

# **SnowBe Incident Response Policy**

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## **1. Purpose**

The purpose of this policy is to establish a consistent approach for detecting, responding to, and recovering from information security incidents that affect SnowBe systems, data, and operations. A structured incident response helps limit damage, reduce recovery time, and protect the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of SnowBe's information assets.

## **2. Scope**

This policy applies to all SnowBe personnel, systems, third-party vendors, and service providers that use or manage SnowBe's IT infrastructure, data, or services. It covers both confirmed and suspected security incidents, regardless of size or impact.

## **3. Roles and Responsibilities**

- Incident Response Team (IRT) – Coordinates and manages response efforts, conducts root cause analysis, and documents the incident.
- IT Administrator – Assists in isolating affected systems, restoring services, and collecting forensic evidence.
- Department Heads – Ensure staff report incidents promptly and comply with response procedures.
- Employees and Users – Must report suspicious activity or incidents immediately to IT Security.

## **4. Definitions**

- Security Incident: Anything that threatens the confidentiality, integrity, or availability of information and systems.
- Incident Response: An organized plan on how to handle security incidents effectively and efficiently.
- Containment: Actions taken to limit the spread or impact of an incident.
- Recovery: Steps to restore systems and data to normal operation.

## **5. Policy**

- All employees must report any suspected or real security incidents immediately to the IT Security Team.

- SnowBe will maintain an Incident Response Plan that includes detection, analysis, containment, eradication, recovery, and post-incident review.
- The Incident Response Team must begin investigation within 1 hour of receiving a high-priority incident report.
- All incidents must be documented, including the timeline, actions taken, impact, and resolution steps.
- Containment efforts should prioritize limiting damage while preserving evidence for analysis.
- Recovery procedures must follow approved protocols to ensure system stability and data integrity.
- A root cause analysis and lessons learned review must be conducted after major incidents.
- Incidents involving customer or personal data breaches must be reported to compliance within 24 hours.