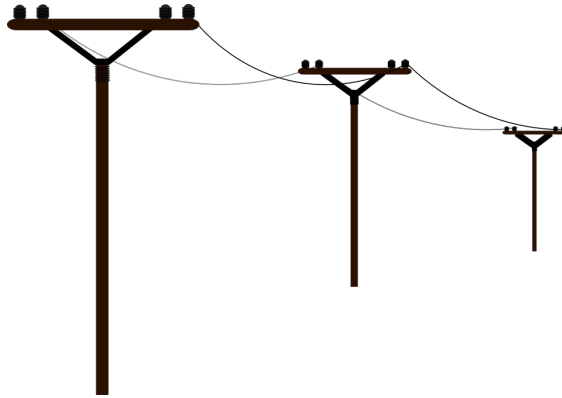


# Telco Customer Churn

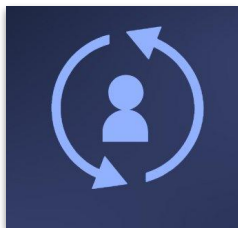


By Sam Ouimet

# What is customer churn?

## Definition

- Customer, user, or subscriber stops using the product or service of service of a particular company.



## Why does it matter?

1. Cheaper to retain customers than to gain new ones
2. Money often flows to competitors
3. **IMPEDES GROWTH**

# The Data

- **Services** that each customer has signed up for.
  - Phone, multiple lines, internet, streaming TV and movies, etc.
- **Customer** account information:
  - Tenure, contract, payment method, monthly charges and total charges, etc.
- **Demographic** info about customers – gender, age range, and if they have partners and dependents
- Customers who left within the last month:
  - **Churn (y/n)**

# The Process



## Identify specific business problem

- Churn is hurting business.
- We need to identify which customers need more attention, deals, promotions, etc. to increase retention.

## Explore data

- Gather data/clean
- EDA
- Feature Engineer
- Baseline
- Feature Selection
- Optimize

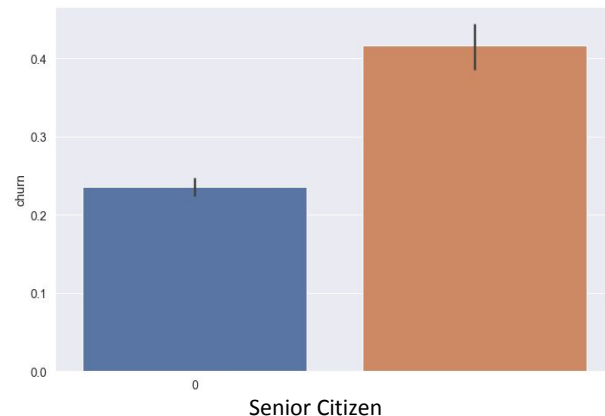
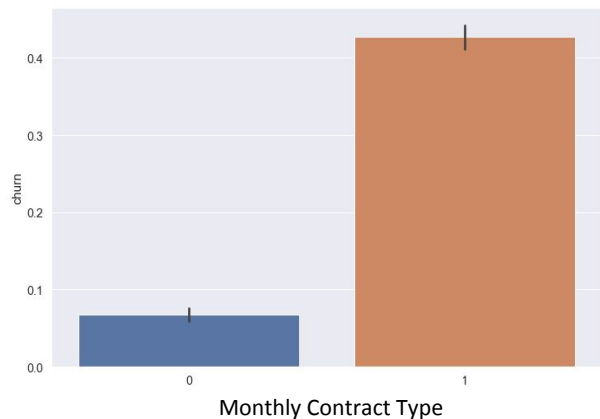
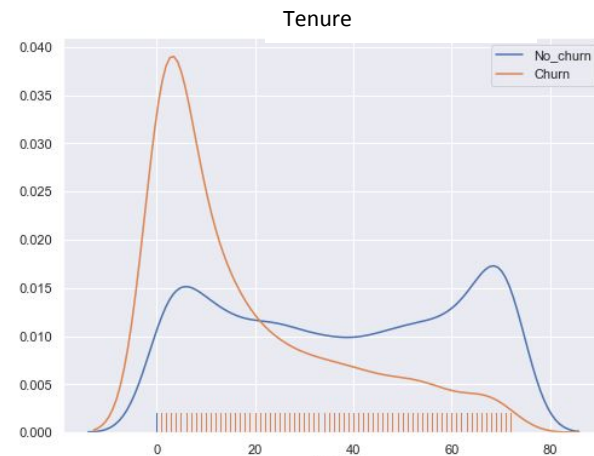
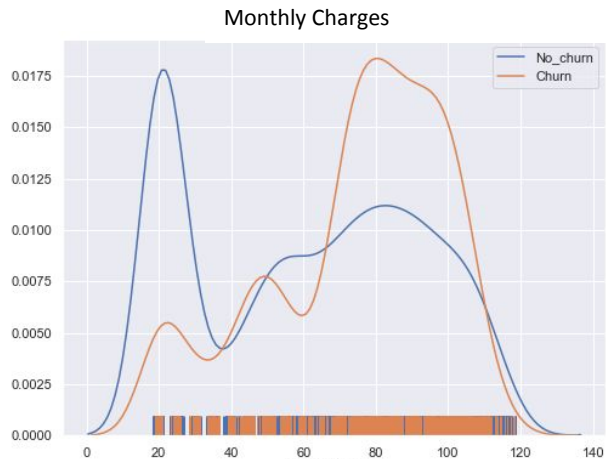
## Test and report

- Pick final model with best results (**F1**)
- Build Tableau dashboard for internal company use



# Early Findings

- Some linear separation present
- Certain features contribute a lot to churn rate:
  - Contract type
  - Monthly/charges
  - Tenure
  - Age group
  - Online Security
  - Tech Support

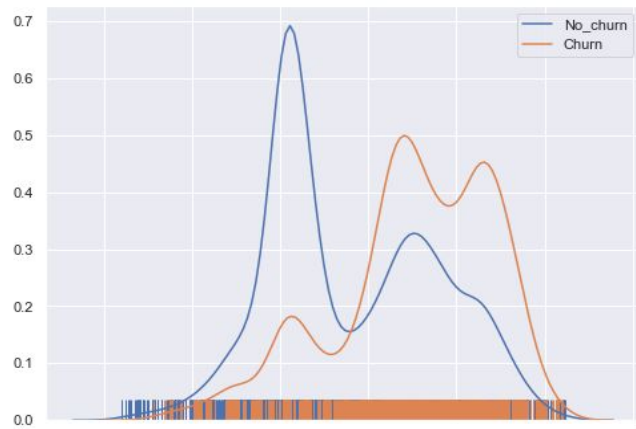
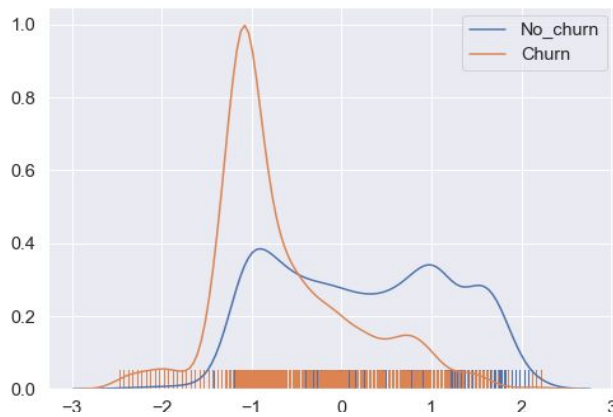
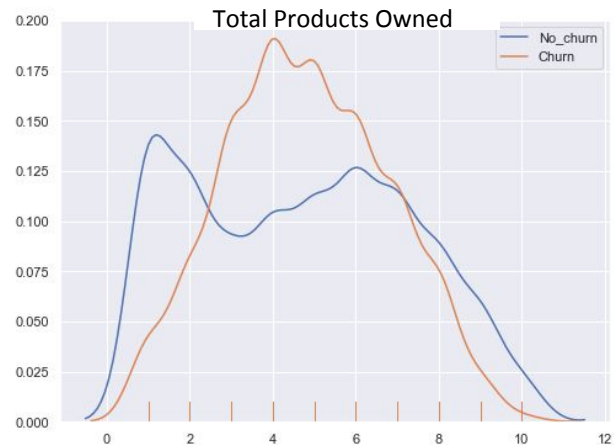
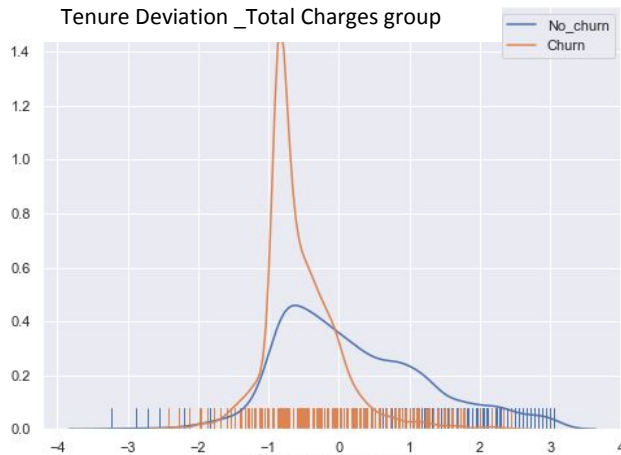


# Feature Engineering

- Convert continuous variables into bins:
  - Monthly Charges
  - Total Charges
  - Tenure
  - # products owned
- Deviation features of newly created groups
- Total products owned

Top features:

1. Tenure\_dev\_total\_group
2. Tenure\_dev\_monthly\_group
3. Monthly\_charges\_dev\_prod\_own\_group

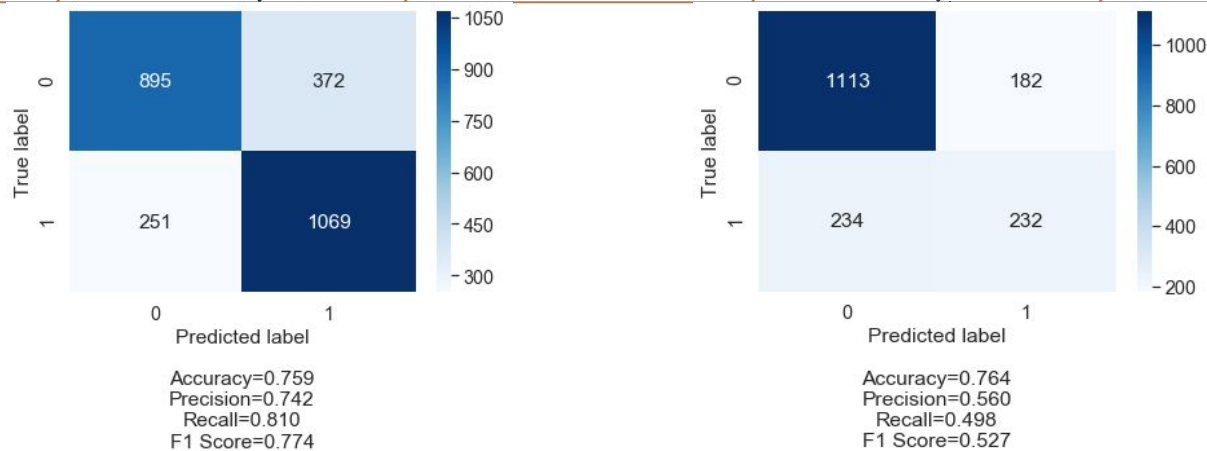
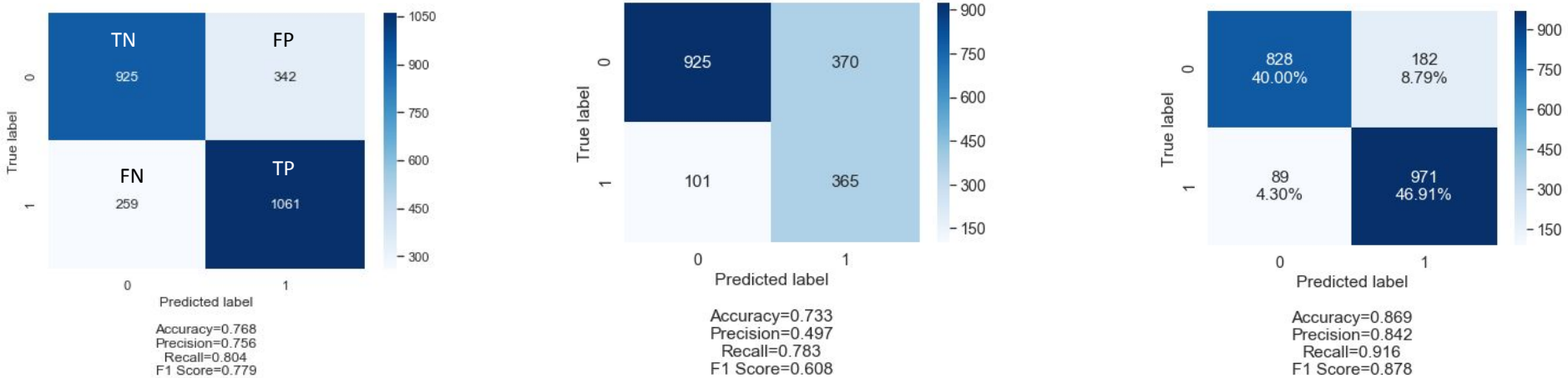


Tenure Deviation \_ Monthly Charges Group

Monthly Charges Deviation \_ Products Owned Group

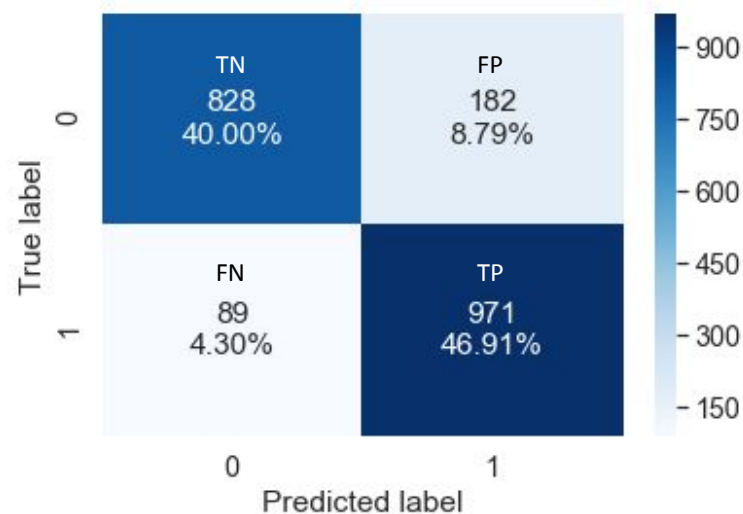
# Modeling







# Final Model: XGBoost



Accuracy=0.869

Precision=0.842

Recall=0.916

F1 Score=0.878

**F2 = 0.900**

XGboost on balanced data (oversampled), with tuned parameters and L1 regularization.



# Business Intelligence Dashboard



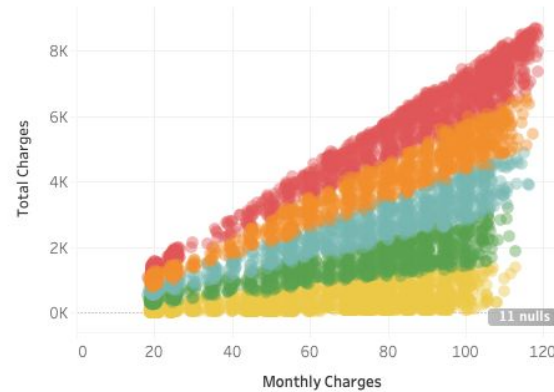
# Insights

- Monthly and total charges per tenure group
  - Shows a **range of charges to expect** from each customer based on tenure group
- Monthly charges per tenure length
  - **New customer with high charges = likely to churn**
  - **Offer discounts, promos to new customers**
- Customer Churn Probabilities
  - Which customers are most likely to churn?

## Customer Churn Insights

Tenure Gro.. Tenure\_long Tenure\_longest Tenure\_medium Tenure\_short Tenure\_shortest

Monthly and Total Charges per Tenure Group



## Insights

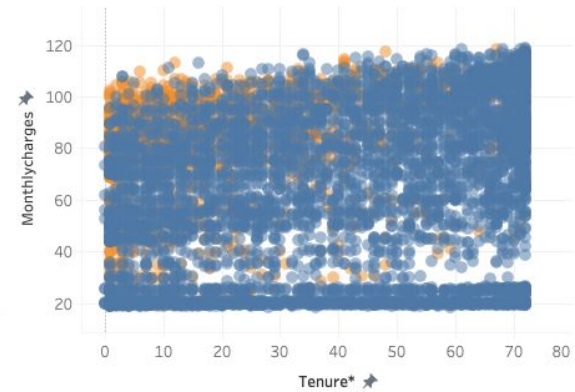
## Products

## Users

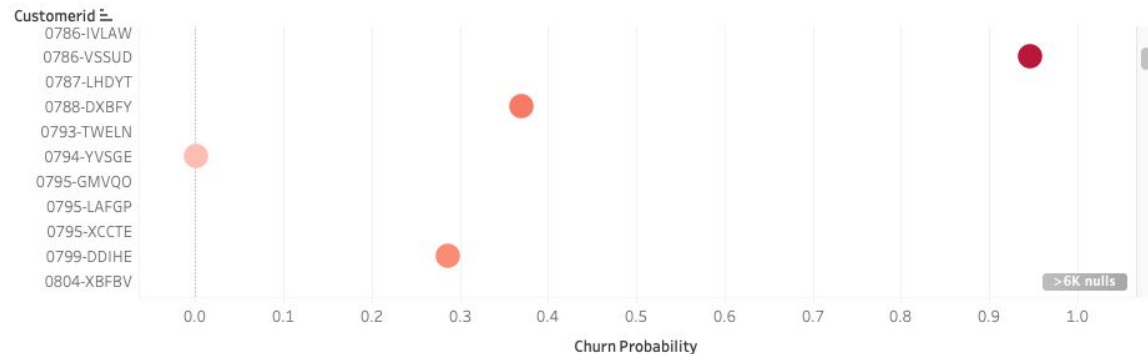
## Groups

Churn\*  
No  
Yes

Monthly Charges per Tenure Length



Customer Churn Probabilities (Test set)



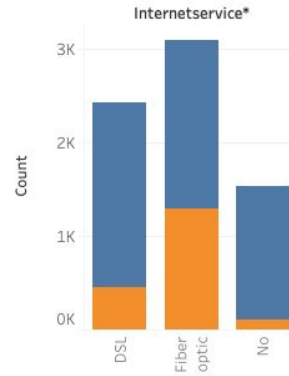
# Product Info

- Tech support, online security and backup aid retention
  - Advertise these products to customers who don't have them
- Most customer who churn are on month-month contracts
  - **Upsell longer contract terms!**

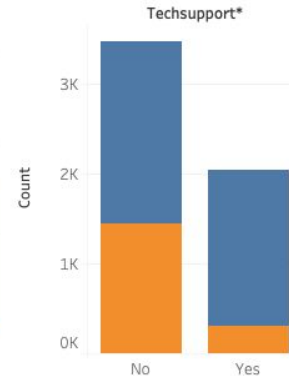
## Churn Totals per Product

Churn    ■ No    ■ Yes

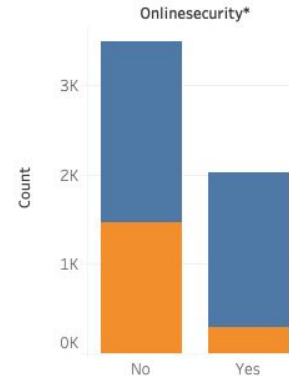
### Internet Service



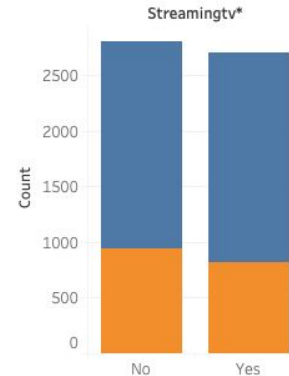
### Tech Support



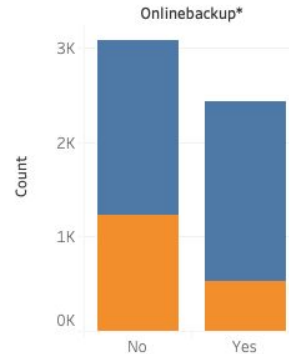
### Online Security



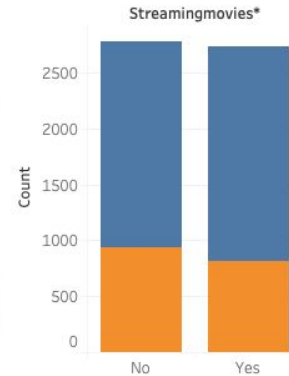
### Streaming TV



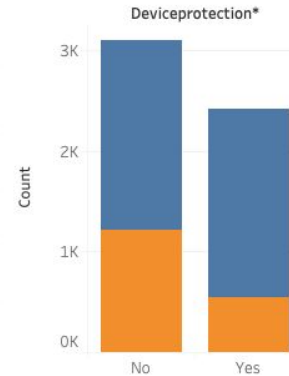
### Online Backup



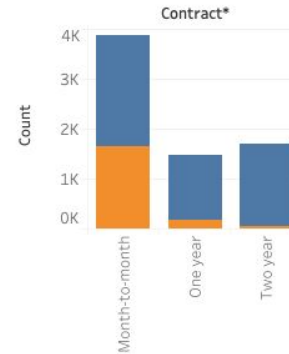
### Streaming Movies



### Device Protection



### Contract Type

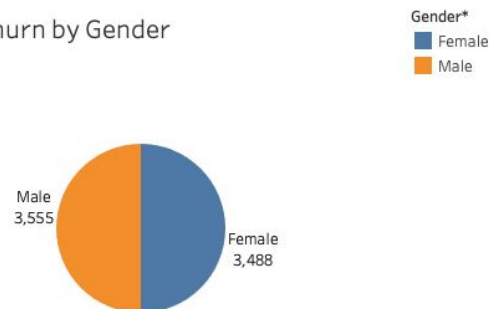


# User Info

- A look at how customer gender, partners, and dependants impact churn
  - They don't really, but may be useful to **monitor for potential trend changes**

## Customer Churn by User Feature

Churn by Gender



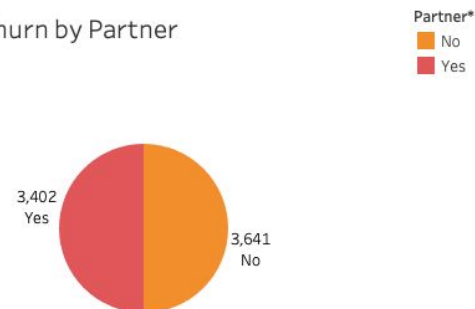
## Insights

## Products

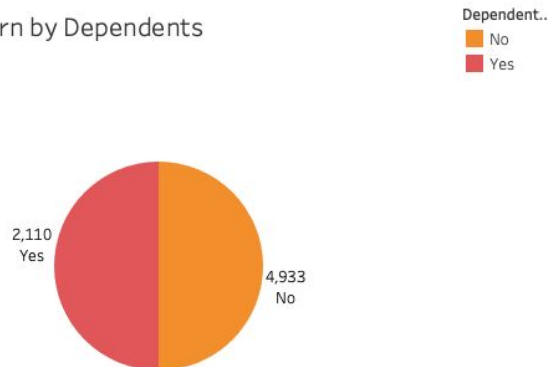
## Users

## Groups

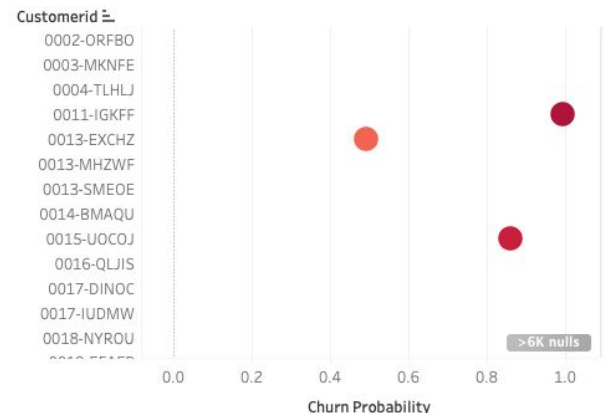
Churn by Partner



Churn by Dependents



Customer Churn Probabilities (Test set)



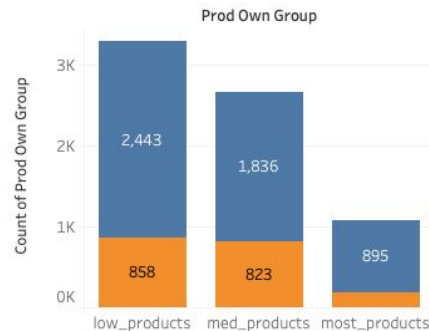
# Engineered Groups

- Total owned product group:
  - Most customers fall in the “low” to “medium” products groups
  - (1-6 products)
- Tenure group:
  - The longer the customer stays, the less likely the churn
  - **Offer incentive for customers to stay past X cycles**
- Monthly payment group:
  - Lower the customer is paying, the less likely the churn

## Feature Groups

Churn ■ No ■ Yes

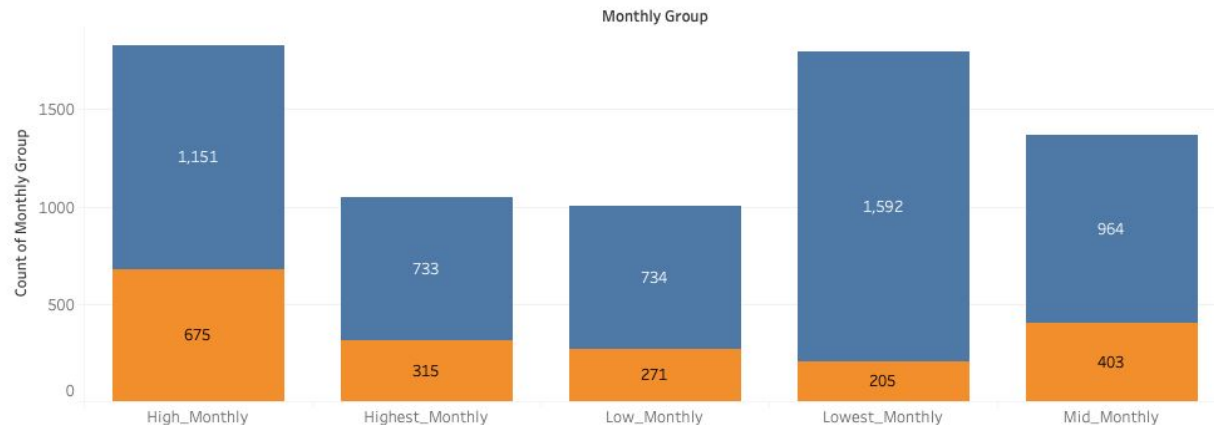
### Total Product Groups



### Tenure Groups



### Monthly Payment Groups



Insights

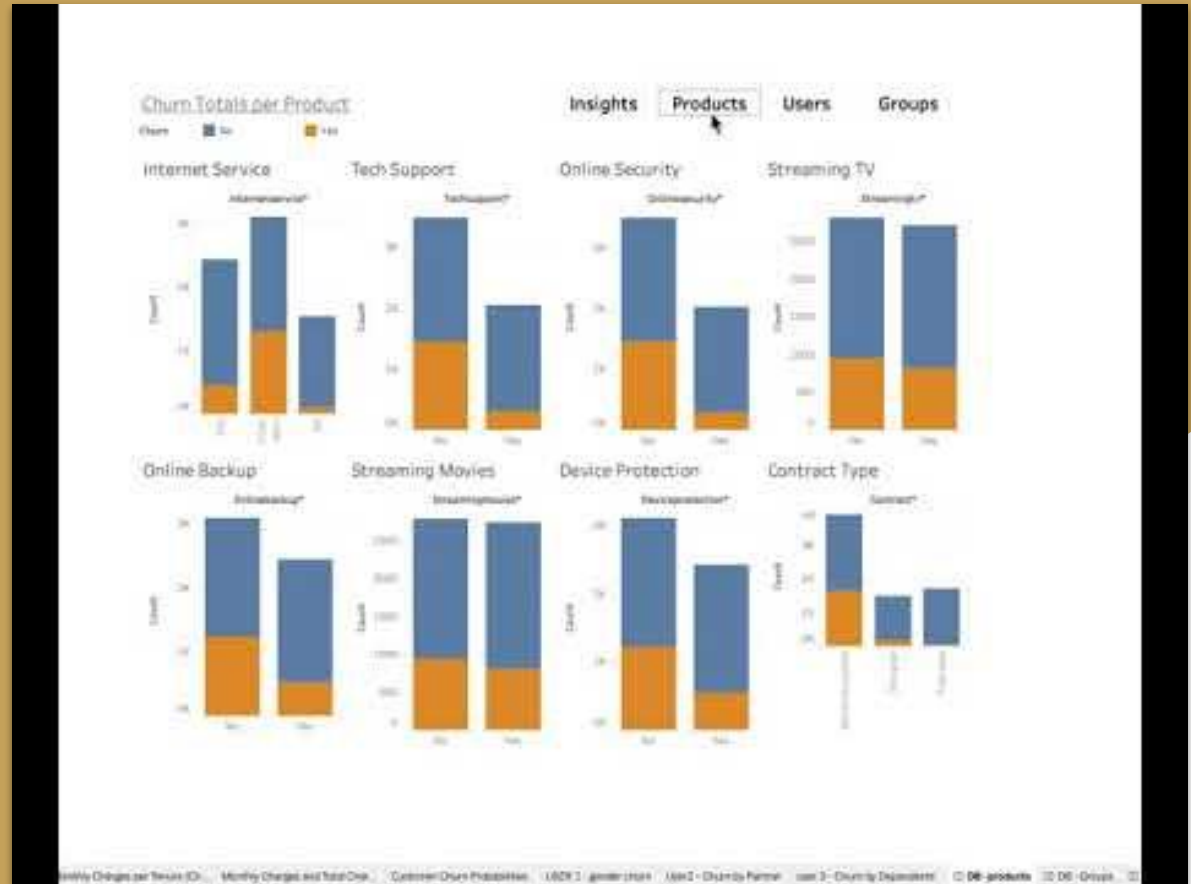
Products

Users

Groups

Thank you!

Questions?



# Appendix

	Log Baseline (unbalanced, all features)	Log (balanced, tuned, L2)	NB (Balanced, reduced feature set)	RF, (balanced)	XGboost Baseline (unbalanced, all features)	<b>XGboost Final (balanced, tuned, L1)</b>	
Accuracy	0.793	0.768	0.752	0.735	0.798	<b>0.869</b>	
Precision	0.630	0.756	0.735	0.500	0.5171	<b>0.916</b>	
Recall	0.527	0.804	0.806	0.793	0.663	<b>0.842</b>	
F1	0.574	0.779	0.769	0.614	0.581	<b>0.875</b>	
F2	0.545	0.796	0.790	0.710	0.54	<b>0.900</b>	

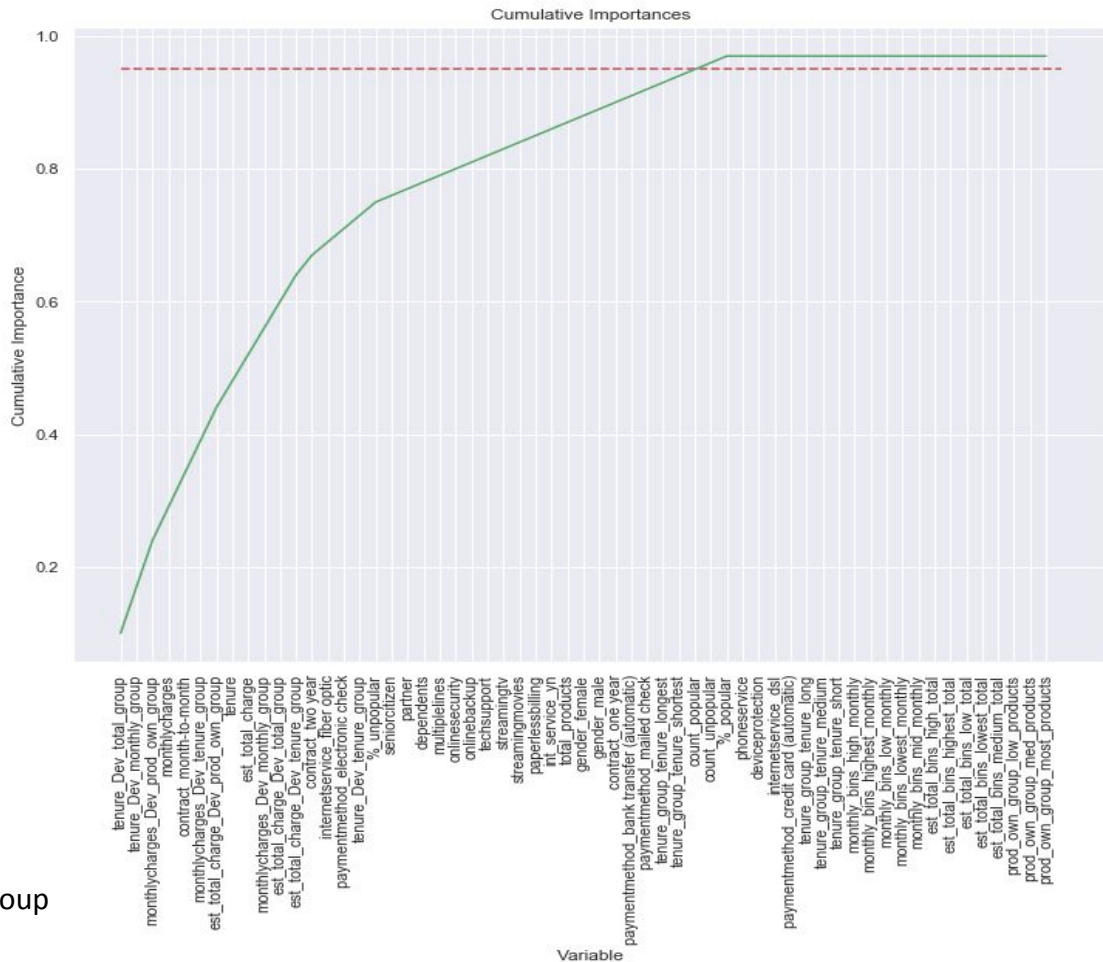


# Feature Selection

- Feature importance results from random forest model
- Ranked importance from most to least (left to right)
- Dropped remaining features after 95% importance was reached
- Features left: 38

Top features:

1. Tenure\_dev\_total\_group
2. Tenure\_dev\_monthly\_group
3. Monthly\_charges\_dev\_prod\_own\_group



# Resources:

<https://www.kaggle.com/blatchar/telco-customer-churn>

<https://www.analyticsvidhya.com/blog/2016/03/complete-guide-parameter-tuning-xgboost-with-codes-python/>