

# **OWSP-BWA VM**

Report generated by  $\mathsf{Nessus}^\mathsf{TM}$ 

Fri, 01 Sep 2023 09:48:50 IST

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#### 20007 (1) - SSL Version 2 and 3 Protocol Detection

#### Synopsis

The remote service encrypts traffic using a protocol with known weaknesses.

#### Description

The remote service accepts connections encrypted using SSL 2.0 and/or SSL 3.0. These versions of SSL are affected by several cryptographic flaws, including:

- An insecure padding scheme with CBC ciphers.
- Insecure session renegotiation and resumption schemes.

An attacker can exploit these flaws to conduct man-in-the-middle attacks or to decrypt communications between the affected service and clients.

Although SSL/TLS has a secure means for choosing the highest supported version of the protocol (so that these versions will be used only if the client or server support nothing better), many web browsers implement this in an unsafe way that allows an attacker to downgrade a connection (such as in POODLE). Therefore, it is recommended that these protocols be disabled entirely.

NIST has determined that SSL 3.0 is no longer acceptable for secure communications. As of the date of enforcement found in PCI DSS v3.1, any version of SSL will not meet the PCI SSC's definition of 'strong cryptography'.

#### See Also

https://www.schneier.com/academic/paperfiles/paper-ssl.pdf

http://www.nessus.org/u?b06c7e95

http://www.nessus.org/u?247c4540

https://www.openssl.org/~bodo/ssl-poodle.pdf

http://www.nessus.org/u?5d15ba70

https://www.imperialviolet.org/2014/10/14/poodle.html

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7507

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7568

#### Solution

Consult the application's documentation to disable SSL 2.0 and 3.0.

Use TLS 1.2 (with approved cipher suites) or higher instead.

#### Risk Factor

#### Critical

#### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

#### 9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

#### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2005/10/12, Modified: 2022/04/04

#### Plugin Output

#### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/443/www)

- SSLv3 is enabled and the server supports at least one cipher. Explanation: TLS 1.0 and SSL 3.0 cipher suites may be used with SSLv3 Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES) Auth Encryption EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA DH RSA 3DES-CBC(168) DES-CBC3-SHA RSA RSA 3DES-CBC(168) SHA1 High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key) Encryption KEX Auth MAC DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA RSA AES-CBC(128) DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA DH RSA AES-CBC (256) RSA AES-CBC(128) AES128-SHA RSA SHA1 AES256-SHA RSA RSA AES-CBC (256) SHA1 RSA RSA RC4 (128) MD5 RC4-MD5 RC4 - SHA RSA RSA RC4 (128) SHA1 The fields above are : {Tenable ciphername} {Cipher ID code} Kex={key exchange} Auth={authentication} Encrypt={symmetric encryption method} MAC={message authentication code} {export flag}

#### 33850 (1) - Unix Operating System Unsupported Version Detection

#### Synopsis

The operating system running on the remote host is no longer supported.

#### Description

According to its self-reported version number, the Unix operating system running on the remote host is no longer supported.

Lack of support implies that no new security patches for the product will be released by the vendor. As a result, it is likely to contain security vulnerabilities.

#### Solution

Upgrade to a version of the Unix operating system that is currently supported.

Risk Factor

Critical

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

#### References

XREF IAVA:0001-A-0502 XREF IAVA:0001-A-0648

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2008/08/08, Modified: 2023/07/07

#### Plugin Output

10.0.2.6 (tcp/0)

Ubuntu 10.04 support ended on 2013-05-09 (Desktop) / 2015-04-30 (Server). Upgrade to Ubuntu 21.04 / LTS 20.04 / LTS 18.04.

For more information, see : https://wiki.ubuntu.com/Releases

#### 35291 (1) - SSL Certificate Signed Using Weak Hashing Algorithm

# **Synopsis** An SSL certificate in the certificate chain has been signed using a weak hash algorithm. Description The remote service uses an SSL certificate chain that has been signed using a cryptographically weak hashing algorithm (e.g. MD2, MD4, MD5, or SHA1). These signature algorithms are known to be vulnerable to collision attacks. An attacker can exploit this to generate another certificate with the same digital signature, allowing an attacker to masquerade as the affected service. Note that this plugin reports all SSL certificate chains signed with SHA-1 that expire after January 1, 2017 as vulnerable. This is in accordance with Google's gradual sunsetting of the SHA-1 cryptographic hash algorithm. Note that certificates in the chain that are contained in the Nessus CA database (known\_CA.inc) have been ignored. See Also https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3279 http://www.nessus.org/u?9bb87bf2 http://www.nessus.org/u?e120eea1 http://www.nessus.org/u?5d894816 http://www.nessus.org/u?51db68aa http://www.nessus.org/u?9dc7bfba Solution Contact the Certificate Authority to have the SSL certificate reissued. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:H/A:N) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 6.7 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C) CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

#### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

#### 3.9 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

#### References

BID 11849 BID 33065

CVE CVE-2004-2761

XREF CERT:836068

XREF CWE:310

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2009/01/05, Modified: 2022/01/14

#### Plugin Output

#### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/443/www)

The following certificates were part of the certificate chain sent by the remote host, but contain hashes that are considered to be weak.

Subject : CN=owaspbwa

Signature Algorithm : SHA-1 With RSA Encryption Valid From : Jan 02 21:12:38 2013 GMT Valid To : Dec 31 21:12:38 2022 GMT

Raw PEM certificate:

----BEGIN CERTIFICATE----

 $\label{lem:miibntccqyccqDmhw3dcsK55zANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQUFADATMRewDwYDVQQDEwhvd2FzcGJ3YTAeFw0xMzAxMDIyMTEyMzhaFw0yMjEyMzEyMTEyMzuafR15KK+k0Yr1xNjjuPd7iX/AKdUh5wAzM0MqoZeEKi72HwiTezYFJFLvpMQ/6PB$ 

+ A L t x y n A f 7 v Q k S x m Q L so e K R o w K Z O V 4 n I ju E F K C p 3 E R k 7 x D b O n s 5 b t 6 2 I G 9 H x j i 5 c b J Maq 4 C I M s Q c 1 N H t Q I D A Q A B M A 0 G C S q G S I b 3 D Q E B B Q U A A 4 G B A I Q L A C I M S Q C 1 N H t Q I D A Q A B M A 0 G C S q G S I b 3 D Q E B B Q U A A 4 G B A I Q L A C I M S Q C I N H t Q I D A Q A B M A 0 G C S q G S I b 3 D Q E B B Q U A A 4 G B A I Q L A C I M S Q C I N H t Q I D A Q A B M A 0 G C S q G S I b 3 D Q E B B Q U A A 4 G B A I Q L A C I M S Q C I N H t Q I D A Q A B M A 0 G C S q G S I b 3 D Q E B B Q U A A 4 G B A I Q L A C I M S Q C I N H t Q I D A Q A B M A 0 G C S q G S I b 3 D Q E B B Q U A A 4 G B A I Q L A C I M S Q C I M T Q I D A Q A B M A 0 G C S q G S I b 3 D Q E B B Q U A A 4 G B A I Q L A C I M S Q C I M T Q I D A Q A B M A 0 G C S q G S I b 3 D Q E B Q U A A 4 G B A I Q L A C I M S Q C I M T Q I D A C I M S Q C I M T Q I D A C I M S Q C I M T Q I D A C I M T Q I M T Q I D A C I M T Q I

aCwmqNTxpghTNFmVLloxT/HJao

----END CERTIFICATE----

#### 42873 (1) - SSL Medium Strength Cipher Suites Supported (SWEET32)

# **Synopsis** The remote service supports the use of medium strength SSL ciphers. Description The remote host supports the use of SSL ciphers that offer medium strength encryption. Nessus regards medium strength as any encryption that uses key lengths at least 64 bits and less than 112 bits, or else that uses the 3DES encryption suite. Note that it is considerably easier to circumvent medium strength encryption if the attacker is on the same physical network. See Also https://www.openssl.org/blog/blog/2016/08/24/sweet32/ https://sweet32.info Solution Reconfigure the affected application if possible to avoid use of medium strength ciphers. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N) CVSS v2.0 Base Score 5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N) References CVF CVE-2016-2183 Plugin Information Published: 2009/11/23, Modified: 2021/02/03 Plugin Output

10.0.2.6 (tcp/443/www)

Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES)

Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA	0x00, 0x16	DH	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
SHA1					
DES-CBC3-SHA	0x00, 0x0A	RSA	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
SHA1					

#### The fields above are :

{Tenable ciphername}
{Cipher ID code}

Kex={key exchange}

Auth={authentication}

Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}

MAC={message authentication code}
{export flag}

## 90509 (1) - Samba Badlock Vulnerability

Synopsis
An SMB server running on the remote host is affected by the Badlock vulnerability.
Description
The version of Samba, a CIFS/SMB server for Linux and Unix, running on the remote host is affected by a flaw, known as Badlock, that exists in the Security Account Manager (SAM) and Local Security Authority (Domain Policy) (LSAD) protocols due to improper authentication level negotiation over Remote Procedure Call (RPC) channels. A man-in-the-middle attacker who is able to able to intercept the traffic between a client and a server hosting a SAM database can exploit this flaw to force a downgrade of the authentication level, which allows the execution of arbitrary Samba network calls in the context of the intercepted user, such as viewing or modifying sensitive security data in the Active Directory (AD) database or disabling critical services.
http://badlock.org
https://www.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2016-2118.html
Solution
Upgrade to Samba version 4.2.11 / 4.3.8 / 4.4.2 or later.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:R/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
6.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
6.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
5.0 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)
References

BID 86002

CVE CVE-2016-2118 XREF CERT:813296

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2016/04/13, Modified: 2019/11/20

#### Plugin Output

10.0.2.6 (tcp/445/cifs)

Nessus detected that the Samba Badlock patch has not been applied.

#### 11213 (2) - HTTP TRACE / TRACK Methods Allowed

# Synopsis Debugging functions are enabled on the remote web server. Description The remote web server supports the TRACE and/or TRACK methods. TRACE and TRACK are HTTP methods that are used to debug web server connections. See Also https://www.cgisecurity.com/whitehat-mirror/WH-WhitePaper\_XST\_ebook.pdf http://www.apacheweek.com/issues/03-01-24 https://download.oracle.com/sunalerts/1000718.1.html Solution Disable these HTTP methods. Refer to the plugin output for more information. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 4.6 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C) CVSS v2.0 Base Score 5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N) CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score 3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C) References BID 9506

9561

11604

BID

BID

BID 33374 BID 37995

CVE CVE-2003-1567
CVE CVE-2004-2320
CVE CVE-2010-0386
XREF CERT:288308
XREF CERT:867593
XREF CWE:16
XREF CWE:200

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2003/01/23, Modified: 2020/06/12

#### Plugin Output

#### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/80/www)

```
To disable these methods, add the following lines for each virtual
host in your configuration file :
   RewriteEngine on
   RewriteCond %{REQUEST_METHOD} ^(TRACE|TRACK)
   RewriteRule .* - [F]
Alternatively, note that Apache versions 1.3.34, 2.0.55, and 2.2
support disabling the TRACE method natively via the 'TraceEnable'
directive.
Nessus sent the following TRACE request :
----- snip
TRACE /Nessus275406955.html HTTP/1.1
Connection: Close
Host: 10.0.2.6
Pragma: no-cache
User-Agent: Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 8.0; Windows NT 5.1; Trident/4.0)
Accept: image/gif, image/x-xbitmap, image/jpeg, image/ppeg, image/png, */*
Accept-Language: en
Accept-Charset: iso-8859-1,*,utf-8
----- snip
and received the following response from the remote server :
snip
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Date: Fri, 01 Sep 2023 04:03:24 GMT
Server: Apache/2.2.14 (Ubuntu) mod_mono/2.4.3 PHP/5.3.2-1ubuntu4.30 with Suhosin-
Patch proxy_html/3.0.1 mod_python/3.3.1 Python/2.6.5 mod_ssl/2.2.14 OpenSSL/0.9.8k
Phusion_Passenger/4.0.38 mod_perl/2.0.4 Perl/v5.10.1
Keep-Alive: timeout=15, max=100
Connection: Keep-Alive
Transfer-Encoding: chunked
Content-Type: message/http
TRACE /Nessus275406955.html HTTP/1.1
Connection: Keep-Alive
```

```
Host: 10.0.2.6
Pragma: no-cache
User-Agent: Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 8.0; Windows NT 5.1; Trident/4.0)
Accept: image/gif, image/x-xbitmap, image/jpeg, image/pjpeg, image/png, */*
Accept-Language: en
Accept-Charset: iso-8859-1,*,utf-8
```

#### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/443/www)

```
To disable these methods, add the following lines for each virtual
host in your configuration file :
   RewriteEngine on
   RewriteCond %{REQUEST_METHOD} ^(TRACE|TRACK)
   RewriteRule .* - [F]
Alternatively, note that Apache versions 1.3.34, 2.0.55, and 2.2
support disabling the TRACE method natively via the 'TraceEnable'
directive.
Nessus sent the following TRACE request:
----- snip
TRACE /Nessus1234812315.html HTTP/1.1
Connection: Close
Host: 10.0.2.6
Pragma: no-cache
User-Agent: Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 8.0; Windows NT 5.1; Trident/4.0)
Accept: image/gif, image/x-xbitmap, image/jpeg, image/pjpeg, image/png, */*
Accept-Language: en
Accept-Charset: iso-8859-1,*,utf-8
----- snip
and received the following response from the remote server :  
snip
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Date: Fri, 01 Sep 2023 04:03:24 GMT
Server: Apache/2.2.14 (Ubuntu) mod_mono/2.4.3 PHP/5.3.2-1ubuntu4.30 with Suhosin-
Patch proxy_html/3.0.1 mod_python/3.3.1 Python/2.6.5 mod_ssl/2.2.14 OpenSSL/0.9.8k
Phusion_Passenger/4.0.38 mod_perl/2.0.4 Perl/v5.10.1
Keep-Alive: timeout=15, max=100
Connection: Keep-Alive
Transfer-Encoding: chunked
Content-Type: message/http
TRACE /Nessus1234812315.html HTTP/1.1
Connection: Keep-Alive
Host: 10.0.2.6
Pragma: no-cache
User-Agent: Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 8.0; Windows NT 5.1; Trident/4.0)
{\tt Accept: image/gif, image/x-xbitmap, image/jpeg, image/pjpeg, image/png, */*} \\
Accept-Language: en
Accept-Charset: iso-8859-1,*,utf-8
----- snip -----
```

#### 88098 (2) - Apache Server ETag Header Information Disclosure

#### Synopsis

The remote web server is affected by an information disclosure vulnerability.

#### Description

The remote web server is affected by an information disclosure vulnerability due to the ETag header providing sensitive information that could aid an attacker, such as the inode number of requested files.

#### See Also

http://httpd.apache.org/docs/2.2/mod/core.html#FileETag

#### Solution

Modify the HTTP ETag header of the web server to not include file inodes in the ETag header calculation. Refer to the linked Apache documentation for more information.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

4.6 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.2 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

#### References

BID 6939

CVE CVE-2003-1418

XREF CWE:200

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2016/01/22, Modified: 2020/04/27

#### Plugin Output

#### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/80/www)

```
Nessus was able to determine that the Apache Server listening on port 80 leaks the servers inode numbers in the ETag HTTP Header field:

Source : ETag: "45f13-6da3-51c22f5365e00"
Inode number : 286483
File size : 28067 bytes
File modification time: Jul. 31, 2015 at 02:55:52 GMT
```

#### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/443/www)

```
Nessus was able to determine that the Apache Server listening on port 443 leaks the servers inode numbers in the ETag HTTP Header field:

Source : ETag: "45f13-6da3-51c22f5365e00"
Inode number : 286483
File size : 28067 bytes
File modification time: Jul. 31, 2015 at 02:55:52 GMT
```

## 136929 (2) - JQuery 1.2 < 3.5.0 Multiple XSS

Synopsis
The remote web server is affected by multiple cross site scripting vulnerability.
Description
According to the self-reported version in the script, the version of JQuery hosted on the remote web server is greater than or equal to 1.2 and prior to 3.5.0. It is, therefore, affected by multiple cross site scripting vulnerabilities.
Note, the vulnerabilities referenced in this plugin have no security impact on PAN-OS, and/or the scenarios required for successful exploitation do not exist on devices running a PAN-OS release.
See Also
https://blog.jquery.com/2020/04/10/jquery-3-5-0-released/
https://security.paloaltonetworks.com/PAN-SA-2020-0007
Solution
Upgrade to JQuery version 3.5.0 or later.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
6.1 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:R/S:C/C:L/I:L/A:N)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
5.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
3.4 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)
STIG Severity
II

#### References

CVE CVE-2020-11022
CVE CVE-2020-11023
XREF IAVB:2020-B-0030
XREF CEA-ID:CEA-2021-0004
XREF CEA-ID:CEA-2021-0025

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2020/05/28, Modified: 2022/12/05

#### Plugin Output

#### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/80/www)

URL: http://10.0.2.6/jquery.min.js

Installed version : 1.3.2
Fixed version : 3.5.0

#### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/443/www)

URL: https://10.0.2.6/jquery.min.js

Installed version : 1.3.2 Fixed version : 3.5.0

#### 12085 (1) - Apache Tomcat Default Files

#### Synopsis

The remote web server contains default files.

#### Description

The default error page, default index page, example JSPs and/or example servlets are installed on the remote Apache Tomcat server. These files should be removed as they may help an attacker uncover information about the remote Tomcat install or host itself.

#### See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?4cb3b4dd

https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Securing\_tomcat

#### Solution

Delete the default index page and remove the example JSP and servlets. Follow the Tomcat or OWASP instructions to replace or modify the default error page.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2004/03/02, Modified: 2019/08/12

Plugin Output

10.0.2.6 (tcp/8080/www)

The following default files were found:

http://10.0.2.6:8080/docs/
http://10.0.2.6:8080/examples/servlets/index.html
http://10.0.2.6:8080/examples/jsp/index.html

#### 15901 (1) - SSL Certificate Expiry

#### Synopsis

The remote server's SSL certificate has already expired.

#### Description

This plugin checks expiry dates of certificates associated with SSL- enabled services on the target and reports whether any have already expired.

#### Solution

Purchase or generate a new SSL certificate to replace the existing one.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2004/12/03, Modified: 2021/02/03

Plugin Output

10.0.2.6 (tcp/443/www)

The SSL certificate has already expired :

Subject : CN=owaspbwa Issuer : CN=owaspbwa

Not valid before : Jan  $\,$  2 21:12:38 2013 GMT Not valid after  $\,$  : Dec 31 21:12:38 2022 GMT

#### 51192 (1) - SSL Certificate Cannot Be Trusted

# Synopsis The SSL certificate for this service cannot be trusted.

#### Description

The server's X.509 certificate cannot be trusted. This situation can occur in three different ways, in which the chain of trust can be broken, as stated below:

- First, the top of the certificate chain sent by the server might not be descended from a known public certificate authority. This can occur either when the top of the chain is an unrecognized, self-signed certificate, or when intermediate certificates are missing that would connect the top of the certificate chain to a known public certificate authority.
- Second, the certificate chain may contain a certificate that is not valid at the time of the scan. This can occur either when the scan occurs before one of the certificate's 'notBefore' dates, or after one of the certificate's 'notAfter' dates.
- Third, the certificate chain may contain a signature that either didn't match the certificate's information or could not be verified. Bad signatures can be fixed by getting the certificate with the bad signature to be re-signed by its issuer. Signatures that could not be verified are the result of the certificate's issuer using a signing algorithm that Nessus either does not support or does not recognize.

If the remote host is a public host in production, any break in the chain makes it more difficult for users to verify the authenticity and identity of the web server. This could make it easier to carry out man-in-the-middle attacks against the remote host.

# to verify the authenticity and identity of the web server. This could make it easier to carry out man-in-the-middle attacks against the remote host. See Also https://www.itu.int/rec/T-REC-X.509/en https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/X.509 Solution Purchase or generate a proper SSL certificate for this service. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:N) CVSS v2.0 Base Score 6.4 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:N)

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2010/12/15, Modified: 2020/04/27

#### Plugin Output

#### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/443/www)

#### 57582 (1) - SSL Self-Signed Certificate

#### Synopsis

The SSL certificate chain for this service ends in an unrecognized self-signed certificate.

#### Description

The X.509 certificate chain for this service is not signed by a recognized certificate authority. If the remote host is a public host in production, this nullifies the use of SSL as anyone could establish a man-in-the-middle attack against the remote host.

Note that this plugin does not check for certificate chains that end in a certificate that is not self-signed, but is signed by an unrecognized certificate authority.

#### Solution

Purchase or generate a proper SSL certificate for this service.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.4 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2012/01/17, Modified: 2022/06/14

Plugin Output

10.0.2.6 (tcp/443/www)

The following certificate was found at the top of the certificate chain sent by the remote host, but is self-signed and was not found in the list of known certificate authorities:

|-Subject : CN=owaspbwa

#### 57608 (1) - SMB Signing not required

#### Synopsis

Signing is not required on the remote SMB server.

#### Description

Signing is not required on the remote SMB server. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to conduct man-in-the-middle attacks against the SMB server.

#### See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?df39b8b3

http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc731957.aspx

http://www.nessus.org/u?74b80723

https://www.samba.org/samba/docs/current/man-html/smb.conf.5.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?a3cac4ea

#### Solution

Enforce message signing in the host's configuration. On Windows, this is found in the policy setting 'Microsoft network server: Digitally sign communications (always)'. On Samba, the setting is called 'server signing'. See the 'see also' links for further details.

#### Risk Factor

Medium

#### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N)

#### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

4.6 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

#### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

#### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2012/01/19, Modified: 2022/10/05

Plugin Output

10.0.2.6 (tcp/445/cifs)

#### 65821 (1) - SSL RC4 Cipher Suites Supported (Bar Mitzvah)

#### **Synopsis**

The remote service supports the use of the RC4 cipher.

#### Description

The remote host supports the use of RC4 in one or more cipher suites.

The RC4 cipher is flawed in its generation of a pseudo-random stream of bytes so that a wide variety of small biases are introduced into the stream, decreasing its randomness.

If plaintext is repeatedly encrypted (e.g., HTTP cookies), and an attacker is able to obtain many (i.e., tens of millions) ciphertexts, the attacker may be able to derive the plaintext.

#### See Also

https://www.rc4nomore.com/

http://www.nessus.org/u?ac7327a0

http://cr.yp.to/talks/2013.03.12/slides.pdf

http://www.isg.rhul.ac.uk/tls/

https://www.imperva.com/docs/HII\_Attacking\_SSL\_when\_using\_RC4.pdf

#### Solution

Reconfigure the affected application, if possible, to avoid use of RC4 ciphers. Consider using TLS 1.2 with AES-GCM suites subject to browser and web server support.

#### Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.9 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

5.4 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:X/RC:C)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:ND/RC:C)

#### References

BID 58796 BID 73684

CVE CVE-2013-2566 CVE CVE-2015-2808

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2013/04/05, Modified: 2021/02/03

#### Plugin Output

#### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/443/www)

```
List of RC4 cipher suites supported by the remote server :
 High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key)
   Name
                                             KEX
                                                          Auth Encryption
                              0x00, 0x04 RSA
0x00, 0x05 RSA
   -----
                                                           ----
                                                                    RSA RC4 (128)
RSA RC4 (128)
   RC4-MD5
                                                          RSA
                                                                                        MD5
   RC4 - SHA
 SHA1
The fields above are :
 {Tenable ciphername}
 {Cipher ID code}
 Kex={key exchange}
 Auth={authentication}
 Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}
 MAC={message authentication code}
 {export flag}
```

#### 90317 (1) - SSH Weak Algorithms Supported

#### Synopsis

The remote SSH server is configured to allow weak encryption algorithms or no algorithm at all.

#### Description

Nessus has detected that the remote SSH server is configured to use the Arcfour stream cipher or no cipher at all. RFC 4253 advises against using Arcfour due to an issue with weak keys.

#### See Also

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc4253#section-6.3

#### Solution

Contact the vendor or consult product documentation to remove the weak ciphers.

#### Risk Factor

Medium

#### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2016/04/04, Modified: 2016/12/14

#### Plugin Output

#### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/22/ssh)

```
The following weak server-to-client encryption algorithms are supported:

arcfour
arcfour128
arcfour256

The following weak client-to-server encryption algorithms are supported:

arcfour
arcfour
arcfour128
arcfour256
```

#### 104743 (1) - TLS Version 1.0 Protocol Detection

#### Synopsis

The remote service encrypts traffic using an older version of TLS.

#### Description

The remote service accepts connections encrypted using TLS 1.0. TLS 1.0 has a number of cryptographic design flaws. Modern implementations of TLS 1.0 mitigate these problems, but newer versions of TLS like 1.2 and 1.3 are designed against these flaws and should be used whenever possible.

As of March 31, 2020, Endpoints that aren't enabled for TLS 1.2 and higher will no longer function properly with major web browsers and major vendors.

PCI DSS v3.2 requires that TLS 1.0 be disabled entirely by June 30, 2018, except for POS POI terminals (and the SSL/TLS termination points to which they connect) that can be verified as not being susceptible to any known exploits.

#### See Also

https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-tls-oldversions-deprecate-00

#### Solution

Enable support for TLS 1.2 and 1.3, and disable support for TLS 1.0.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.1 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:C/I:P/A:N)

References

XREF CWE:327

Plugin Information

Published: 2017/11/22, Modified: 2023/04/19

Plugin Output

#### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/443/www)

 $\ensuremath{\operatorname{TLSv1}}$  is enabled and the server supports at least one cipher.

#### 69551 (1) - SSL Certificate Chain Contains RSA Keys Less Than 2048 bits

#### Synopsis

The X.509 certificate chain used by this service contains certificates with RSA keys shorter than 2048 bits.

#### Description

At least one of the X.509 certificates sent by the remote host has a key that is shorter than 2048 bits. According to industry standards set by the Certification Authority/Browser (CA/B) Forum, certificates issued after January 1, 2014 must be at least 2048 bits.

Some browser SSL implementations may reject keys less than 2048 bits after January 1, 2014. Additionally, some SSL certificate vendors may revoke certificates less than 2048 bits before January 1, 2014.

Note that Nessus will not flag root certificates with RSA keys less than 2048 bits if they were issued prior to December 31, 2010, as the standard considers them exempt.

#### See Also

https://www.cabforum.org/wp-content/uploads/Baseline\_Requirements\_V1.pdf

#### Solution

Replace the certificate in the chain with the RSA key less than 2048 bits in length with a longer key, and reissue any certificates signed by the old certificate.

#### Risk Factor

Iow

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2013/09/03, Modified: 2018/11/15

#### Plugin Output

#### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/443/www)

|-Subject : CN=owaspbwa |-RSA Key Length : 1024 bits

#### 70658 (1) - SSH Server CBC Mode Ciphers Enabled

#### Synopsis

The SSH server is configured to use Cipher Block Chaining.

#### Description

The SSH server is configured to support Cipher Block Chaining (CBC) encryption. This may allow an attacker to recover the plaintext message from the ciphertext.

Note that this plugin only checks for the options of the SSH server and does not check for vulnerable software versions.

#### Solution

Contact the vendor or consult product documentation to disable CBC mode cipher encryption, and enable CTR or GCM cipher mode encryption.

#### Risk Factor

Low

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

2.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

1.9 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

#### References

BID 32319

CVE CVE-2008-5161

XREF CERT:958563

XREF CWE:200

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2013/10/28, Modified: 2018/07/30

#### Plugin Output

10.0.2.6 (tcp/22/ssh)

The following client-to-server Cipher Block Chaining (CBC) algorithms

```
are supported :
   3des-cbc
   aes128-cbc
  aes192-cbc
  aes256-cbc
  blowfish-cbc
  cast128-cbc
  rijndael-cbc@lysator.liu.se
 The following server-to-client Cipher Block Chaining (CBC) algorithms
 are supported :
   3des-cbc
   aes128-cbc
  aes192-cbc
  aes256-cbc
  blowfish-cbc
  cast128-cbc
  rijndael-cbc@lysator.liu.se
```

### 71049 (1) - SSH Weak MAC Algorithms Enabled

### Synopsis

The remote SSH server is configured to allow MD5 and 96-bit MAC algorithms.

### Description

The remote SSH server is configured to allow either MD5 or 96-bit MAC algorithms, both of which are considered weak.

Note that this plugin only checks for the options of the SSH server, and it does not check for vulnerable software versions.

### Solution

Contact the vendor or consult product documentation to disable MD5 and 96-bit MAC algorithms.

### Risk Factor

Low

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

2.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

### Plugin Information

Published: 2013/11/22, Modified: 2016/12/14

### Plugin Output

### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/22/ssh)

```
The following client-to-server Message Authentication Code (MAC) algorithms are supported:

hmac-md5
hmac-md5-96
hmac-sha1-96

The following server-to-client Message Authentication Code (MAC) algorithms are supported:

hmac-md5
hmac-md5
hmac-md5-96
hmac-sha1-96
```

## 78479 (1) - SSLv3 Padding Oracle On Downgraded Legacy Encryption Vulnerability (POODLE)

### **Synopsis**

It is possible to obtain sensitive information from the remote host with SSL/TLS-enabled services.

### Description

The remote host is affected by a man-in-the-middle (MitM) information disclosure vulnerability known as POODLE. The vulnerability is due to the way SSL 3.0 handles padding bytes when decrypting messages encrypted using block ciphers in cipher block chaining (CBC) mode.

MitM attackers can decrypt a selected byte of a cipher text in as few as 256 tries if they are able to force a victim application to repeatedly send the same data over newly created SSL 3.0 connections.

As long as a client and service both support SSLv3, a connection can be 'rolled back' to SSLv3, even if TLSv1 or newer is supported by the client and service.

The TLS Fallback SCSV mechanism prevents 'version rollback' attacks without impacting legacy clients; however, it can only protect connections when the client and service support the mechanism. Sites that cannot disable SSLv3 immediately should enable this mechanism.

This is a vulnerability in the SSLv3 specification, not in any particular SSL implementation. Disabling SSLv3 is the only way to completely mitigate the vulnerability.

#### See Also

https://www.imperialviolet.org/2014/10/14/poodle.html

https://www.openssl.org/~bodo/ssl-poodle.pdf

https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-tls-downgrade-scsv-00

### Solution

Disable SSLv3.

Services that must support SSLv3 should enable the TLS Fallback SCSV mechanism until SSLv3 can be disabled.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

3.4 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:R/S:C/C:L/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

3.1 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

### 4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

### 3.4 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID 70574

CVE CVE-2014-3566 XREF CERT:577193

### Plugin Information

Published: 2014/10/15, Modified: 2023/06/23

### Plugin Output

### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/443/www)

Nessus determined that the remote server supports SSLv3 with at least one CBC cipher suite, indicating that this server is vulnerable.

It appears that TLSv1 or newer is supported on the server. However, the Fallback SCSV mechanism is not supported, allowing connections to be "rolled back" to SSLv3.

### 153953 (1) - SSH Weak Key Exchange Algorithms Enabled

Synopsis
The remote SSH server is configured to allow weak key exchange algorithms.
Description
The remote SSH server is configured to allow key exchange algorithms which are considered weak.
This is based on the IETF draft document Key Exchange (KEX) Method Updates and Recommendations for Secure Shell (SSH) draft-ietf-curdle-ssh-kex-sha2-20. Section 4 lists guidance on key exchange algorithms that SHOULD NOT and MUST NOT be enabled. This includes:
diffie-hellman-group-exchange-sha1
diffie-hellman-group1-sha1
gss-gex-sha1-*
gss-group1-sha1-*
gss-group14-sha1-*
rsa1024-sha1
Note that this plugin only checks for the options of the SSH server, and it does not check for vulnerable software versions.
See Also
http://www.nessus.org/u?b02d91cd
https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc8732
Solution
Contact the vendor or consult product documentation to disable the weak algorithms.
Risk Factor
Low
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
3.7 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N)
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
2.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

### Plugin Information

Published: 2021/10/13, Modified: 2021/10/13

### Plugin Output

### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/22/ssh)

The following weak key exchange algorithms are enabled:

diffie-hellman-group-exchange-sha1
diffie-hellman-group1-sha1

## 11219 (9) - Nessus SYN scanner

### Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

### Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2023/06/20

### Plugin Output

### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/22/ssh)

Port 22/tcp was found to be open

### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/80/www)

Port 80/tcp was found to be open

### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/139/smb)

Port 139/tcp was found to be open

### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/143/imap)

Port 143/tcp was found to be open

Port 443/tcp was found to be open

### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/445/cifs)

Port 445/tcp was found to be open

### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/5001/java-listener)

Port 5001/tcp was found to be open

### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/8080/www)

Port 8080/tcp was found to be open

### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/8081/www)

Port 8081/tcp was found to be open

## 22964 (7) - Service Detection

### Synopsis

The remote service could be identified.

### Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2023/07/10

### Plugin Output

### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/22/ssh)

An SSH server is running on this port.

### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/80/www)

A web server is running on this port.

### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/143/imap)

An IMAP server is running on this port.

### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/443/www)

A TLSv1 server answered on this port.

### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/443/www)

The service closed the connection without sending any data. It might be protected by some sort of TCP wrapper.

### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/8080/www)

A web server is running on this port.

## 10.0.2.6 (tcp/8081/www)

A web server is running on this port.

22964 (7) - Service Detection 45

## 10107 (4) - HTTP Server Type and Version

**Synopsis** 

A web server is running on the remote host.

Description

This plugin attempts to determine the type and the version of the remote web server.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF

IAVT:0001-T-0931

Plugin Information

Published: 2000/01/04, Modified: 2020/10/30

Plugin Output

### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/80/www)

```
The remote web server type is:
```

 $\label{local-poly-substitution} Apache/2.2.14 (Ubuntu) mod_mono/2.4.3 PHP/5.3.2-1ubuntu4.30 with Suhosin-Patch proxy_html/3.0.1 mod_python/3.3.1 Python/2.6.5 mod_ssl/2.2.14 OpenSSL/0.9.8k Phusion_Passenger/4.0.38 mod_perl/2.0.4 Perl/v5.10.1$ 

### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/443/www)

```
The remote web server type is:

Apache/2.2.14 (Ubuntu) mod_mono/2.4.3 PHP/5.3.2-1ubuntu4.30 with Suhosin-Patch proxy_html/3.0.1 mod_python/3.3.1 Python/2.6.5 mod_ss1/2.2.14 OpenSSL/0.9.8k Phusion_Passenger/4.0.38 mod_per1/2.0.4 Per1/v5.10.1
```

### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/8080/www)

```
The remote web server type is :
Apache-Coyote/1.1
```

## 10.0.2.6 (tcp/8081/www)

The remote web server type is :  $\label{eq:condition} \mbox{Jetty} \mbox{ (6.1.25)}$ 

## 24260 (4) - HyperText Transfer Protocol (HTTP) Information

### Synopsis

Some information about the remote HTTP configuration can be extracted.

### Description

This test gives some information about the remote HTTP protocol - the version used, whether HTTP Keep-Alive and HTTP pipelining are enabled, etc...

This test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/01/30, Modified: 2019/11/22

### Plugin Output

### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/80/www)

```
Response Code: HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Protocol version: HTTP/1.1
SSL : no
Keep-Alive : yes
Options allowed : (Not implemented)
Headers:
 Date: Fri, 01 Sep 2023 04:03:58 GMT
 Server: Apache/2.2.14 (Ubuntu) mod_mono/2.4.3 PHP/5.3.2-1ubuntu4.30 with Suhosin-
Patch proxy_html/3.0.1 mod_python/3.3.1 Python/2.6.5 mod_ssl/2.2.14 OpenSSL/0.9.8k
Phusion_Passenger/4.0.38 mod_perl/2.0.4 Perl/v5.10.1
 Last-Modified: Fri, 31 Jul 2015 02:55:52 GMT
 ETag: "45f13-6da3-51c22f5365e00"
 Accept-Ranges: bytes
  Content-Length: 28067
  Vary: Accept-Encoding
 Keep-Alive: timeout=15, max=100
 Connection: Keep-Alive
 Content-Type: text/html
Response Body :
<!DOCTYPE HTML>
<html>
<head>
```

```
<title>owaspbwa OWASP Broken Web Applications</title>
<link rel="stylesheet" href="index.css" type="text/css" media="screen" />
<script type="text/javascript" src="/jquery.min.js"></script> <!--http://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/</pre>
libs/jquery/1.3.2/jquery.min.js pulled april 15 2011-->
<script type="text/javascript" src="animatedcollapse.js">
* Animated Collapsible DIV v2.4- (c) Dynamic Drive DHTML code library (www.dynamicdrive.com)
* This notice MUST stay intact for legal use
* Visit Dynamic Drive at http://www.dynamicdrive.com/ for this script and 100s more
</script>
<script type="text/javascript">
animatedcollapse.addDiv('webgoat', 'fade=1')
animatedcollapse.addDiv('webgoat_net', 'fade=1')
animatedcollapse.addDiv('swingset', 'fade=1')
animatedcollapse.addDiv('swingset_interactive', 'fade=1')
animatedcollapse.addDiv('mutillidae', 'fade=1')
animatedcollapse.addDiv('dvwa', 'fade=1')
animatedcollapse.addDiv('ghost', 'fade=1')
animatedcollapse.addDiv('bwapp', 'fade=1')
animatedcollapse.addDiv('OWASPVicnum', 'fade=1')
animatedcollapse.addDiv('jotto', 'fade=1')
animatedcollapse.addDiv('oneliner', 'fade=1')
animatedcollapse.addDiv('peruggia', 'fade=1')
animatedcollapse.addDiv('gruyere', 'fade=1')
animatedcollapse.addDiv('hackxor', 'fade=1')
animatedcollapse [...]
```

```
Response Code: HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Protocol version : HTTP/1.1
SSL : yes
Keep-Alive : yes
Options allowed : (Not implemented)
Headers :
 Date: Fri, 01 Sep 2023 04:03:58 GMT
 Server: Apache/2.2.14 (Ubuntu) mod_mono/2.4.3 PHP/5.3.2-1ubuntu4.30 with Suhosin-
Patch proxy_html/3.0.1 mod_python/3.3.1 Python/2.6.5 mod_ss1/2.2.14 OpenSSL/0.9.8k
Phusion_Passenger/4.0.38 mod_perl/2.0.4 Perl/v5.10.1
  Last-Modified: Fri, 31 Jul 2015 02:55:52 GMT
  ETag: "45f13-6da3-51c22f5365e00"
 Accept-Ranges: bytes
 Content-Length: 28067
 Vary: Accept-Encoding
  Keep-Alive: timeout=15, max=100
  Connection: Keep-Alive
  Content-Type: text/html
Response Body :
<!DOCTYPE HTML>
<html>
<title>owaspbwa OWASP Broken Web Applications</title>
<link rel="stylesheet" href="index.css" type="text/css" media="screen" />
<script type="text/javascript" src="/jquery.min.js"></script> <!--http://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/</pre>
libs/jquery/1.3.2/jquery.min.js pulled april 15 2011-->
<script type="text/javascript" src="animatedcollapse.js">
* Animated Collapsible DIV v2.4- (c) Dynamic Drive DHTML code library (www.dynamicdrive.com)
* This notice MUST stay intact for legal use
* Visit Dynamic Drive at http://www.dynamicdrive.com/ for this script and 100s more
```

```
<script type="text/javascript">
animatedcollapse.addDiv('webgoat', 'fade=1')
animatedcollapse.addDiv('webgoat_net', 'fade=1')
animatedcollapse.addDiv('swingset', 'fade=1')
animatedcollapse.addDiv('swingset_interactive', 'fade=1')
animatedcollapse.addDiv('mutillidae', 'fade=1')
animatedcollapse.addDiv('dvwa', 'fade=1')
animatedcollapse.addDiv('ghost', 'fade=1')
animatedcollapse.addDiv('bwapp', 'fade=1')
animatedcollapse.addDiv('OWASPVicnum', 'fade=1')
animatedcollapse.addDiv('jotto', 'fade=1')
animatedcollapse.addDiv('oneliner', 'fade=1')
animatedcollapse.addDiv('peruggia', 'fade=1')
animatedcollapse.addDiv('gruyere', 'fade=1')
animatedcollapse.addDiv('hackxor', 'fade=1')
animatedcollaps [...]
```

### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/8080/www)

```
Response Code: HTTP/1.1 400 Bad Request

Protocol version: HTTP/1.1

SSL: no
Keep-Alive: no
Options allowed: (Not implemented)
Headers:

Server: Apache-Coyote/1.1
Date: Fri, 01 Sep 2023 04:03:58 GMT
Connection: close

Response Body:
```

### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/8081/www)

```
Response Code: HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Protocol version : HTTP/1.1
SSL : no
Keep-Alive : no
Options allowed : (Not implemented)
Headers :
 Accept-Ranges: bytes
 Content-Type: text/html
 Content-Length: 1740
  Last-Modified: Fri, 01 Feb 2013 21:39:15 GMT
  Connection: close
 Server: Jetty(6.1.25)
Response Body :
<!DOCTYPE html>
<h+m1>
<head>
    <title>Choose Your Path</title>
    <style>
            font-size: 2em;
            font-family: Georgia, Helvetica, Arial, sans-serif;
```

```
color: #444;
           margin-top: 1.5em;
        }
            text-decoration: none;
            text-align: center;
           font-family: Helvetica, Arial, sans-serif;
           font-size: 2em;
           color: #ffffff;
        .button {
           padding: 1em;
           margin: 1em;
            border-radius: 5px;
           border: 5px rgb(136,101,237);
            width: 200px;
           background-image: linear-gradient(bottom, rgb(74,42,164) 10%, rgb(104,72,197) 55%,
rgb(136,101,237) 78%);
           background-image: -o-linear-gradient(bottom, rgb(74,42,164) 10%, rgb(104,72,197) 55%,
rgb(136,101,237) 78%);
            background-image: -moz-linear-gradient(bottom, rgb(74,42,164) 10%, rgb(104,72,197) 55%,
rgb(136,101,237) 78%);
            background-image: -webkit-linear-gradient(bottom, rgb(74,42,164) 10%, rgb(104,72,197)
 55%, rgb(136,101,237) 78%);
            background-image: -ms-linear-gradient(bottom, rgb(74,42,164) 10%, rgb(104,72,197) 55%,
rgb(136,101,237) 78%);
            background-image: -webkit-gradient(
                linear,
                left bottom,
               left top,
                color-stop(0.1, rgb(74,42,164)),
                color-stop(0.55, rgb(104,72,197)),
                color-stop(0.78, rgb(136,101,237))
           );
       }
   </style>
</head>
<body>
<h3>Choose your path</h3>
<a href="./vulnerable"><div class="button">Vulnerable</div></a>
<a href="./securish"><div class="button">Securish</div></a>
</body [...]
```

## 43111 (3) - HTTP Methods Allowed (per directory)

## **Synopsis** This plugin determines which HTTP methods are allowed on various CGI directories. Description By calling the OPTIONS method, it is possible to determine which HTTP methods are allowed on each directory. The following HTTP methods are considered insecure: PUT, DELETE, CONNECT, TRACE, HEAD Many frameworks and languages treat 'HEAD' as a 'GET' request, albeit one without any body in the response. If a security constraint was set on 'GET' requests such that only 'authenticatedUsers' could access GET requests for a particular servlet or resource, it would be bypassed for the 'HEAD' version. This allowed unauthorized blind submission of any privileged GET request. As this list may be incomplete, the plugin also tests - if 'Thorough tests' are enabled or 'Enable web applications tests' is set to 'yes' in the scan policy - various known HTTP methods on each directory and considers them as unsupported if it receives a response code of 400, 403, 405, or 501. Note that the plugin output is only informational and does not necessarily indicate the presence of any security vulnerabilities. See Also http://www.nessus.org/u?d9c03a9a http://www.nessus.org/u?b019cbdb https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Test\_HTTP\_Methods\_(OTG-CONFIG-006) Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2009/12/10, Modified: 2022/04/11 Plugin Output

10.0.2.6 (tcp/80/www)

```
Based on the response to an OPTIONS request:
- HTTP methods GET HEAD OPTIONS POST TRACE are allowed on:
/
```

### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/443/www)

```
Based on the response to an OPTIONS request:
- HTTP methods GET HEAD OPTIONS POST TRACE are allowed on:
/
```

### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/8081/www)

```
Based on the response to an OPTIONS request:
- HTTP methods HEAD OPTIONS POST TRACE GET are allowed on:
/
```

## 11011 (2) - Microsoft Windows SMB Service Detection

Synopsis	
A file / print sharing service is listening on the remo	te host.
Description	
The remote service understands the CIFS (Common protocol, used to provide shared access to files, prin	Internet File System) or Server Message Block (SMB) nters, etc between nodes on a network.
Solution	
n/a	
Risk Factor	
None	
Plugin Information	
Published: 2002/06/05, Modified: 2021/02/11	
Plugin Output	
10.0.2.6 (tcp/139/smb)	
An SMB server is running on this port.	
10.0.2.6 (tcp/445/cifs)	
A CIFS server is running on this port.	

## 32318 (2) - Web Site Cross-Domain Policy File Detection

### Synopsis

The remote web server contains a 'crossdomain.xml' file.

### Description

The remote web server contains a cross-domain policy file. This is a simple XML file used by Adobe's Flash Player to allow access to data that resides outside the exact web domain from which a Flash movie file originated.

### See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?8a58aa76

http://kb2.adobe.com/cps/142/tn\_14213.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?74a6a9a5

http://www.nessus.org/u?acb70df2

#### Solution

Review the contents of the policy file carefully. Improper policies, especially an unrestricted one with just '\*', could allow for cross- site request forgery and cross-site scripting attacks against the web server.

#### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2008/05/15, Modified: 2022/04/11

### Plugin Output

### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/80/www)

Nessus was able to obtain a cross-domain policy file from the remote host using the following URL :

http://10.0.2.6/crossdomain.xml

### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/443/www)

Nessus was able to obtain a cross-domain policy file from the remote host using the following  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{URL}}$  :

## 39521 (2) - Backported Security Patch Detection (WWW)

Synopsis
Security patches are backported.
Description
Security patches may have been 'backported' to the remote HTTP server without changing its version number.
Banner-based checks have been disabled to avoid false positives.
Note that this test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.
See Also
https://access.redhat.com/security/updates/backporting/?sc_cid=3093
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2009/06/25, Modified: 2015/07/07
Plugin Output
10.0.2.6 (tcp/80/www)
Give Nessus credentials to perform local checks.
10.0.2.6 (tcp/443/www)
Give Nessus credentials to perform local checks.

## 48204 (2) - Apache HTTP Server Version

### Synopsis

It is possible to obtain the version number of the remote Apache HTTP server.

### Description

The remote host is running the Apache HTTP Server, an open source web server. It was possible to read the version number from the banner.

### See Also

https://httpd.apache.org/

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0030 XREF IAVT:0001-T-0530

### Plugin Information

Published: 2010/07/30, Modified: 2023/08/17

### Plugin Output

### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/80/www)

```
URL : http://10.0.2.6/
Version : 2.2.99
Source : Server: Apache/2.2.14 (Ubuntu) mod_mono/2.4.3 PHP/5.3.2-1ubuntu4.30 with
Suhosin-Patch proxy_html/3.0.1 mod_python/3.3.1 Python/2.6.5 mod_ssl/2.2.14 OpenSSL/0.9.8k
Phusion_Passenger/4.0.38 mod_perl/2.0.4 Perl/v5.10.1
backported : 1
modules : mod_mono/2.4.3 PHP/5.3.2-1ubuntu4.30 with Suhosin-Patch proxy_html/3.0.1
mod_python/3.3.1 Python/2.6.5 mod_ssl/2.2.14 OpenSSL/0.9.8k Phusion_Passenger/4.0.38 mod_perl/2.0.4
Perl/v5.10.1
os : ConvertedUbuntu
```

: https://10.0.2.6/ URL

Version

: 2.2.99 : Server: Apache/2.2.14 (Ubuntu) mod\_mono/2.4.3 PHP/5.3.2-1ubuntu4.30 with Source  ${\tt Suhosin-Patch\ proxy\_html/3.0.1\ mod\_python/3.3.1\ Python/2.6.5\ mod\_ssl/2.2.14\ OpenSSL/0.9.8k}$ 

Phusion\_Passenger/4.0.38 mod\_perl/2.0.4 Perl/v5.10.1

backported : 1

modules : mod\_mono/2.4.3 PHP/5.3.2-1ubuntu4.30 with Suhosin-Patch proxy\_html/3.0.1

mod\_python/3.3.1 Python/2.6.5 mod\_ss1/2.2.14 OpenSSL/0.9.8k Phusion\_Passenger/4.0.38 mod\_perl/2.0.4

Perl/v5.10.1

: ConvertedUbuntu

## 48243 (2) - PHP Version Detection

### **Synopsis**

It was possible to obtain the version number of the remote PHP installation.

### Description

Nessus was able to determine the version of PHP available on the remote web server.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

References

**XREF** 

IAVT:0001-T-0936

### Plugin Information

Published: 2010/08/04, Modified: 2022/10/12

### Plugin Output

### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/80/www)

```
Nessus was able to identify the following PHP version information:

Version: 5.3.2-lubuntu4.30

Source: Server: Apache/2.2.14 (Ubuntu) mod_mono/2.4.3 PHP/5.3.2-lubuntu4.30 with Suhosin-Patch proxy_html/3.0.1 mod_python/3.3.1 Python/2.6.5 mod_ssl/2.2.14 OpenSSL/0.9.8k Phusion_Passenger/4.0.38 mod_perl/2.0.4 Perl/v5.10.1
```

```
Nessus was able to identify the following PHP version information:

Version: 5.3.2-1ubuntu4.30
Source: Server: Apache/2.2.14 (Ubuntu) mod_mono/2.4.3 PHP/5.3.2-1ubuntu4.30 with Suhosin-Patch proxy_html/3.0.1 mod_python/3.3.1 Python/2.6.5 mod_ssl/2.2.14 OpenSSL/0.9.8k Phusion_Passenger/4.0.38 mod_perl/2.0.4 Perl/v5.10.1
```

## 57323 (2) - OpenSSL Version Detection

### Synopsis

Nessus was able to detect the OpenSSL version.

### Description

Nessus was able to extract the OpenSSL version from the web server's banner. Note that security patches in many cases are backported and the displayed version number does not show the patch level. Using it to identify vulnerable software is likely to lead to false detections.

### See Also

https://www.openssl.org/

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

References

**XREF** 

IAVT:0001-T-0682

### Plugin Information

Published: 2011/12/16, Modified: 2023/03/27

### Plugin Output

### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/80/www)

```
Source : Apache/2.2.14 (Ubuntu) mod_mono/2.4.3 PHP/5.3.2-1ubuntu4.30 with Suhosin-Patch proxy_html/3.0.1 mod_python/3.3.1 Python/2.6.5 mod_ssl/2.2.14 OpenSSL/0.9.8k Phusion_Passenger/4.0.38 mod_perl/2.0.4 Perl/v5.10.1 Reported version : 0.9.8k Backported version : 0.9.8k
```

```
Source : Apache/2.2.14 (Ubuntu) mod_mono/2.4.3 PHP/5.3.2-1ubuntu4.30 with Suhosin-Patch proxy_html/3.0.1 mod_python/3.3.1 Python/2.6.5 mod_ssl/2.2.14 OpenSSL/0.9.8k Phusion_Passenger/4.0.38 mod_perl/2.0.4 Perl/v5.10.1
```

Reported version : 0.9.8k
Backported version : 0.9.8k

## 84574 (2) - Backported Security Patch Detection (PHP)

Synopsis
Security patches have been backported.
Description
Security patches may have been 'backported' to the remote PHP install without changing its version number.
Banner-based checks have been disabled to avoid false positives.
Note that this test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.
See Also
https://access.redhat.com/security/updates/backporting/?sc_cid=3093
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2015/07/07, Modified: 2022/04/11
Plugin Output
10.0.2.6 (tcp/80/www)
Give Nessus credentials to perform local checks.
10.0.2.6 (tcp/443/www)
Give Nessus credentials to perform local checks.

## 106658 (2) - JQuery Detection

Synopsis

The web server on the remote host uses JQuery.

Description

Nessus was able to detect JQuery on the remote host.

See Also

https://jquery.com/

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2018/02/07, Modified: 2023/05/24

Plugin Output

10.0.2.6 (tcp/80/www)

```
URL : http://10.0.2.6/jquery.min.js
Version : 1.3.2
```

```
URL : https://10.0.2.6/jquery.min.js
Version : 1.3.2
```

## 122364 (2) - Python Remote HTTP Detection

Synopsis

Python is running on the remote host.

Description

A web server is running Python on the remote host.

Note that the web server may be running on top of Python, or just running an embedded version.

See Also

https://www.python.org/

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2019/02/21, Modified: 2023/08/09

Plugin Output

10.0.2.6 (tcp/80/www)

```
Path : /
Version : 2.6.5
Backported : 1
Product : Python
```

```
Path : /
Version : 2.6.5
Backported : 1
Product : Python
```

## 10114 (1) - ICMP Timestamp Request Remote Date Disclosure

### Synopsis

It is possible to determine the exact time set on the remote host.

### Description

The remote host answers to an ICMP timestamp request. This allows an attacker to know the date that is set on the targeted machine, which may assist an unauthenticated, remote attacker in defeating time-based authentication protocols.

Timestamps returned from machines running Windows Vista / 7 / 2008 / 2008 R2 are deliberately incorrect, but usually within 1000 seconds of the actual system time.

Solution

Filter out the ICMP timestamp requests (13), and the outgoing ICMP timestamp replies (14).

Risk Factor

None

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

0.0 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

0.0 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:N)

References

CVE CVE-1999-0524

XREF CWE:200

Plugin Information

Published: 1999/08/01, Modified: 2023/04/27

Plugin Output

10.0.2.6 (icmp/0)

The difference between the local and remote clocks is -1 seconds.

## 10150 (1) - Windows NetBIOS / SMB Remote Host Information Disclosure

### Synopsis

It was possible to obtain the network name of the remote host.

### Description

The remote host is listening on UDP port 137 or TCP port 445, and replies to NetBIOS nbtscan or SMB requests.

Note that this plugin gathers information to be used in other plugins, but does not itself generate a report.

### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 1999/10/12, Modified: 2021/02/10

### Plugin Output

### 10.0.2.6 (udp/137/netbios-ns)

```
The following 7 NetBIOS names have been gathered:
OWASPBWA
                 = Computer name
OWASPBWA
                = Messenger Service
                 = File Server Service
OWASPBWA
 __MSBROWSE___
                 = Master Browser
 WORKGROUP
                 = Master Browser
WORKGROUP
                 = Browser Service Elections
                 = Workgroup / Domain name
WORKGROUP
This SMB server seems to be a Samba server - its MAC address is NULL.
```

## 10267 (1) - SSH Server Type and Version Information

Synopsis		
An SSH serv	er is listening on this port.	
Description		
It is possible request.	to obtain information about the remote SSH server by sending an empty authentication	
Solution		
n/a		
Risk Factor		
None		
References		
XREF	IAVT:0001-T-0933	
Plugin Infori	mation	
Published: 1	999/10/12, Modified: 2020/09/22	
Plugin Outp	ut	
10.0.2.6 (tcp	/22/ssh)	
SSH versio	on : SSH-2.0-OpenSSH_5.3p1 Debian-3ubuntu4	

SSH supported authentication : publickey,password

## 10287 (1) - Traceroute Information

Synopsis

It was possible to obtain traceroute information.

Description

Makes a traceroute to the remote host.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 1999/11/27, Modified: 2023/06/26

Plugin Output

10.0.2.6 (udp/0)

For your information, here is the traceroute from 10.0.2.15 to 10.0.2.6: 10.0.2.15
10.0.2.6
Hop Count: 1

## 10397 (1) - Microsoft Windows SMB LanMan Pipe Server Listing Disclosure

Synopsis	
It is possible to obtain network information.	
Description	
It was possible to obtain the browse list of the remote W LANMAN pipe. The browse list is the list of the nearest W	
Solution	
n/a	
Risk Factor	
None	
Plugin Information	
Published: 2000/05/09, Modified: 2022/02/01	
Plugin Output	
10.0.2.6 (tcp/445/cifs)	
Here is the browse list of the remote host : OWASPBWA ( os : 0.0 )	

# 10785 (1) - Microsoft Windows SMB NativeLanManager Remote System Information Disclosure

Synopsis
It was possible to obtain information about the remote operating system.
Description
Nessus was able to obtain the remote operating system name and version (Windows and/or Samba) by sending an authentication request to port 139 or 445. Note that this plugin requires SMB to be enabled on the host.
Colores and Colore
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2001/10/17, Modified: 2021/09/20
Plugin Output
10.0.2.6 (tcp/445/cifs)
The remote Operating System is: Unix The remote native LAN manager is: Samba 3.4.7 The remote SMB Domain Name is: OWASPBWA

## 10863 (1) - SSL Certificate Information

Synopsis

This plugin displays the SSL certificate.

Description

This plugin connects to every SSL-related port and attempts to extract and dump the X.509 certificate.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2008/05/19, Modified: 2021/02/03

Plugin Output

```
Subject Name:
Common Name: owaspbwa
Issuer Name:
Common Name: owaspbwa
Serial Number: 00 E6 87 0D DD 72 C2 B9 E7
Version: 1
Signature Algorithm: SHA-1 With RSA Encryption
Not Valid Before: Jan 02 21:12:38 2013 GMT
Not Valid After: Dec 31 21:12:38 2022 GMT
Public Key Info:
Algorithm: RSA Encryption
Key Length: 1024 bits
Public Key: 00 C8 C5 7B 5F 3A 1E 93 71 E4 4B 01 DE 4B 01 F0 39 BC 52 FF
            B9 A7 D1 D7 92 8A FA 4D 18 AF 5C 4D 8E 3B 8F 77 B8 97 FC 02
            9D 52 1E 70 03 33 34 32 AA 19 78 42 A2 EF 61 F0 89 37 B3 60
            52 45 2E FA 4C 43 FE 8F 07 E0 0B B7 16 27 01 FE EF 42 44 B1
            99 02 EC A1 E2 91 A3 02 99 39 5E 27 22 3B 84 14 A0 A9 DC 44
            64 EF 10 DB 3A 7B 39 6E DE B6 20 6F 47 C6 38 B9 71 B2 4C 6A
            AE 02 20 CB 10 73 53 47 B5
Exponent: 01 00 01
Signature Length: 128 bytes / 1024 bits
```

```
Signature: 00 88 05 00 97 4D 29 28 80 A4 E9 B0 32 A0 6A E2 82 0E AC 23
          8A 51 D0 EF F6 2B 37 C0 95 9A CF 52 5E 63 79 68 A7 D5 85 3F
          3A F5 45 81 3C 29 CA 60 FB 6F A8 21 A8 94 C0 DF 07 0C 0B 1A
          31 91 9F 5B 3B F6 AE 77 01 40 EB F2 7E AC 40 44 AC CB E8 7F
          82 67 E4 5B E4 C4 28 B3 BB 79 3A DC 07 B3 51 ED 45 4D C0 EA
          93 CE 3C B6 A2 FB F9 72 D7 F6 82 C2 6A 8D 4F 1A 60 85 33 45
          99 52 E5 A3 14 FF 1C 96 A8
Fingerprints :
SHA-256 Fingerprint: B0 94 5E 82 08 94 92 94 EC 14 B1 FC D2 99 8B F1 48 33 3E BB
                   7D 34 13 51 88 E2 98 B4 FE 2D 46 B2
SHA-1 Fingerprint: E4 69 E1 F2 98 77 40 C3 3A EC EE 7C F6 30 CA 19 31 BE 05 AE
MD5 Fingerprint: OF B9 CA OB E9 B7 B2 6F DE 6C 35 55 61 86 23 99
PEM certificate :
----BEGIN CERTIFICATE----
uafR15KK+k0Yr1xNjjuPd7iX/AKdUh5wAzM0MqoZeEKi72HwiTezYFJFLvpMQ/6PB
+ A L t x Y n A f 7 v Q k S x m Q L so e K R o w K Z O V 4 n I j u E F K C p 3 E R k 7 x D b O n s 5 b t 6 2 I G 9 H x j i 5 c b J Maq 4 C I M s Q c 1 N \\ [ \dots ]
```

# 10881 (1) - SSH Protocol Versions Supported

nopsis
SSH server is running on the remote host.
scription
is plugin determines the versions of the SSH protocol supported by the remote SSH daemon.
lution
k Factor
ne
igin Information
blished: 2002/03/06, Modified: 2021/01/19
igin Output
.0.2.6 (tcp/22/ssh)
The remote SSH daemon supports the following versions of the SSH protocol:

- 1.99 - 2.0

# 11153 (1) - Service Detection (HELP Request)

Synopsis	
The remote service could be identified.	
Description	
It was possible to identify the remote service by its k when it receives a 'HELP'	panner or by looking at the error message it sends
request.	
Solution	
n/a	
Risk Factor	
None	
Plugin Information	
Published: 2002/11/18, Modified: 2018/11/26	8
Plugin Output	

A web server seems to be running on this port.

10.0.2.6 (tcp/443/www)

# 11414 (1) - IMAP Service Banner Retrieval

Synopsis	
An IMAP server is running on the remote host.	
Description	
An IMAP (Internet Message Access Protocol) se	erver is installed and running on the remote host.
Solution	
n/a	
Risk Factor	
None	
Plugin Information	
Published: 2003/03/18, Modified: 2011/03/16	
Plugin Output	

The remote imap server banner is :

10.0.2.6 (tcp/143/imap)

\* OK [CAPABILITY IMAP4rev1 UIDPLUS CHILDREN NAMESPACE THREAD=ORDEREDSUBJECT THREAD=REFERENCES SORT QUOTA IDLE ACL ACL2=UNION] Courier-IMAP ready. Copyright 1998-2008 Double Precision, Inc. See COPYING for distribution information.

# 11936 (1) - OS Identification

#### **Synopsis**

It is possible to guess the remote operating system.

#### Description

Using a combination of remote probes (e.g., TCP/IP, SMB, HTTP, NTP, SNMP, etc.), it is possible to guess the name of the remote operating system in use. It is also possible sometimes to guess the version of the operating system.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2003/12/09, Modified: 2022/03/09

#### Plugin Output

10.0.2.6 (tcp/0)

Remote operating system : Linux Kernel 2.6 on Ubuntu 10.04 (lucid) Confidence level : 95 Method : HTTP

The remote host is running Linux Kernel 2.6 on Ubuntu 10.04 (lucid)

11936 (1) - OS Identification 77

# 17975 (1) - Service Detection (GET request)

Synopsis
The remote service could be identified.
Description
It was possible to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
References
XREF IAVT:0001-T-0935
Plugin Information
Published: 2005/04/06, Modified: 2021/10/27
Plugin Output
10.0.2.6 (tcp/5001/java-listener)
A JAVA-LISTENER server is running on this port

# 18261 (1) - Apache Banner Linux Distribution Disclosure

#### Synopsis

The name of the Linux distribution running on the remote host was found in the banner of the web server.

#### Description

Nessus was able to extract the banner of the Apache web server and determine which Linux distribution the remote host is running.

#### Solution

If you do not wish to display this information, edit 'httpd.conf' and set the directive 'ServerTokens Prod' and restart Apache.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2005/05/15, Modified: 2022/03/21

Plugin Output

10.0.2.6 (tcp/0)

The Linux distribution detected was : - Ubuntu 10.04 (lucid)

#### 19506 (1) - Nessus Scan Information

#### Synopsis

This plugin displays information about the Nessus scan.

#### Description

This plugin displays, for each tested host, information about the scan itself:

- The version of the plugin set.
- The type of scanner (Nessus or Nessus Home).
- The version of the Nessus Engine.
- The port scanner(s) used.
- The port range scanned.
- The ping round trip time
- Whether credentialed or third-party patch management checks are possible.
- Whether the display of superseded patches is enabled
- The date of the scan.
- The duration of the scan.
- The number of hosts scanned in parallel.
- The number of checks done in parallel.

#### Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2005/08/26, Modified: 2023/07/31

#### Plugin Output

#### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/0)

```
Information about this scan :

Nessus version : 10.5.4

Nessus build : 20013

Plugin feed version : 202309010202

Scanner edition used : Nessus Home

Scanner OS : LINUX

Scanner distribution : ubuntu1404-x86-64

Scan type : Normal
```

```
Scan name : OWSP BWA VM
Scan policy used : Basic Network Scan
Scanner IP : 10.0.2.15
Port scanner(s) : nessus_syn_scanner
Port range : default
Ping RTT : 130.932 ms
Thorough tests : no
Experimental tests : no
Plugin debugging enabled : no
Paranoia level : 1
Report verbosity : 1
Safe checks : yes
Optimize the test : yes
Credentialed checks : no
Patch management checks : None
Display superseded patches : yes (supersedence plugin launched)
CGI scanning : disabled
Web application tests : disabled
Max hosts : 30
Max checks : 4
Recv timeout : 5
Backports : Detected
Allow post-scan editing : Yes
Nessus Plugin Signature Checking : Enabled
Audit File Signature Checking : Disabled
Scan Start Date : 2023/9/1 9:31 IST
Scan duration: 1008 sec
Scan for malware : no
```

# 21643 (1) - SSL Cipher Suites Supported

#### Synopsis

The remote service encrypts communications using SSL.

#### Description

This plugin detects which SSL ciphers are supported by the remote service for encrypting communications.

#### See Also

https://www.openssl.org/docs/man1.0.2/man1/ciphers.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?e17ffced

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2006/06/05, Modified: 2023/07/10

#### Plugin Output

#### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/443/www)

```
Here is the list of SSL ciphers supported by the remote server :
Each group is reported per SSL Version.
SSL Version : TLSv1
 Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES)
                                                                     Encryption
                                 Code
                                                               Auth
                                                                                              MAC
   EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA
                                 0x00, 0x16
                                                 DH
                                                               RSA
                                                                      3DES-CBC(168)
   DES-CBC3-SHA
                                 0x00, 0x0A
                                                                        3DES-CBC (168)
                                                 RSA
                                                               RSA
 SHA1
 High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key)
                                                 KEX
                                                               Auth
                                                                        Encryption
                                                                                              MAC
   DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA
                                 0x00, 0x33
                                                                        AES-CBC(128)
                                 0x00, 0x39
   DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA
                                                                       AES-CBC(256)
```

AES128-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x2F	RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(128)	
AES256-SHA	0x00, 0x35	RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(256)	
SHA1					
RC4-MD5	0x00, 0x04	RSA	RSA	RC4 (128)	MD5
RC4 - SHA	0x00, 0x05	RSA	RSA	RC4 (128)	
SHA1					
SSL Version : SSLv3					
Medium Strength Ciphers (> 6	4-bit and < 112-bi	it key, or 3DES	3)		
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA	0x00, 0x16	DH	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
SHA1					
DES-CBC3-SHA	0x00, 0x0A	RSA	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
SHA1					
IIi ah Channath Cinham (>= 11	2 1-1- 1				
High Strength Ciphers (>= 11	z-bic key)				
Name	Code	KEX [.	]		

# 25220 (1) - TCP/IP Timestamps Supported

Synopsis
The remote service implements TCP timestamps.
Description
The remote host implements TCP timestamps, as defined by RFC1323. A side effect of this feature is that the uptime of the remote host can sometimes be computed.
See Also
http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1323.txt
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2007/05/16, Modified: 2019/03/06
Plugin Output
10.0.2.6 (tcp/0)

# 25240 (1) - Samba Server Detection

Synopsis	
An SMB server is running on the remote host.	
Description	
The remote host is running Samba, a CIFS/SMB server for Linux and Unix.	
See Also	
https://www.samba.org/	
Solution	
n/a	
Risk Factor	
None	
Plugin Information	
Published: 2007/05/16, Modified: 2022/10/12	
Plugin Output	
10.0.2.6 (tcp/445/cifs)	

# 35716 (1) - Ethernet Card Manufacturer Detection

#### Synopsis

The manufacturer can be identified from the Ethernet OUI.

#### Description

Each ethernet MAC address starts with a 24-bit Organizationally Unique Identifier (OUI). These OUIs are registered by IEEE.

#### See Also

https://standards.ieee.org/faqs/regauth.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?794673b4

#### Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/19, Modified: 2020/05/13

#### Plugin Output

10.0.2.6 (tcp/0)

The following card manufacturers were identified:

08:00:27:D6:D0:DD : PCS Systemtechnik GmbH

# 39446 (1) - Apache Tomcat Detection

Synopsis

The remote web server is an Apache Tomcat server.

Description

Nessus was able to detect a remote Apache Tomcat web server.

See Also

https://tomcat.apache.org/

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0535

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/06/18, Modified: 2023/05/24

Plugin Output

10.0.2.6 (tcp/8080/www)

URL : http://10.0.2.6:8080/

Version : unknown

# 39520 (1) - Backported Security Patch Detection (SSH)

Synopsis
Security patches are backported.
Description
Security patches may have been 'backported' to the remote SSH server without changing its version number.
Banner-based checks have been disabled to avoid false positives.
Note that this test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.
See Also
https://access.redhat.com/security/updates/backporting/?sc_cid=3093
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2009/06/25, Modified: 2015/07/07
Plugin Output
10.0.2.6 (tcp/22/ssh)
Give Nessus credentials to perform local checks.

#### 45590 (1) - Common Platform Enumeration (CPE)

#### Synopsis

It was possible to enumerate CPE names that matched on the remote system.

#### Description

By using information obtained from a Nessus scan, this plugin reports CPE (Common Platform Enumeration) matches for various hardware and software products found on a host.

Note that if an official CPE is not available for the product, this plugin computes the best possible CPE based on the information available from the scan.

#### See Also

http://cpe.mitre.org/

https://nvd.nist.gov/products/cpe

#### Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2010/04/21, Modified: 2023/07/27

#### Plugin Output

10.0.2.6 (tcp/0)

```
The remote operating system matched the following CPE:

cpe:/o:canonical:ubuntu_linux:10.04 -> Canonical Ubuntu Linux

Following application CPE's matched on the remote system:

cpe:/a:apache:http_server:2.2.14 -> Apache Software Foundation Apache HTTP Server cpe:/a:apache:http_server:2.2.99 -> Apache Software Foundation Apache HTTP Server cpe:/a:apache:mod_perl:2.0.4 -> Apache Software Foundation mod_perl cpe:/a:apache:mod_python:3.3.1 -> Apache Software Foundation mod_python cpe:/a:apache:tomcat -> Apache Software Foundation Tomcat cpe:/a:jquery:jquery:1.3.2 -> jQuery cpe:/a:modssl:mod_ssl:2.2.14 -> mod_ssl cpe:/a:openbsd:openssh:5.3 -> OpenBSD OpenSSH cpe:/a:openbsd:openssl:0.9.8k -> OpenSSL Project OpenSSL cpe:/a:openssl:openssl:0.9.8k -> OpenSSL Project OpenSSL cpe:/a:php:php:5.3.2 -> PHP PHP cpe:/a:php:php:5.3.2-1ubuntu4.30 -> PHP PHP
```

cpe:/a:python:python:2.6.5 -> Python
cpe:/a:samba:samba:3.4.7 -> Samba Samba

# 50845 (1) - OpenSSL Detection

Synopsis
The remote service appears to use OpenSSL to encrypt traffic.
Description
Based on its response to a TLS request with a specially crafted server name extension, it seems that the remote service is using the OpenSSL library to encrypt traffic.
Note that this plugin can only detect OpenSSL implementations that have enabled support for TLS extensions (RFC 4366).
See Also
https://www.openssl.org/
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2010/11/30, Modified: 2020/06/12
Plugin Output
10.0.2.6 (tcp/443/www)

# 51891 (1) - SSL Session Resume Supported

Synopsis
The remote host allows resuming SSL sessions.
Description
This script detects whether a host allows resuming SSL sessions by performing a full SSL handshake to receive a session ID, and then reconnecting with the previously used session ID. If the server accepts the session ID in the second connection, the server maintains a cache of sessions that can be resumed.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2011/02/07, Modified: 2021/09/13
Plugin Output
10.0.2.6 (tcp/443/www)

This port supports resuming SSLv3 sessions.

# 54615 (1) - Device Type

#### Synopsis

It is possible to guess the remote device type.

#### Description

Based on the remote operating system, it is possible to determine what the remote system type is (eg: a printer, router, general-purpose computer, etc).

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2011/05/23, Modified: 2022/09/09

Plugin Output

10.0.2.6 (tcp/0)

Remote device type : general-purpose Confidence level : 95

54615 (1) - Device Type 93

# 56984 (1) - SSL / TLS Versions Supported

Synopsis	
The remote service encrypts communications.	
Description	
This plugin detects which SSL and TLS versions a communications.	re supported by the remote service for encrypting
Solution	
n/a	
Risk Factor	
None	
Plugin Information	
Published: 2011/12/01, Modified: 2023/07/10	
Plugin Output	

This port supports SSLv3/TLSv1.0.

10.0.2.6 (tcp/443/www)

# 57041 (1) - SSL Perfect Forward Secrecy Cipher Suites Supported

#### Synopsis

The remote service supports the use of SSL Perfect Forward Secrecy ciphers, which maintain confidentiality even if the key is stolen.

#### Description

The remote host supports the use of SSL ciphers that offer Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS) encryption. These cipher suites ensure that recorded SSL traffic cannot be broken at a future date if the server's private key is compromised.

#### See Also

https://www.openssl.org/docs/manmaster/man1/ciphers.html https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Diffie-Hellman\_key\_exchange https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Perfect\_forward\_secrecy

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2011/12/07, Modified: 2021/03/09

#### Plugin Output

#### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/443/www)

Here is the list of SSL PFS ci	phers supported by	y the remote	server :		
Medium Strength Ciphers (> 6	4-bit and < 112-b	it key, or 3	DES)		
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x16	DH	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
High Strength Ciphers (>= 11	2-bit key)				
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x33	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(128)	

DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA 0x00, 0x39 DH RSA AES-CBC(256)

SHA1

The fields above are :

{Tenable ciphername}
{Cipher ID code}

Kex={key exchange}

Auth={authentication}

Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}

MAC={message authentication code}
{export flag}

# 62563 (1) - SSL Compression Methods Supported

#### Synopsis

The remote service supports one or more compression methods for SSL connections.

#### Description

This script detects which compression methods are supported by the remote service for SSL connections.

#### See Also

http://www.iana.org/assignments/comp-meth-ids/comp-meth-ids.xml

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3749

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3943

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc5246

#### Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2012/10/16, Modified: 2022/04/11

#### Plugin Output

10.0.2.6 (tcp/443/www)

Nessus was able to confirm that the following compression method is supported by the target :

DEFLATE (0x01)

# 66334 (1) - Patch Report

#### Synopsis

The remote host is missing several patches.

#### Description

The remote host is missing one or more security patches. This plugin lists the newest version of each patch to install to make sure the remote host is up-to-date.

Note: Because the 'Show missing patches that have been superseded' setting in your scan policy depends on this plugin, it will always run and cannot be disabled.

#### Solution

Install the patches listed below.

#### Risk Factor

None

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2013/07/08, Modified: 2023/08/08

#### Plugin Output

10.0.2.6 (tcp/0)

```
. You need to take the following action :

[ Samba Badlock Vulnerability (90509) ]

+ Action to take : Upgrade to Samba version 4.2.11 / 4.3.8 / 4.4.2 or later.
```

66334 (1) - Patch Report 98

# 70544 (1) - SSL Cipher Block Chaining Cipher Suites Supported

#### Synopsis

The remote service supports the use of SSL Cipher Block Chaining ciphers, which combine previous blocks with subsequent ones.

#### Description

The remote host supports the use of SSL ciphers that operate in Cipher Block Chaining (CBC) mode. These cipher suites offer additional security over Electronic Codebook (ECB) mode, but have the potential to leak information if used improperly.

#### See Also

https://www.openssl.org/docs/manmaster/man1/ciphers.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?cc4a822a

https://www.openssl.org/~bodo/tls-cbc.txt

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2013/10/22, Modified: 2021/02/03

#### Plugin Output

#### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/443/www)

Here is the list of SSL CBC ciphers supported by the remote server : Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES) Auth Encryption EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA 0x00, 0x16 DH RSA 3DES-CBC(168) DES-CBC3-SHA 0x00, 0x0A RSA RSA 3DES-CBC(168) High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key) KEX Auth Encryption MAC

DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA	0x00, 0x33	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(128)
SHA1				
DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA	0x00, 0x39	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(256)
SHA1				
AES128-SHA	0x00, 0x2F	RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(128)
SHA1				
AES256-SHA	0x00, 0x35	RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(256)
SHA1				
m1 6' 3 1 1				

#### The fields above are :

{Tenable ciphername}
{Cipher ID code}

Kex={key exchange}

Auth={authentication}

Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}

MAC={message authentication code}
{export flag}

# 70657 (1) - SSH Algorithms and Languages Supported

#### Synopsis

An SSH server is listening on this port.

#### Description

This script detects which algorithms and languages are supported by the remote service for encrypting communications.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2013/10/28, Modified: 2017/08/28

#### Plugin Output

10.0.2.6 (tcp/22/ssh)

```
Nessus negotiated the following encryption algorithm with the server :
The server supports the following options for kex_algorithms :
  diffie-hellman-group-exchange-sha1
 diffie-hellman-group-exchange-sha256
 diffie-hellman-group1-sha1
 diffie-hellman-group14-sha1
The server supports the following options for server_host_key_algorithms :
  ssh-dss
  ssh-rsa
The server supports the following options for encryption_algorithms_client_to_server :
  3des-cbc
 aes128-cbc
  aes128-ctr
  aes192-cbc
  aes192-ctr
  aes256-cbc
  aes256-ctr
  arcfour
  arcfour128
  arcfour256
  blowfish-cbc
  cast128-cbc
```

```
rijndael-cbc@lysator.liu.se
The server supports the following options for encryption_algorithms_server_to_client :
 3des-cbc
 aes128-cbc
 aes128-ctr
 aes192-cbc
 aes192-ctr
 aes256-cbc
 aes256-ctr
 arcfour
 arcfour128
 arcfour256
 blowfish-cbc
 cast128-cbc
 rijndael-cbc@lysator.liu.se
The server supports the following options for mac_algorithms_client_to_server :
 hmac-md5
 hmac-md5-96
 hmac-ripemd160
 hmac-ripemd160@openssh.com
 hmac-sha1
 hmac-sha1-96
 umac-64@openssh.com
The server supports the following options for mac_algorithms_server_to_client :
 hmac-md5
  hmac-md5-96
 hmac-ripemd160
 hmac-ripemd160@openssh.com
 hmac-sha1
 hmac-sha1-96
 umac-64@openssh.com
The server supports the following options for compression_algorithms_client_to_server :
 none
 zlib@openssh.com
The server supports the following options for compression_algorithms_server_to_client :
 none
 zlib@openssh.com
```

# 84502 (1) - HSTS Missing From HTTPS Server

# Synopsis The remote web server is not enforcing HSTS. Description The remote HTTPS server is not enforcing HTTP Strict Transport Security (HSTS). HSTS is an optional response header that can be configured on the server to instruct the browser to only communicate via HTTPS. The lack of HSTS allows downgrade attacks, SSL-stripping man-in-the-middle attacks, and weakens cookie-hijacking protections. See Also https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc6797 Solution Configure the remote web server to use HSTS. Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2015/07/02, Modified: 2021/05/19

The remote HTTPS server does not send the HTTP "Strict-Transport-Security" header.

Plugin Output

10.0.2.6 (tcp/443/www)

# 86420 (1) - Ethernet MAC Addresses

# Synopsis This plugin gathers MAC addresses from various sources and consolidates them into a list.

#### Description

This plugin gathers MAC addresses discovered from both remote probing of the host (e.g. SNMP and Netbios) and from running local checks (e.g. ifconfig). It then consolidates the MAC addresses into a single, unique, and uniform list.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/10/16, Modified: 2020/05/13

Plugin Output

10.0.2.6 (tcp/0)

The following is a consolidated list of detected MAC addresses:

- 08:00:27:D6:D0:DD

# 96982 (1) - Server Message Block (SMB) Protocol Version 1 Enabled (uncredentialed check)

Synopsis
The remote Windows host supports the SMBv1 protocol.
Description
The remote Windows host supports Server Message Block Protocol version 1 (SMBv1). Microsoft recommends that users discontinue the use of SMBv1 due to the lack of security features that were included in later SMB versions. Additionally, the Shadow Brokers group reportedly has an exploit that affects SMB; however, it is unknown if the exploit affects SMBv1 or another version. In response to this, USCERT recommends that users disable SMBv1 per SMB best practices to mitigate these potential issues.
See Also
https://blogs.technet.microsoft.com/filecab/2016/09/16/stop-using-smb1/
https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/help/2696547/how-to-detect-enable-and-disable-smbv1-smbv2-and-smbv3-in-windows-and
http://www.nessus.org/u?8dcab5e4
http://www.nessus.org/u?234f8ef8
http://www.nessus.org/u?4c7e0cf3
Solution
Disable SMBv1 according to the vendor instructions in Microsoft KB2696547. Additionally, block SMB directly by blocking TCP port 445 on all network boundary devices. For SMB over the NetBIOS API, block TCP ports 137 / 139 and UDP ports 137 / 138 on all network boundary devices.
Risk Factor
None
References
XREF IAVT:0001-T-0710
7.W.1.0001 1 07 10
Plugin Information
Published: 2017/02/03, Modified: 2020/09/22
Plugin Output
10.0.2.6 (tcp/445/cifs)

The remote host supports SMBv1.

# 100871 (1) - Microsoft Windows SMB Versions Supported (remote check)

Synopsis
It was possible to obtain information about the version of SMB running on the remote host.
Description
Nessus was able to obtain the version of SMB running on the remote host by sending an authentication request to port 139 or 445.
Note that this plugin is a remote check and does not work on agents.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2017/06/19, Modified: 2019/11/22
Plugin Output
10.0.2.6 (tcp/445/cifs)
The remote host supports the following versions of SMB: SMBv1

# 104887 (1) - Samba Version

#### **Synopsis**

It was possible to obtain the samba version from the remote operating system.

#### Description

Nessus was able to obtain the samba version from the remote operating by sending an authentication request to port 139 or 445. Note that this plugin requires SMB1 to be enabled on the host.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2017/11/30, Modified: 2019/11/22

Plugin Output

10.0.2.6 (tcp/445/cifs)

The remote Samba Version is : Samba 3.4.7

104887 (1) - Samba Version 108

# 106716 (1) - Microsoft Windows SMB2 and SMB3 Dialects Supported (remote check)

#### Synopsis

It was possible to obtain information about the dialects of SMB2 and SMB3 available on the remote host.

#### Description

Nessus was able to obtain the set of SMB2 and SMB3 dialects running on the remote host by sending an authentication request to port 139 or 445.

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2018/02/09, Modified: 2020/03/11

#### Plugin Output

#### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/445/cifs)

# 110723 (1) - Target Credential Status by Authentication Protocol - No Credentials Provided

#### **Synopsis**

Nessus was able to find common ports used for local checks, however, no credentials were provided in the scan policy.

#### Description

Nessus was not able to successfully authenticate directly to the remote target on an available authentication protocol. Nessus was able to connect to the remote port and identify that the service running on the port supports an authentication protocol, but Nessus failed to authenticate to the remote service using the provided credentials. There may have been a protocol failure that prevented authentication from being attempted or all of the provided credentials for the authentication protocol may be invalid. See plugin output for error details.

#### Please note the following:

- This plugin reports per protocol, so it is possible for valid credentials to be provided for one protocol and not another. For example, authentication may succeed via SSH but fail via SMB, while no credentials were provided for an available SNMP service.
- Providing valid credentials for all available authentication protocols may improve scan coverage, but the value of successful authentication for a given protocol may vary from target to target depending upon what data (if any) is gathered from the target via that protocol. For example, successful authentication via SSH is more valuable for Linux targets than for Windows targets, and likewise successful authentication via SMB is more valuable for Windows targets than for Linux targets.

Solution	
n/a	
Risk Factor	
None	
References	
XREF	IAVB:0001-B-0504
Plugin Informa	tion
Published: 201	8/06/27, Modified: 2023/02/13
Plugin Output	
10.0.2.6 (tcp/0)	
SSH was dete	cted on port 22 but no credentials were provided.

SSH local checks were not enabled.

#### 117886 (1) - OS Security Patch Assessment Not Available

#### Synopsis

OS Security Patch Assessment is not available.

#### Description

OS Security Patch Assessment is not available on the remote host.

This does not necessarily indicate a problem with the scan.

Credentials may not have been provided, OS security patch assessment may not be supported for the target, the target may not have been identified, or another issue may have occurred that prevented OS security patch assessment from being available. See plugin output for details.

This plugin reports non-failure information impacting the availability of OS Security Patch Assessment. Failure information is reported by plugin 21745: 'OS Security Patch Assessment failed'. If a target host is not supported for OS Security Patch Assessment, plugin 110695: 'OS Security Patch Assessment Checks Not Supported' will report concurrently with this plugin.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF IAVB:0001-B-0515

Plugin Information

Published: 2018/10/02, Modified: 2021/07/12

Plugin Output

10.0.2.6 (tcp/0)

```
The following issues were reported:
```

```
- Plugin : no_local_checks_credentials.nasl
```

Plugin ID : 110723

Plugin Name: Target Credential Status by Authentication Protocol - No Credentials Provided

Message :

Credentials were not provided for detected SSH service.

# 135860 (1) - WMI Not Available

Synopsis
WMI queries could not be made against the remote host.
Description
WMI (Windows Management Instrumentation) is not available on the remote host over DCOM. WMI queries are used to gather information about the remote host, such as its current state, network interface configuration, etc.
Without this information Nessus may not be able to identify installed software or security vunerabilities that exist on the remote host.
See Also
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/win32/wmisdk/wmi-start-page
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2020/04/21, Modified: 2023/07/17
Plugin Output
10.0.2.6 (tcp/445/cifs)
Can't connect to the 'root\CIMV2' WMI namespace.

135860 (1) - WMI Not Available

# 149334 (1) - SSH Password Authentication Accepted

Synopsis
The SSH server on the remote host accepts password authentication.
Description
The SSH server on the remote host accepts password authentication.
See Also
https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc4252#section-8
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2021/05/07, Modified: 2021/05/07
Plugin Output
10.0.2.6 (tcp/22/ssh)

# 153588 (1) - SSH SHA-1 HMAC Algorithms Enabled

#### Synopsis

The remote SSH server is configured to enable SHA-1 HMAC algorithms.

#### Description

The remote SSH server is configured to enable SHA-1 HMAC algorithms.

Although NIST has formally deprecated use of SHA-1 for digital signatures, SHA-1 is still considered secure for HMAC as the security of HMAC does not rely on the underlying hash function being resistant to collisions.

Note that this plugin only checks for the options of the remote SSH server.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2021/09/23, Modified: 2022/04/05

#### Plugin Output

#### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/22/ssh)

```
The following client-to-server SHA-1 Hash-based Message Authentication Code (HMAC) algorithms are supported:

hmac-sha1
hmac-sha1-96
```

The following server-to-client SHA-1 Hash-based Message Authentication Code (HMAC) algorithms are supported:

hmac-sha1 hmac-sha1-96

#### 156899 (1) - SSL/TLS Recommended Cipher Suites

#### Synopsis

The remote host advertises discouraged SSL/TLS ciphers.

#### Description

The remote host has open SSL/TLS ports which advertise discouraged cipher suites. It is recommended to only enable support for the following cipher suites:

#### TLSv1.3:

- 0x13,0x01 TLS13\_AES\_128\_GCM\_SHA256
- 0x13,0x02 TLS13 AES 256 GCM SHA384
- 0x13,0x03 TLS13 CHACHA20 POLY1305 SHA256

#### TLSv1.2:

- 0xC0.0x2B ECDHE-ECDSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256
- 0xC0,0x2F ECDHE-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256
- 0xC0,0x2C ECDHE-ECDSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384
- 0xC0,0x30 ECDHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384
- 0xCC,0xA9 ECDHE-ECDSA-CHACHA20-POLY1305
- 0xCC,0xA8 ECDHE-RSA-CHACHA20-POLY1305
- 0x00,0x9E DHE-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256
- 0x00,0x9F DHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384

This is the recommended configuration for the vast majority of services, as it is highly secure and compatible with nearly every client released in the last five (or more) years.

#### See Also

https://wiki.mozilla.org/Security/Server\_Side\_TLS

https://ssl-config.mozilla.org/

#### Solution

Only enable support for recommened cipher suites.

#### Risk Factor

None

#### Plugin Information

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#### 10.0.2.6 (tcp/443/www)

The remote host has listening SSL/TLS ports which advertise the discouraged cipher suites outlined below: Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES) KEX Auth Encryption MAC Name Code EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA 0x00, 0x16 3DES-CBC(168) DH RSA SHA1 DES-CBC3-SHA 0x00, 0x0A RSA RSA 3DES-CBC(168) SHA1 High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key) Encryption MAC KEX Auth Code MAC Name 0x00, 0x33 AES-CBC(128) DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA DH RSA DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA 0x00, 0x39 DH RSA AES-CBC(256) SHA1 AES128-SHA 0x00, 0x2F RSA RSA AES-CBC(128) AES256-SHA 0x00, 0x35 RSA RSA AES-CBC(256) SHA1 0x00, 0x04RSA RC4 (128) RC4-MD5 RSA MD5 RC4 - SHA 0x00, 0x05 RSA RSA RC4 (128) SHA1 The fields above are : {Tenable ciphername} {Cipher ID code} Kex={key exchange} Auth={authentication} Encrypt={symmetric encryption method} MAC={message authentication code} {export flag}