## OOP Using Java- Practical 01

1. Write you first java programme to display "Hello World" on the screen.

```
public class Practical_01 {
  public static void main (Strings[] args){
    System.out.println("Hello World!");
}
```

2. Write a programme to display your name on the first line and to display your degree programme on the second line on the screen. Please use command line (cmd) to execute your code.

```
public class Practical_01 {
   public static void main (Strings[] args){
     System.out.println("Sameera Jayakodi\n BSc (Hons)in computer science");
}
```

3. Write down a programme to get the following output using a for loop. Repeat the same example by using a while loop.

public class Practical\_01 {

```
public static void main (String[] args){
                int i=0;
                while(i<5){
                System.out.println("Executing Loop "+i);
                }
           }
           }
4. Write a class and insert the following code block into the appropriate place. Execute the code and get
   the result.
   int [] numbers = {10, 20, 30, 40, 50};
   for(int x : numbers ){
    if( x == 30 ){
      break;
     System.out.print( x );
     System.out.print("\n");
   }
     System.out.print("I'm out of the Loop now");
Results:
        10
        20
        I'm out of the Loop now
Repeat the same code using "continue" instead of "break". Write down the output.
Results:
            10
            20
           40
           50
           I'm out of the Loop now
5. Write a class and insert the following code block into the appropriate place. Execute the code and get
   the result.

 char grade ='A';

2. switch(grade)
3. {
```

```
4. case 'A':
System.out.println("Excellent!");
6. break;
7. case 'D':
8. System.out.println("You passed");
9. case 'F':
10. System.out.println("Better try again");
11. break;
12. default:
13. System.out.println("Invalid grade");
14. }
15. System.out.println("Your grade is " + grade);
                public class Practical_01 {
                  public static void main (String[] args){
                                char grade ='A';
                        switch(grade)
                        {
                        case 'A':
                        System.out.println("Excellent!");
                        break;
                        case 'D':
                        System.out.println("You passed");
                        case 'F':
                        System.out.println("Better try again");
                        break;
                        default:
                        System.out.println("Invalid grade");
                }
                        System.out.println("Your grade is " + grade);
                }}
```

```
Results:
    Excellent!
    Your grade is A
Repeat the same removing "break" command at line number 6. Write down the output.
            Excellent!
            You passed
            Better try again
            Your grade is A
Repeat the same scenario by using if-else-if statement instead of switch case.
            public class Practical 01 {
              public static void main (String[] args){
                        char grade ='A';
                if(grade =='A'){
                         System.out.println("Excellent!");
               else if(grade =='D'){
                        System.out.println("You passed");
                      }
                else if(grade =='F'){
                        System.out.println("Better try again");
               else{
                        System.out.println("Invalid grade");
        System.out.println("Your grade is " + grade);
```

6. As of java 5 the enhanced for loop was introduced. This is mainly used for Arrays. Below code contains few mistakes. First execute the code. Then identify the errors printed on the console. Rectify all the errors and execute to get the output:

```
class TestEnhanceForLoop {
```

}

```
public static void mains(String args[]){
    int [] numbers = {10, 20, 30, 40, 50};
       for(int x : numbers ){
                       System.out.print( x );
                      System.out.print(",")
       }
    System.out.print("\n");
   String [] names ={"James", "Larry", "Tom", "Lacy"}
       for( String name : names ) {
                      System.out.print( name );
                      System.out.print(",");
class TestEnhanceForLoop {
       public static void mains(String args[]){
       int [] numbers = {10, 20, 30, 40, 50};
               for(int x : numbers ){
                               System.out.print( x );
                              System.out.print(",");
        System.out.print("\n");
       String [] names ={"James", "Larry", "Tom", "Lacy"};
               for( String name : names ) {
                              System.out.print( name );
```

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```
System.out.print(",");
     }}}
Output:
     10,20,30,40,50,
     James,Larry,Tom,Lacy,
```