# Big Data Ingestion Using Hadoop: 1038-A

## www.trendzzz4u.com



Faculty Advisor and Sponsor:
Dr. Rohit Aggarwal



## Team Members and Roles



Software Engineer and Project Manager



Data Engineer



Software Developer and Reporting Analyst



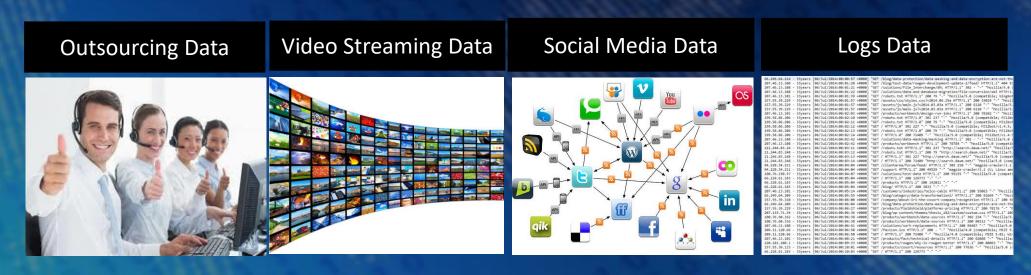
## Agenda

- Data Scenario today
- Why this project and Objective
- Business Questions to be answered
- Project Infrastructure
- Project Workflow
- Learnings and Conclusion



## Data Scenario today

 According to IBM, 80% of data generated today is unstructured



Need to process unstructured data to structured data



## Why this Project?



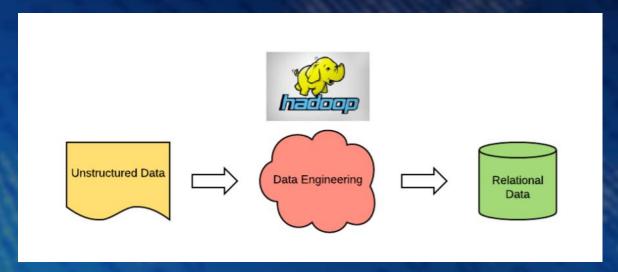
- To learn and implement big data technologies which are used to process log data
- Clickstream Log Data as the data source
- What is Clickstream data?

Clickstream Data is user navigation data on any website

66.249.66.127 - - [30/Apr/2017:04:24:41 -0700] "POST /swatches/ajax/media/ HTTP/1.1" 200 230 "http://www.trendzzz4u.com/women/
tops-women/jackets-women.html?material=38&size=167&style\_general=126" "Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; Googlebot/2.1; +http://www.google.com/
bot.html)"



- Big data world comprises of many technologies
- Focus of this project is to learn and implement Apache Hadoop ecosystem



 Hadoop is primarily used for Data Engineering by many companies notably Amazon, eBay, Walmart



### Business Questions to be answered

- Most popular browsing time
- Most popular product category
- Weekly Distribution of Clicks per page
- Customer Conversion Rate



## Project Infrastructure







#### Major components of infrastructure

 eCommerce Website Setup: Magento eCommerce platform, goDaddy cPanel hosting

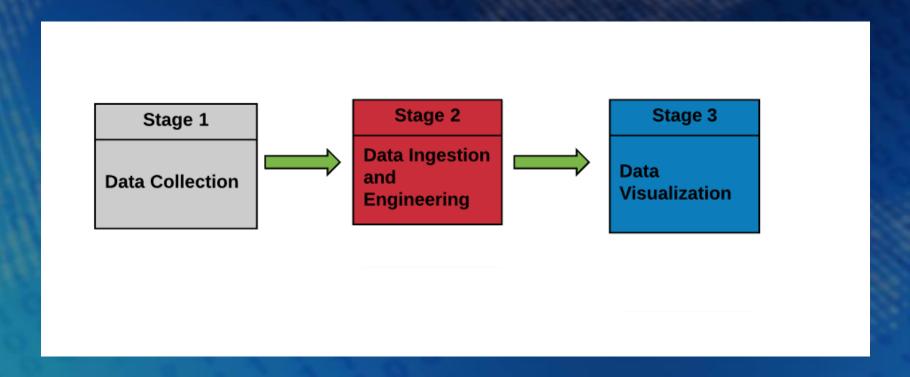
 Apache Hadoop Setup: Multi Node Cloudera Hadoop cluster on aws EC2

 Data Collection Server: Divolte.js setup on aws EC2 to track custom events from website



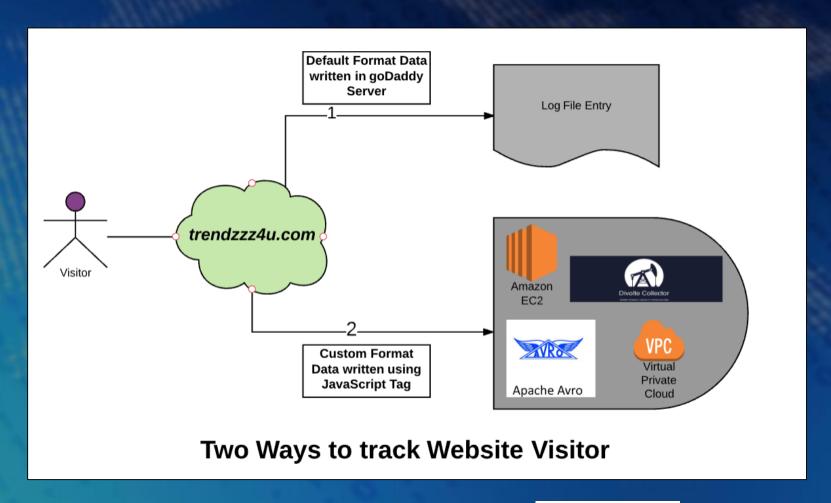
## **Project Workflow**

- Primarily three stages
- Performed several iterations of the below workflow





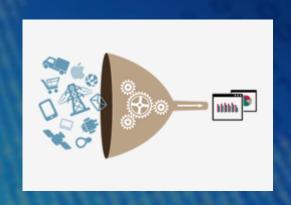
### Stage 1: Data Collection





#### Stage 2: Data Ingestion and Engineering

 The process of accessing and importing data for immediate usage or storage in a database is called as Data Ingestion



- Build Data Pipeline
- Transfer files from local Filesystem to HDFS (Hadoop File System)

E.g. Apache Sqoop is a popular tool used in big data ecosystem to transfer bulk data





- Data engineering is a process of converting unstructured data to meaningful relational data using set of sophisticated tools or procedures
  - ✓ ELT Process (Extract Load Transform)
  - ✓ Focus on data transformation using Map Reduce

#### E.g. Components used in this project:

- Apache Hive
- Apache Pig
- Python





#### **Apache Hive**

 It provides a SQL like interface to query data stored in various databases and file system

Application in our project: Avro File (Data Source)

#### Before

www.trendzzz4u.com/men/tops-men/jacke
EeJvc0hWkecnMRw9GE5tF5gVrn~FA751STXD0
AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko
Inc.STXSOBrowserSTXSUB59.0.3071.1156
Corporation.yV®uŠ÷Ç3róñ€ETXišÂEOT"SI
jackets-men.htmlSTXDhttp://www.trend;
j55ohks9:EeJvc0hWkecnMRw9GE5tF5gVrn~F
AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko
Inc.STXSOBrowserSTXSUB59.0.3071.1156

#### Run Script

```
Create table Website_Data
ROW FORMAT SERDE 'org.apache.hadoop.hive.serde2.avro.AvroSerDe'
STORED AS INPUTFORMAT
'org.apache.hadoop.hive.ql.io.avro.AvroContainerInputFormat'
OUTPUTFORMAT
'org.apache.hadoop.hive.ql.io.avro.AvroContainerOutputFormat'
tblproperties ('avro.schema.literal'='{
    "name": "Website_Data",
    "type": "record",
    "fields":
    {"name": "timestamp", "type":["long", "null"]},
    {"name": "renoteHost", "type":["string", "null"]},
    {"name": "referer", "type":["string", "null"]},
    {"name": "userAgentName", "type":["string", "null"]},
    {"name": "userAgentType", "type":["string", "null"]},
    {"name": "userAgentDeviceCategory", "type":["string", "null"]},
    {"name": "userAgentDeviceCategory", "type":["string", "null"]},
    {"name": "userAgentOsFamily", "type":["string", "null"]},
    {"name": "userAgentOsFamily", "type":["string", "null"]},
    {"name": "userAgentOsFamily", "type":["string", "null"]},
    {"name": "userAgentOsFamily", "type":["string", "null"]}]}
```

#### After

	A <sup>B</sup> C IPAddress ▼	A <sup>B</sup> C ParentLink ▼
1	73.98.153.110	http://www.trendzzz4u.com/cust
2	73.98.153.110	http://www.trendzzz4u.com/priv
3	73.98.153.110	http://www.trendzzz4u.com/men
4	73.98.153.110	http://www.trendzzz4u.com/wo
5	73.98.153.110	http://www.trendzzz4u.com/train
6	73.98.153.110	http://www.trendzzz4u.com/sale
7	73.98.153.110	http://www.trendzzz4u.com/pro



#### Apache Pig and Python



It is a high level platform for creating programs on Hadoop.
 The language used is called as Pig Latin

Application in our project: Web Server Log File (Data Source)

#### Before

[30/Jun/2017:05:11:49 -0700] '
L48&style\_bottom=116 HTTP/1.1'
tp://www.google.com/bot.html)
 [30/Jun/2017:05:11:52 -0700]
53&material=39 HTTP/1.1" 200 1
tp://www.google.com/bot.html)'
[30/Jun/2017:05:11:59 -0700] '
99&style\_bottom=116 HTTP/1.1"
tp://www.google.com/bot.html)'
[30/Jun/2017:05:12:16 -0700] '

#### Run Script

A = LOAD '/home/training/Downloads/WebLog2' USII rarray,req\_type:chararray,req\_link:chararray,req B = FOREACH A GENERATE ip\_addr,temp1,timestamp,tdata = distinct B; dump data; STORE data INTO '/home/training/Downloads/Parsec/\* Calculate the number of web pages a user vis: ip\_data = GROUP data by ip\_addr; ip\_count = FOREACH ip\_data GENERATE group AS tir dump ip\_count; /\* Statistics where requests were successfull i time\_data = GROUP data BY timestamp; byte\_count = FOREACH time\_data GENERATE group AS dump byte\_count;

#### After

TIMESTAMP	TIMEZONE	REQUEST_TYPE
30/Jun/2017:05:11:49	0700	"GET /men/bottoms
30/Jun/2017:05:11:52	0700	"GET /men/bottoms
30/Jun/2017:05:11:59	0700	"GET /men/bottoms
30/Jun/2017:05:12:16	0700	"GET /men/bottoms



#### Sample of Python Script

```
def sub_regular_exp1(str):
   match = []
    if re.search("GET",str):
        regex = re.compile(r"\"([\w]+)\s+\/([\w]+)\/(.+?html)(.*)\"");
        match = re.findall(regex, str);
    elif re.search("POST",str):
        regex = re.compile(r"\"([\w]+)\s+\/([\w]+)\/([\w]+)\/([\w]+)/(.*)\"");
        match = re.findall(regex, str);
    return match
def sub regular exp2(str):
    regex = re.compile(r"\"(http.*html)(.*)\"");
    match = re.findall(regex, str);
    if len(match) == 0:
       match = [' ',' ']
    return match
```



#### Stage 3: Data Visualization

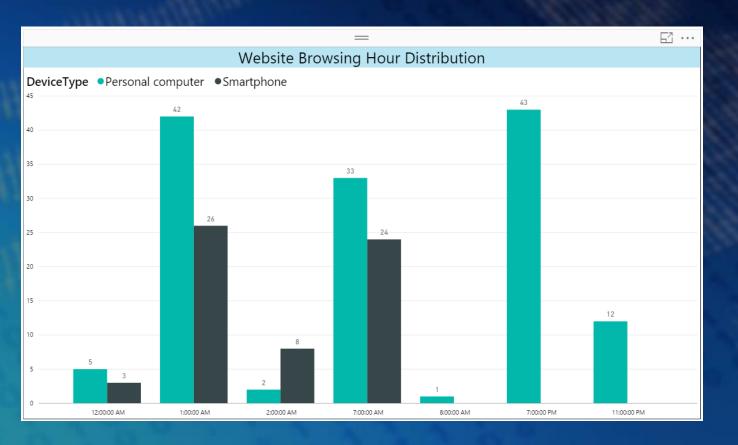
- Final stage of the process
- Structured Data exported from Hadoop to csv format
- Use of Business Intelligence tools such as Tableau and Power BI



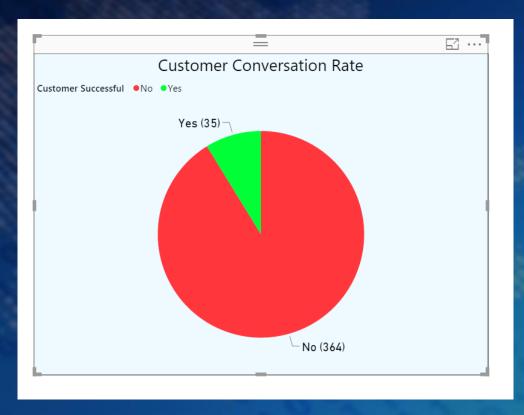


#### Sample Reports

#### Website Browsing Hour Distribution

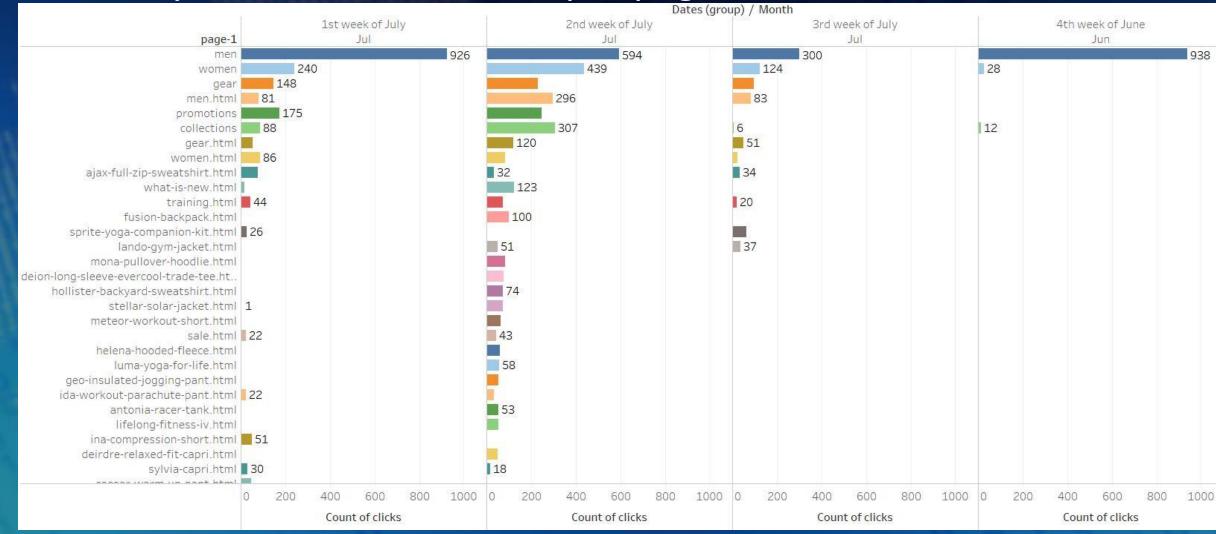


#### **Customer Conversion Rate**



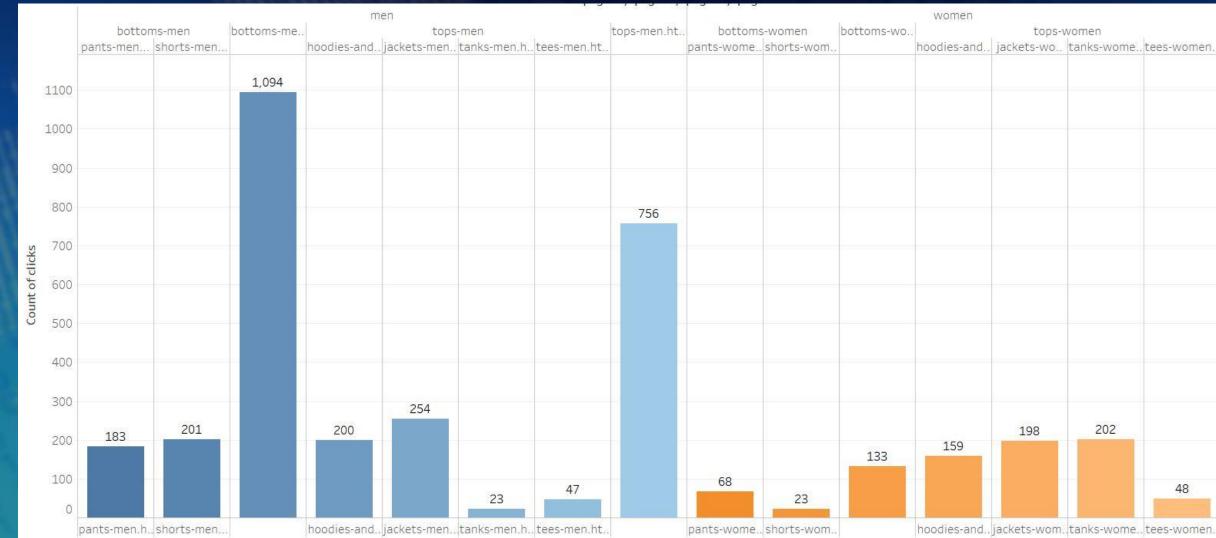


#### Weekly Distribution of Clicks per page





#### **Most Popular Product Category**



#### Challenges Faced

- eCommerce Website Setup
- Multi-node cluster creation on Amazon Ec2
- Cloudera Hadoop Installation on cluster
- Parsing links to get detailed information about Product Category and sub-category





#### Learnings and Conclusion

- Implementation of an end to end project
- Technology Stack worked on:

























#### Special Thanks

- Thanks to our entire Capstone Faculty team and Sponsor for timely guidance
- Bi-weekly progress reports helped us to get a reality check of the project
- Great learning experience



## Any Questions?





## Thank You!!!

