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%%Student number: 250777962

Coding part

```
*create D1 to read the London South Monthly 1883-1932.csv
  and store the data from line 19
 *create D2 to read the London_Lambeth_A_Monthly_1930-1941.csv
 and store the data from line 19
*create D2 to read the London Intl Airport Monthly 1940-2006.csv
  and store the data from line 19
D1 = csvread('London_South_Monthly_1883-1932.csv',19,1);
D2 = csvread('London_Lambeth_A_Monthly_1930-1941.csv',19,1);
D3 = csvread('London_Intl_Airport_Monthly_1940-2006.csv',19,1);
D = [D1(3:end-8,:); D2(29:end-17,:); D3(8:end-50,:)];
%create matrix ylabels to store the data type of each line
ylabels = {'Year','Month','Mean Max Temp (°C)','Mean Min Temp
 (°C)',...
    'Mean Temp (°C)', 'Extr Max Temp (°C)', 'Extr Min Temp (°C)',...
    'Total Rain (mm)', 'Total Snow (cm)', 'Total Precip (mm)'};
%create matrix titles to store the data type of each line
titles = {'Year','Month','Mean Maximum Temperature (°C)',...
    'Mean Minimum Temperature (°C)','Mean Temperature (°C)',...
    'Extreme Maximum Temp (°C)', 'Extreme Minimum Temp (°C)',...
    'Total Rain (mm)','Total Snow (cm)','Total Precipitation (mm)'};
% for loop from 3 to 8 print
for i=3:10
    figure
    %store the year and the month into x
    x=D(:,1)+((D(:,2)-1)/12);
    %plot x and the ith data
    plot(x,D(:,i))
    xlabel('Year')%label x axis
    ylabel(ylabels(i))%label y axis
    title(strcat('London Ontario', " ", titles(i)))%set title with data
 type
    axis tight
    set(gcf, 'Position',[100 100 800 400]) % set the value x and y axis
    titlevalue=(strcat(titles(i),'.png')); %set the filename
    m=char(titlevalue);%cast the name to charater
    print('-dpng',m)
end
%the first for loop loop each seasion
% for a from 1 to 3 are spring
% for a from 4 to 7 are summer
% for a from 8 to 10 are autumn
% for a from 11 to 1 are autumn
for(a=1:3:10)
    %second for loop loop each type of data
```

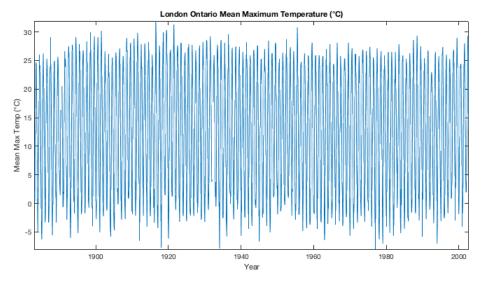
```
% if c =1 then the data type is the 3rd line in D which is Mean
Maximum Temperature
    % if c = 2 then the data type is the 6th line in D which is Extreme
Maximum Temperature
    % if c = 3 then the data type is the 7th line in D which is Extreme
Minimum Temperature
    % if c =4 then the data type is the 8th line in D which is Total
Rain
   for(c=1:4)
        %get the number of year;
       n_years = floor(size(D,1)/12);
        if(a==1)
            %if the remainder larger than 3 then there are one more
 spring
            if (rem(size(D,1),12) >= 3)
                n_years = n_years+1;
            end
        elseif(a==4)
            %if the remainder larger than 5 then there are one more
 summer
            if (rem(size(D,1),12) >= 6)
                n_years = n_years+1;
            end
        elseif(a==7)
            %if the remainder larger than 8 then there are one more
 autumn
            if (rem(size(D,1),12) >= 9)
                n_years = n_years+1;
            end
        end
        %put the first year into container years
        years = D(1,1);
        if(c==1)
            % if data type is Mean Maximum Temperature
            % sum up all the temperature and devide it
            if(a==1)
                data = (D(a,3)*31 + D(a+1,3)*30 + D(a+2,3)*31)/
(31+30+31);
            elseif(a==4)
                data = (D(a,3)*30 + D(a+1,3)*31 + D(a+2,3)*31)/
(31+30+31);
            elseif(a==7)
                data = (D(a,3)*30 + D(a+1,3)*31 + D(a+2,3)*30)/
(31+30+30);
            elseif(a==10)
                %if it is leap year which can be division by 4 then
the
                %day of February is 29 otherwise is 28
                if(rem(D(first_element,1),4)==0)
                    data = (D(a,3)*31 + D(a+1,3)*31 + D(a+2,3)*29)/
(31+29+31);
                else
                    data = (D(a,3)*31 + D(a+1,3)*31 + D(a+2,3)*28)/
(31+28+31);
```

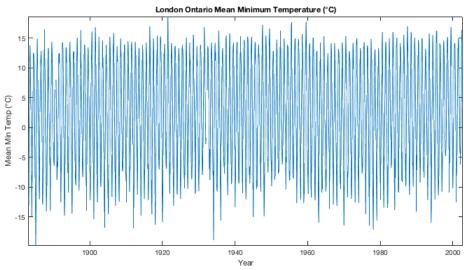
```
end
           end
       elseif(c==2)
           %if data type is Extreme Maximum Temp
           %then data store maximum Temperature in those three month
           data = max(D(a:a+2,6));
       elseif(c==3)
           %if data type is Extreme Minimum Temp
           then data store the minimum Temperature in those three
month
           data = min(D(a:a+2,7));
       elseif(c==4)
           %if data type is Total Rain
           %then data store the total precipitation amounts in those
three month
           data = sum(D(a:a+2,8));
       end
       %because the first one already store in years and data
       %then should store the information from the second one
       for i=1:n years-1
           %get the first month and the last month in each season
           first_element = a+i*12;
           last_element = a+2+i*12;
           if(c==1)% in the first type store the information in 3rd
line
               yrdata = D(first element:last element,3);
           elseif(c==2)% in the second type store the information in
6th line
               yrdata = D(first_element:last_element,6);
           elseif(c==3)%in the third type store the information in
7th line
               yrdata = D(first_element:last_element,7);
           elseif(c==4)%in the forth type store the information in
8th line
               yrdata = D(first element:last element,8);
           end
           if (~any(isnan(yrdata)))% if the information is not NaN
then store it into data
               years(end+1,1) = D(first_element,1);
               if(c==1) % if data type is Mean Maximum Temperature
sum up all the temperature and devide it
                   if(a==1)%same as above loop
                       data(end+1,1) = (yrdata(1)*31 + yrdata(2)*30 +
yrdata(3)*31)/(31+30+31);
                   elseif(a==4)
                       data(end+1,1) = (yrdata(1)*30 + yrdata(2)*31 +
yrdata(3)*31)/(31+30+31);
                   elseif(a==7)
                       data(end+1,1) = (yrdata(1)*30 + yrdata(2)*31 +
yrdata(3)*31)/(31+31+30);
                   elseif(a==10)
                       if(rem(D(first element, 1), 4) == 0)
                           data(end+1,1) = (yrdata(1)*31 +
yrdata(2)*31 + yrdata(3)*31)/(31+31+29);
```

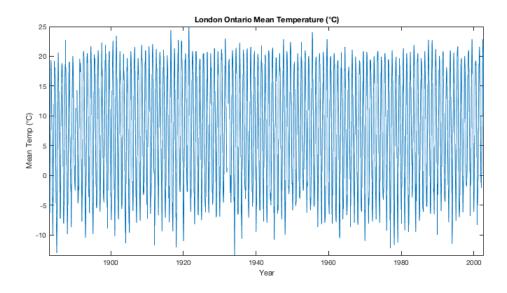
```
else
                           data(end+1,1) = (yrdata(1)*31 +
yrdata(2)*31 + yrdata(3)*31)/(31+31+28);
                   end
               elseif(c==2)% same as above loop
                   data(end+1,1) = max(yrdata) ;
               elseif(c==3)
                   data(end+1,1) = min(yrdata);
               elseif(c==4)
                   data(end+1,1) = sum(yrdata);
               end
           end
       end
       %get the regress function
       [b, bint] = regress(data,[ones(length(years),1),years],0.32);
       if(a==1)%a==1 which months are spring
           name='Spring';
       elseif(a==4)%a==4 which months are summer
           name='Summer';
       elseif(a==7)%a==4 which months are sautumn
           name='Autumn';
                   %else are winter
       else
           name='Winter';
       end
       % titles(n) and ylabels(n) will be set based on the data type
       if(c==1) %c=1 means the data type is the thrid line
infromation
           n=3; % then read Mean Maximum Temperature
       elseif(c==2)%same as above
           n=6;
       elseif(c==3)
           n=7;
       else
           n=8;
       end
       figure
       plot(years,data) %plot the axis
       axis tight
       hold on
       xlabel('Year')%label axis
       ylabel(ylabels(n))
       title(strcat('London Ontario ', " ", name, " ",
titles(n)))%label title
       plot(years,b(2)*years+b(1),'LineWidth',2)
       hold off
       %bint is the inverval of the slope and bint(2,1) is the left
and
       %bint (2,2) is right bound
       left_conf_bound=bint(2,1); % set left confidence bounds
       right_conf_bound=bint(2,2); % set right confidence bounds
       slope=b(2);%set the slope
       if (slope>0)%display accounding to the slope
```

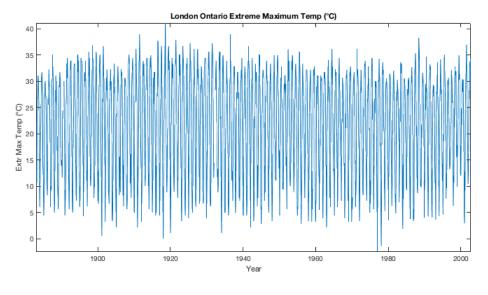
```
disp(strcat('Potential increasing trend for',"
 ",titles(n), " in ",name, ' :'))
        elseif (slope<0)</pre>
            disp(strcat('Potential decreasing trend for', "
 ",titles(n)," in ",name,' :'))
        end
        if (sign(left_conf_bound) == sign(right_conf_bound))
            disp(' Significant trend at 68% confidence!')
            sigma = abs(slope-left_conf_bound); % set sigma
            fprintf(' Trend is %f +/- %f ',b(2)*100,sigma*100);
            if(c==1 \mid c==2)% add the unit based on the data type
                fprintf('°C/century\n');
            elseif(c==3)
                fprintf('mm/century\n');
            elseif (c==4)
                fprintf('cm/century\n');
            end%move the inverval with one sigma if still in intersect
 then it is 95% confidenc
            if (sign(left conf bound-sigma) == sign(right conf bound
+sigma))
                disp(' Significant trend at 95% confidence too!')
            end
        else
            disp(' Trend is not statistically significant')
        end
        disp(' ')
    end
end
Potential decreasing trend for Mean Maximum Temperature (°C) in
Spring:
Trend is not statistically significant
Potential decreasing trend for Extreme Maximum Temp (°C) in Spring :
Significant trend at 68% confidence!
Trend is -0.685356 +/- 0.624909 °C/century
Potential increasing trend for Extreme Minimum Temp (°C) in Spring:
Significant trend at 68% confidence!
Trend is 3.092492 +/- 1.180095 mm/century
Significant trend at 95% confidence too!
Potential increasing trend for Total Rain (mm) in Spring :
Significant trend at 68% confidence!
Trend is 21.506631 +/- 15.633218 cm/century
Potential decreasing trend for Mean Maximum Temperature (°C) in
Summer :
Significant trend at 68% confidence!
Trend is -0.849672 +/- 0.328500 °C/century
Significant trend at 95% confidence too!
Potential decreasing trend for Extreme Maximum Temp (°C) in Summer :
Significant trend at 68% confidence!
```

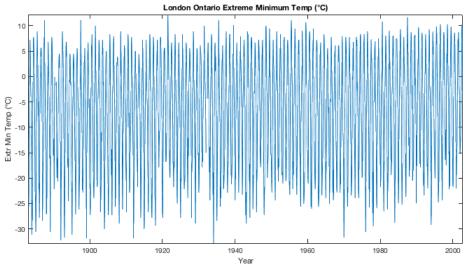
```
Trend is -1.437890 +/- 0.572896 °C/century
Significant trend at 95% confidence too!
Potential increasing trend for Extreme Minimum Temp (°C) in Summer:
Significant trend at 68% confidence!
Trend is 1.920182 +/- 0.487916 mm/century
Significant trend at 95% confidence too!
Potential increasing trend for Total Rain (mm) in Summer:
Trend is not statistically significant
Potential decreasing trend for Mean Maximum Temperature (°C) in
Autumn:
Significant trend at 68% confidence!
Trend is -0.419282 +/- 0.329897 °C/century
Potential decreasing trend for Extreme Maximum Temp (°C) in Autumn :
Significant trend at 68% confidence!
Trend is -1.768338 +/- 0.626831 °C/century
Significant trend at 95% confidence too!
Potential increasing trend for Extreme Minimum Temp (°C) in Autumn :
Significant trend at 68% confidence!
Trend is 1.838912 +/- 0.945330 mm/century
Potential increasing trend for Total Rain (mm) in Autumn :
Significant trend at 68% confidence!
Trend is 45.761501 +/- 17.854075 cm/century
Significant trend at 95% confidence too!
Potential increasing trend for Mean Maximum Temperature (°C) in
Winter:
Trend is not statistically significant
Potential increasing trend for Extreme Maximum Temp (°C) in Winter:
Significant trend at 68% confidence!
Trend is 1.228510 +/- 0.730083 °C/century
Potential increasing trend for Extreme Minimum Temp (°C) in Winter:
Significant trend at 68% confidence!
Trend is 4.025622 +/- 0.985758 mm/century
Significant trend at 95% confidence too!
Potential decreasing trend for Total Rain (mm) in Winter:
Trend is not statistically significant
```

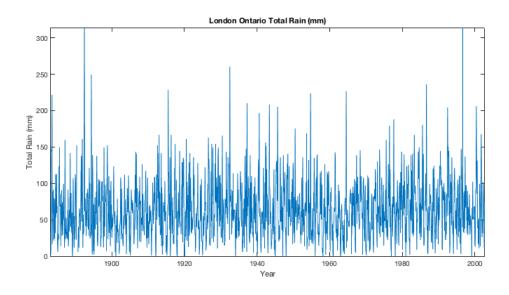


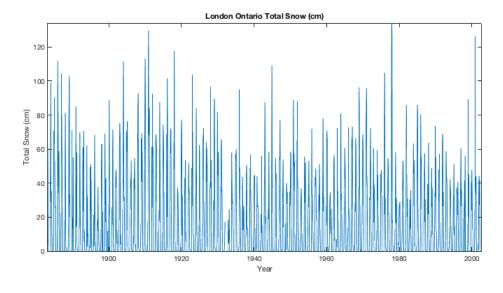


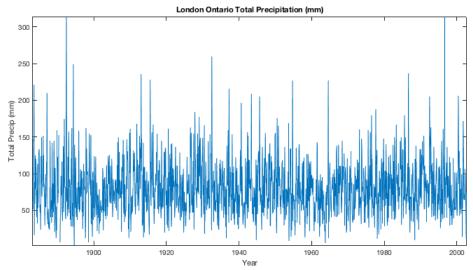


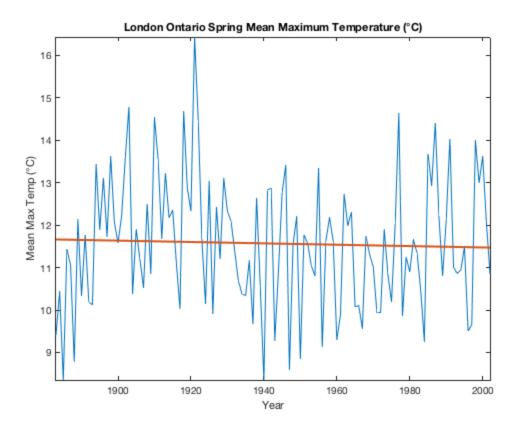


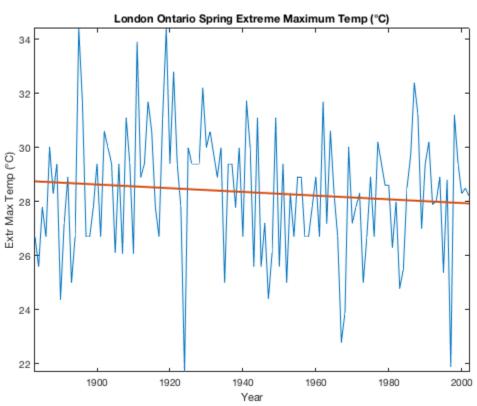


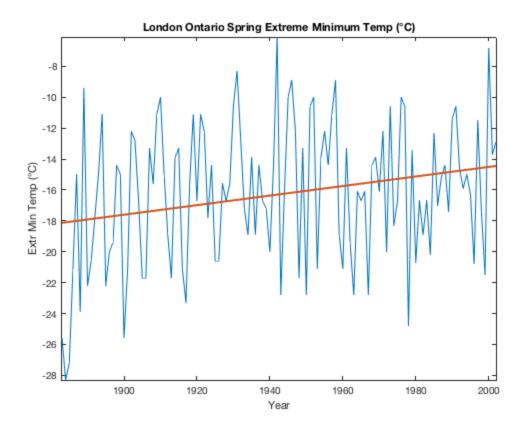


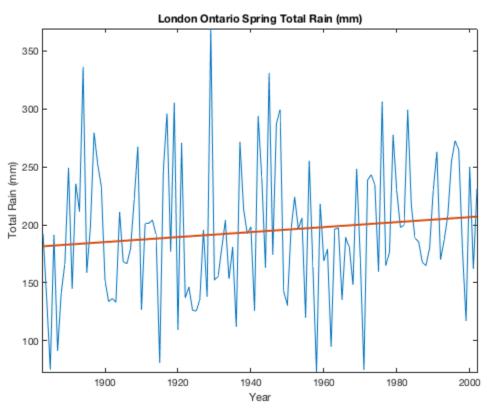


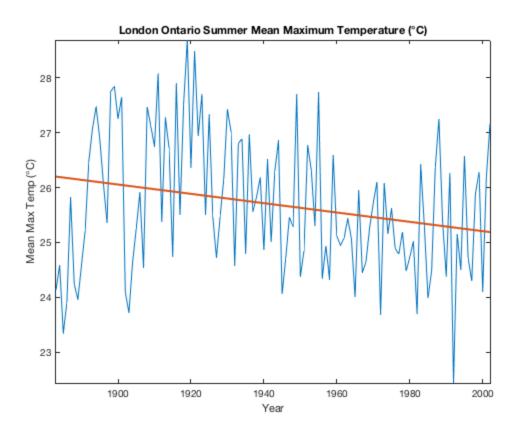


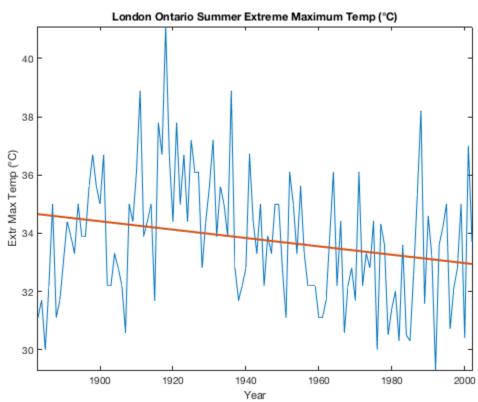


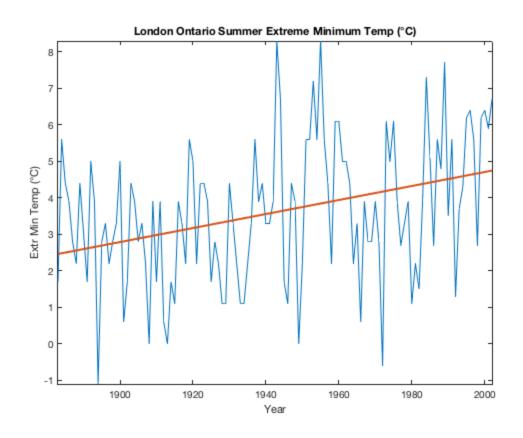


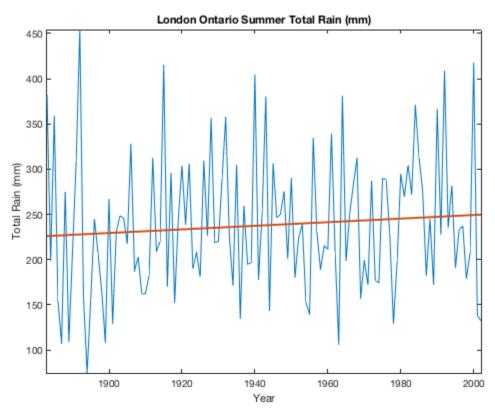


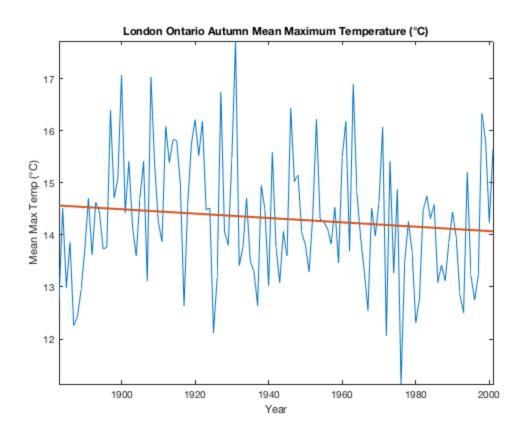


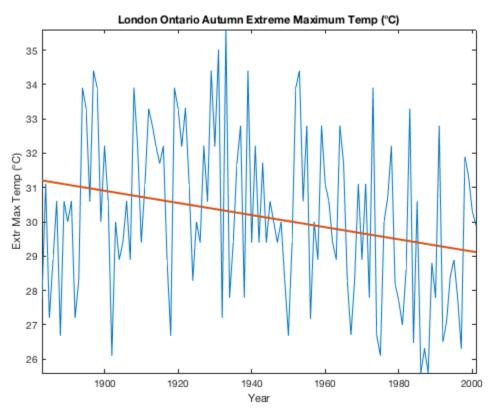


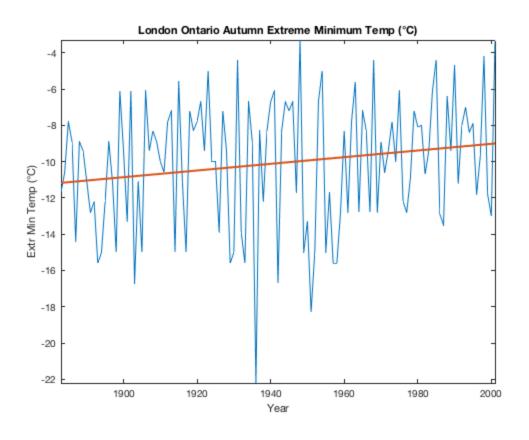


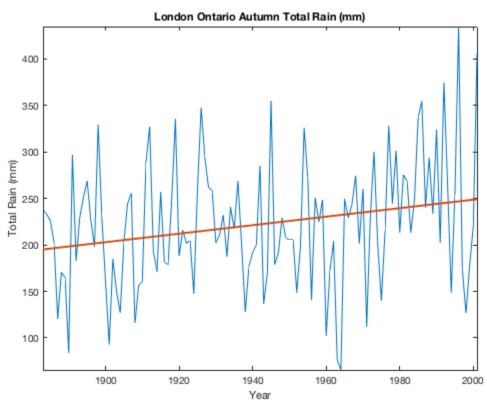


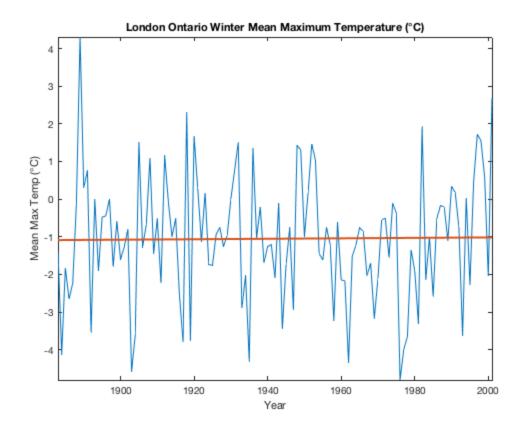


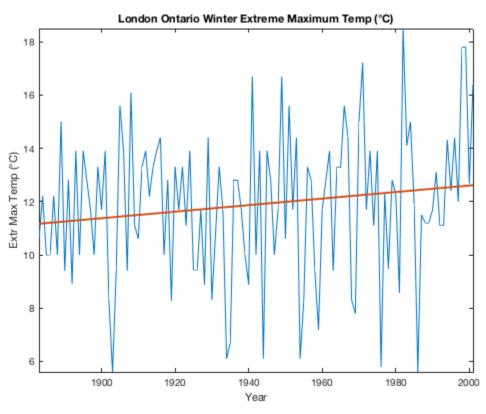


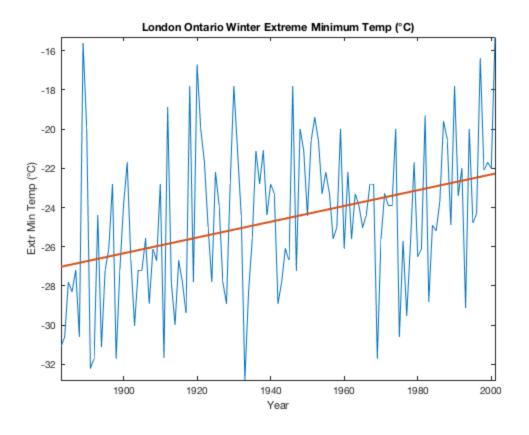


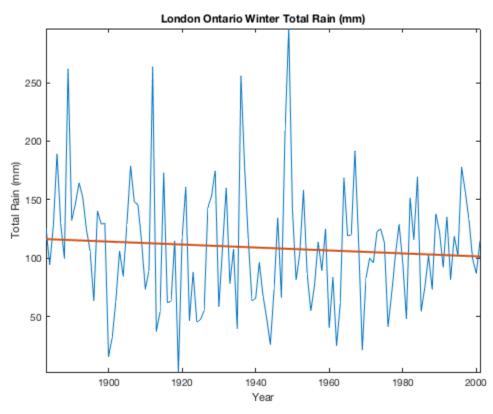












Discussion of Results

```
%%Spring:
%decreasing trend for Mean Maximum Temperature (°C)
%decreasing trend for Extreme Maximum Temp
      %Significant trend at 68% confidence!
%increasing trend for Extreme Minimum Temp (°C)
      %Significant trend at 68% confidence!
      %Significant trend at 95% confidence too!
%increasing trend for Total Rain (mm)
      % Significant trend at 68% confidence!
%%Summer:
%decreasing trend for Mean Maximum Temperature (°C)
      %Significant trend at 68% confidence!
      %Significant trend at 95% confidence too!
%decreasing trend for Extreme Maximum Temp (°C)
      %Significant trend at 68% confidence!
      %Significant trend at 95% confidence too!
%increasing trend for Extreme Minimum Temp
      %Significant trend at 68% confidence!
      %Significant trend at 95% confidence too!
%increasing trend for Total Rain (mm)
%%Autumn
%decreasing trend for Mean Maximum Temperature (°C)
      % Significant trend at 68% confidence!
%decreasing trend for Extreme Maximum Temp (°C)
      %Significant trend at 68% confidence!
      %Significant trend at 95% confidence too!
%increasing trend for Extreme Minimum Temp (°C)
      %Significant trend at 68% confidence!
%increasing trend for Total Rain (mm)
      %Significant trend at 68% confidence!
      %Significant trend at 95% confidence too!
%%Winter
%increasing trend for Mean Maximum Temperature (°C)
%increasing trend for Extreme Maximum Temp (°C)
    %Significant trend at 68% confidence!
%increasing trend for Extreme Minimum Temp (°C)
     %Significant trend at 68% confidence!
     %Significant trend at 95% confidence too!
%decreasing trend for Total Rain (mm)
%%assessment:
% In winter and spring the extre maximum temperature were increasing
% in past 100 years, but the extre maximum temperature were decreasing
% in summer and autumn. The Extreme Minimum temperature were
increasing
```

- % in past 100 years, and the total railfall was changed significantly
- % Thus what we can predict is the extreme minimum temperature will be
- % increasing in the future.

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