



SOLAR TURBINES



Optimizing Shipping Efficiency and Cost: Data-Driven Insights for Solar Turbines

Sam Angeles, Daniel Atlan, Betty Hagos, Ben Keefer, Anthony Lantiere May 9th, 2024





MEET THE TEAM







Daniel Atlan



Betty Hagos



Ben Keefer



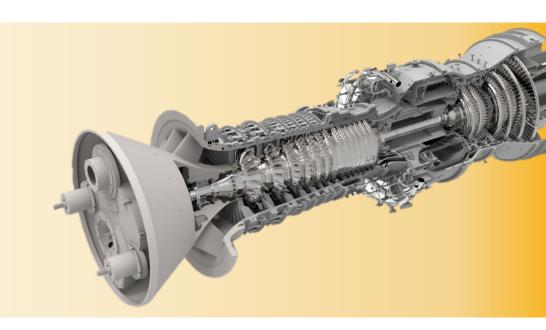
Anthony Lantiere





AGENDA

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Data Overview
- 3. Methodology
- 4. Accessorial Charge Codes
- 5. Machine Learning
- 6. Interactive Dashboards
- 7. Limitations
- 8. Recommendations
- 9. Conclusions



INTRODUCTION







PRIMARY CHALLENGES

Derive actionable insights for solar turbines scm team to optimize operational efficiency and shipping costs:

- Comprehensive data cleaning, exploration, and merging
- Trend analysis and insight extraction
- Machine learning model creation
- Charge code mapping







OBJECTIVES

1

Deliver insights and tools that can be used for further analysis

2

Identify methods to improve operational efficiency

3

Pinpoint locations in the supply chain (shipment process) for cost reduction

4

Create methods to predict costs and minimize financial risk

DATA OVERVIEW AND LIMITATIONS







DATASET 1: FREIGHT

Larger shipments over 150 pounds including information on price, origin, destination, mileage, and size of the shipment. Provides insight to geographical information and cost for shipments.

- Adjusted Amount Paid
- Mileage
- Ship Weight
- Carrier Name

Dataset Overview				
# of Observations	171,150			
# of Variables	23			





DATASET 2: PARCEL

Smaller shipments under 150 pounds including information on price, destination, origin, and size of the shipment. Provides insight to smaller shipments and cost factors.

- Accessorial Amount
- Carrier Name
- Height, Length, Width, Weight
- Total Paid

Dataset Overview					
# of Observations	490,962				
# of Variables	22				





DATASET 3: ACCESSORIAL

Detailed accessorial charges for shipments between freight and parcel shipping types. Provides deeper understanding for charges incurred by shipment.

- Accessorial Amount
- Accessorial Charge Code
- Accessorial Charge Description

Dataset Overview					
# of Observations	278,587				
# of Variables	30				





DATASET 4: EDI

Provided additional information about invoices being stored with paper or electronically.

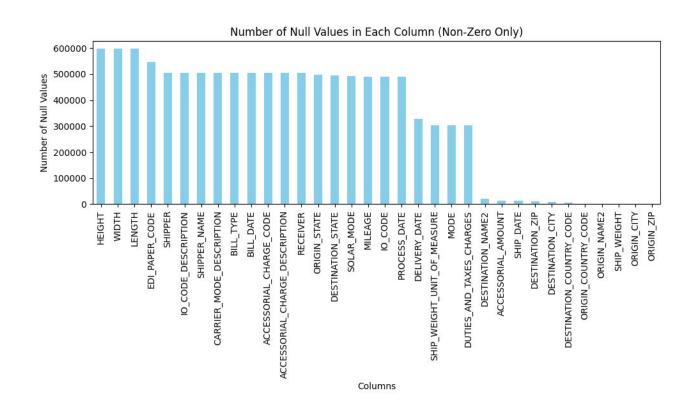
- Carrier Name
- Amount Paid
- EDI Paper Code

Dataset Overview					
# of Observations	169,510				
# of Variables	4				





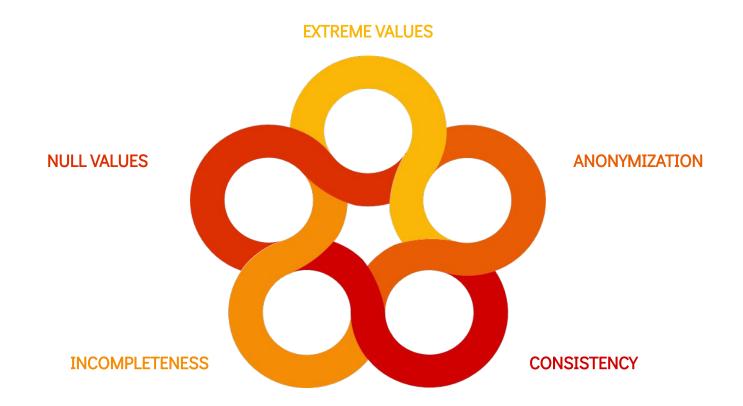
DATA EXPLORATION







LIMITATIONS



METHODOLOGY

FRAMING THE PROBLEM







THREE-PRONGED APPROACH

ACCESSORIAL CHARGE CODE MAPPING



INTERACTIVE
DASHBOARDS FOR
IDENTIFYING SHIPPING
COST DYNAMICS

MACHINE LEARNING FOR PREDICTING ACCESSORIAL CHARGES

ACCESSORIAL CHARGE CODES







ACCESSORIAL CHARGE CODES

TWO-LETTER COMBINATIONS

- CONFUSING AND LACKS DIRECTION
- USERS NEED TO KNOW ALL LETTER COMBINATIONS

138

ACCESSORIAL CHARGE CODES

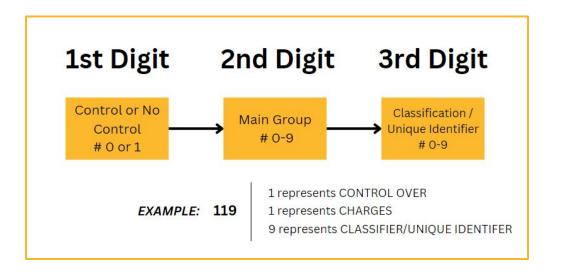




ACCESSORIAL CHARGE CODES SOLUTION

3-DIGIT CHARGE INDEX

- REIMAGINE CODES INTO HYPOTHETICAL 3-DIGIT CODES
- EACH DIGIT PROVIDES MEANINGFUL CLASSIFICATION







3-DIGIT MAPPING

23

ACCESSORIAL CHARGE CODES REPRESENT

94.14%

OF ALL ACCESSORIAL CHARGES



RECLASSIFIED 23
ACCESSORIAL CHARGE
CODES INTO 23 UNIQUE
3-DIGIT CODES





3-DIGIT MAPPING

FIRST DIGIT:

- 0 → SOLAR TURBINES HAS NO CONTROL OVER
- 1 → SOLAR TURBINES HAS CONTROL OVER
- 2 → NEEDS TO BE REVIEWED AND CATEGORIZED

SECOND DIGIT:

- 1 → FUEL SURCHARGES
- 2 → HANDI ING & CARRYING
- 3 → GOVERNMENT IMPOSED
- 4 → MOVING & TRANSFERRING
- 5 → STORAGE & OUTSIDE TIME
- 6 → ADMINISTRATIVE
- 7 → FXTRA FFFS
- 8 → BROKERAGE
- 9 → MISCELLANEOUS

3-Digit Code Classification	First Digit	Second Digit	Third Digit	Accessorial Charge Code	Accessorial Charge Description	3-Digit Code	
No Control Over	0	1	1	FS	FUEL SURCHARGE	011	128,128
		2	1	HA	HANDLING	021	14,551
			2	PC	PICK UP	022	10,135
			3	EE	EXPORT/DOMESTIC PACKING	023	1,148
		3	1	DU	DUTY CHARGES	031	9,265
			2 3	PF	PROCESSING FEE/MERCHANDI.	032	7,010
			3	EC	EXTRA COPIES MAILING	033	4,134
		4	1	TH	TERMINAL SERVICE	041	7,685
			2	TF	AIRPORT TRANSFER FEE	042	3,171
		5	1	TA	TARP	051	4,786
		6	1	MN	MANIFEST	061	6,112
			2	AM	ADMINISTRATION FEE	062	3,426
			3	DA	DUTY ADVANCE	063	1,855
		7	3	HZ	HAZARDOUS MATERIAL FEE	073	1,972
		8	1	AF	AES FILING FEE/CLEARANCE	081	1,838
			2	SU	SECURITY CHARGE	082	2,981
			3	BR	CUSTOM BROKERAGE CHARGE	083	21,290
Control Over	1	5	2	DH	DELIVERY CHARGE POINT	152	3,891
			3	ST	STORAGE	153	2,013
			4	DT	DETENTION	154	1,624
		7	1	OL	OUT OF AREA DELIVERY	171	1,137
			2	WV	WEIGHT VERIFICATION	172	5,199
Miscellaneous	2	9	9	MS	MSC CHRGS	299	19,033

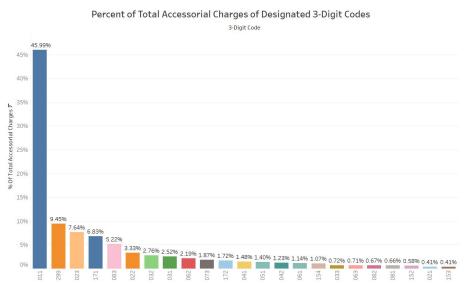
THIRD DIGIT:

UNIQUE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER FOR EACH GROUPING OF ACCESSORIAL CHARGE CODES





3-DIGIT MAPPING



BENEFITS:

- SIMPLIFIED SYSTEM WITH ONLY 23 CODES TO MEMORIZE
- CLEAR AND EASY FILING PROCESS
- MEANINGFUL CONCEPT BEHIND CODE STRUCTURE
- ENHANCES UNDERSTANDING AND EFFICIENCY
 IN MANAGING ACCESSORIAL CHARGES





EXAMPLE: FINANCIAL IMPACT OF 3-DIGIT MAPPING

FINANCIAL IMPACT OF IN-CONTROL ACCESSORIAL CHARGES (100s)				
COST OF DELIVERY CHARGE POINT (152)	\$5,756,929.08			
COST OF STORAGE (153)	\$4,610,288.84			
COST OF DETENTION (154)	\$2,499,137.86			
COST OF OUT OF AREA DELIVERY (171)	\$146,847.24			
COST OF WEIGHT VERIFICATION (172)	\$143,093.75			
TOTAL COST OF IN-CONTROL CHARGES	\$13,156,296.77			

DECREASING TOTAL
IN-CONTROL CHARGES BY

1%

CAN LEAD TO POTENTIAL COST SAVINGS OF

\$131,562.97

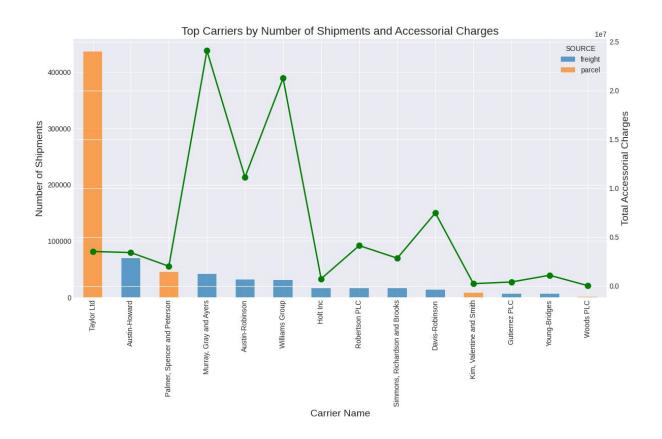
MACHINE LEARNING







PRIMARY CARRIER'S FOR SHIPPING







REGRESSION (PARCEL)

CARRIER	AVG. COST
TAYLOR LTD	\$8.09
ALL OTHERS	\$45.56
DIFFERENCE	\$37.47
TRUE COST *REGRESSION WITH VARIABLES*	\$14.76



GIVEN

28,574

NON-TAYLOR LTD. SHIPMENTS

POTENTIAL COST SAVINGS BY SWITCHING TO TAYLOR LTD. ARE ESTIMATED AT

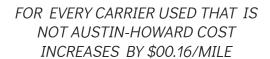
\$421,752.24

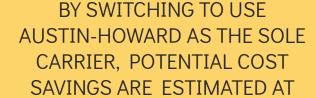




REGRESSION (FREIGHT)

CARRIER	AVG. COST
AUSTIN-HOWARD	\$48.89
ALL OTHERS	\$1045.26
DIFFERENCE	\$996.37
TRUE COST *REGRESSION WITH VARIABLES*	\$53.80





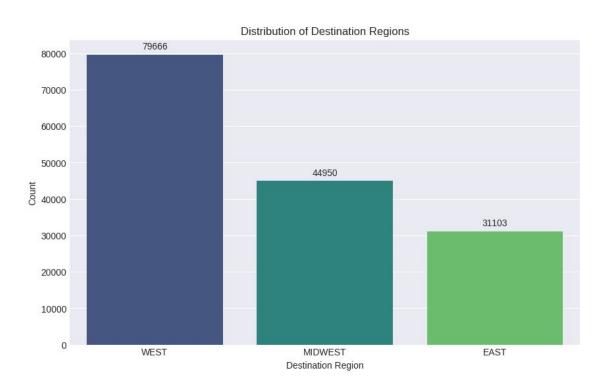
\$99,762.00





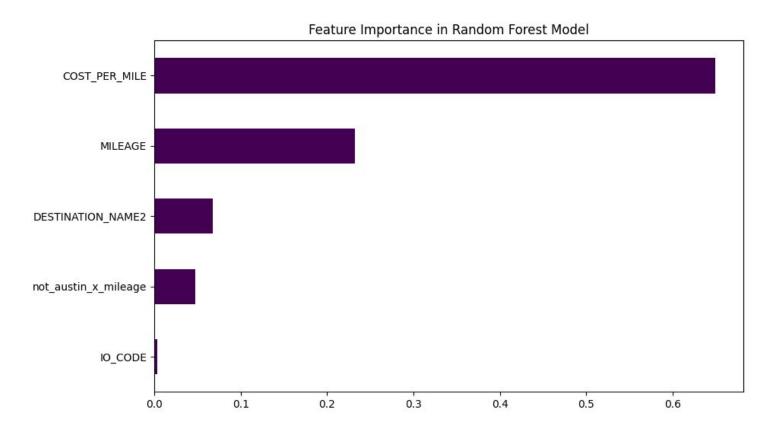
MACHINE LEARNING METHODOLOGY

USED DOMESTIC US FREIGHT SHIPMENTS ABOVE 20 MILES TO EXCLUDE OUTLIERS/ NULL MILEAGE VALUES



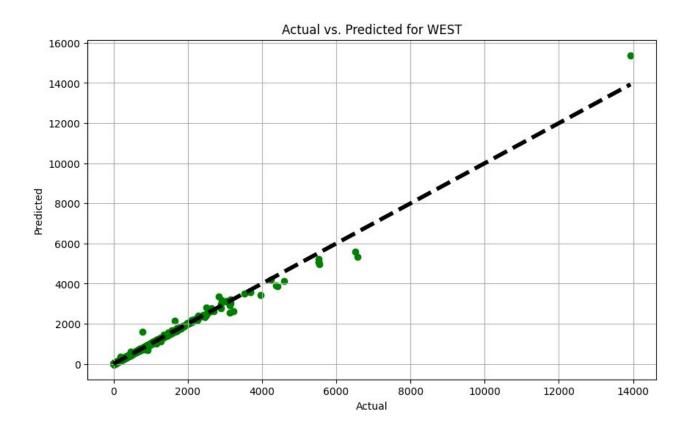






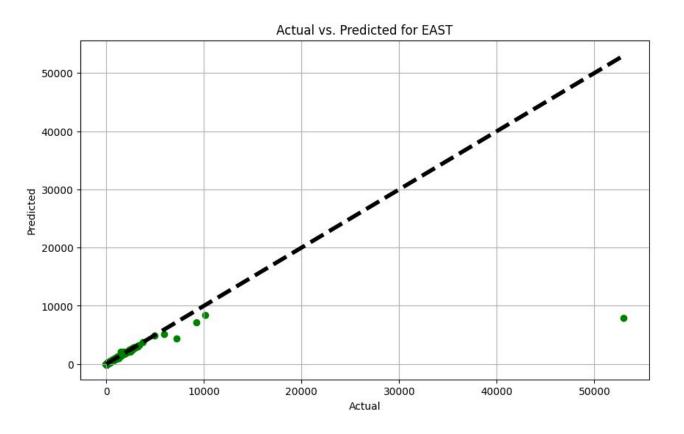






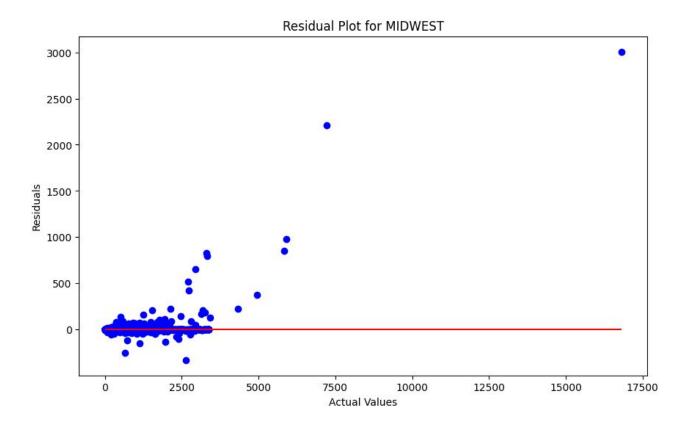












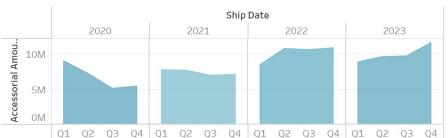






Cost Overview

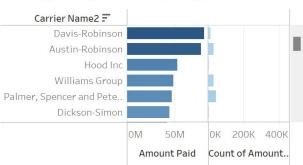
Total Accessorial Charge Trends By Year And Quarter





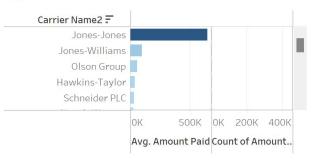
Total Amount Paid By Carrier

Total Shipping Charges Paid Broken Down By Specific Carriers



Average Amount Paid By Carrier

 $\label{thm:continuous} \mbox{Average Total Charge Per Shipment Broken Down By Specific Carrier}$



Overall average accessorial charges have been increasing year over year

Years 2022 and 2023 have been exhibiting increasing avg accessorial charge trends throughout each year

Carrier Davis-Robinson has highest total amount paid for shipments

Carrier Jones-Jones has highest avg amount paid for shipments

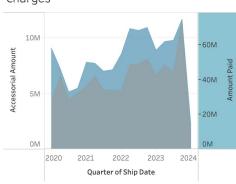
Carrier Taylor Ltd has highest count of shipments





Overview of Top Accessorial Charges by Carrier

Total Amount Paid vs. Total Accessorial Charges

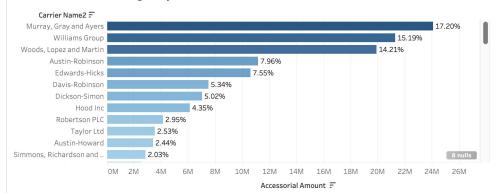


Accessorial Charge Code Description by Total Accessorial Charges



Year of Ship Date (Multiple values) Carrier Name2 (All) Carrier Name2 (All) Accessorial Amount 2,280,457 11,692,461

Total Accessorial Charges By Carrier



Years 2022 to 2024 have been exhibiting increasing accessorial charge and amount paid trends throughout each year

Carrier Murray, Gray and Ayers has highest total accessorial charges for shipments





Introductory Cost Per Mile Analysis (Domestic)

Avg. Cost P.. \$2.32 \$7.24

Carrier Na.. (AII) ▼

Average Cost Per Mile Over Time

Year of Shi.. (Multipl... ▼



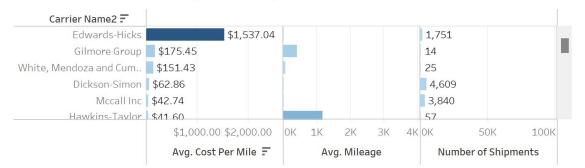
Year of Shi.. (Multipl... ▼

Highlight Y.. Highlig... p

Highlight Q.. Highlig... ρ

Highlight C.. Highlig... ρ

Cost Per Mile Analysis (Domestic)



Overall average cost per mile has been increasing since the start of 2021

All quarters exhibit an increasing average cost per mile with the highest averages sitting in the 4th quarter

Carrier Edwards-Hicks has the highest average cost per mile for shipments

Shipments with carrier Mcneil, Frank and Wise tend to have the highest average mileage





Introductory Cost Per Pound Analysis (International)

Average Cost Per Pound over Time



Highlight Carrier Name2

Highlight Carrier Nam... A

For international shipments overall average cost per pound has been increasing since Q2 of 2021

Avg cost per pound now trending higher in the last two quarters of the year

Average Cost Per Pound By Destination Country

Destin =	Carrier Name2						
IL	Palmer, Spencer and Pete						
HU	Palmer, Spencer and Pete						
GQ	Palmer, Spencer and Pete						
AW	Taylor Ltd						
AO	Kim, Valentine and Smith						
		\$0.00	\$100.00	\$200.00	\$300.00	\$400.00	\$500.00
		Avg. Cost Per Pound					

Shipments to **Israel and Hungary** have been demanding the highest average cost per pound

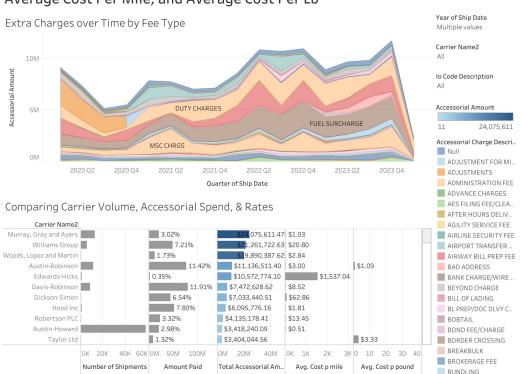
INTERACTIVE DASHBOARD

GLOBAL CARRIER COMPARISON









Trend shows accessorial charges increase every year between Q1 to Q2 consistently

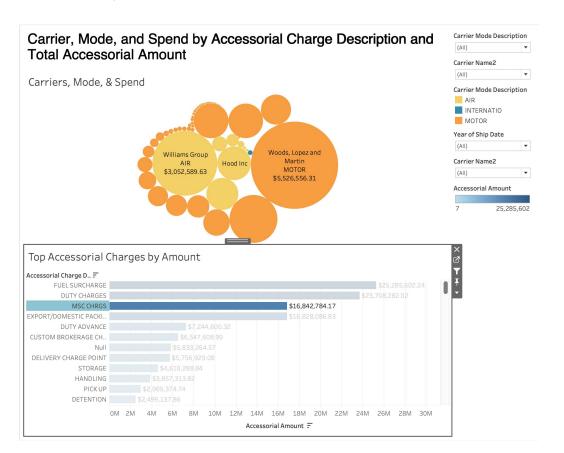
Fuel surcharge has been accruing higher percent of charges since 2021

Carrier **Austin-Howard** has significantly more shipments but only charges \$0.51 per mile

While **Edward-Hicks** is charging \$1,537 per mile

INTERACTIVE DASHBOARD

ISOLATING CARRIER, MODE & SPEND BY CHARGE TYPE







Woods, Lopez, and Martin is spending over \$5 million in motor shipping

Williams Group is spending over \$3 million in air shipping

Miscellaneous charges account for over \$16 million between 2020-2023

LIMITATIONS

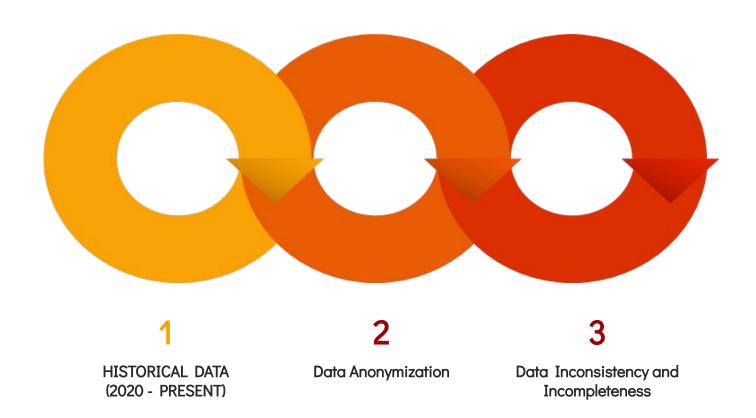
ON OUR FINDINGS







LIMITATIONS



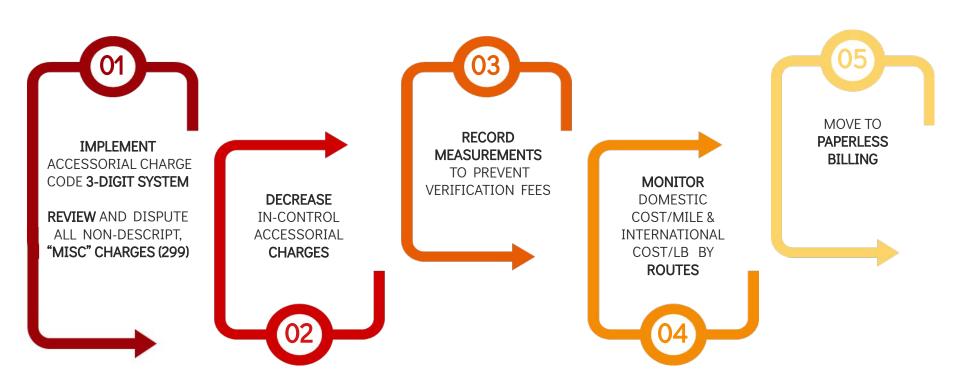
RECOMMENDATIONS







RECOMMENDATIONS



CONCLUSION







CONCLUSION



3-Digit Code system streamlines classification and filing processes, enhancing efficiency in managing accessorial charges \$521,514 potential cost savings by using carriers Austin-Howard & Taylor Ltd.

Package of interactive dashboards for SCM team to use for further trend analysis and cost evaluations





THANK YOU

QUESTIONS?

APPENDIX







MSBA CAPSTONE PROJECT GOALS

- APPLY STATISTICAL, DATA VISUALIZATION, AND MACHINE LEARNING TECHNIQUES TO ANALYZE THE DATA.
- IDENTIFY PATTERNS, TRENDS, INSIGHTS THAT CAN HELP ADDRESS THE CURRENT BUSINESS PROBLEMS.
- CREATE A DASHBOARD OR A MODEL THAT THE ORGANIZATION CAN USE IN THE FUTURE.
- PROVIDE ACTIONABLE RECOMMENDATIONS OR STRATEGIES BASED ON THE DATA-DRIVEN ANALYSIS TO ADDRESS THE BUSINESS PROBLEMS.
- QUANTIFY THE POTENTIAL IMPACT OF IMPLEMENTING THE RECOMMENDATIONS OR SOLUTIONS DERIVED FROM THE ANALYSIS THROUGH WELL-ESTABLISHED METRICS.





SOLAR TURBINES PROJECT SCOPE

Data Management Solution: Data Quality Control & 3-Digit Index

- Accuracy
- Consistency
- Efficiency

Data Visualization Solution: Tableau Dashboard

- Live
- Interactive
- Informative

Business Insights Solution: Shipment Segmentation

- Negotiation
- Prioritization
- Optimization





DATA DESCRIPTION

accessorial → 30 variables, over 270,000 observations

 Overall view of shipping information including accrued charges, shipping weights, types, and sending and receiving locations.

EDI \rightarrow 4 variables, over 160,000 observations

• It includes the carrier and the transaction amount. This dataset contains a significant amount of null values which come from parcel shipping as bigger shipping companies have their own tracking information.

freight \rightarrow 25 variables, over 170,000 observations

 Dataset includes larger items being shipped outside of a separate mailing service. Dataset includes information regarding charges accrued through shipping along with shipping information, dates, and destination of items.

parcel → 23 variables, over 490,000 observations

• Dataset includes information on smaller items shipped through the mail with prices, dates and origin and destination. Dataset also has its own tracking number along with the carrier and miles being shipped.





ADDRESSING THE PROBLEMS

Tool	New Accessorial Charge Index	Interactive Dashboards of Shipping Cost Dynamics	Machine Learning Model
	To streamline the charge classification and billing	To highlight areas within the shipping process in need of	To enable advanced analytics
	management process	attention	To prioritize charges in need of human review
Why?	To empower stakeholders to monitor, contextualize & negotiate fees	To allow for dynamic filtering and exploration of complex patterns	To inform negotiations
	To facilitate downstream analytics processing	To offer trend analysis tools for future investigation	





ACCESSORIAL CHARGE CODE 3-DIGIT MAPPING

3-Digit Code Classification	First Digit	Second Digit	Third Digit	Accessorial Charge Code	Accessorial Charge Description	3-Digit Code	
No Control Over	0	1	1	FS	FUEL SURCHARGE	011	128,128
		2	1	HA	HANDLING	021	14,551
			2	PC	PICK UP	022	10,135
			3	EE	EXPORT/DOMESTIC PACKING	023	1,148
		3	1	DU	DUTY CHARGES	031	9,265
			2	PF	PROCESSING FEE/MERCHANDI.	032	7,010
			3	EC	EXTRA COPIES MAILING	033	4,134
		4	1	TH	TERMINAL SERVICE	041	7,685
			2	TF	AIRPORT TRANSFER FEE	042	3,171
		5	1	TA	TARP	051	4,786
		6	1	MN	MANIFEST	061	6,112
			2	AM	ADMINISTRATION FEE	062	3,426
			3	DA	DUTY ADVANCE	063	1,855
		7	3	HZ	HAZARDOUS MATERIAL FEE	073	1,972
		8	1	AF	AES FILING FEE/CLEARANCE	081	1,838
			2	SU	SECURITY CHARGE	082	2,981
			3	BR	CUSTOM BROKERAGE CHARGE	083	21,290
Control Over	1	5	2	DH	DELIVERY CHARGE POINT	152	3,891
			3	ST	STORAGE	153	2,013
			4	DT	DETENTION	154	1,624
		7	1	OL	OUT OF AREA DELIVERY	171	1,137
			2	WV	WEIGHT VERIFICATION	172	5,199
Miscellaneous	2	9	9	MS	MSC CHRGS	299	19,033





REGRESSION (PARCEL)

OLS Regression Results								
Dep. Variable:	ACCESSORIAL_AMOU	UNT	R-squared:			0.171		
Model:	(OLS	Adj.	R-squared:		0.171		
Method:	Least Squar	res	F-st	atistic:		4848.		
Date:	Fri, 03 May 20	024	Prot	(F-statistic):	0.00		
Time:	17:54	:47	Log-	·Likelihood:		-1.0511e+06		
No. Observations:	187	763	AIC:			2.102e+06		
Df Residuals:	187	754	BIC	:		2.102e+06		
Df Model:		8						
Covariance Type:	nonrob	ust						
			=====					
	coef	std	err	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]	
const	-5.0257	0.	451	-11.140	0.000	-5.910	-4.141	
HEIGHT	0.0228	0.	021	1.102	0.270	-0.018	0.063	
LENGTH	0.4343	0.	014	31.636	0.000	0.407	0.461	
WIDTH	0.6987	0.	023	30.983	0.000	0.654	0.743	
SHIP_WEIGHT_POUNDS	0.1703	0.	002	105.495	0.000	0.167	0.173	
INTERNATIONAL BINAR	Y -15.1332	1.	017	-14.879	0.000	-17.127	-13.140	
is_not_taylor	14.7605	0.	891	16.575	0.000	13.015	16.506	
DENSITY	5.2760	0.	097	54.534	0.000	5.086	5.466	
MODE_GROUND_BINARY	-5.3935	0.	426	-12.656	0.000	-6.229	-4.558	
Omnibus:	631184.	505	Durk	oin-Watson:		1.466		
Prob(Omnibus):	0.0	999	Jaro	que-Bera (JB):	12845	05735032.394		
Skew:	-59.	378	Prob	o(JB):		0.00		
Kurtosis:	12815.9	975	Cond	d. No.		966.		





REGRESSION (FREIGHT)

OLS Regression Results								
Dep. Variable: A	CCESSORIAL_AM	CESSORIAL AMOUNT		R-squared:		0.974		
Model:		OLS	Adj.	R-squared:		0.974		
Method:	Least Squ	Least Squares		F-statistic:		2.127e+06		
Date:	Fri, 03 May	2024	Prob (F-statistic):			0.00		
Time:	18:6	94:43	Log-	Likelihood:		-2.2124e+06		
No. Observations:	28	38146	AIC:			4.425e+06		
Df Residuals:	28	38140	BIC:			4.425e+06		
Df Model:		5						
Covariance Type:	nonro	bust						
				=========			=======	
	coef	std	err	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]	
const	28.6846	2.	589	11.080	0.000	23.610	33.759	
is_not_austin	53.8024	3.	018	17.827	0.000	47.887	59.718	
not_austin_x_mileage	0.1603	0.	002	84.390	0.000	0.157	0.164	
IO_CODE	14.6121	0.	979	14.928	0.000	12.694	16.531	
COST_PER_MILE	0.0010	3.07€	-07	3249.740	0.000	0.001	0.001	
INTERNATIONAL_BINARY	-111.9561	2.	621	-42.713	0.000	-117.093	-106.819	
Omnibus:	1200136.769		Durbin-Watson:					
Prob(Omnibus):	0.000		Jarque-Bera (JB):		4252733247455.879			
Skew:	116.511		Prob(JB):			0.00		
Kurtosis:	18822	22.154 Cond. I		. No.		1.21e+07		





REGRESSION VIF CHECK FOR MULTICOLLINEARITY

Freight	Parcel
---------	--------

		VΙ	r Data:		
VI	F Data:			Feature	VIF
	Feature	VIF	0	const	8.963717
0	const	7.065255	1	HEIGHT	2.277567
1	is not austin		2	LENGTH	1.977439
1			3	WIDTH	2.886776
2	<pre>not_austin_x_mileage</pre>	1.528101	4	SHIP_WEIGHT_POUNDS	1.387446
3	IO_CODE	1.061371	5	INTERNATIONAL_BINARY	4.910065
4	COST PER MILE	1.010430	6	is_not_taylor	4.505798
			7	DENSITY	1.001531
5	INTERNATIONAL_BINARY	1./9///9	8	MODE_GROUND_BINARY	1.616034

VIE Data





MACHINE LEARNING MODEL

Random Forest

R^2 Score
EAST 0.439280
WEST 0.994744
MIDWEST 0.992546

Train R^2: 0.953, Test R^2: 0.993

Train MSE: 19590.865, Test MSE: 2240.906