- Medicine is too complex for traditional programming paradigms
- ML models can take vast amounts of past patient data to come upon a result

- Prognosis:

- Necessary to adopt one consistent data format for all patients
- Possible solution is to place data in hand of patients, who can choose how to share their data

- Diagnosis:

- Models can misdiagnose, so it is necessary for physician to be involved in diagnosis process from the outset
- Possible solution is for models can suggest questions/tests for doctors to make from the patient

- Treatment:

- Most difficult to automate with ML
- Many subtleties and variations that it is difficult to capture with just a model
- Possible solution is for model to provide one treatment option and Dr gives another, both can then be compared

- Workflow:

- ML can be used to make physicians more efficient
- Search engine ML can allow physicians to find info in charts more easily, automatically make documentation, etc
- ML can also be provided directly to patients for diagnosis and physician recommendations

- Challenges:

- Generating Datasets:
 - Data needs to be as similar to actual use case as possible, difficult to do in some cases
 - Sometimes difficult to get the label, ie true prediction
- Undesirable Past Practices:
 - Model may learn unwanted bias from past data
- Expertise and Regulation:
 - Patients or physicians may rely too much on models
 - Possible solution is to introduce confidence intervals into model predictions, but this is not foolproof either