



Maharashtra State Board of Technical Education, Mumbai
Teaching and Examination Scheme for Post S.S.C. Diploma Courses

Program Name : Computer Engineering Groups

Program Code : CO/CM/CW

Duration of Program : 6 Semesters

With Effect From Academic Year: 2017 - 18

Semester : Third

Duration : 16 Weeks

S. N.	Course Title	Course Abbreviation	Course Code	Teaching Scheme			Credit (L+T+P)	Examination Scheme														Grand Total		
				L	T	P		Theory								Practical								
								Exam Duration in Hrs.	ESE		PA		Total		ESE		PA		Total					
									Max Marks	Min Marks	Max Marks	Min Marks	Max Marks	Min Marks	Max Marks	Min Marks	Max Marks	Min Marks	Max Marks	Min Marks				
1	Object Oriented Programming Using C++	OOP	22316	3	2	2	7	3	70	28	30*	00	100	40	25@	10	25	10	50	20	150			
2	Data Structure Using 'C'	DSU	22317	3	-	2	5	3	70	28	30*	00	100	40	25#	10	25	10	50	20	150			
3	Computer Graphics	CGR	22318	3	-	2	5	3	70	28	30*	00	100	40	25@	10	25	10	50	20	150			
4	Database Management System	DMS	22319	4	2	2	8	3	70	28	30*	00	100	40	25#	10	25	10	50	20	150			
5	Digital Techniques	DTE	22320	4	-	2	6	3	70	28	30*	00	100	40	25#	10	25	10	50	20	150			
Total				17	4	10	31	--	350	--	150	--	500	--	125	--	125	--	250	--	750			

Student Contact Hours Per Week: **31 Hrs.**

Medium of Instruction: **English**

Theory and practical periods of 60 minutes each.

Total Marks : 750

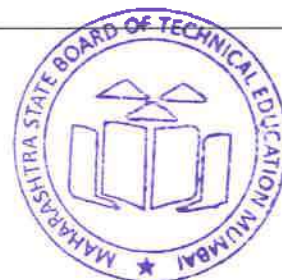
Abbreviations: ESE- End Semester Exam, PA- Progressive Assessment, L - Lectures, T - Tutorial, P - Practical

@ Internal Assessment, # External Assessment, *# On Line Examination, ^ Computer Based Assessment

* Under the theory PA, Out of 30 marks, 10 marks are for micro-project assessment to facilitate integration of COs and the remaining 20 marks is the average of 2 tests to be taken during the semester for the assessment of the cognitive domain LOs required for the attainment of the COs.

~ For the courses having ONLY Practical Examination, the PA marks Practical Part - with 60% weightage and Micro-Project Part with 40% weightage

- **If Candidate not securing minimum marks for passing in the "PA" part of practical of any course of any semester then the candidate shall be declared as "Detained" for that semester.**



Program Name : Computer Engineering Program Group
Program Code : CO/CM/IF/CW
Semester : Third
Course Title : Object Oriented Programming using C++
Course Code : 22316

1. RATIONALE

In the modern world of Information technology, the Object Oriented Programming has become the most preferred approach for software development. It offers a powerful way to cope up with complexity of real world problems. Among the OOP languages available, C++ is the primitive language which develops fundamental understanding of Object Oriented Concepts. This course enables students to develop programs in 'C++' using Object Oriented Programming approach.

2. COMPETENCY

The aim of this course is to help the student to attain the following industry identified competency through various teaching learning experiences:

- **Develop applications Using OOPs concepts in C++.**

3. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

The theory, practical experiences and relevant soft skills associated with this course are to be taught and implemented, so that the student demonstrates the following *industry oriented* COs associated with the above mentioned competency:

- Develop C++ programs to solve problems using Procedure Oriented Approach.
- Develop C++ programs using classes and objects.
- Implement Inheritance in C++ program.
- Use Polymorphism in C++ program.
- Develop C++ programs to perform file operations.

4. TEACHING AND EXAMINATION SCHEME

Teaching Scheme			Credit (L+T+P)	Examination Scheme														
L	T	P		Theory								Practical						
				Paper Hrs.	ESE		PA		Total		ESE		PA		Total			
					Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min		
3	2	2	7	3	70	28	30*	00	100	40	25@	10	25	10	50	20		

(*): Under the theory PA; Out of 30 marks, 10 marks of theory PA are for micro-project assessment to facilitate integration of COs and the remaining 20 marks is the average of 2 tests to be taken during the semester for the assessment of the UOs required for the attainment of the COs.

Legends: L-Lecture; T – Tutorial/Teacher Guided Theory Practice; P - Practical; C – Credit, ESE - End Semester Examination; PA - Progressive Assessment

5. COURSE MAP (with sample COs, PrOs, UOs, ADOs and topics)

This course map illustrates an overview of the flow and linkages of the topics at various levels of outcomes (details in subsequent sections) to be attained by the student by the end of the



course, in all domains of learning in terms of the industry/employer identified competency depicted at the centre of this map.

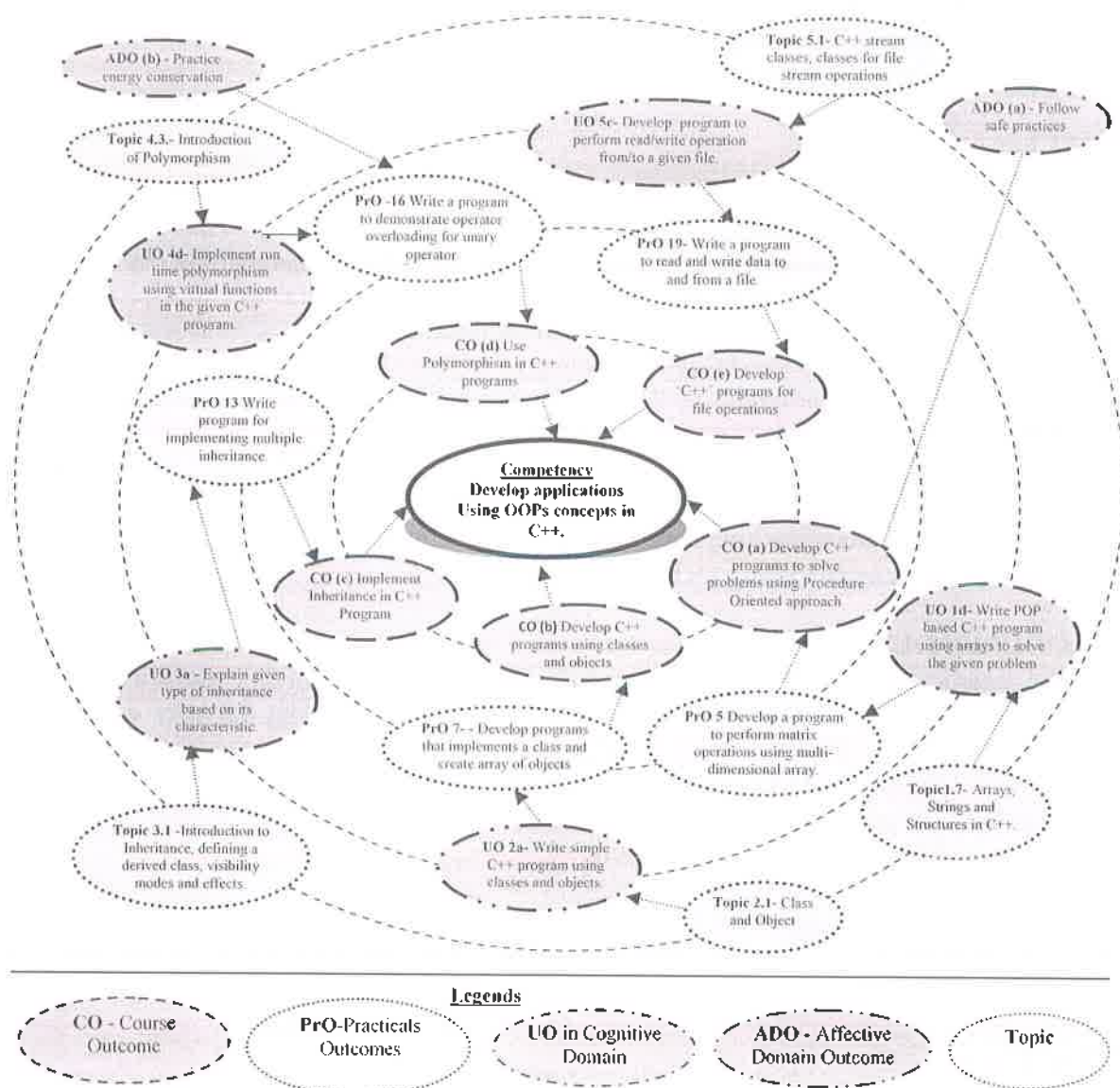


Figure 1 - Course Map

6. SUGGESTED PRACTICALS/ EXERCISES

The practicals in this section are PrOs (i.e. sub-components of the COs) to be developed and assessed in the student for the attainment of the competency:

Sr. No.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)	Unit No.	Approx. Hrs. Required
1	Develop minimum 2 programs using constants, variables, arithmetic expression, operators, exhibiting data type conversion.	I	02*
2	Develop a program to implement decision making statements (If-else, switch).	I	02
3	Develop a program to demonstrate control structures (for, while, do-while).	I	02

Sr. No.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)	Unit No.	Approx. Hrs. Required
4	Develop a program to implement 1-dimension array.	I	02 *
5	Develop a program to perform matrix operations using multi-dimensional array.	I	02
6	Develop programs that implements a class and use it with objects.	II	02*
7	Develop programs that implements a class and create array of objects.	II	02*
8	Write a program to implement friend function.	II	02*
9	Write a program to implement inline function.	II	02
10	Write a program to implement all types of constructors (constructor overloading) with destructor.	II	02*
11	Write a program for implementing single inheritance	III	02*
12	Write a program for implementing multi level inheritance.	III	02
13	Write a program for implementing multiple inheritance.	III	02*
14	Develop minimum 1 program to demonstrate Pointer to object.	IV	01 *
15	Develop minimum 1 program to demonstrate Pointer to derived class	IV	01 *
16	Write a program to demonstrate operator overloading for Unary operator.	IV	02
17	Write a program to demonstrate operator overloading for Binary operator	IV	02
18	Write a program to demonstrate function overloading	IV	02*
19	Write a program to read and write data to and from a file.	V	02
Total			38

Note

- A suggestive list of **PrOs** is given in the above table. More such **PrOs** can be added to attain the **COs** and competency. A judicious mix of minimum 12 or more practical need to be performed, out of which, the practicals marked as '*' are compulsory, so that the student reaches the 'Precision Level' of Dave's 'Psychomotor Domain Taxonomy' as generally required by the industry.
- The 'Process' and 'Product' related skills associated with each **PrO** is to be assessed according to a suggested sample given below:

S. No.	Performance Indicators	Weightage in %
a.	Correctness of algorithm	40
b.	Debugging ability	20
c.	Quality of input and output displayed (messaging and formatting)	10
d.	Answer to sample questions	20
e.	Submit report in time	10
Total		100

The above **PrOs** also comprise of the following social skills/attitudes which are Affective Domain Outcomes (ADOs) that are best developed through the laboratory/field based experiences:



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Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs) (in cognitive domain)	Topics and Sub-topics
Unit- II Classes and Objects	2a. Develop relevant friend functions to solve the given problem. 2b. Write C++ program to use array of given objects. 2c. Write C++ program to create the given object using constructor. 2d. Write program to delete the given object using destructor in C++ program.	2.1 Class & Object: Introduction, specifying a class, access specifies, defining member functions, creating Objects, memory allocations for objects. 2.2 Static data members, static member function, friend Function 2.3 Array of Objects, Object as function arguments. 2.4 Concepts of Constructors, Types of constructors. 2.5 Multiple Constructors in a Class, Constructors with default arguments. 2.6 Destructors.
Unit-III Extending classes using Inheritance	3a. Explain given type of inheritance based on its characteristic. 3b. Implement given type of inheritance in C++ program. 3c. Write C++ program using virtual base class. 3d. Use constructor in the given derived class.	3.1 Introduction to Inheritance, defining a derived class, visibility modes and effects. 3.2 Types of Inheritance : Single, multilevel, multiple, hierarchical, hybrid 3.3 Virtual base class, abstract class, constructors in derived class.
Unit -IV Pointers and Polymorphism in C++	4a. Create C++ programs to perform the given arithmetic operations using pointers. 4b. Use function overloading to solve the given problem 4c. Use operator overloading to solve the given problem 4d. Implement run time polymorphism using virtual functions in the given C++ program.	4.1 Concepts of Pointer: Pointer declaration, Pointer operator, address operator, Pointer arithmetic. 4.2 Pointer to Object: Pointer to Object, this pointer, Pointer to derived class. 4.3 Introduction of Polymorphism, Types of Polymorphism. 4.4 Compile time Polymorphism: Function overloading, operator overloading, overloading of unary and binary operators, Rules for operator overloading. 4.5 Run time polymorphism: Virtual functions, rules for virtual functions, pure virtual function
Unit-V File operations	5a. Identify relevant class for performing the given file operation. 5b. Write statement to open and close the given file in C++. 5c. Develop C++ program to perform read/write operation from/to the given file.	5.1 C++ stream classes, Classes for file stream operations. 5.2 Opening files, closing files, reading from and writing to files. 5.3 Detection of end of file, file modes.

Note: To attain the COs and competency, above listed UOs need to be undertaken to achieve the 'Application Level' of Bloom's 'Cognitive Domain Taxonomy'.

9. SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE FOR QUESTION PAPER DESIGN

Unit No.	Unit Title	Teaching Hours	Distribution of Theory Marks			
			R Level	U Level	A Level	Total Marks
I	Principles of Object Oriented Programming	08	2	4	8	14
II	Classes and Objects	14	2	4	12	18
IV	Inheritance: Extending classes	10	2	4	10	16
V	Pointers and Polymorphism in C++	10	-	4	10	14
VI	Working with files	06	-	2	6	08
Total		48	6	18	46	70

Legends: R=Remember, U=Understand, A=Apply and above (Bloom's Revised taxonomy)

Note: This specification table provides general guidelines to assist student for their learning and to teachers to teach and assess students with respect to attainment of UOs. The actual distribution of marks at different taxonomy levels (of R, U and A) in the question paper may vary from above table.

10. SUGGESTED STUDENT ACTIVITIES

Other than the classroom and laboratory learning, following are the suggested student-related **co-curricular** activities which can be undertaken to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course: Students should conduct following activities in group and prepare reports of about 5 pages for each activity, also collect/record physical evidences for their (student's) portfolio which will be useful for their placement interviews:

- Prepare journal of practicals.
- Undertake micro-projects using Object Oriented Concepts.

11. SUGGESTED SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES (if any)

These are sample strategies, which the teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various learning outcomes in this course:

- Massive open online courses (**MOOCs**) may be used to teach various topics/sub topics.
- 'L' in item No. 4 does not mean only the traditional lecture method, but different types of teaching methods and media that are to be employed to develop the outcomes.
- About **15-20% of the topics/sub-topics** which is relatively simpler or descriptive in nature is to be given to the students for **self-directed learning** and assess the development of the COs through classroom presentations (see implementation guideline for details).
- With respect to item No.10, teachers need to ensure to create opportunities and provisions for **co-curricular activities**.
- Guide student(s) in undertaking micro-projects.
- Demonstrate students thoroughly before they start doing the practice.
- Encourage students to refer different websites to have deeper understanding of the subject.
- Observe continuously and monitor the performance of students in Lab.

12. SUGGESTED MICRO-PROJECTS

Only one micro-project is planned to be undertaken by a student that needs to be assigned to him/her in the beginning of the semester. In the first four semesters, the micro-project are group-based. However, in the fifth and sixth semesters, it should be preferably be **individually** undertaken to build up the skill and confidence in every student to become problem solver so that s/he contributes to the projects of the industry. In special situations where groups have to be formed for micro-projects, the number of students in the group should **not exceed three**.

The micro-project could be industry application based, internet-based, workshop-based, laboratory-based or field-based. Each micro-project should encompass two or more COs which are in fact, an integration of PrOs, UOs and ADOs. Each student will have to maintain dated work diary consisting of individual contribution in the project work and give a seminar presentation of it before submission. The total duration of the micro-project should not be less than **16 (sixteen) student engagement hours** during the course. The student ought to submit micro-project by the end of the semester to develop the industry oriented COs.

A suggestive list of micro-projects are given here. Similar micro-projects could be added by the concerned faculty:

- Develop library management application.
- Develop hotel management application.
- Develop bank management application.
- Develop store management application.
- Develop hospital management application.
- Any other micro-projects suggested by subject faculty on similar line.
(Use Object Oriented concepts and may also use file handling features of 'C++' to develop above listed applications)

13. SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES

S. No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication
1	Object Oriented Programming with C++	Balgurusamy, E.	McGraw Hill Education, New Delhi 2015, ISBN: 9781259029936
2	The C++ Programming Language	Stroustrup, B.	Pearson Education, New Delhi 2015, ISBN: 9780201889543
3	Object Oriented Programming in C++	Lafore, R.	Sams Publication, New Delhi 2015, ISBN: 9780672323089
4	C++ The Complete Reference	Schildt, H.	McGraw Hill Professional, New Delhi 2015, ISBN: 9780072226805
5	Object Oriented Programming in C++	Subburaj, R.	Vikas Publication, New Delhi 2015, ISBN: 9789325969964
6	C++ Programming	Dr. Rajendra Kawale	Devraj Publications

14. SUGGESTED SOFTWARE/LEARNING WEBSITES

- https://www.tutorialspoint.com/cplusplus/cpp_object_oriented.htm
- <http://www.studytonight.com/cpp/cpp-and-oops-concepts.php>
- https://www3.ntu.edu.sg/home/ehchua/programming/cpp/cp3_OOP.html
- <https://www.hscripts.com/tutorials/cpp/cpp-oops-concepts.php>
- <https://www.khanacademy.org/>
- <http://www.nptel.ac.in>





This course map illustrates an overview of the flow and linkages of the topics at various levels of outcomes (details in subsequent sections) to be attained by the student by the end of the course, in all domains of learning in terms of the industry/employer identified competency depicted at the center of this map.

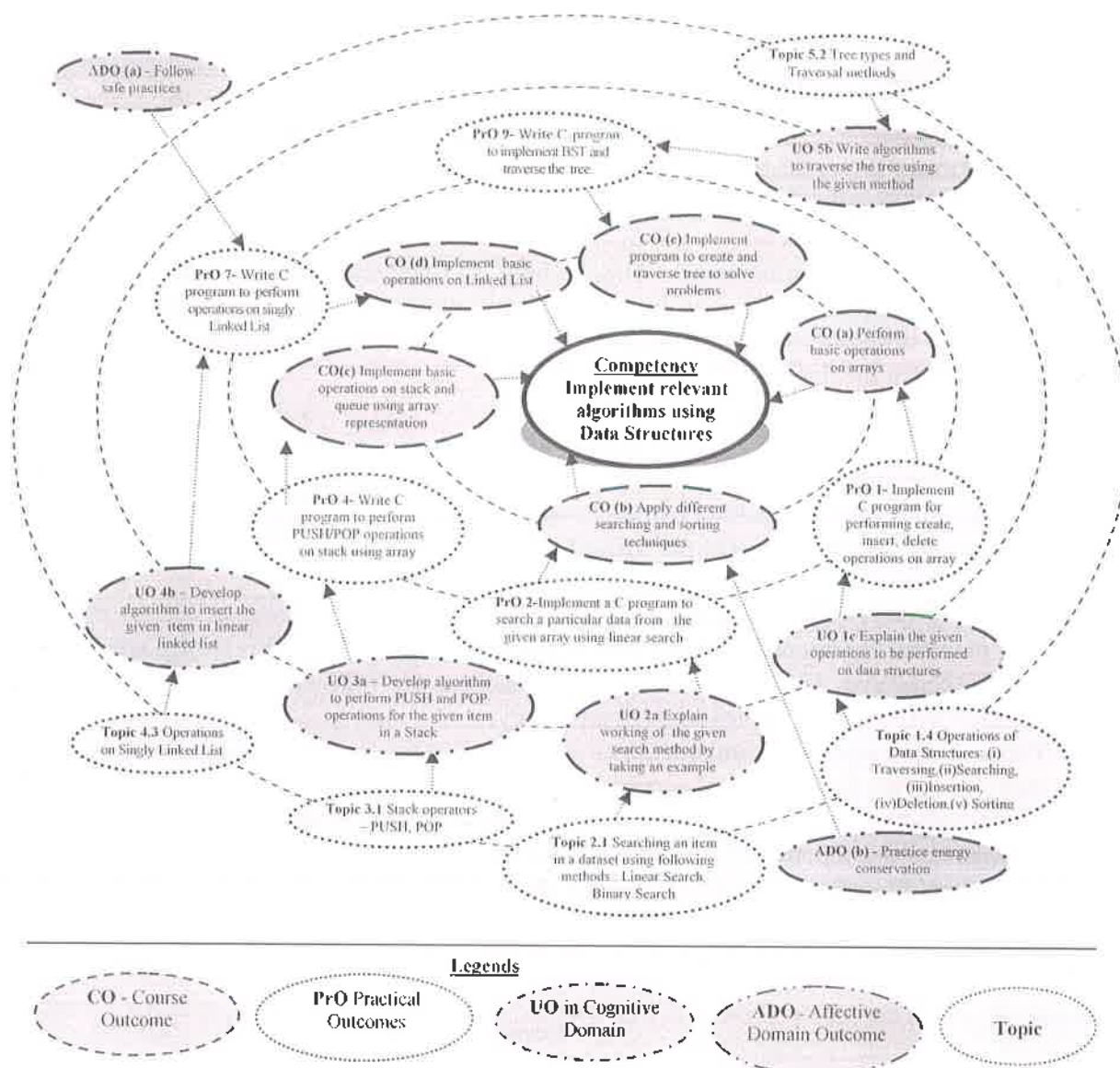


Figure 1 - Course Map

6. SUGGESTED PRACTICALS/ EXERCISES

The practicals in this section are PrOs (i.e. sub-components of the COs) to be developed and assessed in the student for the attainment of the competency:

S. No.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)	Unit No.	Approx. Hrs. Required
1	Implement a 'C' program for performing following operations on Array: Creation, Insertion, Deletion, Display	I	02*
2	Implement a 'C' program to search a particular data from the given Array using: (i)Linear Search,	II	02*
3	Implement a 'C' program to search a particular data from the given	II	02*

S. No.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)	Unit No.	Approx. Hrs. Required
	Array using Binary Search		
4	Implement a 'C' program to sort an array using following methods: (i)Bubble Sort, (ii) Selection Sort (iii) Insertion Sort	II	02*
5	Implement a 'C' program to sort an array using following methods: (ii) Selection	II	02
6	Implement a 'C' program to sort an array using following methods: (iii) Insertion Sort	II	02
7	Write C program to perform PUSH and POP operations on stack using array.	III	02*
8	Write C program to perform INSERT and DELETE operations on Linear Queue using array. Part - I	III	02
9	Write C program to perform INSERT and DELETE operations on Linear Queue using array. Part - II	III	02
10	Write C program to perform INSERT and DELETE operations on Circular Queue using array. Part - I	III	02
11	Write C program to perform INSERT and DELETE operations on Circular Queue using array. Part - II	III	02
12	Write C program to perform the operations (Insert, Delete, Traverse, and Search) on Singly Linked List. Part - I	IV	02*
13	Write C program to perform the operations (Insert, Delete, Traverse, and Search) on Singly Linked List. Part - II	IV	02
14	Write C program to perform the operations (Insert, Delete, Traverse, and Search) on Circular Singly Linked List. Part - I	IV	02*
15	Write C program to perform the operations (Insert, Delete, Traverse, and Search) on Circular Singly Linked List. Part - II	IV	02
16	Write C program to Implement BST (Binary Search Tree) and traverse the tree (Inorder, Preorder, Post order).	V	02*
	Total		32

Note

- A suggestive list of **PrOs** is given in the above table. More such PrOs can be added to attain the COs and competency. A judicious mix of minimum 12 or more practical need to be performed, out of which, the practicals marked as '*' are compulsory, so that the student reaches the 'Precision Level' of Dave's 'Psychomotor Domain Taxonomy' as generally required by the industry.
- The 'Process' and 'Product' related skills associated with each PrO is to be assessed according to a suggested sample given below:

S. No.	Performance Indicators	Weightage in %
a.	Correctness of data structure representation	20
b.	Correctness of algorithm	35
c.	Debugging ability	10
d.	Quality of input and output displayed	10
e.	Answer to sample questions	15
f.	Submit report in time	10
	Total	100

The above PrOs also comprise of the following social skills/attitudes which are Affective Domain Outcomes (ADOs) that are best developed through the laboratory/field based experiences:

- Follow safety practices.
- Practice good housekeeping.
- Demonstrate working as a leader/a team member.
- Follow ethical practices.

The ADOs are not specific to any one PrO, but are embedded in many PrOs. Hence, the acquisition of the ADOs takes place gradually in the student when s/he undertakes a series of practical experiences over a period of time. Moreover, the level of achievement of the ADOs according to Krathwohl's 'Affective Domain Taxonomy' should gradually increase as planned below:

- 'Valuing Level' in 1st year
- 'Organising Level' in 2nd year and
- 'Characterising Level' in 3rd year.

7. MAJOR EQUIPMENT/ INSTRUMENTS REQUIRED

The major equipment with broad specification mentioned here will usher in uniformity in conduct of experiments, as well as aid to procure equipment by authorities concerned.

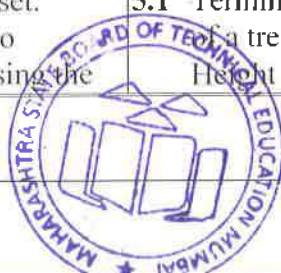
S No.	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications	PrO S. No.
1	Computer system (Any computer system which is available in laboratory)	All
2	'C' Compiler / GCC Compiler	

8. UNDERPINNING THEORY COMPONENTS

The following topics are to be taught and assessed in order to develop the sample UOs given below for achieving the COs to attain the identified competency. More UOs could be added:

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs) (in cognitive domain)	Topics and Sub-topics
Unit – I Introducti on to Data Structures	1a. Classify the given type of Data Structures based on their characteristics. 1b. Explain complexity of the given algorithm in terms of time and space. 1c. Explain the given operations to be performed on the given type of data structures.	1.1 Concept and need of DS, Abstract Data Type 1.2 Types of Data Structures: (i) Linear Data Structures (ii) Non-Linear Data Structures 1.3 Algorithm Complexity: (i)Time (ii)Space 1.4 Operations on Data Structures: (i) Traversing,(ii)Searching, (iii)Insertion, (iv)Deletion,(v) Sorting
Unit– II Searching and Sorting	2a. Explain working of the given search method with an example. 2b. Write an algorithm to search the given key using binary Search method.	2.1 Searching: searching an item in a data set using following methods: (i) Linear Search (ii) Binary Search sorting of data set in an order using g methods

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs) (in cognitive domain)	Topics and Sub-topics
	2c. Write an Algorithm to sort data using a specified sorting method. 2d. Explain the working of given sorting method step-by-step with an example and small data set.	(i) Bubble Sort (ii) Selection Sort (iii) Insertion Sort (iv) Quick Sort (v) Radix Sort.
Unit- III Stacks and Queues	3a. Develop an algorithm to perform PUSH and POP operations for the given item in a Stack. 3b. Convert the given expression from Infix to Prefix/Postfix using Stack. 3c. Write steps to evaluate the given expression using the stack. 3d. Develop a program to perform the given operation on a linear Queue. 3e. Write Algorithm to perform the given operations on circular queue.	3.1 Introduction to Stack - Stack representation in memory using array - Stack as an ADT - Stack Operations – PUSH, POP - Stack Operations Conditions – Stack Full / Stack Overflow, Stack Empty / Stack Underflow. - Applications of Stack <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reversing a list Polish notations 3.2 Conversion of infix to postfix expression, Evaluation of postfix expression, Converting an infix into prefix expression, Evaluation of prefix expression, Recursion, Tower of Hanoi 3.3 Introduction to Queue: - Queue representation in memory using array - Queue as an ADT - Types of Queues :- Linear Queue, Circular Queue, Concept of Priority Queue - Queue Operations – INSERT, DELETE - Queue Operations Conditions – Queue Full, Queue Empty - Applications of Queue
Unit-IV Linked List	4a. Create relevant structure to represent the given node using linked list. 4b. Develop algorithm to insert the given item in linear linked list. 4c. Develop algorithm to delete the given item from linear linked list 4d. Develop algorithm to traverse a circular linked list.	4.1 Introduction to Linked List Terminologies: node, Address, Pointer, Information field / Data field, Next pointer, Null Pointer, Empty list. 4.2 Type of lists: Linear list, Circular list 4.3 Operations on a singly linked list: Traversing a singly linked list, Searching a key in linked list, Inserting a new node in a linked list, Deleting a node from a linked list
Unit -V Trees and Graphs	5a. Draw Binary Search Tree for the given data set. 5b. Write algorithms to traverse the tree using the	Introduction to Trees 5.1 Terminologies: tree, degree of a node, degree of a tree, level of a node, leaf node, Depth / Height of a tree, In-degree & Out-Degree,



Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs) (in cognitive domain)	Topics and Sub-topics
	given method. 5c. Construct Expression tree for the given data. 5d. Represent the given Graph using adjacency matrix and adjacency list.	Path, Ancestor & descendant nodes 5.2 Tree Types and Traversal methods Types of Trees: General tree, Binary tree, Binary search tree (BST). Binary tree traversal : In order traversal, Preorder traversal, Post order traversal 5.3 Expression tree. 5.4 Introduction to Graph terminologies: graph, node (Vertices), arcs (edge), directed graph, undirected graph, in-degree, out-degree, adjacent, successor, predecessor, relation, path, sink, articulation point. 5.5 Adjacency List, Adjacency Matrix of directed / undirected graph.

Note: To attain the COs and competency, above listed UOs need to be undertaken to achieve the 'Application Level' of Bloom's 'Cognitive Domain Taxonomy'.

9. SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE FOR QUESTION PAPER DESIGN

Unit No.	Unit Title	Teaching Hours	Distribution of Theory Marks			
			R Level	U Level	A Level	Total Marks
I	Introduction to Data Structures	04	02	02	02	06
II	Searching and Sorting	08	02	02	08	12
III	Stacks and Queues	16	02	04	14	20
IV	Linked Lists	10	02	04	10	16
V	Trees and Graphs	10	02	04	10	16
Total		48	10	16	44	70

Legends: R=Remember, U=Understand, A=Apply and above (Bloom's Revised taxonomy)

Note: This specification table provides general guidelines to assist student for their learning and to teachers to teach and assess students with respect to attainment of UOs. The actual distribution of marks at different taxonomy levels (of R, U and A) in the question paper may vary from above table.

10. SUGGESTED STUDENT ACTIVITIES

Other than the classroom and laboratory learning, following are the suggested student-related **co-curricular** activities which can be undertaken to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course: Students should conduct following activities in group and prepare reports of about 5 pages for each activity, also collect/record physical evidences for their (student's) portfolio which will be useful for their placement interviews:

- Prepare journal of practical.
- Undertake micro-projects.
- Prepare a chart to classify Data Structures.
- Prepare charts for logical representation of Data Structures.

11. SUGGESTED SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES (if any)



These are sample strategies, which the teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various learning outcomes in this course:

- Massive open online courses (**MOOCs**) may be used to teach various topics/sub topics.
- '**L**' in item No. 4 does not mean only the traditional lecture method, but different types of teaching methods and media that are to be employed to develop the outcomes.
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- Guide student(s) in undertaking micro-projects.
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- Encourage students to refer different websites to have deeper understanding of the subject.
- Observe continuously and monitor the performance of students in Lab.

12. SUGGESTED MICRO-PROJECTS

Only one micro-project is planned to be undertaken by a student that needs to be assigned to him/her in the beginning of the semester. In the first four semesters, the micro-project are group-based. However, in the fifth and sixth semesters, it should be preferably be **individually** undertaken to build up the skill and confidence in every student to become problem solver so that s/he contributes to the projects of the industry. In special situations where groups have to be formed for micro-projects, the number of students in the group should **not exceed three**.

The micro-project could be industry application based, internet-based, workshop-based, laboratory-based or field-based. Each micro-project should encompass two or more COs which are in fact, an integration of PrOs, UOs and ADOs. Each student will have to maintain dated work diary consisting of individual contribution in the project work and give a seminar presentation of it before submission. The total duration of the micro-project should not be less than **16 (sixteen) student engagement hours** during the course. The student ought to submit micro-project by the end of the semester to develop the industry oriented COs.

A suggestive list of micro-projects is given here. Similar micro-projects could be added by the concerned faculty:

- Develop a program in 'C' to evaluate an arithmetic expression using Stack with linked list representation.
- Develop a program in 'C' that creates Queue of given persons. Shift the original position of person to a new position based on its changed priority or remove a person from the Queue using Linked List implementation.
- Develop a program in 'C' that creates tree to store given data set using linked list representation. Locate and display a specific data from the data set.
- Develop a 'C' program for performing following banking operations: Deposit, Withdraw and Balance enquiry. Select appropriate data structure for the same.

13. SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES

S. No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication
1	Data Structures using 'C'	Balgurusamy, E	McGraw Hill Education, New Delhi 2013, ISBN: 978-1259029547

S. No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication
2	Data Structures using 'C'	ISRD Group	McGraw Hill Education, New Delhi 2013, ISBN: 978-12590006401
3	Data Structures with 'C' (SIE) (Schaum's Outline Series)	Lipschutz	McGraw Hill Education, New Delhi 2013, ISBN: 978-0070701984
4	Practical 'C' programming	Steve Oualline	O'Reilly Media
5	Data Structures	Dr. Rajendra Kawale	Devraj Publications

14. SUGGESTED SOFTWARE/LEARNING WEBSITES

- a. <http://nptel.ac.in/courses/106102064/1>
- b. www.oopweb.com/algorithms
- c. www.studytonight.com/data-structures/
- d. www.cs.utexas.edu/users
- e. liscs.wssu.edu
- f. <http://www.academictutorials.com/data-structures>
- g. <http://www.sitebay.com/data-structure/c-data-structure>
- h. <http://www.indiabix.com>
- i. <https://www.khanacademy.org/>



Program Name : Computer Engineering Program Group
Program Code : CO/CM/CW
Semester : Third
Course Title : Computer Graphics
Course Code : 22318

1. RATIONALE

This course provides an introduction to the principles of computer graphics. In particular, the course will consider methods for object design, transformation, scan conversion, visualization and modeling of real world. The emphasis of the course will be placed on understanding how the various elements that underlie computer graphics (algebra, geometry, algorithms) interact in the design of graphics software systems and also enables student to create impressive graphics easily and efficiently.

2. COMPETENCY

The aim of this course is to help the student to attain the following *industry identified* competency through various teaching learning experiences:

- **Develop programs using core graphical concepts.**

3. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

The theory, practical experiences and relevant soft skills associated with this course are to be taught and implemented, so that the student demonstrates the following industry oriented COs associated with the above mentioned competency:

- Manipulate visual and geometric information of images.
- Implement standard algorithms to draw various graphics objects using C program.
- Develop programs for 2-D and 3-D Transformations.
- Use projections to visualize objects on view plane.
- Implement various clipping algorithms.
- Develop programs to create curves using algorithms.

4. TEACHING AND EXAMINATION SCHEME

Teaching Scheme			Credit (L+T+P)	Examination Scheme												
L	T	P		Theory						Practical						
				Paper Hrs.	ESE		PA		Total		ESE		PA		Total	
					Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min
3	-	2	5	3	70	28	30*	00	100	40	25@	10	25	10	50	20

(*): Under the theory PA; Out of 30 marks, 10 marks of theory PA are for micro-project assessment to facilitate integration of COs and the remaining 20 marks is the average of 2 tests to be taken during the semester for the assessment of the UOs required for the attainment of the COs.

Legends: L-Lecture; T – Tutorial/Teacher Guided Theory Practice; P - Practical; C – Credit, ESE - End Semester Examination; PA - Progressive Assessment

5. COURSE MAP (with sample COs, PrOs, UOs, ADOs and topics)

This course map illustrates an overview of the flow and linkages of the topics at various levels of outcomes (details in subsequent sections) to be attained by the student by the end of the



course, in all domains of learning in terms of the industry/employer identified competency depicted at the centre of this map.

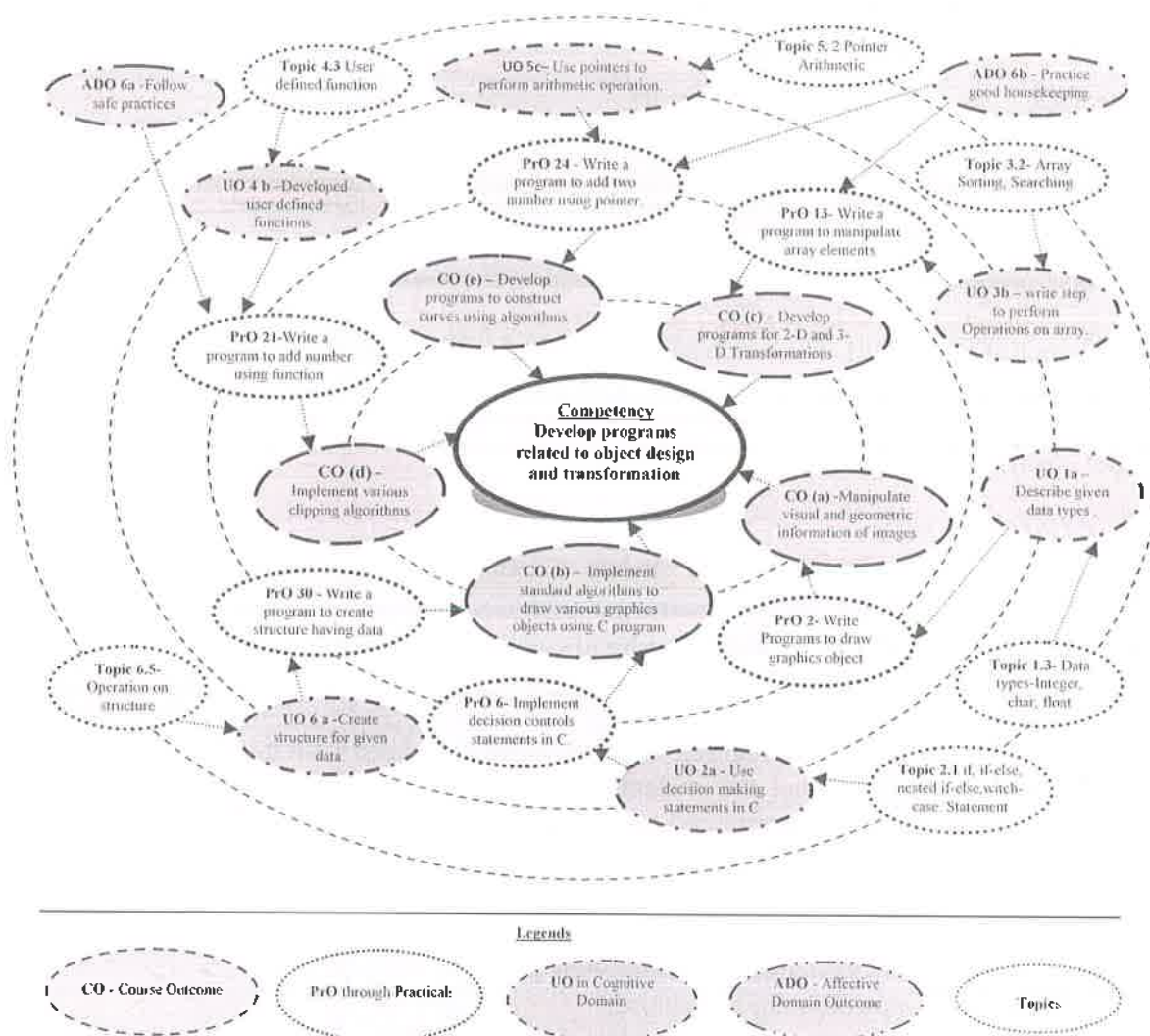


Figure 1 - Course Map

6. SUGGESTED PRACTICALS/ EXERCISES

The practicals in this section are PrOs (i.e. sub-components of the COs) to be developed and assessed in the student for the attainment of the competency:

S. No.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)	Unit No.	Approx. Hrs. Required
1	Write Programs to draw following graphics object using built-in "C" functions. i) Pixel ii) Lines iii) Circles iv) Rectangle v) Ellipse	I	02*
2	Implement following algorithms to draw line i) DDA algorithm	II	02*
3	ii) Bresennham's algorithm	II	02

S. No.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)	Unit No.	Approx. Hrs. Required
4	Implement Bresennham's algorithm to draw a circle.	II	02
5	Write a program to fill Polygon using following methods: i) Flood fill	II	02
6	ii) Boundary fill	II	02
7	Write a program for two-dimensional transformation i) Translation ii) Scaling	III	02*
8	iii) Rotation	III	02
9	iv) Reflection v) Shearing	III	02
10	Write a program for three-dimensional transformation i) Translation ii) Scaling	III	02
11	iii) Rotation	III	02
12	Write a program to clip line using following algorithms. Cohen- Sutherland algorithm	IV	02*
13	Write a program to clip line using following algorithms. Cohen Midpoint subdivision algorithm	IV	02
14	Write a program to clip polygon using Sutherland -Hodgeman, Algorithm.	IV	02
15	Write a program to draw (any one) following type of curves. i) Hilbert's Curve	V	02*
16	Write a program to draw (any one) following type of curves. i) Koch curve ii) Bezier curves	V	02*
Total			32

Note

- A suggestive list of **PrOs** is given in the above table. More such PrOs can be added to attain the COs and competency. A judicious mix of minimum 12 or more practical need to be performed, out of which, the practicals marked as '*' are compulsory, so that the student reaches the 'Precision Level' of Dave's 'Psychomotor Domain Taxonomy' as generally required by the industry.
- The 'Process' and 'Product' related skills associated with each PrO is to be assessed according to a suggested sample given below:

S.No.	Performance Indicators	Weightage in %
1	Write program to draw graphics objects.	20
2	Use graphics software tool for programming to create, edit, compile the programs/applications	40
3	Debug, test and execute the programs/applications	20
4	Able to answer oral questions.	10
5	Submission of report in time.	10
Total		100



The above PrOs also comprise of the following social skills/attitudes which are Affective Domain Outcomes (ADOs) that are best developed through the laboratory/field based experiences:

- Handle command prompt environment.
- Experiment with graphics environment.
- Plan, construct, compile, debug and test programs.
- Maintain tools and equipment.
- Follow ethical practices.

The ADOs are not specific to any one PrO, but are embedded in many PrOs. Hence, the acquisition of the ADOs takes place gradually in the student when s/he undertakes a series of practical experiences over a period of time. Moreover, the level of achievement of the ADOs according to Krathwohl's 'Affective Domain Taxonomy' should gradually increase as planned below:

- 'Valuing Level' in 1st year
- 'Organising Level' in 2nd year and
- 'Characterising Level' in 3rd year.

7. MAJOR EQUIPMENT/ INSTRUMENTS REQUIRED

The major equipment with broad specification mentioned here will usher in uniformity in conduct of experiments, as well as aid to procure equipment by authorities concerned.

S. No.	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications	PrO. S.No.
1	Hardware: Personal computer, (i3-i5 preferable), RAM minimum 2 GB onwards.	For all Experiments
2	Operating system: Windows XP/Windows 7/LINUX onwards.	
3	Software: turbo C with dosbox or Emulated C.	

8. UNDERPINNING THEORY COMPONENTS

The following topics are to be taught and assessed in order to develop the sample UOs given below for achieving the COs to attain the identified competency. More UOs could be added:

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs) (in cognitive domain)	Topics and Sub-topics
Unit – I Basics of Computer Graphics	1a. Differentiate attributes of the given mode. 1b. Compare features of the given Scan Display. 1c. Write a program to draw the given type of primitives using "C". 1d. Describe application of the given display device. 1e. Convert the given 2D co-ordinates to physical device co-ordinates.	1.1 Image and Objects, pixel and resolution, Text mode, Graphics mode, Basic Graphics Pipeline, Bitmap and Vector Based Graphics, Applications of Computer Graphics. 1.2 Display Devices: Raster-Scan Display, Random-Scan Display, Flat Panel Display, LED, LCD display, Plasma, Touch screen. 1.3 Output primitives: line, polygon, marker, text. 1.4 Graphics functions and standards. 1.5 Latest trends in Computer Graphics: Virtual reality, Augmented reality.
Unit– II	2a. Write a program to draw a	2.1 Basic concepts in line drawing: Line

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs) (in cognitive domain)	Topics and Sub-topics
Raster Scan Graphics	line using the given algorithm. 2b. Use the given algorithm to rasterize the given line. 2c. Apply the given algorithm to generate the circle. 2d. Draw the Polygon using the given algorithm. 2e. Apply character generation method to display the given character.	drawing algorithms: Digital Differential Analyzer (DDA) algorithm, Bresenham's algorithm. 2.2 Circle generating algorithms: Symmetry of circle, Bresenham's circle drawing algorithm. 2.4 Polygons – Types of polygons, inside –outside test, Polygon Filling : Seed fill algorithms: Flood fill, Boundary fill, scan line algorithms 2.5 Scan conversion, Frame Buffers. 2.6 Character generation methods: stroke, starburst, bitmap.
Unit- III Overview of Transformations	3a. Perform the given operation in 2D transformation. 3b. Perform the given operation in 3D transformation. 3c. Solve the given problem based on Composite Transformations. 3d. Apply the given type of projection on object.	3.1 Two Dimensional Transformations: Translation, Scaling, Rotation, Reflection, Shearing. 3.2 Matrix representations and homogeneous coordinates: Translation, Scaling, Rotation, Reflection, Shearing. 3.3 Composite Transformations- rotation about an arbitrary point. 3.4 Three dimensional transformations: Translation, Scaling, Rotation. 3.5 Types of Projections: Perspective and Parallel projection.
Unit-IV Windowing and clipping	4a. Apply Window to-viewport transformation on the given object, 4b. Write a program using the given line clipping algorithms. 4c. Apply the given line clipping algorithms to clip the line. 4d. Apply text clipping on the given text. 4e. Write a program using the given polygon clipping algorithm.	4.1 Windowing and clipping concepts: Window to-viewport transformation. 4.2 Line clipping: Cohen Sutherland clipping algorithm, Cyrusbeck. Liang Barsky, Midpoint subdivision. 4.3 Polygon clipping: Sutherland -Hodgeman. 4.4 Text clipping.
Unit –V Introduction to Curves	5a. Describe the given curve generation methods. 5b. Draw curve using the given curve algorithms. 5c. State properties of the given curve. 5d. Generate arc using the given algorithm.	5.1 Curve generation: Arc generation using DDA algorithm, Interpolation 5.2 Types of curves: Hilbert's Curve, Koch curve, B-Spline, Bezier curves.

Note: To attain the COs and competency, above listed UOs need to be undertaken to achieve the 'Application Level' of Bloom's 'Cognitive Domain Taxonomy'.



9. SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE FOR QUESTION PAPER DESIGN

Unit No.	Unit Title	Teaching Hours	Distribution of Theory Marks			
			R Level	U Level	A Level	Total Marks
I	Basics of Computer Graphics	06	04	04	-	08
II	Raster Scan Graphics	12	02	06	10	18
III	Overview of Transformations	12	02	06	10	18
IV	Windowing and clipping	10	-	06	08	14
V	Introduction to Curves	08	-	04	08	12
Total		48	8	26	36	70

Legends: R=Remember, U=Understand, A=Apply and above (Bloom's Revised taxonomy)

Note: This specification table provides general guidelines to assist student for their learning and to teachers to teach and assess students with respect to attainment of UOs. The actual distribution of marks at different taxonomy levels (of R, U and A) in the question paper may vary from above table.

This specification table also provides a general guideline for teachers to frame internal end semester practical theory exam paper which students have to undertake.

10. SUGGESTED STUDENT ACTIVITIES

Other than the classroom and laboratory learning, following are the suggested student-related **co-curricular** activities which can be undertaken to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course: Students should conduct following activities in group and prepare reports of about 5 pages for each activity, also collect/record physical evidences for their (student's) portfolio which will be useful for their placement interviews:

- Prepare journals based on practical performed in laboratory.
- Draw perspective and parallel projection for any object on view plane.
- Give seminar on relevant topic.
- Prepare power point presentation or animation for showing different types of graphics Applications.
- Undertake a market survey of different graphics application and compare with the following points.
 - Available Applications.
 - Application Profile.

11. SUGGESTED SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES (if any)

These are sample strategies, which the teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course:

- Massive open online courses (**MOOCs**) may be used to teach various topics/sub topics.
- '**L**' in item No. 4 does not mean only the traditional lecture method, but different types of teaching methods and media that are to be employed to develop the outcomes.
- About **15-20% of the topics/sub-topics** which is relatively simpler or descriptive in nature is to be given to the students for **self-directed learning** and assess the development of the COs through classroom presentations (see implementation guideline for details).



- d. With respect to item No.10, teachers need to ensure to create opportunities and provisions for *co-curricular activities*.
- e. Guide student(s) in undertaking micro-projects.
- f. No. of practical's selection to be performed should cover all units.

12. SUGGESTED MICRO-PROJECTS

Only one micro-project is planned to be undertaken by a student that needs to be assigned to him/her in the beginning of the semester. In the first four semesters, the micro-project are group-based. However, in the fifth and sixth semesters, it should be preferably be *individually* undertaken to build up the skill and confidence in every student to become problem solver so that s/he contributes to the projects of the industry. In special situations where groups have to be formed for micro-projects, the number of students in the group should **not exceed three**.

The micro-project could be industry application based, internet-based, workshop-based, laboratory-based or field-based. Each micro-project should encompass two or more COs which are in fact, an integration of PrOs, UOs and ADOs. Each student will have to maintain dated work diary consisting of individual contribution in the project work and give a seminar presentation of it before submission. The total duration of the micro-project should not be less than **16 (sixteen) student engagement hours** during the course. The student ought to submit micro-project by the end of the semester to develop the industry oriented COs.

A suggestive list of micro-projects is given here. Similar micro-projects could be added by the concerned faculty:

- a) Program to Design Flying Balloons - Each group will design balloons using pieslice (), ellipse () functions and apply delay operation of process.h header file.
- b) Program to Display a moving car.
- c) Develop a miniature tic-tac-toe game.
- d) Design an analog clock.
- e) Design a rotating fan.

13. SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES

S. No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication
1	Computer Graphics	Donald Hearn , Baker M.Pauline	Pearson Education , New Delhi June 2012, , ISBN:817758765X.
2	Computer Graphics	Maurya Rajesh K.	Wiley-India 2011, Delhi ISBN: 978-81-265-3100-4.
3	Computer Graphics	Dr. Chopra Rajiv	S.Chand 2016, New Delhi. ISBN: 978-93-856-7633-8.
4	Computer Graphics principles and practices	Foley James	Pearson Education. New Delhi 2014, ISBN:978-0-321-39952-6.

14. SOFTWARE/LEARNING WEBSITES

- a. https://www.tutorialspoint.com/computer_graphics
- b. http://www.dailyfreecode.com/tutorial_simple_cpp-16/computer-graphics-215.aspx
- c. <http://www.newtechnologysite.com/graphics.html>
- d. <http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/computer-graphics.html>
- e. <https://www.khanacademy.org/>



Program Name : Computer Engineering Program Group
Program Code : CO/CM/CW
Semester : Third
Course Title : Database Management System
Course Code : 22319

1. RATIONALE

Each and every organization like shopping mall, hospital, banking, institutes, industry needs to share huge amount of data in effective manner. This course aims to develop skills in students to create, store, modify, manage and extract information from a database. Database system can be used as a backend for developing database applications.

2. COMPETENCY

The aim of this course is to help the student to attain the following *industry identified* competency through various teaching learning experiences:

- Apply Database management concept using SQL.

3. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

The theory, practical experiences and relevant soft skills associated with this course are to be taught and implemented, so that the student demonstrates the following industry oriented COs associated with the above mentioned competency:

- Design Normalized database on given data.
- Create and Manage Database using SQL command.
- Write PL/SQL code for given database.
- Apply triggers on database also create procedure and function according to condition.
- Apply security and confidentiality on given Database.

4. TEACHING AND EXAMINATION SCHEME

Teaching Scheme			Credit (L+T+P)	Examination Scheme												
L	T	P		Theory						Practical						
				Paper Hrs.	ESE		PA		Total		ESE		PA		Total	
					Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min
4	2	2	8	3	70	28	30*	00	100	40	25#	10	25	10	50	20

(*): Under the theory PA; Out of 30 marks, 10 marks of theory PA are for micro-project assessment to facilitate integration of COs and the remaining 20 marks is the average of 2 tests to be taken during the semester for the assessment of the UOs required for the attainment of the COs.

Legends: L-Lecture; T – Tutorial/Teacher Guided Theory Practice; P - Practical; C – Credit, ESE - End Semester Examination; PA - Progressive Assessment

5. COURSE MAP (with sample COs, PrOs, UOs, ADOs and topics)

This course map illustrates an overview of the flow and linkages of the topics at various levels of outcomes (details in subsequent sections) to be attained by the student by the end of the course, in all domains of learning in terms of the industry/employer identified competency depicted at the centre of this map.



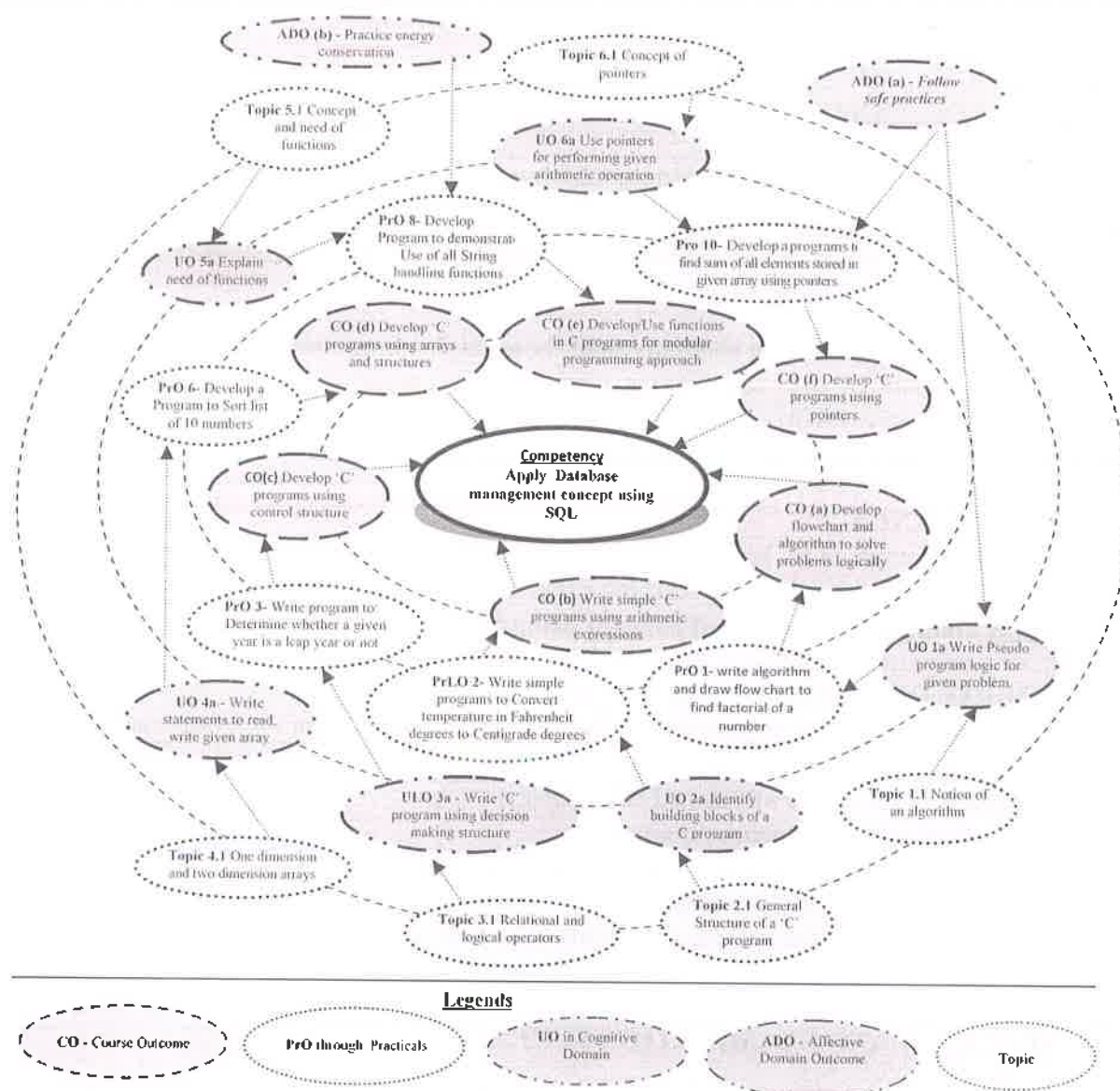


Figure 1 - Course Map

6. SUGGESTED PRACTICALS/ EXERCISES

The practicals in this section are PrOs (i.e. sub-components of the COs) to be developed and assessed in the student for the attainment of the competency:

S. No.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)	Unit No.	Approx. Hrs. Required
1	Perform following in GUI based database software using GUI only i) Create Database ii) Create tables and assign primary key . iii) Modify the table structure-add column ,change the data type of column, delete the column from table. iv) Insert, update and delete the record from table. v) Retrieve data from the table according to condition given.	II	02*
2	Perform following in GUI based database using GUI only	II	02

S. No.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)	Unit No.	Approx. Hrs. Required
	i) Apply given validation on table and set error messages. ii) Set default value for column. iii) Set and remove database password.		
3	Design E-R diagram and Create Normalized Database on given data.	II	02
4	i) Create and Execute DDL commands using SQL. ii) Apply following Integrity constraints on table: iii) Primary key, Foreign key, Unique key constraint, Null , Not Null and Check constraint.	II	02*
5	Create and Execute DML commands using SQL.	II	02*
6	Write Queries using following operators: Arithmetic Operators, Comparison Operators, Logical Operators, Set Operators, Range Searching operators-Between, Pattern matching operators-Like.	II	02*
7	Write Queries using following Functions: String, Arithmetic, Date and time, Aggregate Functions.	III	02*
8	Execute Queries using the Select command with Where, Having, Group by and order by clauses.	III	02*
9	Execute the queries for implementation of Inner and Outer Join.	III	02
10	Implement Views i) Create different views ii) Insert, modify and delete records through views. iii) Delete the views.	III	02
11	Create and Execute Indexes, Sequences, and synonyms in SQL.	III	02*
12	Write a PL/SQL programs using if then else, for, while and nested loop.	IV	02*
13	Write a PL/SQL code to implement implicit and explicit cursors.	IV	02
14	Write PL/SQL Programs based on Exceptions handling.(Predefined and user-defined exceptions)	IV	02
15	Write PL/SQL code to create Procedures and functions.	IV	02
16	Write PL/SQL code to create triggers on given database.	IV	02
17	Executing DCL commands using SQL i) Create users ii) Grant privileges to users iii) Revoke privileges from users.	V	02*
	Total		34

Note

- A suggestive list of **PrOs** is given in the above table. More such PrOs can be added to attain the COs and competency. A judicious mix of minimum 12 or more practical need to be performed, out of which, the practicals marked as '*' are compulsory, so that the student reaches the 'Precision Level' of Dave's 'Psychomotor Domain Taxonomy' as generally required by the industry.
- The 'Process' and 'Product' related skills associated with each PrO is to be assessed according to a suggested sample given below:

S. No.	Performance Indicators	Weightage in %
--------	------------------------	----------------



S. No.	Performance Indicators	Weightage in %
a.	SQL queries and PL/SQL programming	60
b.	Database Integrity	10
c.	Quality result displayed by SQL queries.	10
d.	Answer to sample questions	10
e.	Submit report in time	10
Total		100

The above PrOs also comprise of the following social skills/attitudes which are Affective Domain Outcomes (ADOs) that are best developed through the laboratory/field based experiences:

- Follow safety practices.
- Practice good housekeeping.
- Demonstrate working as a leader/a team member.
- Maintain tools and equipment.
- Follow ethical Practices.

The ADOs are not specific to any one PrO, but are embedded in many PrOs. Hence, the acquisition of the ADOs takes place gradually in the student when s/he undertakes a series of practical experiences over a period of time. Moreover, the level of achievement of the ADOs according to Krathwohl's 'Affective Domain Taxonomy' should gradually increase as planned below:

- 'Valuing Level' in 1st year
- 'Organising Level' in 2nd year
- 'Characterising Level' in 3rd year.

7. MAJOR EQUIPMENT/ INSTRUMENTS REQUIRED

The major equipment with broad specification mentioned here will usher in uniformity in conduct of experiments, as well as aid to procure equipment by authorities concerned.

S. No.	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications	Pro. S. No.
1	Computer system (Any computer system with basic configuration)	All
2	Any GUI based database software (MS-Access/Visual Foxpro/MySQL)	1-2
3	Any RDBMS software (MySQL/SQL server)	3-16

8. UNDERPINNING THEORY COMPONENTS

The following topics are to be taught and assessed in order to develop the sample UOs given below for achieving the COs to attain the identified competency. More UOs could be added:

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs) (in cognitive domain)	Topics and Sub-topics
Unit – I Database System Concept	1a State the importance of DBMS over file processing in the given situation. 1b Describe the overall structure of the given	1.1 Concept of Data, database, DBMS, advantages of DBMS over file processing system, Application of database. 1.2 Three level Architecture for Database System. 1.3 Data abstraction: Different levels of Data

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs) (in cognitive domain)	Topics and Sub-topics
	DBMS 1c Identify the relevant database model in the given situation. 1d Draw the E-R diagram of the given database and identify relationship between the entities.	abstraction, Instance and schema, Data independence - Logical and Physical Independence. 1.4 Overall Structure of DBMS. 1.5 Data Modeling: Record based logical model- Relational, Network, Hierarchical 1.6 Data Modeling Using the E-R Model: Entity Relationship Model, Strong Entity set, Weak Entity set, Types of Attributes, E-R Diagrams.
Unit- II Relational Data Model	2a Explain the concept of RDBMS also appropriateness for the given problem. 2b Design Normalized database structure in the given problem. 2c Design SQL queries to create Relational database and apply in the given data constraints. 2d Identify the operators for queries implementation of the given problem.	2.1 Fundamentals of RDBMS – Record, fields, data types, tables and database 2.2 Concept of RDBMS, E.F.Codd's Rule for RDBMS, Key concepts- Candidate key, Primary key, Foreign key. 2.3 Normalization: Normalization Concepts, Need of Normalization, Types of Normalization- 1NF,2NF,3NF 2.4 Introduction to Structured Query Language, Data Types in SQL, components of SQL- DDL,DML,DCL,DQL 2.5 DDL Commands: CREATE, ALTER, DROP, TRUNCATE, DESC, RENAME 2.6 Data Integrity Constraint: Types of Data Integrity Constraint: I/O constraint- Primary key, Foreign key, Unique key constraint, Business Rule Constraint-Null, Not Null and Check constraint. 2.7 DML Commands: INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE 2.8 DCL Commands: COMMIT, SAVEPOINT, ROLLBACK, GRANT, and REVOKE. 2.9 DQL Commands: SELECT. 2.10 SQL Operators: Arithmetic Operators, Comparison Operators, Logical Operators, Set Operators, Range Searching operators- Between, Pattern matching operators-Like.
Unit III- Interactive SQL and Advance SQL: SQL Performanc e Tuning	3a. Write the given queries using relevant functions. 3b. Write query to combine the given multiple table using Join. 3c. Design SQL queries to implement VIEWS	3.1 In-built Functions: String, Arithmetic, 3.2 Date and time, Aggregate functions. 3.3 Queries using Group by, having, and Order by clause, Joins-Inner and Outer Join, Sub queries. 3.4 Views: Concept of View, The Create View Command, Updating Views, Views and Joins, Views and Sub queries, Dropping Views. 3.5 Sequences: Creating Sequences, Altering

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs) (in cognitive domain)	Topics and Sub-topics
	on the given tables. 3d. Apply and drop INDEXES and SYNONYM on the given table.	Sequences, Dropping Sequences. 3.6 Indexes: Index Types, Creating of an Index: Simple Unique, and 3.7 Composite Index, Dropping Indexes 3.8 Synonyms: Creating Synonyms, Dropping Synonyms.
Unit IV- PL/SQL Programmi ng	4a. Write simple PL/SQL Code using control structure and handle various exceptions in the given situation. 4c. Create cursor for retrieving multiple records in the given situation. 4d. Create and Execute stored procedures and functions in the given situation. 4e. Create and apply database trigger using PL/SQL in the given situation.	4.1 Introduction of PL/SQL, Advantages of PL/SQL, The PL/SQL Block Structure, PL/SQL execution environment, PL/SQL data Types, Variables, Constants. 4.2 Control Structure: Conditional Control, Iterative Control, Sequential Control. 4.3 Exception handling: Predefined Exception, User defined Exception. 4.4 Cursors: Implicit and Explicit Cursors, Declaring, Opening and Closing a Cursor, Fetching a Record from Cursor, Cursor for loops, Parameterized Cursors. 4.5 Procedures: Advantages, Creating, Executing and Deleting a Stored Procedure. 4.6 Functions: Advantages, Creating, Executing and Deleting a Function. 4.7 Database Triggers: Use of Database Triggers, How to apply database Triggers, Types of Triggers, Syntax for Creating Trigger, Deleting Trigger.
Unit V- Database security and Transaction Processing	5a. Provide security to the given database by assigning various privileges to the user. 5b. Create and manage the given database Users. 5c. Explain the importance of Transaction in the given situation. 5d. Explain advantages of Database Backup and Recovery in the given situation.	5.1 Database security: Introduction to database security, Data security Requirements, Types of Database Users-Creating, altering and Deleting Users. 5.2 Protecting the data within database-Database Privileges: Systems privileges and object Privileges, Granting and Revoking Privileges: Grant and Revoke command. 5.3 Transaction: Concept, Properties and States of Transaction. 5.4 Database Backup -Types of Failures, Causes of failures. Database Backup Introduction, Types of Database Backups-Physical and Logical. 5.5 Database Recovery-Recovery concept, Recovery Techniques-Roll forward, Rollback,

Note: To attain the COs and competency, above listed UOs need to be undertaken to achieve the 'Application Level' of Bloom's 'Cognitive Domain Taxonomy'.

9. SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE FOR QUESTION PAPER DESIGN



Unit No.	Unit Title	Teaching Hours	Distribution of Theory Marks			
			R Level	U Level	A Level	Total Marks
I	Database System Concepts	10	04	04	04	12
II	Relational Data Model	16	02	04	12	18
III	Interactive SQL and Advance SQL: SQL Performance Tuning	14	02	04	08	14
IV	PL/SQL Programming	14	02	04	10	16
V	Database security and Transaction Processing	10	02	04	04	10
Total		64	12	20	38	70

Legends: R=Remember, U=Understand, A=Apply and above (Bloom's Revised taxonomy)

Note: This specification table provides general guidelines to assist student for their learning and to teachers to teach and assess students with respect to attainment of UOs. The actual distribution of marks at different taxonomy levels (of R, U and A) in the question paper may vary from above table.

10. SUGGESTED STUDENT ACTIVITIES

Other than the classroom and laboratory learning, following are the suggested student-related *co-curricular* activities which can be undertaken to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course: Students should conduct following activities in group and prepare reports of about 5 pages for each activity, also collect/record physical evidences for their (student's) portfolio which will be useful for their placement interviews:

- Prepare journal of practical.
- Undertake micro-projects.

11. SUGGESTED SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES (if any)

These are sample strategies, which the teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various learning outcomes in this course:

- Massive open online courses (**MOOCs**) may be used to teach various topics/sub topics.
- 'L' in item No. 4 does not mean only the traditional lecture method, but different types of teaching methods and media that are to be employed to develop the outcomes.
- About **15-20% of the topics/sub-topics** which is relatively simpler or descriptive in nature is to be given to the students for **self-directed learning** and assess the development of the COs through classroom presentations (see implementation guideline for details).
- With respect to item No.10, teachers need to ensure to create opportunities and provisions for **co-curricular activities**.
- Guide student(s) in undertaking micro-projects.
- Demonstrate students thoroughly before they start doing the practice.
- Encourage students to refer different websites to have deeper understanding of the subject.
- Observe continuously and monitor the performance of students in Lab..

12. SUGGESTED MICRO-PROJECTS

Only one micro-project is planned to be undertaken by a student that needs to be assigned to him/her in the beginning of the semester. In the first four semesters, the micro-project are group-based. However, in the fifth and sixth semesters, it should be preferably be **individually**



undertaken to build up the skill and confidence in every student to become problem solver so that s/he contributes to the projects of the industry. In special situations where groups have to be formed for micro-projects, the number of students in the group should **not exceed three**.

The micro-project could be industry application based, internet-based, workshop-based, laboratory-based or field-based. Each micro-project should encompass two or more COs which are in fact, an integration of PrOs, UOs and ADOs. Each student will have to maintain dated work diary consisting of individual contribution in the project work and give a seminar presentation of it before submission. The total duration of the micro-project should not be less than **16 (sixteen) student engagement hours** during the course. The student ought to submit micro-project by the end of the semester to develop the industry oriented COs.

A suggestive list of micro-projects is given here. Similar micro-projects could be added by the concerned faculty:

- Survey on various database System Software and compare it.
- Design E-R Diagram for Hospital/college/medical/Jewellery Shop/Library/Blood Bank.
- Design Normalized Database for Hospital/college/medical/Jewellery Shop / Library / Blood Bank.
- Apply trigger on given database.
- Create procedure and function according to given condition.
- Any other micro-projects suggested by subject faculty on similar line.

13. SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES

S. No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication
1	Introduction to Database Management Systems	ISRD Group	McGraw Hill Education, New Delhi, 2015
2	Introduction to Relational databases & SQL programming	Allen	McGraw Hill Education, New Delhi, 2015
3	Database System Concepts McGraw Hillin ANSI C	Korth	McGraw Hill Education, New Delhi, 2015
4	Complete Reference:Mysql	Vikram Vaswani	McGraw Hill Education, New Delhi, 2015

14. SUGGESTED SOFTWARE/LEARNING WEBSITES

- www.tutorialpoint.com (Important website)
- wielyIndia.com or DreamtechPress.com
- <http://phindia.com/gupta/chapter/chapter1.pdf>
- www.williamstannings.com
- www.nptel.ac.in
- <https://www.khanacademy.org/>



Program Name : Computer and Electronics Engineering Program Group
Program Code : CO/CM/CW/DE/EJ/ET/EN/EX/EQ/IE/IS/IC/MU
Semester : Third
Course Title : Digital Techniques
Course Code : 22320

1. RATIONALE

In the present scenario most of the electronic equipment like computers, mobiles, music systems, ATM, automation and control circuits and systems are based on digital circuits which the diploma electronic engineering passouts (also called technologists) have to test them. The knowledge of basic logic gates, combinational and sequential logic circuits using discrete gates as well as digital ICs will enable the students to interpret the working of equipment and maintain them. After completion of the course, students will be able to develop digital circuits based applications.

2. COMPETENCY

The aim of this course is to help the student to attain the following industry identified competency through various teaching learning experiences:

- **Build/ test digital logic circuits consist of digital ICs.**

3. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

The theory, practical experiences and relevant soft skills associated with this course are to be taught and implemented, so that the student demonstrates the following industry oriented COs associated with the above mentioned competency:

- Use number system and codes for interpreting working of digital system.
- Use Boolean expressions to realize logic circuits.
- Build simple combinational circuits.
- Build simple sequential circuits.
- Test data converters and PLDs in digital electronics systems.

4. TEACHING AND EXAMINATION SCHEME

Teaching Scheme			Credit (L+T+P)	Examination Scheme												
L	T	P		Theory						Practical						
				Paper Hrs.	ESE		PA		Total		ESE		PA		Total	
					Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min
4	-	2	6	3	70	28	30*	00	100	40	25#	10	25	10	50	20

(*): Under the theory PA, Out of 30 marks, 10 marks are for micro-project assessment to facilitate integration of COs and the remaining 20 marks is the average of 2 tests to be taken during the semester for the assessment of the cognitive domain UOs required for the attainment of the COs.

Legends: L-Lecture; T – Tutorial/Teacher Guided Theory Practice; P - Practical; C – Credit, ESE - End Semester Examination; PA - Progressive Assessment.

5. COURSE MAP (with sample COs, PrOs, UOs, ADOs and topics)

This course map illustrates an overview of the flow and linkages of the topics at various levels of outcomes (details in subsequent sections) to be attained by the student by the end of the

course, in all domains of learning in terms of the industry/employer identified competency depicted at the centre of this map.

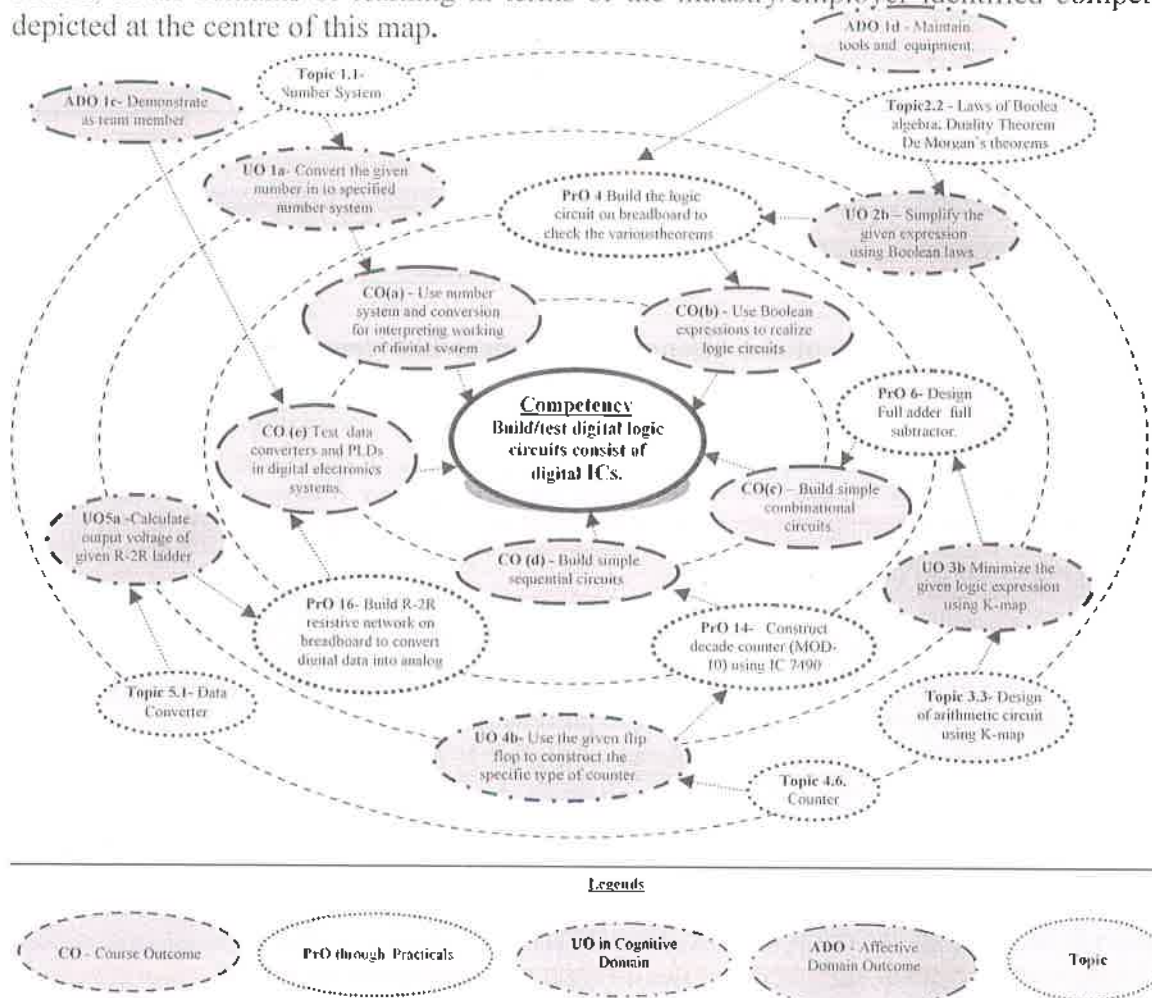


Figure 1 - Course Map

6. SUGGESTED PRACTICALS/ EXERCISES

The practicals in this section are PrOs (i.e. sub-components of the COs) to be developed and assessed in the student for the attainment of the competency.

S. No.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)	Unit No.	Approx. Hrs. required
1	Test the functionality of specified logic gates using breadboard. (IC 7404, 7408, 7432, 7486)	II	02*
2	Test the functionality of NAND and NOR gate of using breadboard (IC 7400 and 7402)	II	02
3	Construct AND, OR, NOT gates using universal gates.	II	02
4	Build the logic circuit on breadboard to check the De Morgan's theorems.	II	02
5	Design Half adder and Half subtractor using Boolean expressions.	III	02*
6	Design Full adder and full subtractor.	III	02
7	Construct and test BCD to 7 segment decoder using IC 7447/ 7448.	III	02
8	Build / test function of MUX 74151/74150/any other equivalent.	III	02

S. No.	Practical Outcomes (PrOs)	Unit No.	Approx. Hrs. required
9	Build / test function of DEMUX 74155/74154/any other equivalent.	III	02
10	Build / test function of RS flip flop using NAND Gate.	IV	02*
11	Build / test function of MS JK flip flop using 7476.	IV	02
12	Use IC 7476 to construct and test the functionality of D and T flip flop.	IV	02
13	Implement 4 bit ripple counter using 7476.	IV	02
14	Use IC 7490 to construct decade counter (MOD-10).	IV	02
15	Implement 4 bit universal shift register.	IV	02
16	Build R-2R resistive network on breadboard to convert given digital data into analog.	V	02*
Total			32

Note

- A suggestive list of **PrOs** is given in the above table. More such **PrOs** can be added to attain the **COs** and competency. A judicious mix of minimum 12 or more practical need to be performed, out of which, the practicals marked as '*' are compulsory, so that the student reaches the 'Precision Level' of Dave's 'Psychomotor Domain Taxonomy' as generally required by the industry.
- The 'Process' and 'Product' related skills associated with each **PrO** is to be assessed according to a suggested sample given below:

S. No.	Performance Indicators	Weightage in %
a.	Preparation of experimental set up	20
b.	Setting and operation	20
c.	Safety measures	10
d.	Observations and Recording	10
e.	Interpretation of result and conclusion	20
f.	Answer to sample questions	10
g.	Submission of report in time	10
Total		100

The above **PrOs** also comprise of the following social skills/attitudes which are Affective Domain Outcomes (ADOs) that are best developed through the laboratory/field based experiences:

- Follow safety practices.
- Practice good housekeeping.
- Demonstrate working as a leader/a team member.
- Maintain tools and equipment.
- Follow ethical practices.

The **ADOs** are not specific to any one **PrO**, but are embedded in many **PrOs**. Hence, the acquisition of the **ADOs** takes place gradually in the student when s/he undertakes a series of practical experiences over a period of time. Moreover, the level of achievement of the **ADOs** according to Krathwohl's 'Affective Domain Taxonomy' should gradually increase as planned below:

- 'Valuing Level' in 1st year



- 'Organising Level' in 2nd year
- 'Characterising Level' in 3rd year.

7. MAJOR EQUIPMENT/ INSTRUMENTS REQUIRED

The major equipment with broad specification mentioned here will usher in uniformity in conduct of experiments, as well as aid to procure equipment by authorities concerned.

S. No.	Equipment Name with Broad Specifications	PrO. S. No.
1	Digital Multimeter: 3 and ½ digit with R, V, I measurements, diode and BJT testing.	All
2	CRO : Dual Channel, 4 Trace CRT / TFT based Bandwidth 20 MHz/30 MHz X10 magnification 20 ns max sweep rate, Alternate triggering Component tester and with optional features such as Digital Read out.	16
3	Pulse Generator: TTL pulse generator	10-15
4	DIGITAL IC tester: Tests a wide range of Analog and Digital IC's such as 74 Series, 40/45 Series of CMOS IC's.	1-15
5	Bread Board Development System: Bread Board system with DC power output 5V, +/-12V and 0-5V variable, digital voltmeter, ammeter, LED indicators 8 no, logic input switches 8 no, 7 segment display 2 no, clock generator, Manual pulser, Breadboard with about 1,600 points, Potentiometer, relay etc	1-15
6	Trainer kits for digital ICs: Trainer kit shall consists of digital ICs for logic gates, flop-flop, shift registers, counter along with toggle switches for inputs and bi-colour LED at outputs, built in power supply.	1-15
7	Regulated power supply: Floating DC Supply Voltages Dual DC : 2 x 0 -30V; 0-2 A Automatic Overload (Current Protection) Constant Voltage and Constant Current Operation Digital Display for Voltage and Current Adjustable Current Limiter Excellent Line and Load Regulation	1-16
8	Trainer kit for 4 bit Counter using Flip Flops: 4 bit ripple counter, Synchronous Counter, IC 7476 based circuit. Input given by switches and output indicated on LED. Facility to select MOD 8 or MOD 16 mode. Built in DC power supply and manual pulser with indicator.	13

8. UNDERPINNING THEORY COMPONENTS

The following topics are to be taught and assessed in order to develop the sample UOs given below for achieving the COs to attain the identified competency. More UOs could be added.

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs) (in cognitive domain)	Topics and Sub-topics
Unit – I Number System and Codes	1a. Convert the given number into the specified number system. 1b. Perform the binary arithmetic operation on the given binary numbers. 1c. Convert the given coded number into the other specified code.	1.1 Number System: base or radix of number system, binary, octal, decimal and hexadecimal number system. 1.2 Binary Arithmetic: Addition, subtraction, multiplication, division. 1.3 Subtraction using 1's complement and 2's complement. 1.4 Codes: BCD, Gray Code, Excess-3, and ASCII code.

Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs) (in cognitive domain)	Topics and Sub-topics
	1d. Add the given two decimal numbers using BCD code.	1.5 BCD Arithmetic: BCD Addition
Unit – II Logic gates and logic families	2a. Develop the basic gates using the given NAND/NOR gate as universal gate. 2b. Simplify the given expression using Boolean laws. 2c. Develop logic circuits using the given Boolean expressions. 2d. Compare the salient characteristics of the given digital logic families.	2.1 Logic gates: Symbol, diode/ transistor switch circuit and logical expression, truth table of basic logic gates (AND, OR, NOT), Universal gates (NAND and NOR) and Special purpose gates (EX-OR, EX-NOR), Tristate logic 2.2 Boolean algebra: Laws of Boolean algebra, Duality Theorem, De-Morgan's theorems 2.3 Logic Families: Characteristics of logic families : Noise margin, Power dissipation, Figure of merit, Fan-in and fan-out, Speed of operation, Comparison of TTL, CMOS, types of TTL NAND gate
Unit– III Combinational Logic Circuits	3a. Develop logic circuits in standard SOP/ POS form for the given logical expression. 3b. Minimize the given logic expression using K-map. 3c. Use IC 7483 to design the given adder/ subtractor. 3d. Draw MUX/DEMUX tree for the given number of input and output lines. 3e. Write the specifications of the component for the given application. 3f. Develop the specified type of code converter.	3.1 Standard Boolean representation: Sum of Product (SOP) and Product of Sum (POS), Min-term and Max-term, conversion between SOP and POS forms, realization using NAND /NOR gates 3.2 K-map reduction technique for the Boolean expression: Minimization of Boolean functions up to 4 variables (SOP and POS form) 3.3 Design of arithmetic circuits and code converter using K-map: Half and full Adder, half and full Subtractor, gray to binary and binary to gray (up to 4 bits) 3.4 Arithmetic circuits: (IC 7483) Adder and Subtractor, BCD adder 3.5 Encoder/Decoder: Basics of encoder, decoder, comparison, (IC 7447) BCD to 7 segment decoder/driver 3.6 Multiplexer and Demultiplexer: working, truth table and applications of Multiplexers and Demultiplexures, MUX tree, IC 74151 as MUX; DEMUX tree, DEMUX as decoder, IC 74155 as DEMUX 3.7 Buffer: Tristate logic, unidirectional and bidirectional buffer (IC 74LS244, 74LS245)



Unit	Unit Outcomes (UOs) (in cognitive domain)	Topics and Sub-topics
Unit- IV Sequential Logic Circuit	4a. Use relevant triggering technique for the given digital circuit. 4b. Use the given flip-flop to construct the specific type of counter. 4c. Use excitation table of the given flip-flop to design synchronous counter. 4d. Design the specified modulo-N counter using IC7490. 4e. Construct ring/ twisted ring counter using the given flip-flop.	4.1 Basic memory cell: RS-latch using NAND and NOR 4.2 Triggering Methods: Edge trigger and level trigger 4.3 SR Flip Flops: SR-flip flop, clocked SR flip flop with preset and clear, drawbacks of SR flip flop 4.4 JK Flip Flops: Clocked JK Flip flop with preset and clear, race around condition in JK flip flop, Master slave JK flip flop, D and T type flip flop Excitation table of flip flops, Block schematic and function table of IC-7474, 7475 4.5 Shift Register: Logic diagram of 4-bit Shift registers – Serial Input Serial Output, Serial Input Parallel Output, Parallel Input Serial Output, Parallel Input Parallel Output, 4 Bit Universal Shift register 4.6 Counters: Asynchronous counter: 4 bit Ripple counter, 4 bit up/down Counter, modulus of counter Synchronous counter: Design of 4 bit synchronous up/down counter Decade counter: Block schematic of IC 7490 Decade counter, IC 7490 as MOD-N Counter, Ring counter, Twisted ring counter
Unit- V Data Converters and PLDs	5a. Calculate the output voltage of the R-2R ladder for the given specified digital input. 5b. Calculate the output voltage of the weighted resistor DAC for the given specified digital input. 5c. Explain with sketches the working principle of the given type of ADC. 5d. Explain with sketches the working principle of the given types of memories. 5e. Explain with basic block diagram the working principle of the given type of programmable logic device.	5.1 Data Converter: DAC: Types, weighted resistor circuit and R-2R ladder circuit, DAC IC 0808 specifications ADC: Block Diagram, types, and working of Dual slope ADC, SAR ADC, ADC IC 0808/0809, specification 5.2 Memory: RAM and ROM basic building blocks, read and write operation, types of semiconductor memories 5.3 PLD: Basic building blocks and types of PLDs, PLA, PAL, GAL 5.4 CPLD: Basic Building blocks, functionality.

Note: To attain the COs and competency, above listed UOs need to be undertaken to achieve the 'Application Level' and above of Bloom's 'Cognitive Domain Taxonomy'

9. SUGGESTED SPECIFICATION TABLE FOR QUESTION PAPER DESIGN

Unit No.	Unit Title	Teaching Hours	Distribution of Theory Marks			
			R Level	U Level	A Level	Total Marks
I	Number System	06	2	2	4	08
II	Logic gates and logic families	10	4	4	4	12
III	Combinational Logic Circuits	16	4	6	8	18
IV	Sequential Logic Circuit	16	4	6	8	18
V	Data Converters and PLDs	16	4	4	6	14
Total		64	18	22	30	70

Legends: R=Remember, U=Understand, A=Apply and above (Bloom's Revised taxonomy)

Note: This specification table provides general guidelines to assist student for their learning and to teachers to teach and assess students with respect to attainment of UOs. The actual distribution of marks at different taxonomy levels (of R, U and A) in the question paper may vary from above table.

10. SUGGESTED STUDENT ACTIVITIES

Other than the classroom and laboratory learning, following are the suggested student-related *co-curricular* activities which can be undertaken to accelerate the attainment of the various outcomes in this course: Students should conduct following activities in group and prepare reports of about 5 pages for each activity, also collect/record physical evidences for their (student's) portfolio which will be useful for their placement interviews:

- Prepare the survey report on the applications of different types of number system and code converters used in the design of digital system.
- Compare technical specifications and applications of various types of memory, PLDs, CPLDs and Prepare report.
- Test digital IC's using various testing equipment like digital IC tester, Digital multi-meter etc.
- Give seminar on any course relevant topic.
- Conduct library / internet survey regarding different data sheet and manuals.
- Prepare power point presentation on digital circuits and their applications.
- Undertake a market survey of different digital IC's required for different applications.
- Search for video / animations / power point presentation on internet for complex topic related to the course and make a presentation.

11. SUGGESTED SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES (if any)

These are sample strategies, which the teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various learning outcomes in this course:

- Massive open online courses (*MOOCs*) may be used to teach various topics/sub topics.
- 'L' in item No. 4 does not mean only the traditional lecture method, but different types of teaching methods and media that are to be employed to develop the outcomes.
- About 15-20% of the topics/sub-topics which is relatively simpler or descriptive in nature is to be given to the students for *self-directed learning* and assess the development of the COs through classroom presentations (see implementation guideline for details).
- With respect to item No.10, teachers need to ensure to create opportunities and provisions for *co-curricular activities*.



- e. Guide student(s) in undertaking micro-projects.
- f. PPTs/Animations may be used to explain the construction and working of electronic circuits.
- g. Guide students for using data sheets / manuals.

12. SUGGESTED MICRO-PROJECTS

Only one micro-project is planned to be undertaken by a student that needs to be assigned to him/her in the beginning of the semester. In the first four semesters, the micro-project are group-based. However, in the fifth and sixth semesters, it should be preferably be **individually** undertaken to build up the skill and confidence in every student to become problem solver so that s/he contributes to the projects of the industry. In special situations where groups have to be formed for micro-projects, the number of students in the group should **not exceed three**. The micro-project could be industry application based, internet-based, workshop-based, laboratory-based or field-based. Each micro-project should encompass two or more COs which are in fact, an integration of PrOs, UOs and ADOs. Each student will have to maintain dated work diary consisting of individual contribution in the project work and give a seminar presentation of it before submission. The total duration of the micro-project should not be less than **16 (sixteen) student engagement hours** during the course. The student ought to submit micro-project by the end of the semester to develop the industry oriented COs. Micro project report may be of four to five pages.

A suggestive list of micro-projects is given here. Similar micro-projects could be added by the concerned faculty:

- a. Build a Digital IC tester circuit.
- b. Build a 4bit parity generator and parity checker circuit.
- c. Build a circuit to implement 4 bit adder.
- d. Build a circuit to test 7 segment display.
- e. Build a circuit to implement debounce switch.
- f. Build a circuit for LED flasher.
- g. Build a circuit for LED BAR display
- h. Design and analyze digital arithmetic circuit

Note: Use general purpose PCB for making micro projects

13. SUGGESTED LEARNING RESOURCES

S. No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication
1	Modern Digital Electronics	Jain, R.P.	McGraw-Hill Publishing, New Delhi, 2009 ISBN: 9780070669116
2	Digital Circuits and Design	Salivahanan S.; Arivazhagan S.	Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi, 2013, ISBN: 9789325960411
3	Digital Electronics	Puri, V.K.	McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2016, ISBN: 97800746331751
4	Digital Principles	Malvino, A.P.; Leach, D.P.; Saha G.	McGraw Hill Education, New Delhi, 2014, ISBN : 9789339203405
5	Digital Design	Mano, Morris; Ciletti, Michael D.	Pearson Education India, Delhi, 2007, ISBN: 9780131989245
6	Digital Electronics, Principles and Integrated Circuits	Maini, Anil K.	Wiley India, Delhi, 2007, ISBN: 9780470032145



S. No.	Title of Book	Author	Publication
7	Digital Fundamentals	Floyd, Thomas	Pearson Education India, Delhi, 2014, ISBN : 9780132737968

14. SUGGESTED SOFTWARE/LEARNING WEBSITES

- a. www.cse.yorku.ca/~mack/1011/01.NumberSystems.ppt
- b. www.people.sju.edu/~ggrevera/arch/slides/binary-arithmetic.ppt
- c. www.mathsisfun.com/binary-number-system.html
- d. www.codesandtutorials.com/hardware/electronics/digital_codes-types.php
- e. www.ee.surrey.ac.uk/Projects/Labview/gatesfunc/
- f. www.ee.surrey.ac.uk/Projects/Labview/boolalgebra/
- g. www.eng.auburn.edu/~strouce/class/elec2200/elec2200-8.pdf
- h. www.maxwell.ict.griffith.edu.au/yg/teaching/dns/dns_module3_p3.pdf
- i. www.scs.ryerson.ca/~aabhari/cps213Chapter5.ppt
- j. www.eng.wayne.edu/~singhweb/seq1.ppt
- k. www.cs.sjsu.edu/faculty/lee/Ch2Problems2.ppt
- l. www.rogtronics.net/files/datasheets/dac/SedraSmith.pdf
- m. www-old.me.gatech.edu/mechatronics_course/ADC_F04.ppt
- n. www.allaboutcircuits.com/vol_4/chpt_13/3.html
- o. www.youtube.com/watch?v=5Wz5f3n5sjs
- p. www.eee.metu.edu.tr/~cb/e447/Chapter%209%20-%20v2.0.pdf
- q. www2.cs.siu.edu/~hexmoor/classes/CS315-S09/Chapter9-ROM.ppt
- r. www.cms.gcg11.org/attachments/article/95/Memory2.ppt
- s. www.cosc.brocku.ca/Offerings/3P92/seminars/Flash.ppt
- t. www.webopedia.com/TERM/R/RAM.html
- u. www.cs.sjsu.edu/~lee/cs147/Rahman.ppt

