Assignment #2

a) Pseudocode for Simple Linear Regression:

```
function simple linear regression(X, y):
  # X: input feature (independent variable)
  # y: target variable (dependent variable)
  n = length(X) # number of data points
  mean_X = mean(X)
  mean_y = mean(y)
  # Calculate the slope (m) and y-intercept (b) for the line equation y = mx + b
  numerator = 0
  denominator = 0
  for i from 1 to n:
     numerator += (X[i] - mean_X) * (y[i] - mean_y)
     denominator += (X[i] - mean X)^2
  slope_m = numerator / denominator
  y_intercept_b = mean_y - slope_m * mean_X
  return slope_m, y_intercept_b
function predict(X, slope, intercept):
  # X: input feature for prediction
  return slope * X + intercept
```

b) Python Program for Simple Linear Regression:

```
import numpy as np

def simple_linear_regression(X, y):
    mean_X = np.mean(X)
    mean_y = np.mean(y)

    numerator = 0
    denominator = 0

for i in range(len(X)):
        numerator += (X[i] - mean_X) * (y[i] - mean_y)
        denominator += (X[i] - mean_X) ** 2

    slope_m = numerator / denominator
    intercept_b = mean_y - slope_m * mean_X

    return slope_m, intercept_b

def predict(X, slope, intercept):
    return slope * X + intercept
```

c) Implement and Evaluate your Model:

```
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.metrics import mean squared error, mean absolute error,
r2 score
import pandas as pd
# Load the dataset
data = pd.read csv('SalaryData.csv')
X = data['YearsExperience'].values
y = data['Salary'].values
# Split the dataset
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y,
test size=0.3, random state=42)
# Train your simple linear regression model
slope, intercept = simple linear regression(X train, y train)
# Make predictions on the test set
y pred = predict(X test, slope, intercept)
# Evaluate the performance
rmse = np.sqrt(mean squared error(y test, y pred))
mae = mean absolute error(y test, y pred)
r2 = r2_score(y_test, y_pred)
print(f"RMSE: {rmse}")
print(f"MAE: {mae}")
print(f"R^2 Score: {r2}")
```

Output:

RMSE: 6146.923007994583 MAE: 5161.328710400186

R^2 Score: 0.9414466227178214

d) Use LinearRegression from sklearn:

```
from sklearn.linear model import LinearRegression
# Create a Linear Regression model
model = LinearRegression()
# Train the model
X train = X train.reshape(-1, 1) # Reshape to 2D array for sklearn
model.fit(X train, y train)
# Make predictions on the test set
X test = X test.reshape(-1, 1) # Reshape to 2D array for sklearn
y pred sklearn = model.predict(X test)
# Evaluate the performance
rmse sklearn = np.sqrt(mean squared error(y test, y pred sklearn))
mae sklearn = mean absolute error(y test, y pred sklearn)
r2_sklearn = r2_score(y_test, y_pred_sklearn)
print(f"Sklearn RMSE: {rmse sklearn}")
print(f"Sklearn MAE: {mae_sklearn}")
print(f"Sklearn R^2 Score: {r2 sklearn}")
```

Output:

```
Sklearn RMSE: 6146.92300799458
Sklearn MAE: 5161.328710400183
Sklearn R^2 Score: 0.9414466227178214
```

e) Print Coefficients:

```
print("Custom Model Coefficients:")
print(f"Slope (m): {slope}")
print(f"Intercept (b): {intercept}")
print("\nSklearn Model Coefficients:")
print(f"Slope (m): {model.coef_[0]}")
print(f"Intercept (b): {model.intercept_}")
```

Output:

```
Custom Model Coefficients:
Slope (m): 9339.081723815194
Intercept (b): 25918.438334893217

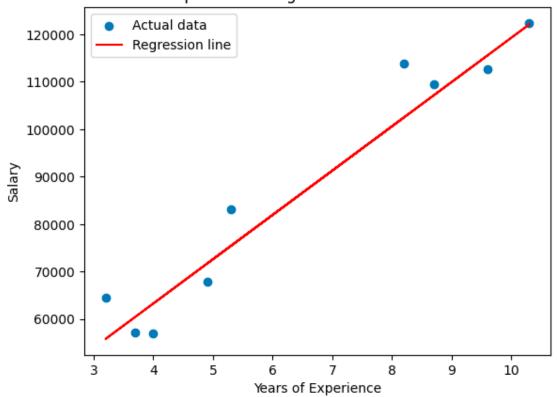
Sklearn Model Coefficients:
Slope (m): 9339.081723815198
Intercept (b): 25918.438334893202
```

f) Plot Scatter Plot and Regression Line for Your Model:

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Scatter plot
plt.scatter(X_test, y_test, label='Actual data')
# Regression line
plt.plot(X_test, y_pred, color='red', label='Regression line')
plt.xlabel('Years of Experience')
plt.ylabel('Salary')
plt.title('Simple Linear Regression - Custom Model')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

Output:





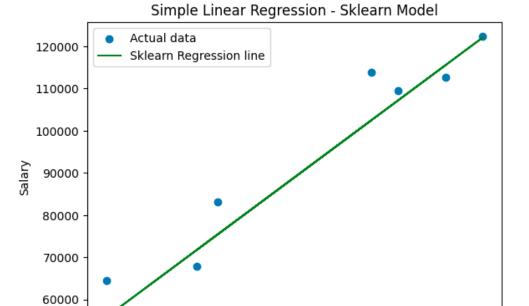
g) Plot Scatter Plot and Regression Line for Sklearn Model:

```
# Scatter plot
plt.scatter(X_test, y_test, label='Actual data')

# Regression line
plt.plot(X_test, y_pred_sklearn, color='green', label='Sklearn
Regression line')

plt.xlabel('Years of Experience')
plt.ylabel('Salary')
plt.title('Simple Linear Regression - Sklearn Model')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

Output:



Years of Experience

9

10

5