## Introduction to Statistical Methods S1-23\_AIMLCZC418 - Assignment 2

## **AIML Section - 4**

Each question carries 2.5 Marks (4 x 2.5 = 10 Marks)

Duration: 23 February 2024 – 10 March 2024

- 1) Submissions are individual
- 2) Solve these on paper, scan, and upload
- 3) Plagiarism results in zero marks
- 4) Write your name, BITS ID and Section on each page.

## **Questions:**

**1.** The article "Effect of Internal Gas Pressure on the Compression Strength of Beverage Cans and Plastic Bottles" (*J. of Testing and Evaluation*, 1993: 129–131) includes the accompanying data on compression strength (lb) for a sample of 15-oz aluminium cans filled with strawberry drink and another sample filled with cola.

Does the data suggest that the extra carbonation of cola results in a higher average compression strength? Take  $\alpha = 0.05$ .

	sample size	sample mean	sample SD
Strawberry drink	15	540	21
Cola	15	554	15

- **2.** An automobile tyre manufacturer claims that the average life of a particular grade of tyre is more than 20,000 km. A random sample of 16 tyres is having mean 22,000 km with a standard deviation of 5000 km. Validate the claim of the manufacturer at 5% LOS.
- **3.** The severity of a disease and blood group were studied in a research project. The findings are given in the following table, known as the m x n contingency table. Can this severity of the condition and blood group are associated. Severity of a disease classified by blood group in 1500 patients. Test at 5% LOS.

Condition		Total			
	O	A	В	AB	Total
Severe	51	40	10	9	110
Moderate	105	103	25	17	250
Mild	384	527	125	104	1140
Total	540	670	160	130	1500

**4.** A random sample is selected from each of three makes of ropes and their breaking strength(pounds) are measured with the following results:

I	70	72	75	80	83		
II	100	110	108	112	113	120	107
III	60	65	57	84	87	73	

Test whether the breaking strength of ropes of three makes differ significantly at 5 % LOS.

ALL THE BEST	
--------------	--