Samir Khadka CS360L - Programming in C and C++ Lab Lab Assignment #6

Question 1:

```
C→ main.cpp × +
C·· main.cpp
                                                                                     ■ Format
   1 // Complex.h
   2 // Complex class definition.
   3 #ifndef COMPLEX_H
   4 #define COMPLEX_H
   6 #include <iostream>
   7
   8 v class Complex {
   9 public:
  10
          explicit Complex(double = 0.0, double = 0.0); // constructor
  11
          Complex operator+(const Complex&) const; // addition
  12
          Complex operator-(const Complex&) const; // subtraction
  13
          Complex operator*(const Complex&) const; // multiplication
  14
          bool operator==(const Complex&) const; // equality
  15
          bool operator!=(const Complex&) const; // inequality
  16
  17
          friend std::ostream& operator<<(std::ostream&, const Complex&);</pre>
  18
          friend std::istream& operator>>(std::istream&, Complex&);
  19
  20 private:
  21
          double real; // real part
  22
          double imaginary; // imaginary part
  23 }; // end class Complex
  24
  25 #endif
  26
  27 // Complex.cpp
  28 // Complex class member-function definitions.
  29 #include "Complex.h" // Complex class definition
  30
  31 // Constructor
  32 Complex::Complex(double realPart, double imaginaryPart)
  33 \ : real(realPart), imaginary(imaginaryPart) {
  34
          // empty body
  35 } // end Complex constructor
  36
  37 // addition operator
  38 Complex Complex::operator+(const Complex& operand2) const {
          return Complex(real + operand2.real, imaginary + operand2.imaginary);
  40 } // end function operator+
Ln 114, Col 1 • Spaces: 2 History 5
```

```
C→ main.cpp × +
C++ main.cpp
                                                                                    ■ Format
  42 // subtraction operator
  43 Complex Complex::operator-(const Complex& operand2) const {
  44 | return Complex(real - operand2.real, imaginary - operand2.imaginary);
  45 } // end function operator-
  47 // multiplication operator
  48 Complex Complex::operator*(const Complex& operand2) const {
          return Complex(
  50
              (real * operand2.real) - (imaginary * operand2.imaginary),
  51
              (real * operand2.imaginary) + (imaginary * operand2.real)
  52
          );
  53 } // end function operator*
  54
  55 // equality operator
  56 bool Complex::operator==(const Complex& operand2) const {
  57     return (real == operand2.real) && (imaginary == operand2.imaginary);
  58 } // end function operator==
  59
  60 // inequality operator
  61 bool Complex::operator!=(const Complex& operand2) const {
  return !(*this == operand2);
  63 } // end function operator!=
  64
  65 // output operator
  66 v std::ostream& operator<<(std::ostream& os, const Complex& complex) {
          os << '(' << complex.real << ", " << complex.imaginary << "i)";
          return os;
  69 } // end function operator<<
  70
  71 // input operator
  72 v std::istream& operator>>(std::istream& is, Complex& complex) {
          char dummy;
  74
          is >> complex.real >> dummy >> complex.imaginary >> dummy;
  75
          return is;
  76 } // end function operator>>
  77
  78 // main.cpp
  79 // Complex class test program.
  80 #include <iostream>
  81 #include "Complex.h"
```

```
C→ main.cpp × +
C++ main.cpp
                                                                                            82 using namespace std;
  84 v int main() {
  85
           Complex x;
  86
           Complex y(4.3, 8.2);
  87
           Complex z(3.3, 1.1);
  88
  89
           cout << "Enter complex number x in the form (a, b): ";</pre>
  90
           cin >> x;
  91
           cout << "x: " << x << endl;
  92
  93
           cout << "y: " << y << endl;</pre>
  94
           cout << "z: " << z << endl;</pre>
  95
  96
           Complex sum = y + z;
  97
           cout << "x = y + z: " << sum << endl;</pre>
  98
  99
           Complex difference = y - z;
 100
           cout << "x = y - z: " << difference << endl;</pre>
 101
           Complex product = y * z;
 102
 103
           cout << "x = y * z: " << product << endl;</pre>
 104
 105
           cout << "Comparison: ";</pre>
 106
           if (x == y)
 107
               cout << "x is equal to y";</pre>
 108
           else
 109
               cout << "x is not equal to y";</pre>
 110
           cout << endl;</pre>
 111
 112
      return 0;
 113 }
 114
 115
```

```
Enter complex number x in the form (a, b): (3,2)
x: (0, 0i)
y: (4.3, 8.2i)
z: (3.3, 1.1i)
x = y + z: (7.6, 9.3i)
x = y - z: (1, 7.1i)
x = y * z: (5.17, 31.79i)
Comparison: x is not equal to y
```

## **Question 2:**

```
C Question 2.cpp × +
C · Question 2.cpp > ...
                                                                                       ■ Format
   1 // Hugeint.h
   2 � HugeInt class definition.
   3 #ifndef HUGEINT_H
   4 #define HUGEINT_H
   5
   6 #include <array>
   7 #include <iostream>
   8 #include <string>
   9 #include <cmath>
  10
  11 v class HugeInt {
  12
          friend std::ostream& operator<<(std::ostream&, const HugeInt&);</pre>
  13
  14 public:
  15
           static const int digits = 30; // maximum digits in a HugeInt
  16
          HugeInt(long = 0); // conversion/default constructor
  17
          HugeInt(const std::string&); // conversion constructor
  18
  19
          // arithmetic operators
  20
          HugeInt operator+(const HugeInt&) const;
  21
          HugeInt operator-(const HugeInt&) const;
  22
          HugeInt operator*(const HugeInt&) const;
  23
          HugeInt operator/(const HugeInt&) const;
  24
  25
          // relational and equality operators
  26
          bool operator<(const HugeInt&) const;</pre>
  27
          bool operator>(const HugeInt&) const;
  28
          bool operator<=(const HugeInt&) const;</pre>
  29
           bool operator>=(const HugeInt&) const;
  30
          bool operator==(const HugeInt&) const;
  31
           bool operator!=(const HugeInt&) const;
  32
  33 private:
  34
          std::array<short, digits> integer;
  35 };
  36
  37 // constructor; conversion/default constructor
  38 v HugeInt::HugeInt(long value) {
  39  // initialize array to zero
```

```
C-- Question 2.cpp × +
C · Question 2.cpp > ...
                                                                                        ■ Format
  40
          for (short& element : integer)
  41
               element = 0;
           // place digits of argument into array
  42
  43 🗸
           for (size_t j = digits - 1; value != 0 && j >= 0; j--) {
  44
               integer[j] = value % 10;
  45
               value /= 10;
  46
           }
  47 }
  48
  49 // conversion constructor; converts a character string representing a large integer
       into a HugeInt object
  50 - HugeInt::HugeInt(const std::string& number) {
  51
          // initialize array to zero
  52
          for (short& element : integer)
  53
               element = 0;
  54
          // place digits of argument into array
  55
          size_t length = number.size();
           for (size_t j = digits - length, k = 0; j < digits; ++j, ++k)</pre>
  56
  57
               if (isdigit(number[k])) // ensure that character is a digit
  58
                   integer[j] = number[k] - '0';
  59 }
  60
  61 // addition operator; HugeInt + HugeInt
  62 - HugeInt HugeInt::operator+(const HugeInt& op2) const {
  63
          HugeInt temp; // temporary result
  64
           int carry = 0;
  65 ~
           for (int i = digits - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
  66
              temp.integer[i] = integer[i] + op2.integer[i] + carry;
  67
               // determine whether to carry a 1
               if (temp.integer[i] > 9) {
  68 🗸
  69
                   temp.integer[i] %= 10; // reduce to 0-9
  70
                   carry = 1;
  71
               } else // no carry
  72
                   carry = 0;
  73
           }
  74
           return temp; // return copy of temporary object
  75 }
  76
  77  // subtraction operator; HugeInt - HugeInt
  78 - HugeInt HugeInt::operator-(const HugeInt& op2) const {
```

```
C- Question 2.cpp × +
C·· Question 2.cpp > ...
                                                                                         ■ Format
  79
           HugeInt result;
  80
           int borrow = 0;
           for (int i = digits - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
  81 ~
               int diff = integer[i] - op2.integer[i] - borrow;
  82
  83 ~
               if (diff < 0) {
  84
                   diff += 10;
  85
                   borrow = 1;
  86 ~
               } else {
  87
                   borrow = 0;
  88
  89
               result.integer[i] = diff;
  90
  91
           return result;
  92 }
  93
  94 // multiplication operator; HugeInt * HugeInt
  95 \ HugeInt HugeInt::operator*(const HugeInt& op2) const {
           HugeInt result; // Initialize result
  97
           HugeInt temp;
  98
           int carry = 0;
  99
 100 \
           for (int i = digits - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
 101 \
               for (int j = digits - 1; j >= 0; j--) {
                   int product = (integer[i] * op2.integer[j]) + carry;
 102
 103
                   temp.integer[j] = product % 10; // Store the result
 104
                   carry = product / 10; // Carry
 105
 106
               result = result + temp; // Add temp to result
 107
           }
 108
           return result;
 109 }
 110
 111 // division operator; HugeInt / HugeInt
 112 - HugeInt HugeInt::operator/(const HugeInt& op2) const {
 113
           HugeInt quotient;
 114
           HugeInt temp(*this);
 115
           HugeInt remainder("0");
 116
           HugeInt one("1");
 117 _
           while (temp >= op2) {
 118
               temp = temp - op2;
```

```
C Question 2.cpp × +
C ·· Question 2.cpp > ...
                                                                                  ■ Format
 119
            quotient = quotient + one;
 120
         }
 121
        return quotient;
 122 }
 123
 124 // less than operator
 125 bool HugeInt::operator<(const HugeInt& op2) const {
 126 v for (int i = 0; i < digits; ++i) {
 127
            if (integer[i] < op2.integer[i])</pre>
 128
                 return true;
 129
             else if (integer[i] > op2.integer[i])
 130
                return false;
 131
          }
 132
        return false;
 133 }
 134
 135 // greater than operator
 136 v bool HugeInt::operator>(const HugeInt& op2) const {
 return op2 < *this;
 138 }
 139
 140 // less than or equal to operator
 141 v bool HugeInt::operator<=(const HugeInt& op2) const {
 142 return !(op2 < *this);
 143 }
 144
 145 // greater than or equal to operator
 146 v bool HugeInt::operator>=(const HugeInt& op2) const {
 147 return !(*this < op2);
 148 }
 149
 150 // equality operator
 151 bool HugeInt::operator==(const HugeInt& op2) const {
        for (int i = 0; i < digits; ++i) {
 152 🗸
 153
             if (integer[i] != op2.integer[i])
 154
              return false;
 155
          }
 156
        return true;
 157 }
 158
```

```
C-- Question 2.cpp × +
C+ Question 2.cpp > ...
                                                                                     ■ Format
 159 // inequality operator
 160 v bool HugeInt::operator!=(const HugeInt& op2) const {
 161 return !(*this == op2);
 162 }
 163
 164 // overloaded output operator
 165 v std::ostream& operator<<(std::ostream& output, const HugeInt& num) {
 166
          int i;
 167
          for (i = 0; (i < HugeInt::digits) && (0 == num.integer[i]); ++i)</pre>
 168
              ; // skip leading zeros
 169
           if (i == HugeInt::digits)
 170
              output << 0;
 171
          else
 172
              for (; i < HugeInt::digits; ++i)</pre>
 173
                  output << num.integer[i];</pre>
 174
          return output;
 175 }
 176
 177 #endif
 178
 179 // main.cpp
 180 // HugeInt test program.
 181 #include <iostream>
 182 #include "Hugeint.h"
 183 using namespace std;
 184
 185 v int main() {
 186
          HugeInt n1(7654321);
 187
          HugeInt n2(7891234);
 188
          189
          HugeInt n4("1");
 190
          HugeInt n5;
 191
 192
          cout << "n1 is " << n1 << "\nn2 is " << n2
 193
               << "\nn3 is " << n3 << "\nn4 is " << n4</pre>
 194
               << "\nn5 is " << n5 << "\n\n";</pre>
 195
 196
           n5 = n1 + n2;
 197
          cout << n1 << " + " << n2 << " = " << n5 << "\n\n";
 198
```

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C-- Question 2.cpp × +
                                                                                           ■ Format
C Question 2.cpp > ...
           cout << n3<< " + " << n4 << "\n= " << (n3 + n4) << "\n\n";
 200
           n5 = n1 + 9; cout << n1 << " + " << 9 << " = " << <math>n5 << " \setminus n \setminus n";
 201
 202 n5 = n2 + HugeInt("10000");
 203 cout << n2 << " + " << "10000" << " = " << n5 << endl;
 204
 205 // Testing multiplication and division
 206 HugeInt n6("123456789012345678901234567890");
 207 HugeInt n7("987654321098765432109876543210");
 208 HugeInt n8;
 209
 210 cout << "\nMultiplication:\n";</pre>
 211 n8 = n6 * n7;
 212 cout << n6 << " * " << n7 << " = " << n8 << endl;
 213
 214 cout << "\nDivision:\n";</pre>
 215 \quad n8 = n7 / n6;
 216 cout << n7 << " / " << n6 << " = " << n8 << endl;
 217
 218 return 0;
 219
 220
 221 }
```

```
✓ Run
                                         ☐ Ask AI 5s on 10:10:51, 04/11 ✓
n1 is 7654321
n2 is 7891234
n4 is 1
n5 is 0
7654321 + 7891234 = 15545555
7654321 + 9 = 7654330
7891234 + 10000 = 7901234
Multiplication:
123456789012345678901234567890 * 987654321098765432109876543210 = 333333334833
3333334833333333458
Division:
987654321098765432109876543210 / 123456789012345678901234567890 = 8
```