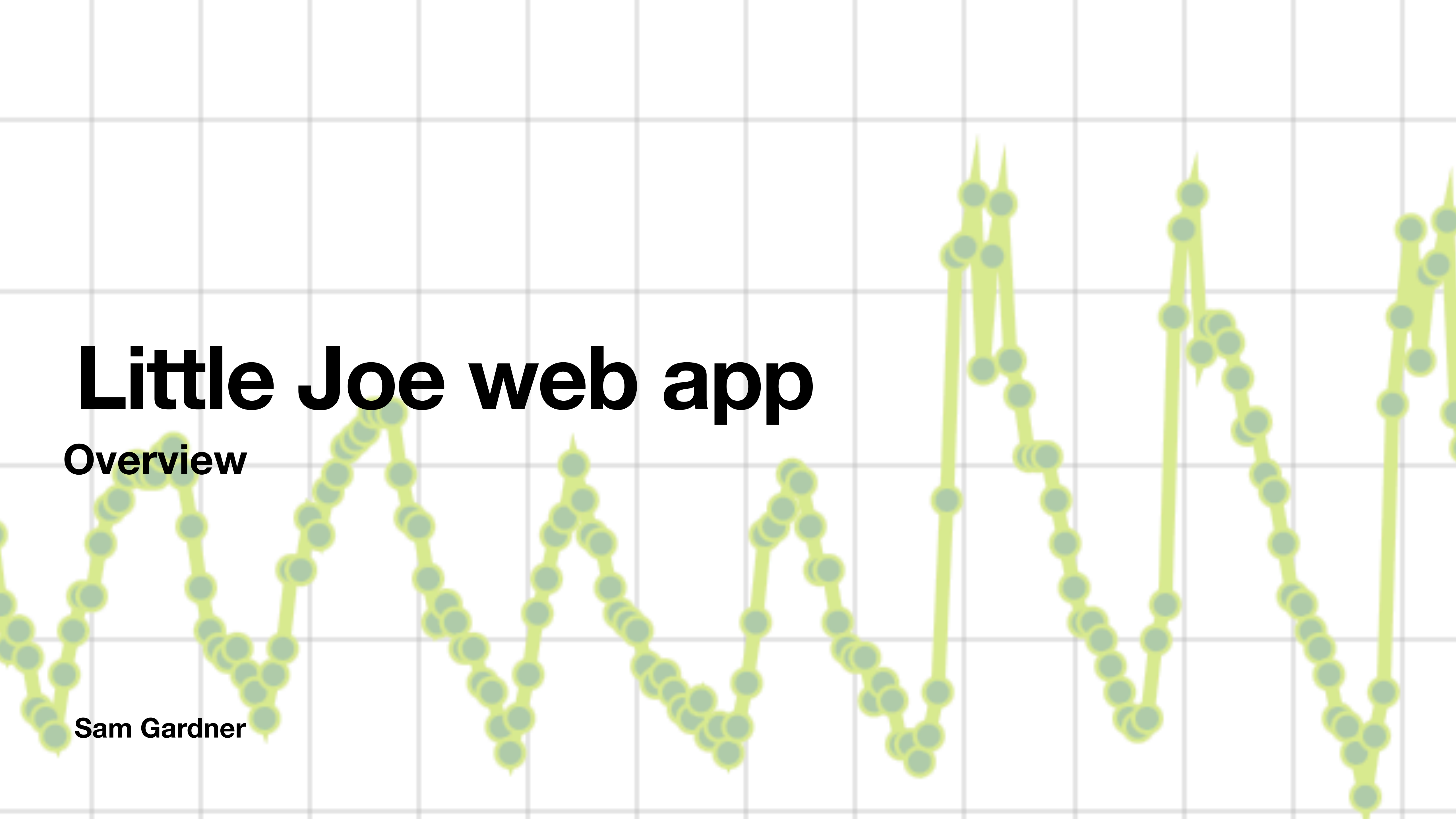


Little Joe web app

Overview

Sam Gardner



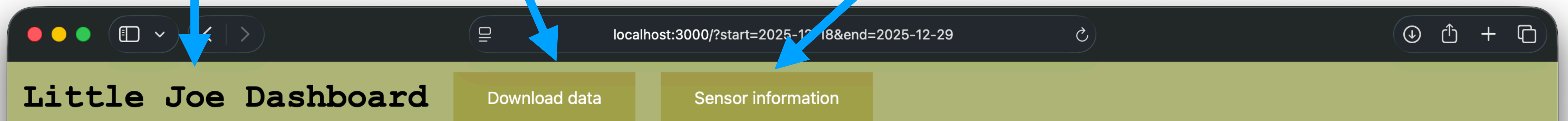
App layout overview

Part 1 - Head

Button which links out to CSV download

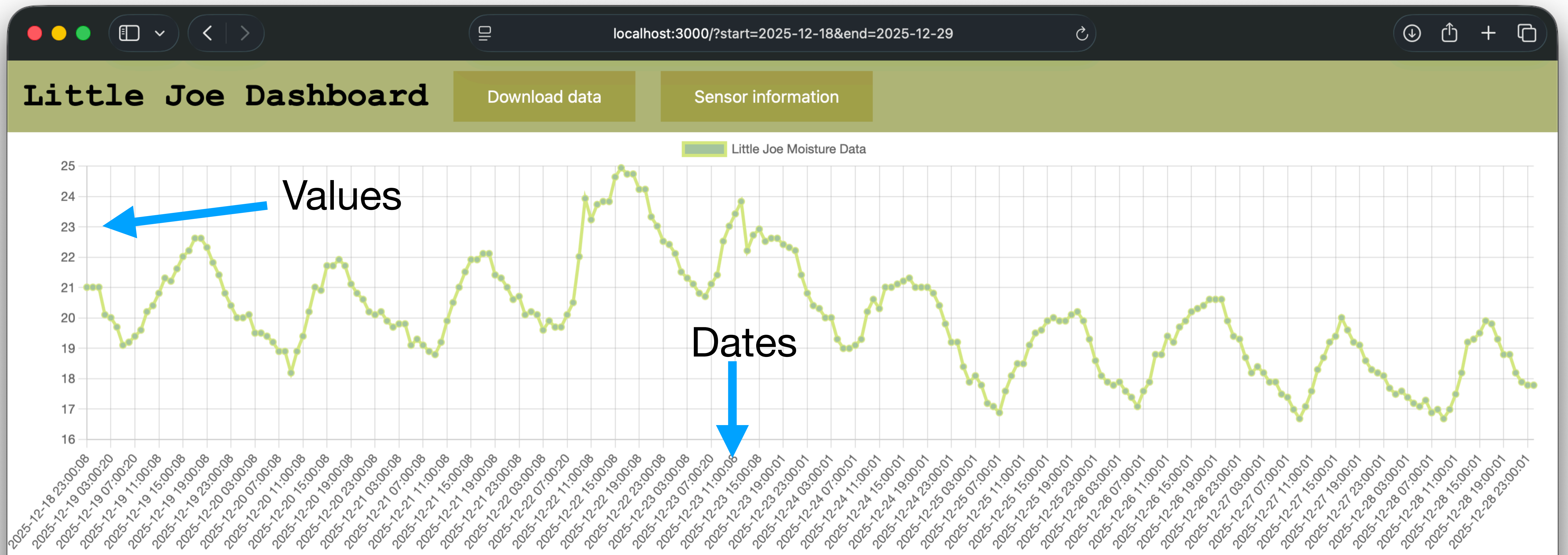
Button which links out to ada fruit store

Title



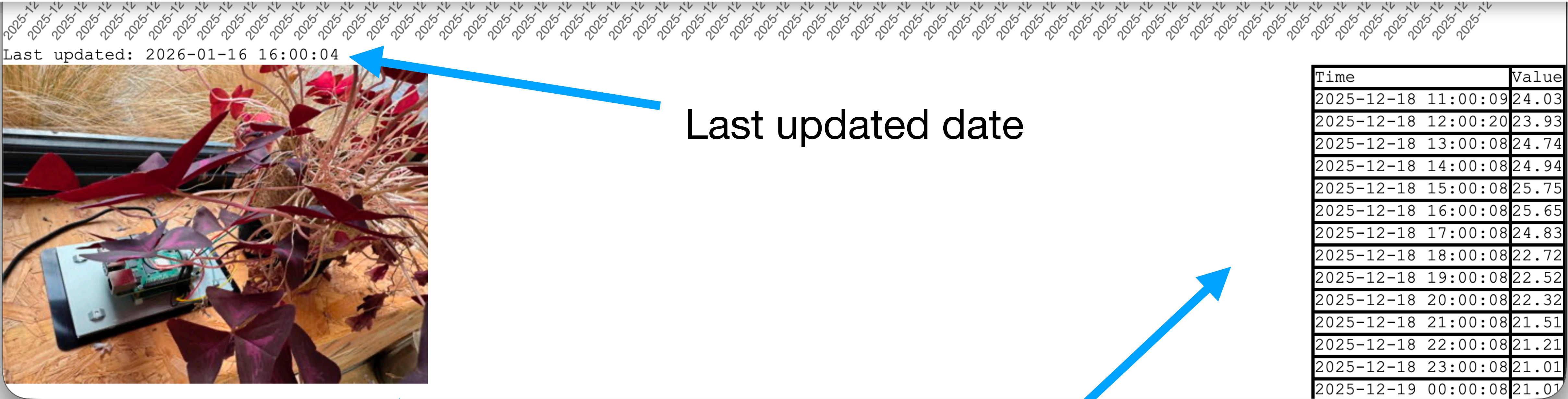
App layout overview

Part 1.1 - Body - graph



App layout overview

Part 1.1 - Body - graph



Last updated date

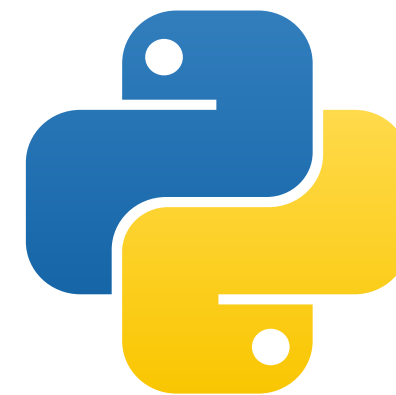
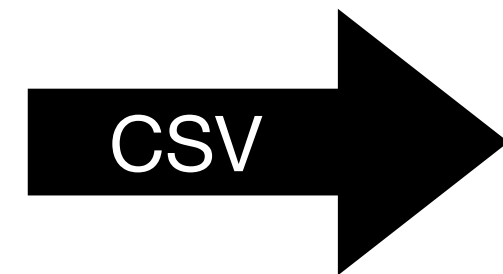
Image of little Joe

Table of values

The inner workings of the web app

Part 2 - Data handling - collection

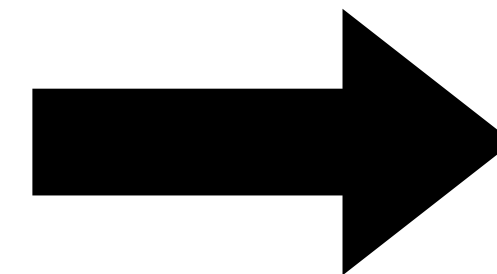
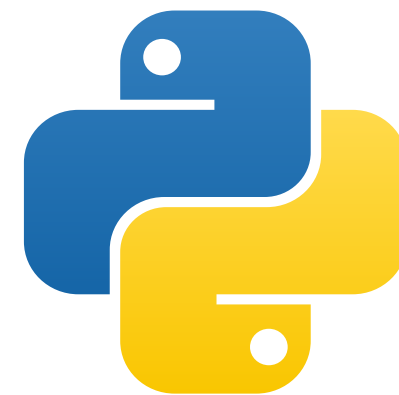
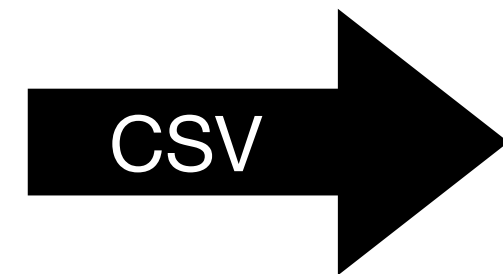
The first thing the script does is fetch the moisture data gathered by the moisture sensor by downloading it from a url as a CSV.



The inner workings of the web app

Part 2.1 - Data handling - formatting

Then the script converts the CSV file into a python list which contains a list for each line in the CSV file

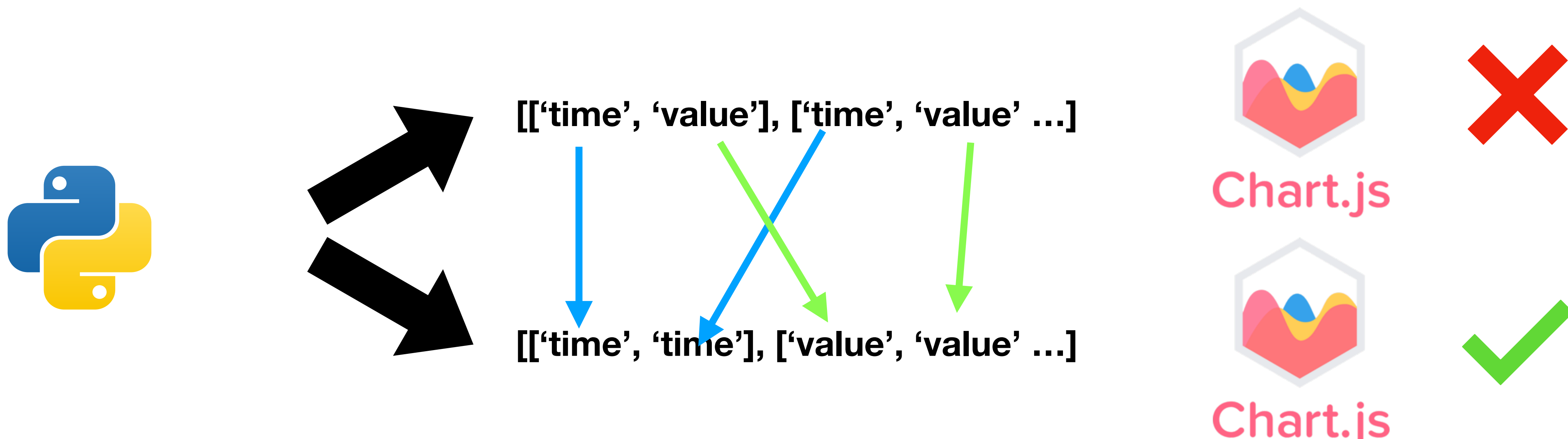


`[['time', 'value'], ['time', 'value' ...]]`

The inner workings of the web app

Part 2.2 - Data handling - formatting for chart.js

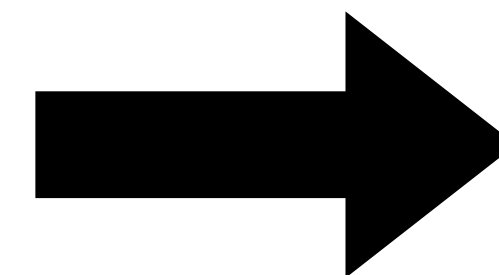
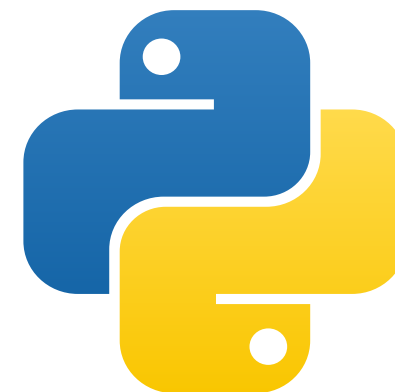
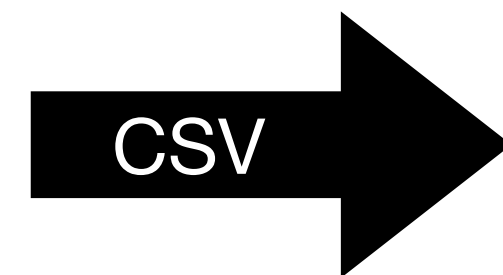
The data format for the table did not match the one required for chart.js so I needed to rearrange the lists.



The inner workings of the web app

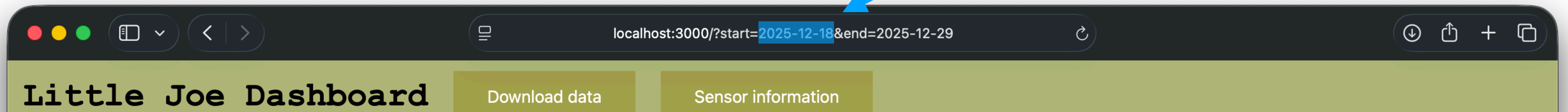
Part 2.4 - Data handling - setting the data range via URL queries

To set the data range of the graph I took the queries specified in the URL and compared them with the timestamps in the data list to find their index.



[[**'time'**, 'time'], ['value', 'value' ...]]

Compares

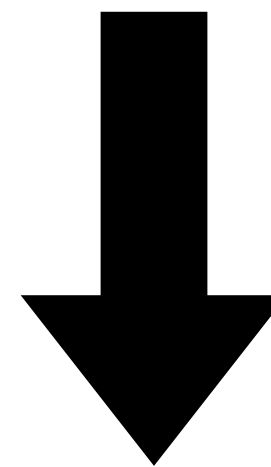


The inner workings of the web app

Part 2.4 - Data handling - slicing data

With the index of the timestamp specified in the URL I sliced the list to only show the values in the specified range

`[['time', 'time', 'time', 'time', 'time', 'time', 'time'], ['value', 'value', 'value', 'value', 'value', 'value', 'value']]`

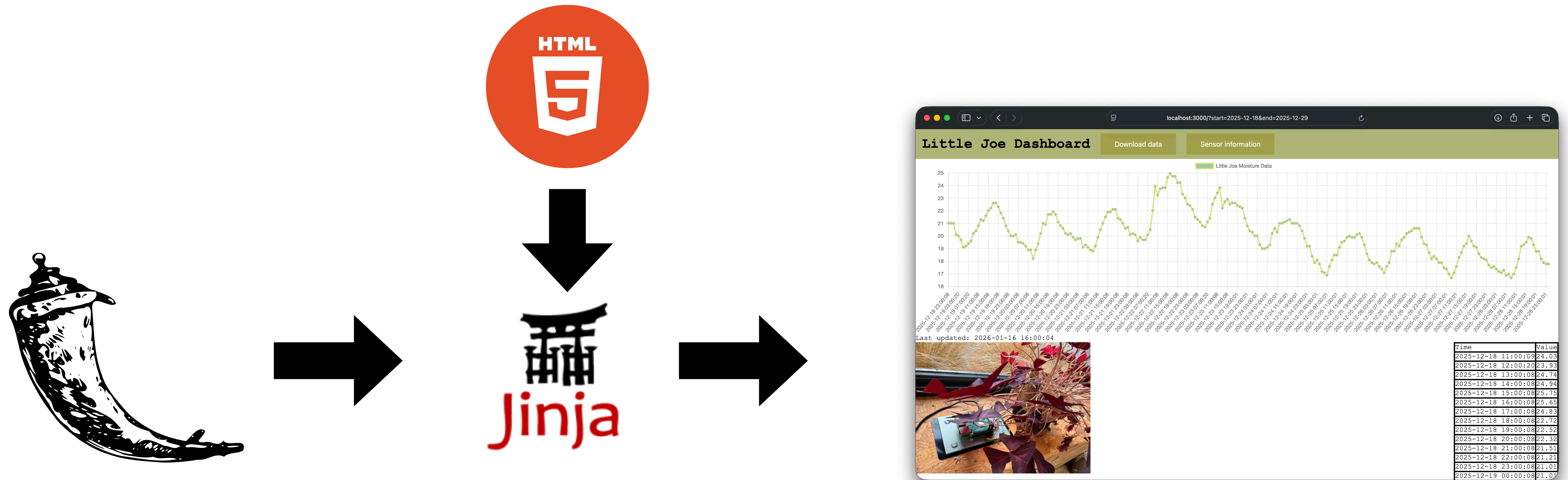


`[['time', 'time', 'time', 'time', 'time', 'time', 'time'], ['value', 'value', 'value', 'value', 'value', 'value', 'value']]`

The inner workings of the web app

Part 3 - Rendering template

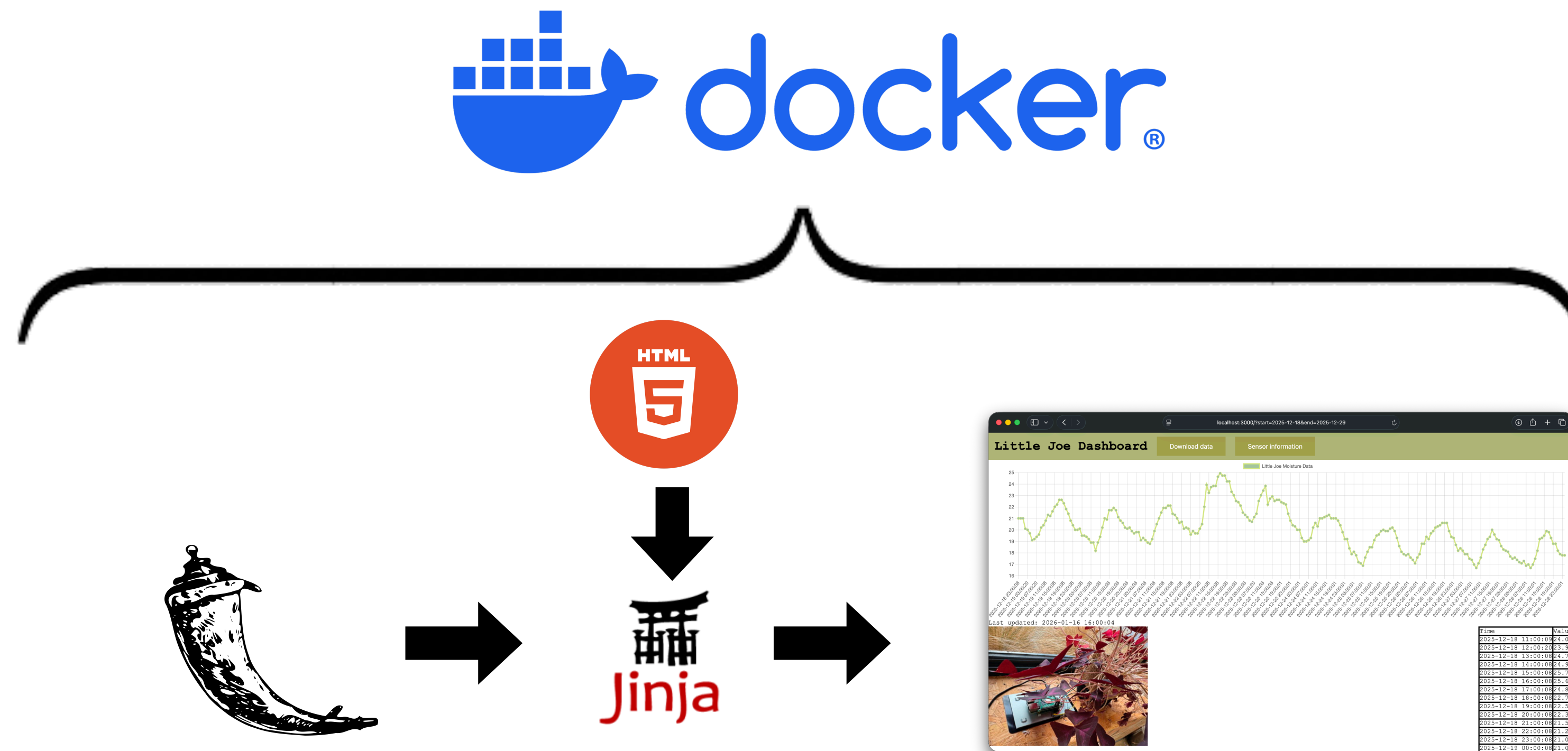
Flask can now use this data to render the page with jinja using a HTML template.



The inner workings of the web app

Part 3.1 - Running the whole process in docker

We can go one step further and make this process highly portable by compiling it into a docker image.



The inner workings of the web app

Part 3.1 - Running the whole process in docker

To do this I added a:

- .dockerignore file
- Dockerfile file
- Requirements.txt file

