

## **PROBLEM STATEMENT – 3**

### **General Guidelines for submission:**

1. Create a GitHub Repository.
2. Naming convention: **<SRN1>\_<SRN2>\_<SRN3>\_<SRN4>\_Project title** (srn in ascending order).
3. Weekly progress according to the problem statement assigned must be pushed to the repository and this will be considered carefully while evaluating.
4. Each team's weekly progress update in the repository must be shown to the teachers in class.

### **Problem statement: Microservices communication using RabbitMQ**

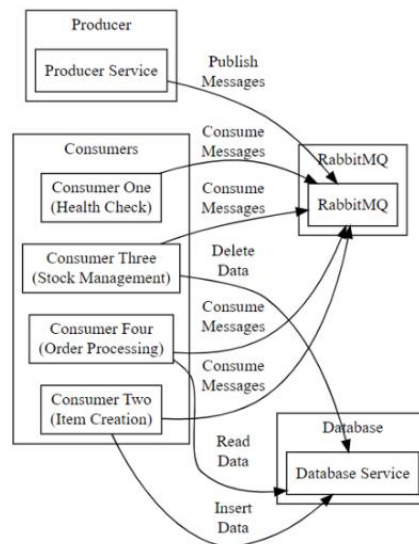
#### **Description:**

Build an *inventory management system*. The inventory management system aims to efficiently manage inventory items, track stock levels, and handle orders through a microservices architecture. The system will utilize RabbitMQ for inter-service communication and Docker for containerisation, ensuring scalability, modularity, and ease of deployment.

#### **Objectives:**

1. Scalable Architecture: Design a microservices architecture that allows independent development, deployment, and scaling of each component.
2. Robust Communication: Implement communication between microservices using RabbitMQ queues to ensure reliable message passing.
3. Functional Microservices: Develop microservices to handle specific tasks such as health checks, item creation, stock management, and order processing.
4. Database Integration: Integrate a database service to store inventory data and ensure proper CRUD operations.
5. Containerization: Containerize the application using Docker to provide consistency and portability across different environments.
6. Testing and Documentation: Conduct thorough testing to ensure the system functions as expected and provide comprehensive documentation for setup, usage, and maintenance.

## Sample Flow diagram:



## Deliverables:

### Week 1: Setup and Basic Implementation

- Setup Docker Environment:
  - Create Dockerfiles for each microservice.
  - Write a docker-compose.yml file to define the services and network configurations.
  - Test Docker setup locally to ensure containers can communicate with each other.
- Implement RabbitMQ Communication:
  - Set up RabbitMQ container and network.
  - Implement basic RabbitMQ communication between producer and consumer services.
  - Test message passing between microservices via RabbitMQ queues.
- Develop HTTP Servers:
  - Choose a suitable web framework (e.g., Flask for Python) for implementing HTTP servers.
  - Implement HTTP endpoints for health checks, and CRUD operations related to inventory management.
  - Test HTTP servers locally to ensure they are functional.

## Week 2: Microservices Development

- Producer Service:
  - Develop the producer service responsible for constructing queues/exchanges and transferring data to consumers.
  - Implement the HTTP server to listen to health\_check and CRUD requests.
  - Test the producer service to ensure it interacts correctly with RabbitMQ and handles HTTP requests.
- Consumer Services:
  - Implement consumer services (consumer\_one to consumer\_four) to handle specific tasks like health checks, item creation, stock management, and order processing.
  - Ensure each consumer service can communicate with RabbitMQ and perform its designated actions.
  - Test each consumer service individually to verify its functionality.

## Week 3: Integration and Testing

- Integration Testing:
  - Integrate all microservices into the Docker environment.
  - Perform end-to-end testing to ensure seamless communication between microservices via RabbitMQ queues.
  - Test various scenarios to ensure the proper functioning of the inventory management system.

### Sample file structure:

```
├─ <inventory-management-project-directory>
│   ├── docker-compose.yml
│   ├── producer
│   │   ├── producer.py
│   │   ├── Dockerfile
│   │   └── requirements.txt
│   ├── consumer_one
│   │   ├── healthcheck.py
│   │   ├── Dockerfile
│   │   └── requirements.txt
│   ├── consumer_two
│   │   ├── item_creation.py
│   │   ├── Dockerfile
│   │   └── requirements.txt
│   ├── consumer_three
│   │   ├── stock_management.py
│   │   ├── Dockerfile
│   │   └── requirements.txt
│   ├── consumer_four
│   │   ├── order_processing.py
│   │   ├── Dockerfile
│   │   └── requirements.txt
│   └── database_service
```