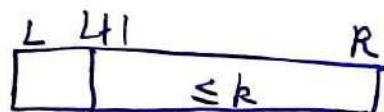


2. Find the count of # of subarray with # of distinct ele $\leq k$

$N \leq 10^6$
 $\text{arr}[i] \leq 10^6$

Step-1: Identify if can be solved using 2-pointer or is 2-pointer be used here?

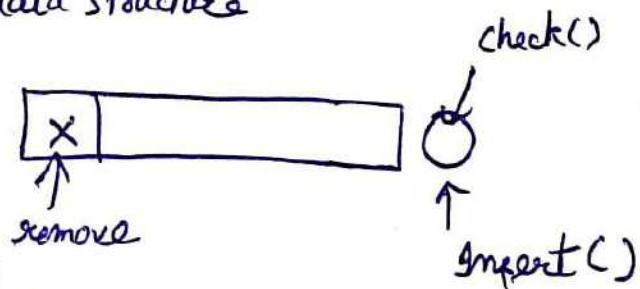
Step-2:



Step 3: Design data structure

map
check

Use map.



Two pointers

Form 1:

$N=10, K=2$

① Arr: [0 1 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0]

Max length of 1's you can create
↳ flip almost K posⁿ.

Find max length subarray with $\leq k$ 0's
↳ condⁿ

Step-1: Identify the problem with the key words.

Step-2:



$[l, s] \rightarrow \text{satisfy}$



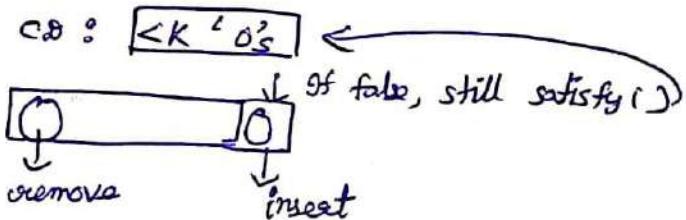
$[l, -s-1] \rightarrow \text{satisfy}$

} Then we can

} apply 2 pointers

Is the condⁿ being asked if satisfied by 2-pointer approach?

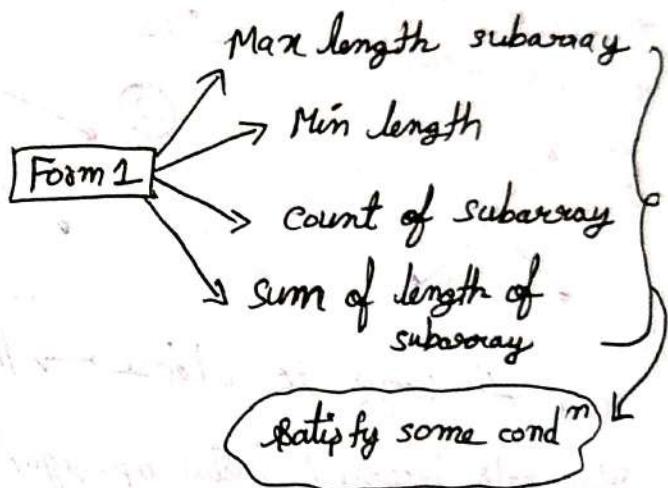
Step-3:



Design data structure \rightarrow #0's in window

Two pointers

- Form 0 : Sliding Window
- Form 1 : Variable Window
- Form 2 : 3 sum type (opp. side)
- Form 3 : Multi - sequence



```

int ans = 0;
int head=-1, tail=0; // ← condition
while(tail<n){
    while(head+1< n && CAN_EAT){
        head++;
        // Insert Head.
        if(arr[head]==0) cnt0++;
    }
    // update answer.
    ans = max(ans, LENGTH_OF_WINDOW);
    // remove element from tail.
    if(tail<=head){
        // remove from DS.
        if(arr[tail]==0) cnt0--;
        tail++;
    }
    else{
        tail++;
        head = tail-1; // ← start
    }
}

```

condition
← start

$head - tail + 1$

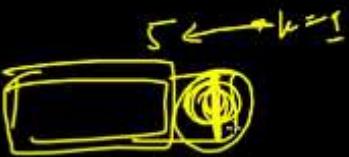
$$(tail-1) - head + 1$$

$\leftarrow \text{long}$

```
Int cnt0=0;

// tp
int ans = 0;
int head=-1,tail=0;
while(tail<n){
    while(head+1< n && (arr[head+1]==1 && cnt0<=k) ||  
           (arr[head+1]==0 && cnt0>k))  
        head++;  
    // insert head.  
    if(arr[head]==0)cnt0++;  
}  
// update answer  
ans = max(ans, head-tail+1);

// remove element from tail
if(tail<=head){  
    // remove from BSC  
    if(arr[tail]==0)cnt0--;  
    tail++;  
}else{  
    tail++;  
    head = tail-1; // ???
}
```



```

// Tp
int ans = 0;
int head=-1,tail=0;
while(tail<n){
    while(head+1< n && CAN_EAT){ // O(1)
        head++; // insert head.
        if(arr[head]==0)cnt0++;
    }
    ans = max(ans, LENGTH_OF_WINDOW); // O(1) / O(A)

    // remove element from tail
    if(tail<=head){
        // remove from DS.
        if(arr[tail]==0)cnt0--;
        tail++;
    }else{ // O(1) / O(T)
        tail++;
        head = tail-1; // ??????
    }
}

```

$O(N \cdot (H + A + T))$

```
// ds
int distinct = 0;
int freq[1000100];

void insert(int x){
    if(freq[x]==0)distinct++;
    freq[x]++;
}

int check(int x){
    int cnt = distinct;
    if(freq[x]==0)cnt++;
    return cnt;
}

int erase(int x){
    freq[x]--;
    if(freq[x]==0)distinct--;
}
```

```
int ans = 0;
int head=-1,tail=0;
while(tail<n){
    while(head+1<n && check(arr[head+1])<=k){
        head++;
        // insert into DS
        insert(arr[head]);
    }
    // update answer
    ans += head-tail+1;

    // remove element from DS
    if(tail<=head){
        // remove from DS
        erase(arr[tail]);
        tail++;
    }else{
        tail++;
        head = tail-1;
    }
}
cout<<ans<<endl;
```