Normalization and Database Design

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03/22/2023

PART A

Question 1

(a, b)

(c)

Second Normal Form (2NF)

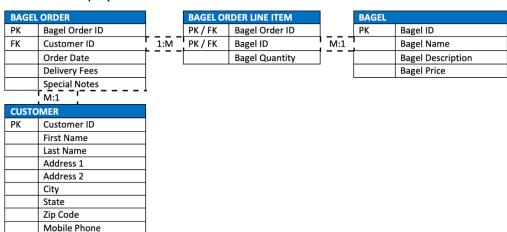
BAGEL ORDER			BAGEL ORDER LINE ITEM			BAGEL	
PK	Bagel Order ID	1	PK / FK	Bagel Order ID		PK	Bagel ID
	Order Date	1 1:M	PK/FK	Bagel ID	M:1	i	Bagel Name
	First Name	7 -		Bagel Quantity	T		Bagel Description
	Last Name						Bagel Price
	Address 1						•
	Address 2						
	City						
	State						
	Zip Code						
	Mobile Phone						
	Delivery Fee						
	Special Notes						

I assigned attributes based on their relevance to each of the newly created tables' titles. To achieve second normal form all non-key attributes were assigned to be dependent on the minimal super key. The first table contains the title 'BAGEL ORDER, so the related attributes would be those related to an order placed by a customer such as Order Date, First Name, Last Name, Address q, Address 2, Coty, State, Zip Code, Mobile Phone, Delivery Fee, and Special Notes (assuming this referred to special instructions when preparing the bagels). The second table, 'BAGEL ORDER LINE ITEM', must contain items related to the specific quantity of a particular bagel purchased for each order. The table furthest to the right 'BAGEL', represents information for each specific type of bagel, so therefore it must refer to the Bagel Name, Bagel Description, and Bagel Price. The PK of Bagel Order must be Bagel Order ID since it is unique, simple, and correlates to that specific table identifying each specific bagel order placed. The table titled 'BAGEL' must have a PK of Bagel ID since it is a unique identifier for each specific bagel. With cardinalities, each bagel order can have many bagel order line items, so the relationship is that of one to many (1:M). Similarly, each distinct bagel may have many bagel order line items, so the relationship between bagel order line item and bagel is many to one (M:1).

Question 2

(a, b, c, d)

Third Normal Form (3NF)



(e)

Redundancy can still be formed when the same customer creates multiple orders which cause each order they place to have their credentials repeated throughout the 'BAGEL ORDER' table. So, a new table is created labeled 'CUSTOMER' that separates customer attributes from order attributes to account for these repeated values. All of the attributes relating to customers go in the new 'CUSTOMER' table. As to cardinalities, each bagel order only has one customer, and each customer can place many bagel orders, so the relationship is that of many to one (M:1).

Question 3

(a, b)

Final Physical Database Model

iliai i	ilysical Database ivic	, aci								
BAGEL ORDER				BAGEL OF	BAGEL ORDER LINE ITEM			BAGEL		
PK	bagel_order_id	INT	L	PK / FK	bagel_order_id	INT	l	PK	bagel_id	CHAR(2)
FK	customer_id	INT	1:M	PK / FK	bagel_id	CHAR(2)	M:1	i	bagel_name	VARCHAR(30)
	order_date	TIMESTAMP			bagel_quanitity	INT			bagel_description	VARCHAR(100)
	delivery_fees	NUMERIC(4,2)			•	•	•		bagel_price	NUMERIC(4,2)
	special_notes	VARCHAR(100)								
	¦ M:1	1	_							
CUST	OMER									
PK	customer_id	INT								
	first_name	VARCHAR(20)								
	last_name	VARCHAR(20)								
	address_01	VARCHAR (50)								
	address_02	VARCHAR (50)								
	city	VARCHAR (30)								
	state	CHAR(2)								
	zip_code	CHAR(5)								
	mobile_phone	CHAR(10)								

PART B

```
Question 1 (a, b)
```

```
1 • ○ CREATE TABLE SUPPLIER(
2
            supplier_id INTEGER,
3
            company_name
                                VARCHAR(50),
4
            country
                           VARCHAR(30),
5
            sales_contact_name VARCHAR(60),
6
            email VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
7
            PRIMARY KEY (supplier_id)
8
            );
1 • ⊝ CREATE TABLE COFFEE(
         coffee_id INTEGER,
2
3
         shop_id INTEGER,
4
         supplier_id INTEGER,
5
         coffee_name VARCHAR(30),
6
         price_per_pound NUMERIC(5,2),
7
         PRIMARY KEY (coffee_id),
8
         FOREIGN KEY (shop_id) REFERENCES COFFEE_SHOP(shop_id),
9
         FOREIGN KEY (supplier_id) REFERENCES SUPPLIER(supplier_id)
    );
10
   1 • ⊖ CREATE TABLE EMPLOYEE (
            employee_id INTEGER,
    2
    3
             first_name VARCHAR(30),
             last_name VARCHAR(30),
            hire_date DATE,
             job_title VARCHAR(30),
   7
            shop_id
                       INTEGER,
   8
             PRIMARY KEY (employee_id),
   9
            FOREIGN KEY (shop_id) REFERENCES Coffee_Shop(shop_id)
   10
   11
            );
```

Action Outp	out 0			
	Time	Action	Response	Duration / Fetch Time
1	16:42:18	CREATE TABLE COFFEE_SHOP(shop_id INTEGER, shop_name VARCHAR(50),	0 row(s) affected	0.0086 sec
2	16:43:35	CREATE TABLE SUPPLIER(supplier_id INTEGER, company_name VARCHAR(50),	0 row(s) affected	0.012 sec
3	16:43:53	CREATE TABLE EMPLOYEE (employee_id INTEGER, first_name VARCHAR(30), I	0 row(s) affected	0.011 sec
4	16:44:08	CREATE TABLE COFFEE(coffee_id INTEGER, shop_id INTEGER, supplier_id INT	0 row(s) affected	0.011 sec

Question 2

```
(a, b)
 1
        -- ROW 1 FOR ALL TABLES
       INSERT INTO SUPPLIER
 3
       VALUES (51, 'We Supply', 'USA', 'John', 'john32@wesupply.com');
 4
 5 • INSERT INTO COFFEE_SHOP
 6
       VALUES (1001, 'Starbucks', 'San Diego', 'CA');
 7
 8 • INSERT INTO COFFEE
 9
       VALUES (101, 1001,51, 'Grande', 1.23);
10
11 • INSERT INTO EMPLOYEE
12
        VALUES (1, 'Samuel', 'Diaz', '2000-01-30', 'Software Engineer', 1001);
                                                                          Duration / Fetch Time
0.0016 sec
0.0013 sec
       -- ROW 2 FOR ALL TABLES
2 • INSERT INTO SUPPLIER
3
      VALUES (52, 'Supply Now', 'Africa', 'Matt', 'matt83@supplynow.com');
5 • INSERT INTO COFFEE_SHOP
      VALUES (1002, 'Dunkin', 'Oceanside', 'CA');
8 • INSERT INTO COFFEE
      VALUES (102, 1002, 52, 'Venti', 2.50);
9
10
11 • INSERT INTO EMPLOYEE
12
     VALUES (2.'Pearl'.'Buchanon'.'2002-05-21'.'Environmental Scientist'.1002):
Action Output 0
                                                                           Duration / Fetch Time
-- ROW 3 FOR ALL TABLES
2 • INSERT INTO SUPPLIER
      VALUES (53, 'The Supply', 'Europe', 'James', 'james_hustone23@thesupply.com');
5 • INSERT INTO COFFEE SHOP
6
      VALUES (1003, 'Krispie Kreme', 'Imperial Beach', 'CA');
 8 • INSERT INTO COFFEE
     VALUES (103, 1003,53, 'Tall', 3.73);
10
11 • INSERT INTO EMPLOYEE
     VALUES (3, 'Deandre', 'Owens', '2001-12-24', 'Supply Chain Manager', 1003);
Action Output 0
0.0015 sec
0.00076 sec
0.00068 sec
0.00040 sec
                                 3.73) 1 row(s) affected
ens','2001-12-24','Supply Chain M... 1 row(s) affected
Question 3
(a, b)
 1 •
          CREATE VIEW EMPLOYEE_VIEW
 2
          AS SELECT employee_id, CONCAT (first_name, ' ', last_name) as employee_full_name,
 3
          hire date,
 4
          job_title,
 5
          shop_id
 6
          FROM EMPLOYEE:
Action Output 0
          Time
                                                                                                                          Duration / Fetch Time
                   INSEKT INTO SUPPLIER VALUES (53, The Supply, Europe, James, James_nustone... Trow(s) affected
                                                                                                                          U.UU ID Sec
  2 18:14:10 INSERT INTO COFFEE_SHOP VALUES (1003, 'Krispie Kreme', 'Imperial Beach', 'CA') 1 row(s) affected
                                                                                                                          0.00076 sec
          18:14:10
                   INSERT INTO COFFEE VALUES (103, 1003,53, 'Tall', 3.73)
                                                                                                                          0.00068 sec
  3
                                                                                  1 row(s) affected
  4 18:14:10 INSERT INTO EMPLOYEE VALUES (3/Deandre):/Owens/2001-12-24;/Supply Chain M... 1 row(s) affected
5 18:23:11 CREATE VIEW EMPLOYEE_VIEW AS SELECT employee_id, CONCAT (first_name, ' ', ia... 0 row(s) affected
```

0.00040 sec 0.012 sec

Question 4

(a, b)

- 1 CREATE INDEX COFFEE_INDEX
- 0N COFFEE(coffee_name);



Question 5

(a, b)

- 1 SELECT job_title
- 2 FROM EMPLOYEE
- 3 WHERE employee_id = 1;

Action Outp	out 0			
	Time	Action	Response	Duration / Fetch Time
② 1	20:37:06	SELECT job_title FROM EMPLOYEE WHERE employee_id = 1 LIMIT 0, 1000	1 row(s) returned	0.00053 sec / 0.0000

Question 6

(a, b)

```
1 •
        SELECT
 2
             E.employee_id,
             E.first_name,
 3
 4
             E.last_name,
 5
             E.hire_date,
 6
             E.job_title,
 7
             CS.shop_name,
             CS.city,
 8
 9
             CS.state,
             C.coffee_id,
10
             C.supplier_id,
11
             C.coffee_name,
12
             C.price_per_pound
13
14
        FROM EMPLOYEE AS E
        INNER JOIN COFFEE_SHOP AS CS ON E.shop_id = CS.shop_id
15
16
        INNER JOIN COFFEE AS C ON CS.shop_id = C.shop_id;
17
Action Output
                                                                                      Duration / Fetch Time
      19:37:45 SELECT E.employee_id, E.first_name, E.last_name, E.hire_date, E.job_tit... 3 row(s) returned
                                                                                      0.0011 sec / 0.00001...
```