

# EE-657 Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning

## Assignment



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## 1.Character Recognition using Bayesian Classifier:

The mean and covariance matrices are estimated from the training data using Maximum likelihood techniques.

1a)

We have taken 5 models for computing covariance matrix:

Model-1: Separate covariance matrix for each class

Model-2: pooled covariance matrix (diagonal)

Model-3: The samples across all the classes are pooled together to get a common covariance matrix

Model-4: Identity covariance matrix

Model-5: Diagonal covariance matrix

Accuracy of individual character of each class are:

acc =

e   c   i

Model-1: 85   89   100

Model-2: 86   85   100

Model-3: 88   96   100

Model-4: 100   100   100

Model-5: 72   71   100

Accuracy for each model is :

acc\_model =

Model-1: 91.3333

Model-2: 90.3333

Model-3: 94.6667

Model-4: 100.0000

Model-5: 81.0000

1b)

Examples of samples that are misclassified in test set-1(e) in each of the classifiers:

Samples misclassified using model-1:



This 4 images are misclassified as C

Samples misclassified by model-2:



This 4 images are misclassified as C

Samples misclassified by model-3:



This 4 images are misclassified as C

Samples misclassified by model-5:



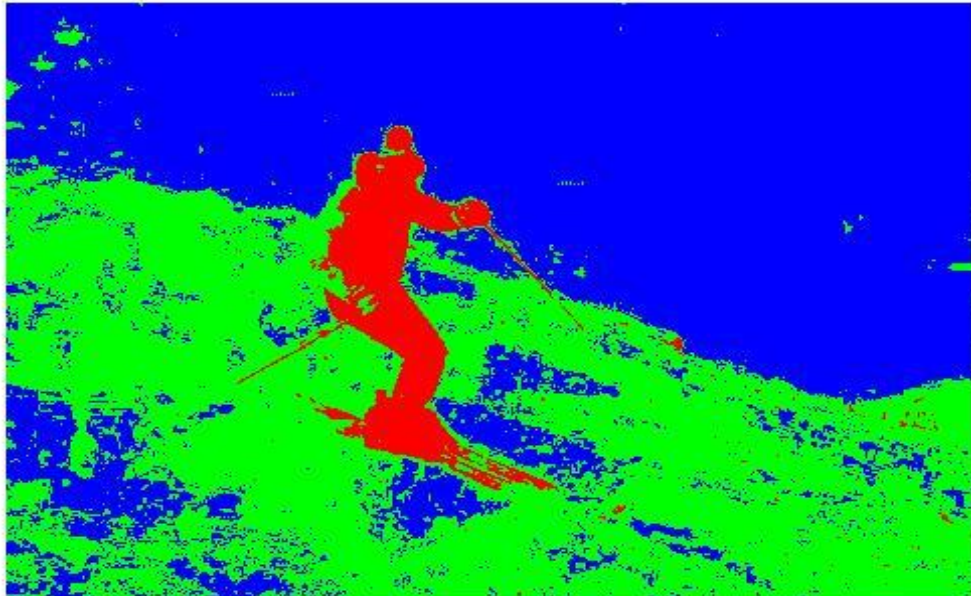
The First image is misclassified as l, Remaning 3 are misclassified as c.

## 2.GMM Based Clustering:

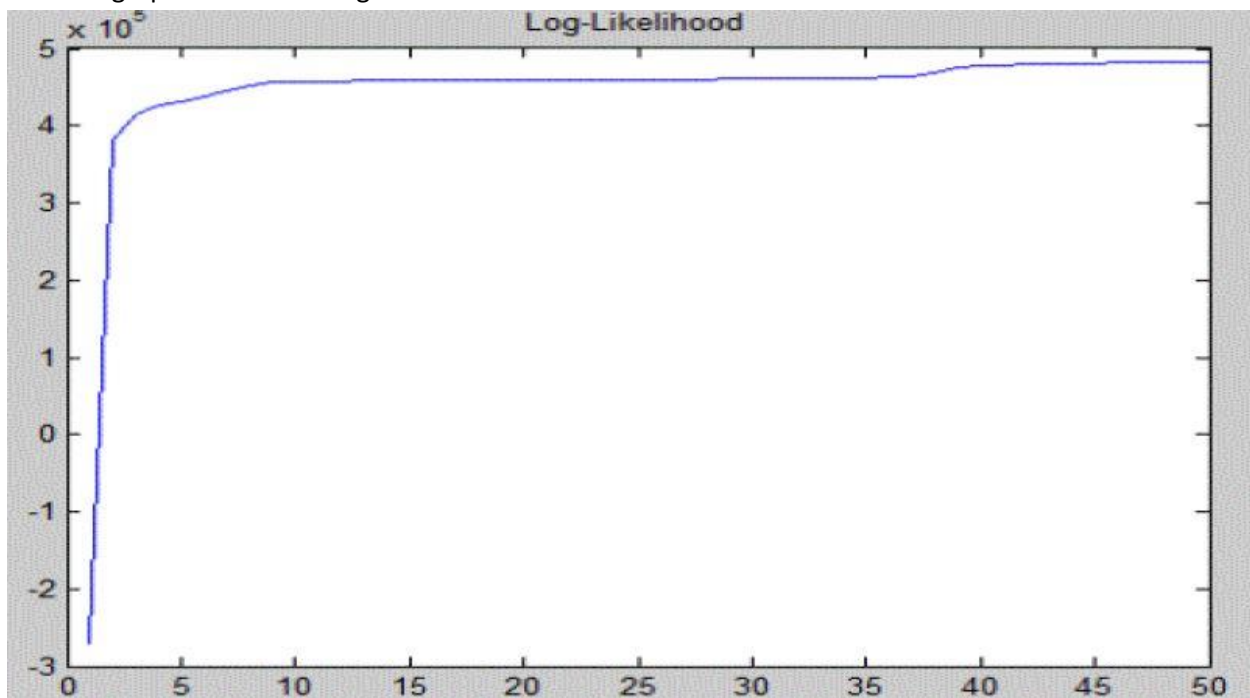
An identity covariance matrix is assumed in the beginning for each of the components.

and  $[\pi_1 \pi_2 \pi_3] = [1/3 \ 1/3 \ 1/3]$  at the start of the iteration.

After 50 iterations we got the segmented output as:



and the graph for the convergence of likelihood is:



Final values of means and covariance matrices are:

mean =

0.6074 0.2437 0.6751

0.7120 0.2773 0.7493

0.8140 0.3471 0.7964

covar1 =

0.0101 0.0096 0.0047

0.0094 0.0091 0.0046

0.0047 0.0045 0.0025

covar2 =

0.0347 0.0280 0.0286

0.0278 0.0261 0.0288

0.0286 0.0288 0.0348

covar3 =

0.0439 0.0388 0.0248

0.0388 0.0347 0.0226

0.0249 0.0226 0.0166

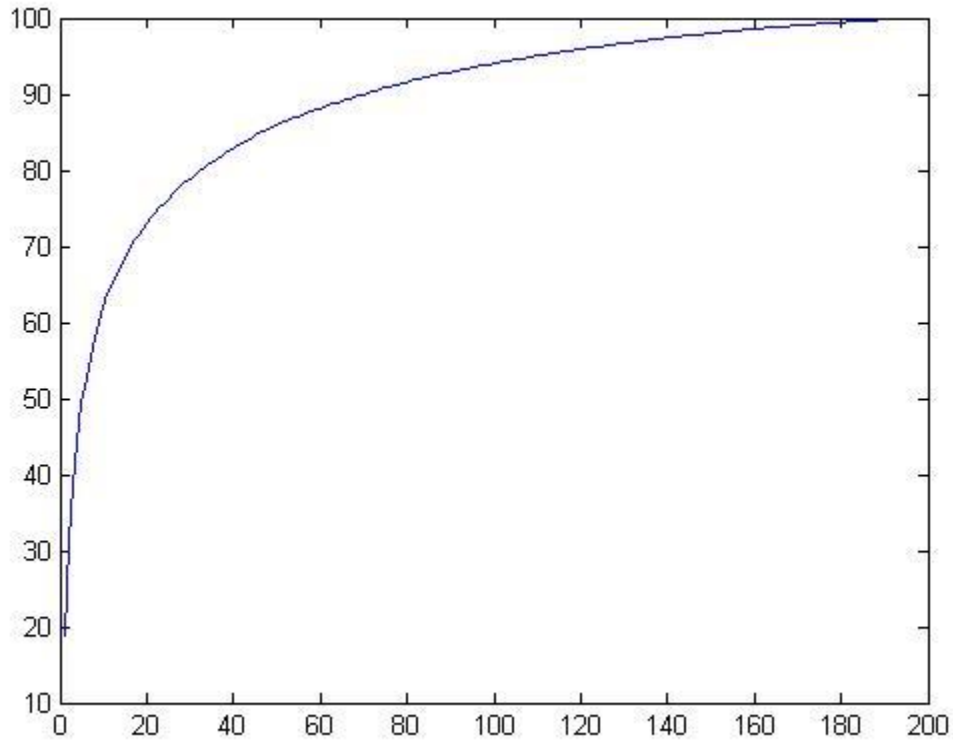
### 3. Face Recognition using PCA:

- i) The eigen faces of top 5 eigen values of covariance matrix are:



ii)

Graph depicting percentage of total variance of the original data retained in the reduced space versus dimensions:



The minimum number of dimensions required for projecting the face vectors so that atleast 95% of the total variance of the original data is accounted in for the reduced space is 110.

iii)

Image of 'face\_input\_1.pgm' reconstructed using eigen vector of largest eigen value:



Meansquared error=0.3512

Face reconstructed using top 15 eigen faces:



Meansquared error=0.2322

Image reconstructed using all Eigen faces:

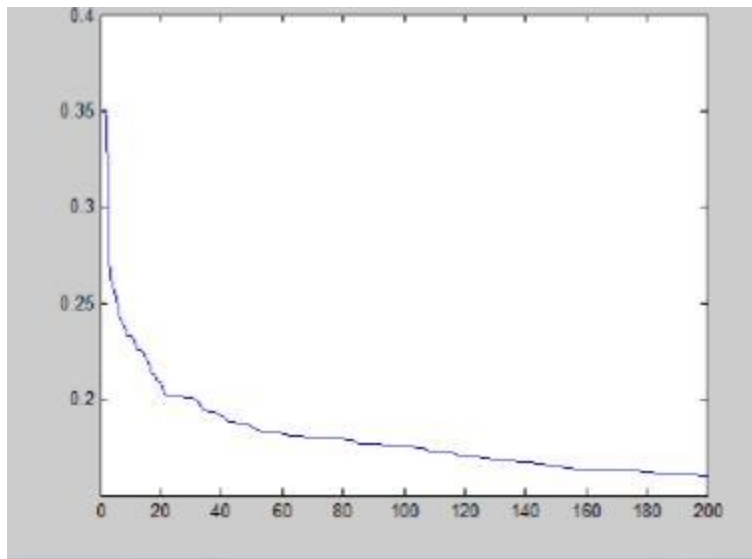


Meansquared error=0.1499

iv)

Graph depicting meansquare error versus number of eigen faces:





v)

Image of 'face\_input\_2.pgm' reconstructed using eigen vector of largest eigen value:



Mean squared error=0.3491

Face reconstructed using top 15 eigens:



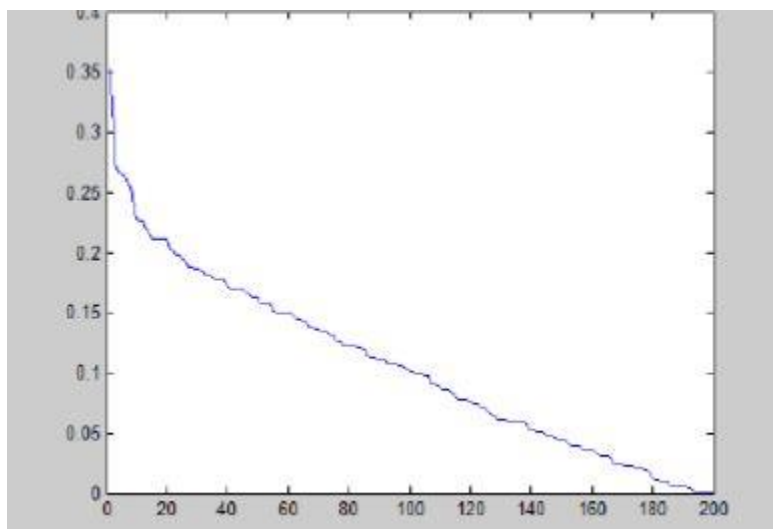
Means squared error=0.2011

Image reconstructed using all Eigen faces:



Means squared error=0.0061

Graph depicting meanssquare error versus number of eigen faces:



## 4. Support vector Machines:

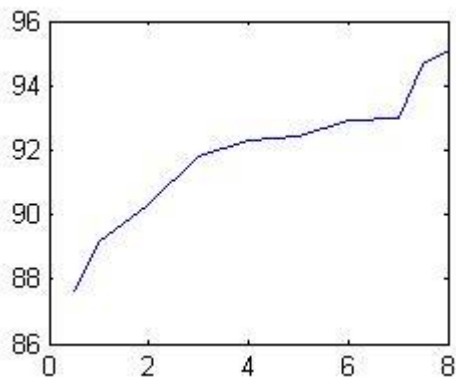
SVM classifier for the classes w1,w2,w3 was built using Radial Basis Function kernel.

The recognition accuracy on the test data Test1.mat,Test2.mat,Test3.mat for different values of penalty factors C and precisions 'gamma' of radial basis function were found as follows:

$C = [0.5, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 7.5, 7.7, 8]$

$\text{Gamma} = [0.0625, 0.125, 0.25, 0.5, 0.5, 0.5, 0.5, 0.25, 0.5, 0.54, 0.55]$

$\text{Acc} = [87.6667, 89.1667, 90.3333, 91.8333, 88.3, 90.0, 91.667, 93, 82.667, 94.667, 95.10]$



Plot depicting C vs Accuracy