1. Write a program to swap value of two variables using pointer.

2. Write a program to input and print array elements using pointer.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
void input(int *arr, int n) {
     printf("Enter elements : ");
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
          scanf("%d", arr+i);
void printArray(int *arr, int n) {
    printf("Array elements : ");
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
          printf("%d ", *(arr+i));
     printf("\n");
int main() {
    int n;
    printf("Enter value of n : ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    int *arr = malloc(n * sizeof(int));
    input(arr, n);
     printArray(arr, n);
     return 0;
```

```
Isambaransengupta@Admins-MacBook-Air LAB1 % gcc q2.c sambaransengupta@Admins-MacBook-Air LAB1 % ./a.out Enter value of n : 5
Enter elements : 2 5 7 9 12
Array elements : 2 5 7 9 12
sambaransengupta@Admins-MacBook-Air LAB1 % ...
```

3. Write a program to copy one array to another using pointer.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
void input(int *arr, int n) {
     printf("Enter elements : ");
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
          scanf("%d", arr+i);
void printArray(int *arr, int n) {
    printf("Array elements : ");
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
          printf("%d ", *(arr+i));
    printf("\n");
int * arrCopy(int *arr, int n ) {
    int *copy = malloc(n * sizeof(int));
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++){
          *(copy + i) = *(arr + i);
    return copy;
int main() {
    int n;
    printf("Enter value of n : ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    int *arr = malloc(n * sizeof(int));
    input(arr, n);
    int *copyarr = arrCopy(arr, n);
     printf("\nPrinting new copied array : \n");
     printArray(copyarr, n);
     return 0;
```

```
sambaransengupta@Admins-MacBook-Air LAB1 % gcc q3.c sambaransengupta@Admins-MacBook-Air LAB1 % ./a.out Enter value of n : 5
Enter elements : 1 2 3 5 7

Printing new copied array :
Array elements : 1 2 3 5 7
```

4. Write a program to swap two arrays using pointers.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
void input(int *arr, int n) {
     printf("Enter elements : ");
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
         scanf("%d", arr+i);
void printArray(int *arr, int n) {
     printf("Array elements : ");
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
         printf("%d ", *(arr+i));
     printf("\n");
void swap(int*a, int *b, int a_size, int b_size){
    int size = 0;
    if(a_size < b_size)
         size = a_size;
     else
         size = b_size;
    for(int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
         int temp = a[i];
         a[i] = b[i];
         b[i] = temp;
    }
int main() {
    int n, m;
    printf("Enter size of Array 1 : ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    int arr1[n]; input(arr1, n);
    printf("Enter size of Array 2:");
    scanf("%d", &m);
    int arr2[m]; input(arr2, m);
    swap(arr1, arr2, n, m);
     printf("\n\nAfter swapping : \n" );
    printf("\nArray 1 : \n" );
     printArray(arr1, n);
    printf("\nArray 2 : \n" );
     printArray(arr2, m);
     return 0;
```

Output:

```
Isambaransengupta@Admins-MacBook-Air LAB1 % gcc q4.c
Isambaransengupta@Admins-MacBook-Air LAB1 % ./a.out
Inter size of Array 1 : 5
Inter elements : 2 5 7 9 12
Inter elements : 7 6 5 4 3 2 1
Inter elements : 7 6 5 4 3

After swapping :

Array 1 :
Array elements : 7 6 5 4 3

Array 2 :
Array elements : 2 5 7 9 12 2 1

Sambaransengupta@Admins-MacBook-Air LAB1 %
```

5. Write a program to reverse an array using pointers.

```
#include <stdio.h>
void input(int *arr, int n) {
    printf("Enter elements : ");
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        scanf("%d", arr+i);
    }
}
void swap(int *x, int *y) {
    *x = *x + *y;
    *y = *x - *y;
    *x = *x - *y;
}
void printArray(int *arr, int n) {
    printf("Array elements : ");
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        printf("%d ", *(arr+i));
    }
    printf("\n");
}</pre>
```

```
void reverse(int array[], int n)
    // pointer1 pointing at the beginning of the array
    int *pointer1 = array;
    // pointer2 pointing at end of the array
    int *pointer2 = array + n - 1;
    while (pointer1 < pointer2) {
         swap(pointer1, pointer2);
         pointer1++;
         pointer2--;
int main() {
    int n;
    printf("Enter value of n : ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    int arr[n];
    input(arr, n);
    reverse(arr, n);
    printf("\nAfter reversing : \n");
    printArray(arr, n);
    return 0;
```

```
sambaransengupta@Admins-MacBook-Air LAB1 % gcc q5.c
sambaransengupta@Admins-MacBook-Air LAB1 % ./a.out
Enter value of n : 5
Enter elements : 2 5 7 9 12

After reversing :
Array elements : 12 9 7 5 2
sambaransengupta@Admins-MacBook-Air LAB1 %
```

6. Write a program to search an element in array using pointers.

```
#include <stdio.h>
void input(int *arr, int n) {
     printf("Enter elements : ");
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
         scanf("%d", arr+i);
int search(int *arr, int key, int n) {
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
         if(arr[i] == key)
              return i;
    return -1;
int main() {
    int n;
    printf("Enter value of n : ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    int arr[n];
    input(arr, n);
    printf("Enter key to be searched : ");
    int key;
    scanf("%d", &key);
    int index = search(arr, key, n);
    if(index == -1)
         printf("\nKey is absent in array.\n");
    else
          printf("\nKey is found at index %d.\n", index);
    return 0;
```

```
sambaransengupta@Admins-MacBook-Air LAB1 % gcc q6.c sambaransengupta@Admins-MacBook-Air LAB1 % ./a.out Enter value of n : 5
Enter elements : 2 5 7 9 12
Enter key to be searched : 9

Key is found at index 3.
```

7. Write a program to add two distances in feet and inches using structure.

```
#include <stdio.h>
struct Distance {
   int feet;
   int inch:
} d1, d2, result;
int main() {
   printf("Enter 1st distance\n");
   printf("Enter feet: ");
   scanf("%d", &d1.feet);
   printf("Enter inch: ");
   scanf("%d", &d1.inch);
   printf("\nEnter 2nd distance\n");
   printf("Enter feet: ");
   scanf("%d", &d2.feet);
   printf("Enter inch: ");
   scanf("%d", &d2.inch);
   result.feet = d1.feet + d2.feet;
   result.inch = d1.inch + d2.inch;
   while (result.inch >= 12.0) {
       result.inch = result.inch - 12.0;
       ++result.feet;
   printf("\nSum of distances = %d\'%d\"\n", result.feet, result.inch);
   return 0;
```

```
sambaransengupta@Admins-MacBook-Air LAB1 % ./a.out
Enter 1st distance
Enter feet: 2
Enter inch: 5

Enter 2nd distance
Enter feet: 3
Enter feet: 3
Enter inch: 10

Sum of distances = 6'3"
```

8. Program to take marks details of 10 students and display the name of the student with highest marks.

```
#include<stdio.h>
struct student {
    int sub1, sub2, sub3, total;
    char name[50];
};
int main() {
    struct student s[10];
    int max = 0;
    struct student *topper;
    for(int i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
         printf("\nFOR STUDENT %d\n", i+1);
         printf("\nEnter Name : ");
         scanf("%s", s[i].name);
         printf("\nEnter Marks in Three Subjects = ");
         scanf("%d%d%d",& s[i].sub1,&s[i].sub2,&s[i].sub3);
         s[i].total = s[i].sub1+s[i].sub2+s[i].sub3;
         if(max < s[i].total) {
             max = s[i].total;
             topper = &s[i];
         }
    printf("Student with maximum marks : %s.\n", topper->name);
    return 0;
```

```
FOR STUDENT 1

Enter Name : Sambaran

Enter Marks in Three Subjects = 90 20 40

FOR STUDENT 2

Enter Name : Jai

Enter Marks in Three Subjects = 40 70 80

FOR STUDENT 3

Enter Name : Rahul

Enter Marks in Three Subjects = 60 70 96

Student with maximum marks : Rahul.

sambaransengupta@Admins-MacBook-Air LAB1 %
```

9. Write a C program to compute the monthly pay of 100 employees using each employee's name, basic pay. The DA is computed as 52% of the basic pay. Gross-salary (basic pay + DA). Print the employees name and gross salary.

```
#include<stdio.h>
struct employee {
    char name[50];
    float basicpay, DA, grosspay;
}e[100];
int main() {
    int n;
    printf("Enter number of employees: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
         printf("\nEnter name : ");
scanf("%s", e[i].name);
         printf("Enter Basic pay :");
         scanf("%f", &e[i].basicpay);
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
         e[i].DA= 52.0 / 100 * e[i].basicpay;
         e[i].grosspay = e[i].DA + e[i].basicpay;
         printf("\n\nEmployee Name = %s \nGross Pay = %f", e[i].name, e[i].grosspay);
```

```
Enter name: Sambaran
Enter Basic pay: 500

Enter name: Jai
Enter Basic pay: 750

Enter name: Rahul
Enter Basic pay: 200

Employee Name = Sambaran
Gross Pay = 760.000000

Employee Name = Jai
Gross Pay = 1140.000000

Employee Name = Rahul
Gross Pay = 304.000000
```

10.Create a Book structure containing book_id, title, author name and price. Write a C program to pass a structure as a function argument and print the book details.

```
#include <stdio.h>
struct book {
    int id;
    char title[30];
    char name[30];
    float price;
};
void printAll(struct book s1∏, int n) {
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
         printf("\n\nID = \%d\nTITLE = \%s\nNAME = \%s\nPrice = \%f\n", s1[i].id, s1[i].title, s1[i].name,
s1[i].price);
int main() {
    int n;
    struct book s[100];
    printf("Enter number of books : ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
         printf("\nFor Book No. %d\n", i+1);
         printf("Id : "); scanf("%d", &s[i].id);
         printf("Book Title : "); scanf("%s", s[i].title);
         printf("Author's Name : "); scanf("%s", s[i].name);
         printf("Price: "); scanf("%f", &s[i].price);
    printAll(s, n);
    printf("\n");
```

```
Enter number of books : 3

For Book No. 1

Id : 12345

Book Title : COMPUTER
Author's Name : SAMBARAN
Price : 500

For Book No. 2

Id : 5678

Book Title : MATHS
Author's Name : JAI
Price : 750

For Book No. 3

Id : 1579

Book Title : SCIENCE
Author's Name : RAHUL
Price : 450
```

```
ID = 12345
TITLE = COMPUTER
NAME = SAMBARAN
Price = 500.000000

ID = 5678
TITLE = MATHS
NAME = JAI
Price = 750.000000

ID = 1579
TITLE = SCIENCE
NAME = RAHUL
Price = 450.000000
```

11. Write a program to store student name and branch using pointers to structures.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
struct student {
    char name[20];
    char branch[50];
};
void addStudent(struct student *s, int student_number) {
    printf("\nEnter Name : ");
     scanf("%s", (s + student_number)->name);
    printf("Enter Branch : ");
    scanf("%s", (s + student_number)->branch);
void printAll(struct student *s, int size) {
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
         printf("\n\nAME = \%s\nBranch = \%s\n", (s+i)->name, (s+i)->branch);
int main() {
    printf("Enter number of students : ");
    int size;
    scanf("%d", &size);
    struct student *s = malloc(size * sizeof(struct student));
    printf("\nEnter Student Information\n");
    for(int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
         addStudent(s, i);
    printAll(s, size);
```

```
OO
                                 LAB1 — -zsh — 82×24
Enter Student Information
Enter Name : Sambaran
Enter Branch : CSCE
Enter Name : Jai
Enter Branch : ECE
Enter Name : Rahul
Enter Branch: MECH
NAME = Sambaran
Branch = CSCE
NAME = Jai
Branch = ECE
NAME = Rahul
Branch = MECH
sambaransengupta@Admins-MacBook-Air LAB1 %
```