

#6

$$\begin{pmatrix} x^4 & x^3 & x^2 \\ x^3 & x^2 & x \\ x^2 & x & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

The matrix has a +ve diagonal

Quadratic form

$$x^4 \alpha_1^2 + x^2 \alpha_2^2 + 1 \alpha_3^2 + 2x^3 \alpha_1 \alpha_2 + 2x^2 \alpha_1 \alpha_3 + 2x \alpha_2 \alpha_3$$

Quadratic form is +ve

 \Rightarrow +ve semidefiniteProof: determinant test $\det 1: x^4 > 0$

$$\det 2: x^4 x^2 - x^3 x^3 = x^6 - x^6 = 0 \quad \det 3: 0$$

$$x^4 \begin{vmatrix} x^2 & x \\ x & 1 \end{vmatrix} - x^3 \begin{vmatrix} x^3 & x \\ x^2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} + x^2 \begin{vmatrix} x^3 & x^2 \\ x^2 & x \end{vmatrix} = x^4(x^2 - x^2) - x^3(x^3 - x^3) + x^2(x^4 - x^4) = 0$$

 \Rightarrow +ve semidefinite and not +ve definite