### Neural Architectures and Evaluation Protocols for Open Information Extraction

Thesis submitted by

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under the guidance of

Prof. Mausam

in partial fulfilment of the requirements for the award of the degree of

Bachelor of Technology



Department Of Computer Science and Engineering INDIAN INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY DELHI

July 2020

#### THESIS CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the thesis titled **Neural Architectures and Evaluation Protocols** for Open Information Extraction, submitted by Samarth Aggarwal, to the Indian Institute of Technology, Delhi, for the award of the degree of Bachelor of Technology, is a bona fide record of the research work done by him under our supervision. The contents of this thesis, in full or in parts, have not been submitted to any other Institute or University for the award of any degree or diploma.

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Professor
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IIT-Delhi, 110 016

Place: New Delhi Date: 10th July 2020

### ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

TO BE ADDED

I thank IIT Delhi HPC Facility for compute resources.

#### ABSTRACT

Open Information Extraction refers to the task of obtaining relation tuples from a sentence. For eg. the sentence "Donald Trump is the president of United States." yields (Donald Trump; is the president of; United States) as its OpenIE tuple.

The Open IE paradigm is a useful intermediary for a variety of down-stream tasks such as sentence similarity, event schema induction, text comprehension, knowledge base completion, and more. There have been several attempts at building OpenIE systems that explored rule-based such as OllIE, OpenIE-4 and OpenIE-5. Another wave of OpenIE systems that followed, comprised of neural approaches such as RnnOIE and? ]. However, the existing openie systems suffer from a wide range of problems. The rule-based systems suffered from cascading errors from a large number of components in succession. The existing neural OpenIE systems, although were able to solve some of these issues to a certain extent, were still far from ideal. Infact, they introduced other problems such as redundancy in their outputs. Together these factors solicit an OpenIE system that is able to overcome the issues pertaining to OpenIE.

Although human inspection revealed that the existing systems were not up to the mark, yet these systems scored high on the existing state-of-the-art OpenIE benchmarks such as [?]. This means that the existing benchmarks do not correlate well with how humans evaluate OpenIE. In response, we contribute CaRB [?], with a high-quality crowdsourced gold dataset and intuitive evaluation policies that correlate well with human judgement of OpenIE. CaRB establishes itself as the new state of the art OpenIE benchmark.

CaRB evaluation of the ? ], then state of the art OpenIE systems, confirms its inept performance. We contribute IMoJIE [? ], a neural OpenIE model that outperforms the previous state of the art by about 18 F1 points. It reduces the redundancy in output extractions significantly. Along with it, IMoJIE also presents a novel approach that can be used to generation high-quality training data from multiple low quality datasets.

Although IMoJIE improves the quality of OpenIE tuples significantly, this improvement comes at the cost of speed of extraction. We design a MLIL architecture to overcome the issue of speed of extraction and also obtain further performance nudges from it. This approach also yields a coordination analyzer that significantly improves the yield of the MLIL model.

In the end, we analyse the milestones covered in the world of OpenIE and contribute some ideas for future research.

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### ABBREVIATIONS

IITD Indian Institute of Technology, Delhi

**RTFM** Read the Fine Manual

### NOTATION

r	Radius, $m$
$\alpha$	Angle of thesis in degree
$\beta$	Flight path in degrees

#### Sample Chapter

This document provides a simple template of how the provided iitddiss.cls LaTeX class is to be used. Also provided are several useful tips to do various things that might be of use when you write your thesis.

To compile your sources run the following from the command line:

```
% pdflatex thesis.tex
% bibtex thesis
% pdflatex thesis.tex
% pdflatex thesis.tex
```

Modify this suitably for your sources.

To generate PDF's with the links from the hyperref package use the following command:

```
% dvipdfm -o thesis.pdf thesis.dvi
```

#### 1.1 Package Options

Use this thesis as a basic template to format your thesis. The **iitddiss** class can be used by simply using something like this:

```
\documentclass[PhD] {iitddiss}
```

To change the title page for different degrees just change the option from PhD to one of MS, MTech or BTech. The dual degree pages are not supported yet but should be quite easy to add. The title page formatting really depends on how large or small your thesis title is. Consequently it might require some hand tuning. Edit your version of iitddiss.cls suitably to do this. I recommend that this be done once your title is final.

To write a synopsis simply use the **synopsis.tex** file as a simple template. The synopsis option turns this on and can be used as shown below.

```
\documentclass[PhD, synopsis]{iitddiss}
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Once again the title page may require some small amount of fine tuning. This is again easily done by editing the class file.

This sample file uses the hyperref package that makes all labels and references clickable in both the generated DVI and PDF files. These are very useful when reading the document online and do not affect the output when the files are printed.

#### 1.2 Example Figures and tables

Fig. 2.1 shows a simple figure for illustration along with a long caption. The formatting of the caption text is automatically single spaced and indented. Table 2.1 shows a sample table with the caption placed correctly. The caption for this should always be placed before the table as shown in the example.

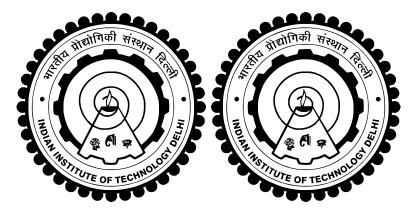


Figure 1.1: Two IITD logos in a row. This is also an illustration of a very long figure caption that wraps around two two lines. Notice that the caption is single-spaced.

Table 1.1: A sample table with a table caption placed appropriately. This caption is also very long and is single-spaced. Also notice how the text is aligned.

x	$x^2$
1	1
2	4
3	9
4	16
5	25
6	36
7	49
8	64

### 1.3 Bibliography with BIBT<sub>E</sub>X

I strongly recommend that you use BIBTEX to automatically generate your bibliography. It makes managing your references much easier. It is an excellent way to organize your references and reuse them. You can use one set of entries for your references and cite them in your thesis, papers and reports. If you haven't used it anytime before please invest some time learning how to use it.

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More information on BIBT<sub>E</sub>X is available in the book by [?]. There are many references [??] that explain how to use BIBT<sub>E</sub>X. Read the natbib package documentation for more details on how to cite things differently.

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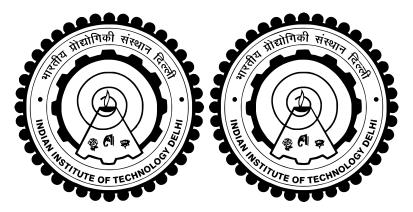


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Literature Survey

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IMoJIE - Iterative Memory Based Joint Open IE

# Remaining Problems

# Conjunction Splitting

# MLIL - Multi Level Iterative Labelling

# Milestones of OpenIE

Future Ideas

# Appendix A

### A SAMPLE APPENDIX

Just put in text as you would into any chapter with sections and whatnot. Thats the end of it.

### LIST OF PAPERS BASED ON THESIS

- 1. Authors.... Title... Journal, Volume, Page, (year).
- 2. Authors.... Title... Journal, Volume, Page, (year).