



# Spring Boot for Microservices: New Microservices & Resilience

In this lesson, we'll be talking about microservice resilience and the creation of new microservices with Spring.

## We'll cover the following ^

- New microservices
- Resilience

## New microservices #

Creating a new microservice is very easy with Spring Boot. A **build script** and a **main class** are enough, as shown in the example simplest-spring-boot (<https://github.com/ewolff/spring-boot-demos/tree/master/simplest-spring-boot>).

To further simplify the creation of a new microservice, a **template** can be created. The template only needs to be adapted for a new microservice.

**Settings** for the configuration of the microservices or for logging can be defined in the template.

Thus, a template simplifies the creation of new microservices and facilitates compliance with macro architecture rules.

A particularly easy way to create a new Spring Boot project is to use

<http://start.spring.io/> (<http://start.spring.io/>).



The developer must select the build tool, the programming language, and a Spring Boot version.

In addition, they can select different starters. Based on this, the website then creates a project that can be the basis for the implementation of a microservice.

## Resilience #

For resilience, a library like **Hystrix** can be useful.

Hystrix implements typical **resilience patterns** such as **timeouts in Java**. Spring Cloud offers an integration and further simplification for Hystrix.

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Z

Q Name a library that can be used for resilience in Java.

☐ A) REST

☐ B) JAX



C) Matplotlib



D) Hystrix

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In the next lesson, we'll begin our discussion on Go.

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