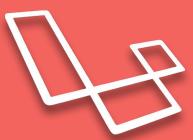


#### Content

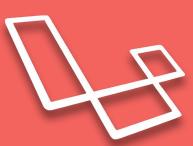
- History
- Composer
- Install Laravel
- Directory Structure
- Routing
- Blade Templating Engine
- Database & Eloquent



#### History

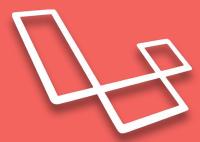
- DHH released first version of ruby on rails on 2004
- Some of php frameworks got inspired by RoR
- In 2010 taylor become dissatisfied with Codelgniter as

They were slow to catch up new features like namespaces



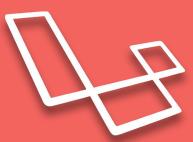
#### History

- Laravel 1 (June 2011) included built in support for (authentication routing models views ..)
- Laravel 2 (September 2011) included support for (controllers blade template engine IOC ...)
- Laravel 3 (February 2012) included support for (CLI Artisan - events - migrations - bundles - ..)



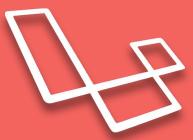
## History

- Laravel 4 (May 2013) taylor rewrote framework from scratch and developed set of components under code name Illuminate, and pulled majority of components from symfony also included support for ( seeding - soft delete - ..)
- Laravel 5 (Feb 2015) new directory tree structure and included support for (socialite - elixir - dotenv -...)



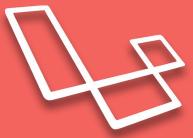
### Composer

- Composer is a dependency manager like npm for node or ruby gems for ruby.
- Download From here
   <a href="https://getcomposer.org/download/">https://getcomposer.org/download/</a>
- Make composer globally
   <a href="https://getcomposer.org/doc/00-intro.md#globally">https://getcomposer.org/doc/00-intro.md#globally</a>



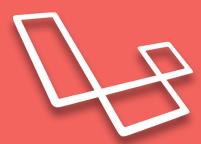
#### Install Laravel

https://laravel.com/docs/master/installation#installing-laravel



#### **Directory Structure**

- Laravel Version >= 5.4 you will see :-
- app/ --> where your application go like ( models controllers)
- bootstrap/ --> files laravel uses to boot every time
- config/ --> configuration files like (database configuration)
- database/ --> where (migrations seeds factories) exist
- public/ --> directory where server points to it when serving request it also contains (index.php)
- resources/ --> contains (views Saas -Less files ..)
- routes/ --> all routes definitions (Api console -http)



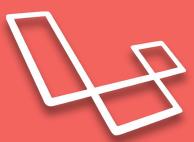
## **Directory Structure**

- storage/ --> where cache logs compiled files exist
- tests/ --> where unit & integration test exist
- vendor/ --> composer packages
- .env --> defines environments variables
- env.example --> same as above ,it should be copied when cloning other projects
- .gitattributes, .gitignore --> git configuration files
- artisan --> php script to run artisan commands



#### **Directory Structure**

- composer.json, composer.lock --> contains project dependencies
- package.json --> like composer.json for frontend assets
- phpunit.xml --> configuration for php unit
- readme.md --> markdown for laravel introduction
- server.php --> it's a server that emulate apache mod\_rewrite
- webpack.mix.js --> used for compiling and mixing frontend assets



## Routing

- Controller's Method

Route::get('/posts', 'PostsController@index');

- Parameters

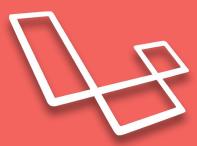
Route::get('/posts/{id}', 'PostsController@edit');



## Routing

- Named Routes

more at https://laravel.com/docs/master/routing

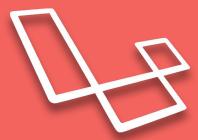


#### Blade

```
- Blade is inspired by .NET's Razor engine .
```

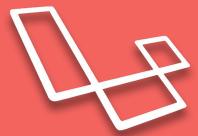
```
- echo data :- {{ $post }} instead of <?php echo $post ; ?>
```

```
- conditions :-
    @if ($post->name == 'firstPost')
    // do some stuff
    @endif
```



#### Blade

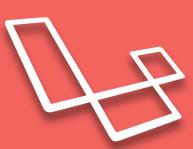
- looping:-@foreach(\$posts as \$post) //do some stuff @endforeach
- inheritance :- @exnteds('layouts.master')
- define sections :-@section('content')<h1> hello from the content@endsection



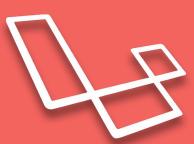
#### Blade

- printing sections :- @yield('content')
- including :- @include('scripts')
- Including with parameters : @include('post.form',['method' => 'POST'])

more at https://laravel.com/docs/master/blade#introduction

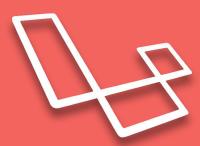


- Laravel ORM is called **Eloquent**
- Database configuration in .env file or from config/database.php.
- Laravel migration helps in making database persistent across multiple machines.
- DB facade used to form query builder object



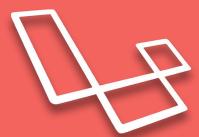
```
- $post = DB::table('posts')->find(20); //finds a row with id = 20
```

- \$posts = DB::table('posts')->get(); //get all rows in posts table
- \$singlePost = DB::table('posts')->where('slug',
   'FirstPost')->first(); //where conditions to query
- \$firstPost = DB::table('posts')->first(); //gets the first row

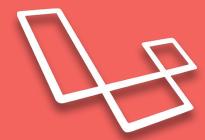


```
    DB::table('posts')->insert(
        ['title' => 'first post title', 'desc' => 'first post desc']
    ); //inserting a row
```

- DB::table('posts')->where('id', 1)->delete(); //deletes a row
- DB::table('posts')->where('id', 1)
   ->update(['title' => 'changed title post]);
   //update the post title only



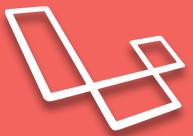
- php artisan make:model Post //create a new model class
- Laravel by default gets the plural name of model as a table name and makes query based on that
- Post::all() //will search in posts table and get all rows
- Post::create(['title' => 'first post', 'desc' => 'desc post');
   //this will give a MassAssignmentException unless you override \$fillable



Post::find(25)->update(['title' => 'update post title')
 //updates title for post with id 25

Post::where('votes', 23)->delete()

//deletes any post have votes with 23

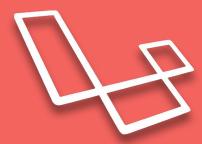


- To define a relation in Post model you will define a function in the class for example i want to say post have many sections.

```
//in Post model class

public function sections ()
{ return $this->hasMany(Section::class);}

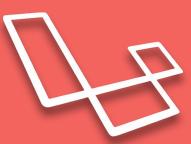
// in controller for example
$postSections = Post::find(23)->sections;
```



- Remember that query results are collection objects
- More at Eloquent <a href="https://laravel.com/docs/master/eloquent#introduction">https://laravel.com/docs/master/eloquent#introduction</a>
- More at Collections

  https://laravel.com/docs/master/collections#available-meth

  ods



## Lab 1 (Index & Destroy)

ITI Blog All Posts

Create Post

# Pagination Bonus	Title	Posted By	Created At	Actions
1	Learn PHP	Ahmed	2018-04-10	View Edit Delete
2	Solid Principles	Mohamed	2018-04-12	View Edit Delete
3	Design Patterns	Ali	2018-04-13	View Edit Delete

#### Pagination Bonus

Previous	1	2	3	Next
----------	---	---	---	------

#### Lab 1 (Create & Store)

ITI Blog All Posts

Title	
Description	
	7
Post Creator	
Ahmed	•
Create	

# Lab 1 (Edit & Update)

ITI Blog All Posts

Title	
Solid Principles	
Description	
in this post we are going to know the SOLID Principles , so you should be familiar with OOP	,
Post Creator	
Mohamed	*
Update	

#### Lab 1 (Show)

ITI Blog All Posts

Post Info

Title:- Special title treatment

Description :-

With supporting text below as a natural lead-in to additional content.

Post Creator Info

Name: - Ahmed

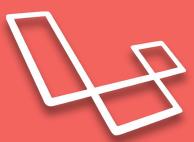
Email: - ahmed@gmail.com

Created At :- Thursday 25th of December 1975 02:15:16 PM

(Search in carbon documentation to know how to format it like this)

#### Lab 1

- We will make CRUD operation on Posts
- Implement Resource Controller methods like screenshots (Index,Create,Edit,Update,Destroy,Show) <a href="https://laravel.com/docs/master/controllers#resource-controllers">https://laravel.com/docs/master/controllers#resource-controllers</a>
- All Posts is a link that redirect back to /posts route
- When i Click on Delete you must show a warning before deleting and i choose between yes to confirm Delete or no



#### Lab 1

- In Index & Show page, the Created At is formated, so make sure to read carbon documentation https://carbon.nesbot.com/docs/
- In Edit Or Create Post Creator Field must be drop down list of users
- Bonus: Add pagination to Index page
   https://laravel.com/docs/master/pagination
- Bonus:- make Accessor that returns human readable carbon to be used in posts/{id}
   <a href="https://laravel.com/docs/master/eloquent-mutators#defining-an-accessor">https://laravel.com/docs/master/eloquent-mutators#defining-an-accessor</a>

