7.6 Tutorial- Logistic Regression in Python

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Summary • Implementing Logistic Regression in Python Understanding Accuracy, Precision and Recall better • The work is done in the Colab. · Confusion matrix is always Confusion matrix is always a 2x2 matrix. _matrix. The confusion matrix that we got in the data set: Define the confusion matrix in terms of TN, TP, FN, FP. Prediction Prediction 0 1 0 1 Actual 45323 3367 TN FP Actual 0 0 8401 5335 FN TP 45323: The number of times the prediction was 0 and the actual value was also 0: True 5335: The number of times the prediction was 1 and the actual value was also 1: True Positives (TP). • 3367: The number of times the prediction was 1 but the actual value was 0: False Positives 8401: The number of times the prediction was 0 and the actual value was 1: False Negatives (FN). • Define: Prediction 0 1. Accuracy Actual TΝ FP 0 2. Precision FN TP 3. Recall TN + TPAccuracy = Total number of observations • We want to predict the number of 1's in our problems. So, precision is out of all 1 predictions, how many were correct. • Precision for predicting 1: ${f Precision} =$ · Recall focuses on actuals. Out of all the actual 1's, how many the model is predicting correctly. • Recall for predicting 1: Recall = $\overline{\mathbf{TP} + \mathbf{FN}}$ Tip to remember Precision and -Recall Recall: Precision Prediction Prediction 0 0 1 1 FP TN Actual 45323 3367 Actual 0 0

5335

FN

1

TP

8401

		$\frac{TN}{Total\ Number\ o}$	FP $f\ observatio$	$\frac{1}{ns} = \frac{4}{4523 + 1}$	45323 + 5335 $3367 + 8401 + 5335$	$\frac{1}{6} = \frac{50658}{62426} = 0.81$
	• $Precision = \frac{TP}{TP + FP} = \frac{5335}{5335 + 3367} = \frac{5335}{8702} = 0.61$ • $Recall = \frac{TP}{TP + FN} = \frac{5335}{5335 + 8401} = \frac{5335}{13736} = 0.39$					
	<pre>print(classification_report(y_test,y_pred))</pre>					
		precision	recall	f1-score	support	
	0	0.84	0.93	0.89	48690	
	1	0.61	0.39	0.48	13736	
	accuracy			0.81	62426	
		0.73	0.66		62426	
	weighted avg	0.79	0.81		62426	
	 F1-score: weighted average between precision and recall. Precision and Recall are defined based on the problem that we're trying to address. Here, we're trying to address 1, so our precision = 0.61, and recall = 0.39. Whereas, the accuracy is always the same, which is 0.81 here. Support: number of the data points that we took for the calculations. 					