

## 3.2.3. Numpy: Custom Sequence Generation

00:11

Write a Python program that takes the following inputs from the user:

- Start value: The starting point of the sequence.
- Stop value: The sequence should end before this value.
- Step value: The increment between each number in the sequence.

The program should then generate a sequence using `numpy` based on these inputs and print the generated sequence.

**Input Format:**

- The user will input three integer values: start, stop, and step, each on a new line.

**Output Format:**

- The program should print the generated sequence based on the input values.

Sample Test Cases



customS...

Submit

```
1 import numpy as np
2
3 # Take user input for the start, stop, and step of the sequence
4 start = int(input())
5 stop = int(input())
6 step = int(input())
7
8 # Generate the sequence using np.arange()
9 a = np.arange(start, stop, step)
10 print(a)
11 # Print the generated sequence
12
```

Terminal

Test cases

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## 3.2.2. Numpy: Horizontal and Vertical Stacking of Arrays

06:47

You are given two arrays `arr1` and `arr2`. You need to perform horizontal and vertical stacking operations on them using NumPy.

- **Horizontal Stacking:** Stack the two matrices horizontally (side by side).
- **Vertical Stacking:** Stack the two matrices vertically (one below the other).

**Input Format:**

- The program should first prompt the user to input two 3x3 arrays.
- Each array consists of 3 rows, and each row contains 3 space-separated integers.
- The user will input the two arrays row by row.

**Output Format:**

- The program should display the result of the Horizontal Stack (side-by-side stacking) of the two arrays.
- The program should then display the result of the Vertical Stack (one below the other) of the two arrays.

Sample Test Cases

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stacking.py

Submit

```
1 import numpy as np
2
3 # Input matrices
4 print("Enter Array1:")
5 arr1 = np.array([list(map(int, input().split())) for i in range(3)])
6
7 print("Enter Array2:")
8 arr2 = np.array([list(map(int, input().split())) for i in range(3)])
9
10 # Perform horizontal stacking (hstack)
11 a=np.hstack((arr1,arr2))
12 print("Horizontal Stack:")
13 print(a)
14
15 print("Vertical Stack:")
16 b=np.vstack((arr1,arr2))
17 print(b)
18
19
20
```

Terminal Test cases

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3.2.1. Numpy: Matrix Operations

The given code takes two  $3 \times 3$  matrices, `matrix_a`, and `matrix_b`, as input from the user and converts them into NumPy arrays.

**Task:**  
You are required to compute and display the results of the following matrix operations:

1. **Addition** (`matrix_a + matrix_b`)
2. **Subtraction** (`matrix_a - matrix_b`)
3. **Element-wise Multiplication** (`matrix_a * matrix_b`)
4. **Matrix Multiplication** (`matrix_a . matrix_b`)
5. **Transpose of Matrix A**

**Input Format:**

- The user will input 3 rows for `matrix_a`, each containing 3 integers separated by spaces.
- Similarly, the user will input 3 rows for `matrix_b`, each containing 3 integers separated by spaces.

**Output Format:**  
The program should display the results of the operations in the following order:

1. The result of Addition.
2. The result of Subtraction.
3. The result of Element wise Multiplication.

Sample Test Cases +

```
1 import numpy as np
2
3 # Input matrices
4 print("Enter Matrix A:")
5 matrix_a = np.array([list(map(int, input().split())) for i in range(3)])
6
7 print("Enter Matrix B:")
8 matrix_b = np.array([list(map(int, input().split())) for i in range(3)])
9
10
11 # Addition
12 print("Addition (A + B):")
13 print(matrix_a + matrix_b)
14 # Subtraction
15 print("Subtraction (A - B):")
16 print(matrix_a - matrix_b)
17 # Multiplication (element-wise)
18 print("Element-wise Multiplication (A * B):")
19 print(matrix_a * matrix_b)
20 # Matrix multiplication (dot product)
21 print("A dot B:")
22 print(np.dot(matrix_a, matrix_b))
23
24 # Transpose
25 print("Transpose of Matrix A:")
26 print(matrix_a.T)
```

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3.2.7. Student Data Analysis and Operations

Write a Python program that takes the file name of a CSV file containing student details, including roll numbers and their marks in three subjects as input, reads the data, and performs the following operations:

- **Print all student details:** Display the complete details of all students, including roll numbers and marks for all subjects.
- **Find total students:** Determine the total number of students in the dataset.
- **Print all student roll numbers:** Extract and print the roll numbers of all students.
- **Print Subject 1 marks:** Extract and print the marks of all students in Subject 1.
- **Find minimum marks in Subject 2:** Identify the lowest marks in Subject 2.
- **Find maximum marks in Subject 3:** Identify the highest marks in Subject 3.
- **Print all subject marks:** Display the marks of all students for each subject.
- **Find total marks of students:** Compute the total marks for each student across all subjects.
- **Find the average marks of each student:** Compute the average marks for each student.
- **Find average marks of each subject:** Compute the average marks for all students in each subject.
- **Find average marks of Subject 1 and Subject 2:** Compute the average marks for Subject 1 and Subject 2.
- **Find average marks of Subject 1 and Subject 3:** Compute the average marks for Subject 1 and Subject 3.
- **Find the roll number of the student with maximum marks in Subject 3:** Identify the student with the highest marks in Subject 3 and print their roll number.

Sample Test Cases +

Operation... Submit

```
1 import numpy as np
2
3 a = np.loadtxt("Sample.csv", delimiter=',', skiprows=1)
4
5 # 1. Print all student details
6 print("All student Details:\n",a)
7
8 # 2. print total students
9 r,c=a.shape
10 print("Total Students:",r)
11
12 # 3. Print all student Roll numbers
13 print("All Student Roll Nos",a[:,0])
14
15 # 4. Print subject 1 marks
16 print("Subject 1 Marks",a[:,1])
17
18 # 5. print minimum marks of Subject 2
19 print("Min marks in Subject 2",np.min(a[:,2]))
20
21 # 6. print maximum marks of Subject 3
22 print("Max marks in Subject 3",np.max(a[:,3]))
23
24 # 7. Print All subject marks
25 print("All subject marks:",a[:,1:])
```

Terminal Test cases

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3.2.6. Numpy: Searching, Sorting, Counting, Broadcasting

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The given code in the editor takes a single array, `array1`, as space-separated integers as input from the user.

Additionally, it takes the following inputs:

- `search_value`: The value to search for in the array.
- `count_value`: The value to count its occurrences in the array.
- `broadcast_value`: The value to add for broadcasting across the array.

You need to complete the code to perform the following operations:

- Searching**: Find the indices where `search_value` appears in `array1` and print these indices.
- Counting**: Count how many times `count_value` appears in `array1` and print the count.
- Broadcasting**: Add `broadcast_value` to each element of `array1` using broadcasting, and print the resulting array.
- Sorting**: Sort `array1` in ascending order and print the sorted array.

**Input Format:**

- A single line containing space-separated integers representing `array1`.
- An integer `search_value` represents the value to search for in the array.
- An integer `count_value` represents the value to count in the array.
- An integer `broadcast_value` represents the value to add to each element of the array.

**Output Format:**

Sample Test Cases

arrayOpe...

Submit

```
1 import numpy as np
2
3 # Input array from the user
4 array1 = np.array(list(map(int, input().split())))
5
6 # Searching
7 search_value = int(input("Value to search: "))
8 count_value = int(input("Value to count: "))
9 broadcast_value = int(input("Value to add: "))
10
11 # Find indices where value matches in array1
12 a=np.where(array1==search_value)[0]
13 print(a)
14 # Count occurrences in array1
15 b=np.count_nonzero(array1==count_value)
16 print(b)
17 # Broadcasting addition
18 c= array1+broadcast_value
19 print(c)
20 # Sort the first array
21 d= np.sort(array1)
22 print(d)
```

Terminal Test cases

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3.2.5. Numpy: Copying and Viewing Arrays

The given code takes a list of integers as input and converts it into a NumPy array. Your task is to complete the code by:

- Creating a view of the original\_array and assigning it to view\_array.
- Creating a copy of the original\_array and assigning it to copy\_array.

After completing these steps, observe how modifying the view affects the original\_array, while modifying the copy does not.

Input Format:

- A single line of space-separated integers.

Output Format:

- After modifying the view:

Original array after modifying view: <original\_array>  
View array: <view\_array>

- After modifying the copy:

Original array after modifying copy: <original\_array>  
Copy array: <copy\_array>

Sample Test Cases



copyAnd...

Submit

```
1 import numpy as np
2
3 inputlist = list(map(int,input().split(" ")))
4
5 # Original array
6 original_array = np.array(inputlist)
7
8 # Create a view
9 view_array = original_array.view()
10
11 # Create a copy
12 copy_array = original_array.copy()
13
14 # Modify the view
15 view_array[0] = 99
16 print("Original array after modifying view:", original_array)
17 print("View array:", view_array)
18
19 # Modify the copy
20 copy_array[1] = 88
21 print("Original array after modifying copy:", original_array)
22 print("Copy array:", copy_array)
23
```

Terminal Test cases

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3.2.4. Numpy: Arithmetic and Statistical Operations, Mathematical Operations, Bi... 99.57

You are given two arrays A and B. Your task is to complete the function array\_operations, which will convert these lists into NumPy arrays and perform the following operations:

1. Arithmetic Operations:
- Compute the element-wise sum, difference, and product of the two arrays.
2. Statistical Operations:
- Calculate the mean, median, and standard deviation of array A.
3. Bitwise Operations:
- Perform bitwise AND, bitwise OR, and bitwise XOR on the arrays (ex:  $A_i$  OR  $B_i$ ).

**Input Format:**

- The first line contains space-separated integers representing the elements of array A.
- The second line contains space-separated integers representing the elements of array B.

**Output Format:**

- For each operation (arithmetic, statistical, and bitwise), print the results in the specified format as shown in sample test cases.

Sample Test Cases +

```
1 import numpy as np
2
3 def array_operations(A, B):
4
5     # Convert A and B to NumPy arrays
6     A = np.array(A)
7     B = np.array(B)
8
9     # Arithmetic Operations
10    sum_result = A + B
11    diff_result = A - B
12    prod_result = A * B
13
14    # Statistical Operations
15    mean_A = np.mean(A)
16    median_A = np.median(A)
17    std_dev_A = np.std(A)
18
19    # Bitwise Operations
20    and_result = A & B
21    or_result = A | B
22    xor_result = A ^ B
23
24    # Output results with one space between each element
25    print("Element-wise Sum:", ' '.join(map(str, sum_result)))
26    print("Element-wise Difference:", ' '.join(map(str, diff_result)))
27    print("Element-wise Product:", ' '.join(map(str, prod_result)))
28    print("Mean of A:", mean_A)
29    print("Median of A:", median_A)
30    print("Standard Deviation of A:", std_dev_A)
31    print("Bitwise AND:", ' '.join(map(str, and_result)))
32    print("Bitwise OR:", ' '.join(map(str, or_result)))
33    print("Bitwise XOR:", ' '.join(map(str, xor_result)))
```