website and therefore, its customer retention.

The relationships between the columns representing the perceived risks and the column representing Customer retention were visualized using the code below and observations were made.

```
In [171]:
plt.figure(figsize=(24,55),facecolor='white')
plotnum=1
y = Df[['Mow frequently do you abandon (selecting an items and leaving without making payment) your shopping cart?','Why did you
X = Df['Which of the Indian online retailer would you recommend to a friend?']
for col in y:
    if plotnum<=13:
        plt.subplot(13,1,plotnum)
        sns.countplot(X,hue =y[col])
        plt.xlabel('Which of the Indian online retailer would you recommend to a friend?',fontsize=20)
        plt.ylabel('Count',fontsize=20)
        plotnum+=1
plt.tight_layout()</pre>
```





From the graphs above the following observations are made:

- Customers sometimes abandon their shopping carts on Amazon and Flipkart implying
 there is a low level of perceived risk for those websites. While some people frequently
 abandon their shopping carts on Amazon.in and Myntra.com and Paytm.com, which may
 indicate a higher level of perceived risk on those websites.
- Customers usually abandon their shopping carts on Amazon and Flipkart when they find
 a better alternative offer which implies that there is a greater importance for utilitarian
 value, While on Flipkart alone they mostly abandon due to lack of trust and on amazon
 alone, they abandon either due to Promo code not being applicable or Change in price.
- Customers face longest delivery Periods when they purchase on Amazon.in, followed by flipkart.com and paytm, however Amazon.in is still the most preferred shopping website.

- It is observed that those who prefer Flipkart.com,Paytm.com,Myntra.com and Snapdeal.com to Amazon.in do so because they face frequent disruption when moving from page to page on Amazon.in
- Those who prefer Amazon.in and Flipkart.com face longer page loading time during promotion and sales period on snapdeal.com and myntra.com
- Amazon.in has the highest trustworthiness as perceived by most consumers.
- Amazon.in,Flipkart.com,Paytm.com have the highest security for customer financial information.
- Amazon.in, Flipkart.com, Paytm.com maintain the greatest privacy for customer information.
- Customers who believe that user satisfaction can't exist without trust recommend
 Amazon.in and Flipkart.com
- Those customers who recommend Amazon.in and Flipkart.com the most trust that online retail stores will fulfill their part of the transaction at the stipulated time.
- Customers face the longest time to get logged in on Amazon.in and Flipkart.com the most and yet, recommend those 2 websites the most.
- Customers prefer Amazon.in and Flipkart.com To Myntra.com and Snapdeal.com because Myntra and Snapdeal take longer to display graphics and photos during promotion and sales period.
- Customers prefer Amazon.in and Flipkart.com To Myntra.com and Snapdeal.com because Myntra and Snapdeal take too long to declare prices during promotion and sales period.

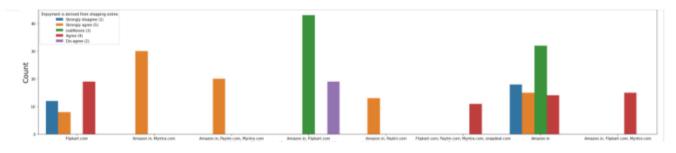
Analysing Relationship between Customer retention and Hedonic Value

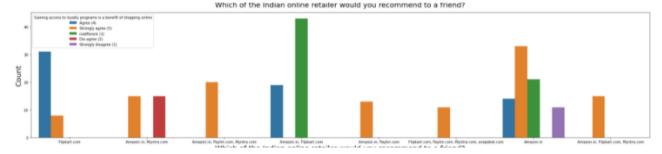
Hedonic Values serve the purpose of giving emotional / multisensory gratification and a sense of fulfillment of a role to Consumers.

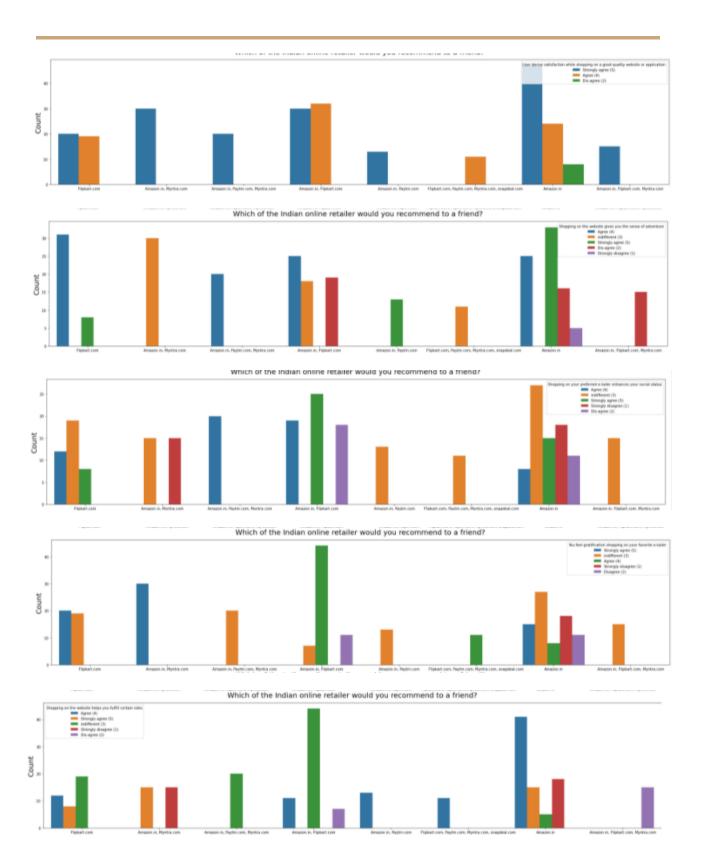
Columns titled: 'Enjoyment is derived from shopping online', 'Gaining access to loyalty programs is a benefit of shopping online', 'User derive satisfaction while shopping on a good quality website or application', 'Shopping on the website gives you the sense of adventure', 'Shopping on your preferred e-tailer enhances your social status', 'You feel gratification shopping on your favorite e-tailer', 'Shopping on the website helps you fulfill certain roles', 'Visual appealing web-page layout' and 'Change in website/Application design' Represent hedonic values.

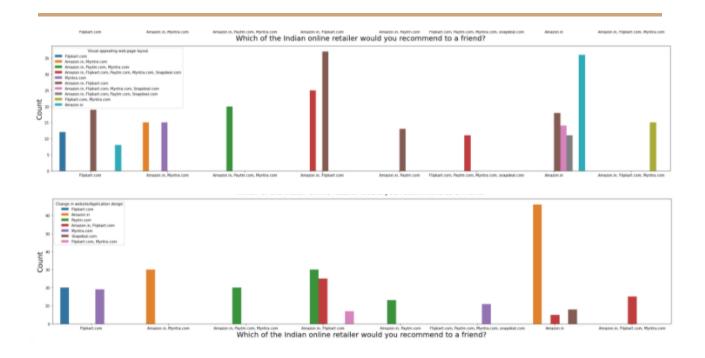
The relationships between the columns representing the Hedonic Values and the column representing Customer retention were visualized using the code below and observations were made.











From the graphs above the following observations are made:

- Customers who recommend Myntra.com,paytm.com and Amazon.in Strongly agree that enjoyment is derived from shopping online, while those who recommend Flipkart and Amazon.in are indifferent about it.
- Gaining Access to loyalty programs is a benefit of shopping online for those who recommend Amazon.in and Flipkart.com
- Those who Recommend Amazon.in,flipkart.com and Myntra.com strongly derive satisfaction while shopping on a good quality website / application.
- Those who Recommend Amazon.in,flipkart.com,paytm.com and Myntra.com strongly agree that they get a sense of adventure from shopping online.
- Although most consumers are indifferent to whether or not shopping on e-commerce
 websites enhances their social status, Those who recommend
 Amazon.in,Flipkart.com,paytm.com and myntra.com agree that shopping on those
 websites enhances their social status.
- Most consumers agree that shopping on Amazon.in and Flipkart.com get a sense of gratification from shopping on their favourite e-tailer.
- Most consumers agree that shopping on Amazon.in,Flipkart.com,Myntra.com,snapdeal.com and Paytm.com agree that shopping on the websites fulfills certain roles.
- Most consumers consider Amazon.in and Flipkart.com to have the most visually

- appealing web-page layout.
- Most consumers who recommend Amazon.in appreciate change in website/application design.

Analysing Relationship between Customer retention and Utilitarian Value

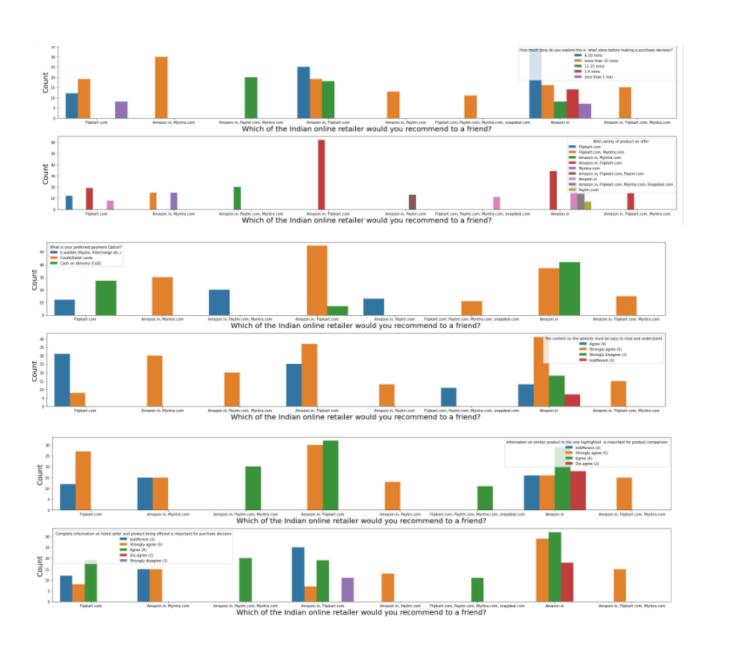
Utilitarian values are based on rational decisions, are goal related and give importance to functional values of products / transactions on websites that are aimed at enhancing customer satisfaction through meaningful online transactions.

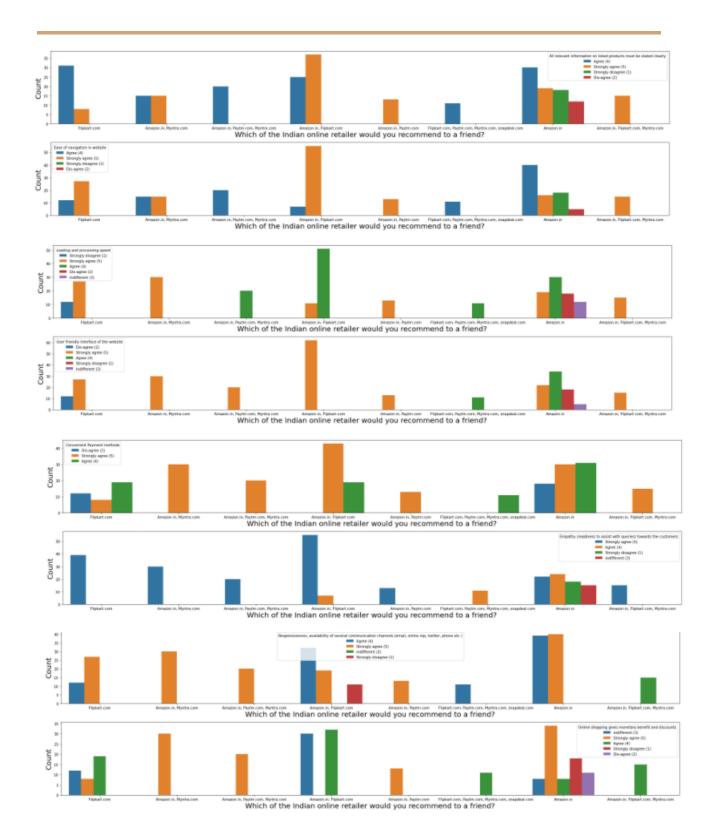
Columns titled: 'How much time do you explore the e- retail store before making a purchase decision?','Wild variety of product on offer', What is your preferred payment Option?','The content on the website must be easy to read and understand', 'Information on similar product to the one highlighted is important for product comparison'. 'Complete information on listed seller and product being offered is important for purchase decision.','All relevant information on listed products must be stated clearly', 'Ease of navigation in website', 'Loading and processing speed', 'User friendly Interface of the website', 'Convenient Payment methods', 'Empathy (readiness to assist with queries) towards the customers', 'Responsiveness, availability of several communication channels (email, online rep, twitter, phone etc.)','Online shopping gives monetary benefit and discounts', 'Shopping online is convenient and flexible', 'Return and replacement policy of the e-tailer is important for purchase decision'. 'Displaying quality Information on the website improves satisfaction of customers', 'Net Benefit derived from shopping online can lead to users satisfaction',' Offering a wide variety of listed product in several category', 'Provision of complete and relevant product information', 'Monetary savings', 'The Convenience of patronizing the online retailer', 'Getting value for money spent', 'Easy to use website or application', 'Complete, relevant description information of products', 'Fast loading website speed of website and application', 'Reliability of the website or application', 'Quickness to complete purchase'. 'Availability of several payment options', 'Speedy order delivery ','Website is as efficient as before','Presence of online assistance through multichannel', 'Limited mode of payment on most products (promotion, sales period)' represent Utilitarian values.

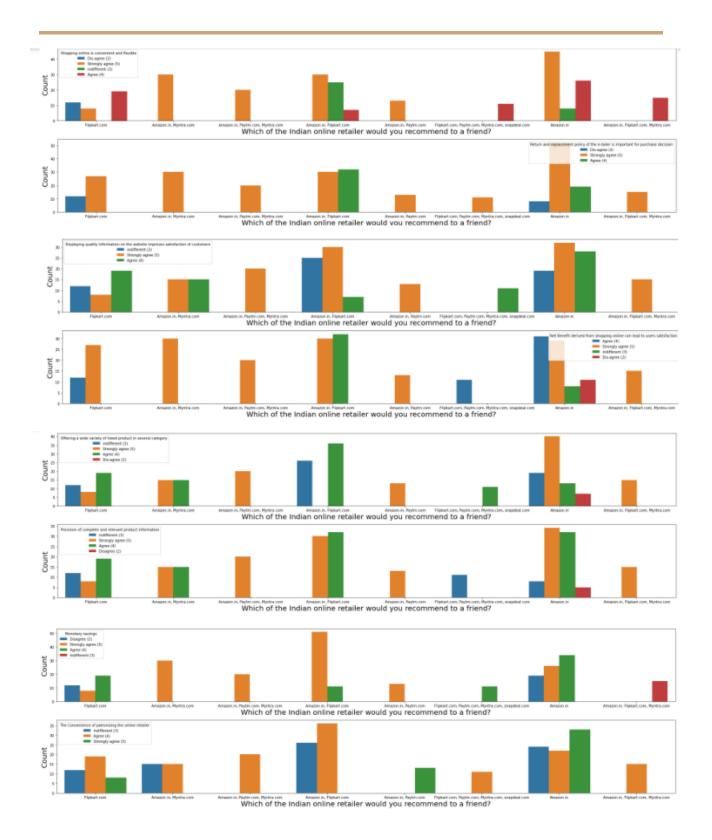
The relationships between the columns representing the Utilitarian Values and the column representing Customer retention were visualized using the code below and observations were

made.

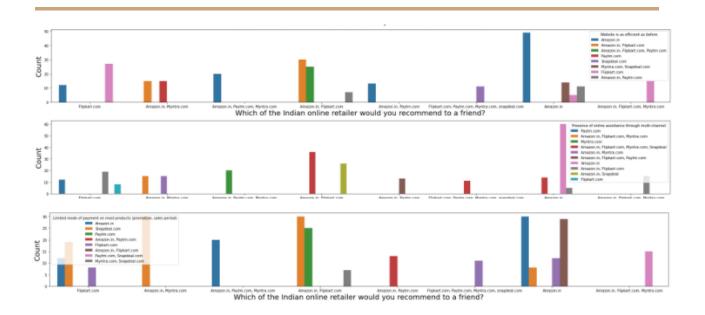
```
In [174]: plt.figure(figsize=(25,120),facecolor='white')
plotnum=1
y = Df[['How much time do you explore the e- retail store before making a purchase decision?','Wild variety of product on offer',
X = Df[['Which of the Indian online retailer would you recommend to a friend?']
for col in y:
    if plotnum<=34:
        plt.subplot(34,1,plotnum)
        sns.countplot(X,hue =y[col])
        plt.xlabel('Which of the Indian online retailer would you recommend to a friend?',fontsize=20)
        plt.ylabel('Count',fontsize=20)
        plotnum==1
    plt.tight_layout()</pre>
```











From the graphs above, the following observations can be made:

- Most Consumers who recommend amazon and myntra spend more than 15 minutes on Amazon and Myntra.
- Amazon and Flipkart offer the widest varieties of products
- Most Consumers who recommend amazon and flipkart Prefer payments via Credit/Debit cards and Cash on Delivery
- Most Consumers who recommend amazon and flipkart appreciate the ease of understanding and reading content on the respective websites.
- Most Consumers who recommend amazon and flipkart find it important for information on similar product to be available for comparison
- Most Consumers who recommend amazon and flipkart find complete product information important.
- Most Consumers who recommend amazon and flipkart clarity on product information to be important.
- Most Consumers who recommend amazon and flipkart find ease of website navigation important.
- Most Consumers who recommend amazon and flipkart want the website to load and process guickly.
- Most Consumers who recommend amazon and flipkart find the interface of the websites user friendly.
- Most Consumers who recommend amazon and flipkart find the payment methods most

convenient.

- Most Consumers who recommend amazon and flipkart find it important for customer support representatives to be empathetic.
- Most Consumers who prefer Amazon and flipkart find it important for there to exist Responsiveness and availability of many communication channels.
- Most Consumers who recommend Amazon and flipkart find that shopping on there gives them monetary benefits and discounts.
- Most Consumers who recommend Amazon find shopping on there convenient and flexible.
- Most Consumers recommend Amazon because return and replacement policy is important for purchase decisions.
- Most Consumers recommend Amazon and flipkart because they display quality information on websites.
- Most Consumers recommend Amazon and flipkart because they believe net benefit is derived from shopping online leads to user satisfaction.
- Most Consumers recommend Amazon and flipkart because they offer a wide variety of products in several categories.
- Most Consumers recommend Amazon and flipkart because they provide complete and relevant product information.
- Most Consumers recommend Amazon, myntra, paytm and flipkart because they offer monetary savings
- Most Consumers recommend Amazon and flipkart because they consider convenience of patronizing the online retailer important
- Most Consumers recommend Amazon and flipkart because they get value for money spent.
- Most Consumers recommend Amazon,paytm,myntra and flipkart because of the ease of using them.
- Most Consumers recommend Amazon and flipkart because they are quick to load,reliable, many payment options are available,purchasing is quick.
- Most Consumers recommend Amazon because the website is as efficient as before.
- Most Consumers recommend Amazon because of presence of online assistance through multiple channels
- Most Consumers recommend Amazon and flipkart because snapdeal, myntra, paytm have limited modes of payment during promotion or sale periods.

Perceived Risk on E Commerce Websites

The relations between perceived risks and online e-commerce websites were visualized and observations were made.



From the graphs above it is observed that:

 Most customers abandon their shopping carts on Amazon and flipkart because of change in price or when they find a better deal elsewhere, whereas on paytm,myntra snapdeal etc, the reasons are varied but largely are due to lack of trust or absence of preferred mode of payment.

Finding the correlation between Customer Retention and Perceived Risks

Next step was to find the strength of correlation, both positive and negative between the feature columns and Target column.

The object type columns were encoded using LabelEncoder technique and the correlations between the feature columns and label column were determined and visualised.



From the chart above it is observed that Complete product information, Website/application reliability, ease of using website/application, customer support, variety of payment options, Trustworthiness, Delivery Period, Getting value for money spend, enjoyment derived from shopping, website efficiency, visual appeal of website layout, Gratification from shopping online, Loyalty program access, etc have a strong positive correlation with customer retention, speedy order delivery, longer loading time of website, provision of complete relevant information etc have a strong correlation with customer retention.

Concluding Remarks.

From the above Exploratory Data Analysis, it is determined that for any website to retain customers, for the growth of its customer-base and to build and maintain a successful business, it is important that the E-tailers focus on enhancing customer experience in shopping on their websites, while ensuring that all of their particular hedonic and utilitarian needs are satisfied, while taking steps to minimise the perceived risks. Offering a huge variety of products, impeccable website design, user friendly interface, a huge variety of safe and convenient payment options, offering strong data security and privacy, helpful, empathetic support staff and impeccable customer service, optimised website processes that universally load in optimal time on all types of platforms and systems, faster delivery etc are vital to ensure customer loyalty to the brand of the e-tailer Experienced customers, give great importance to their experiences of previous purchases, which in turn speeds up the process of attaining their shopping goals. In this way customers would purchase repeatedly on the basis of the judgment of value, which is necessary to help consumers to accomplish their goal of shopping. The major reason why Amazon in and Flipkart.com dominate the E commerce market in terms of customer retention and brand loyalty is that they have dedicated all their resources to studying and understanding the various requirements of individual customers that play as important factors in fulfilling their hedonic and utilitarian needs while giving them a sense of trust in making purchases on their respective websites while at the same time giving them incentives in various forms(discounts, cashbacks loyalty programs etc) that keep them returning to make recurring purchases.