# Exercise 3 – Using SCSS

1. Generate a project or use an existing one. When prompted, choose SCSS as your CSS language. Put this in the SCSS file at the same level as index.html.
2. Create SCSS styles for a primary text color, font and background color. Hint: the CSS would be:

body {

font: 100% Helvetica, sans-serif;

color: #333;

background-color: #ddd;

}

1. Create SCSS styles for a set of list items that will be used for navigation. Hint: the HTML would be:

<nav>

<ul>

<li><a href=””>Home</a></li>

<li><a href=””>About</a></li>

<li><a href=””>Contact</a></li>

</ul>

</nav>

and the CSS would be:

nav ul {

list-style: none;

}

nav a {

display: block;

padding: 6px 12px;

text-decoration: none;

}

1. Create SCSS styles for three heading tags which are all the same color and font but different sizes. Hint: the HTML would be:

<h1>biggest heading</h1>

<h1>big heading </h1>

<h1>smaller heading</h1>

and the CSS would be:

h1 {

font-family: Arial, sans-serif;

font-size: 2em;

color: #ccc;

}

h2 {

font-family: Arial, sans-serif;

font-size: 1.5em;

color: #ccc;

}

h3 {

font-family: Arial, sans-serif;

font-size: 1.2em;

color: #ccc;

}

1. Create SCSS styles for three boxes - a message, error and an information box which are based on the same box. Hint: the HTML would be:

<div class='message'> message</div>

<div class='info'> info</div>

<div class='error'> error!</div>

1. and the CSS would be:

.message, .info, .error {

border: 1px solid #ccc;

color: #333;

}

.message {

border-color: black;

}

.info {

border-color: yellow;

}

.error {

border-color: red;

}