# QFT: A Brief Summary

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# 1 Classical Field Theory

## **Equation 1.1**

(Euler-Lagrange Equations)

$$\partial_{\mu} \left( \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial (\partial_{\mu} \varphi_{a})} \right) - \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \varphi_{a}} = 0. \tag{1.1}$$

### **Equation 1.2**

(Noether's Theorem)

An infinitesimal transformation  $\delta \varphi_a$  is a symmetry of a field theory if  $\delta \mathcal{L} = \partial_\mu \chi^\mu$ , then

$$\partial_{\mu} \left( \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial (\partial_{\mu} \varphi_{a})} \delta \varphi_{a} - \chi^{\mu} \right) = 0. \tag{1.2}$$

#### **Equation 1.3**

(Stress-Energy Tensor)

A special case of the above. If the variation is obtained by  $x^{\mu} \rightarrow x^{\mu} + \epsilon^{\mu}$ , then

$$\partial_{\mu} \left( \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial (\partial_{\mu} \varphi_{a})} \epsilon^{\nu} \partial_{\nu} \varphi_{a} - \epsilon^{\mu} \mathcal{L} \right) = \epsilon^{\nu} \partial_{\mu} T^{\mu}{}_{\nu} = 0. \tag{1.3}$$

asdfasdf "Hi"