

Homework

B812109014 五
工三 江采彤

- Calculate the gradient of divergence: $P = 2xyz^2$

$$\nabla \cdot P = \frac{\partial P}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial P}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial P}{\partial z} = 2yz^2 + 2xz^2 + 4xyz$$

$$\therefore \nabla \cdot P = V$$

$$\begin{aligned}\nabla(V) &= \nabla V = \frac{\partial V}{\partial x} \hat{i} + \frac{\partial V}{\partial y} \hat{j} + \frac{\partial V}{\partial z} \hat{k} \\ &= (2z^2 + 4yz) \hat{i} + (2z^2 + 4xz) \hat{j} + (4yz + 4xz + 4xy) \hat{k}\end{aligned}$$

- Calculate the Laplacian: $P = 2xyz^2$

$$\nabla^2 P = \frac{\partial^2 P}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 P}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2 P}{\partial z^2} = 4xy$$

- Calculate the divergence of

$$\vec{V} = (z(b - cx)^2) \hat{e}_x + (2cy + 2xy) \hat{e}_y + (3axz + bxy) \hat{e}_z$$

$$\begin{aligned}\nabla \cdot \vec{V} &= \frac{\partial V_x}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial V_y}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial V_z}{\partial z} \\ &= -2cz(b - cx) + 2c + 2x + 3az\end{aligned}$$

- Calculate the gradient of P in cylindrical coordinates: $P = 2rz + 3z^2$

$$\begin{aligned}\nabla P &= \frac{\partial P}{\partial r} \hat{r} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial P}{\partial \theta} \hat{\theta} + \frac{\partial P}{\partial z} \hat{z} \\ &= (2z) \hat{r} + 0 \hat{\theta} + (2r + 6z) \hat{z}\end{aligned}$$

- Calculate the divergence of \vec{V} in cylindrical coordinates

$$\vec{V} = 5rz \hat{e}_r + 2r \hat{e}_\theta + 3rz^2 \hat{e}_z$$

$$\begin{aligned}\nabla \cdot \vec{V} &= \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial V_r}{\partial r} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial V_\theta}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\partial V_z}{\partial z} \\ &= \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial 5rz^2}{\partial r} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial 2r}{\partial \theta} + \frac{\partial 3rz^2}{\partial z} = 10z + 6rz\end{aligned}$$