$$\frac{d\delta}{dx} = 4x(x^{2}-4) = 5$$

$$\frac{d\delta}{dx} = 4x(x^{2}-4) = 5$$

$$\frac{d\delta}{dx} = 2y$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} = 2y$$

$$\frac{d}$$

b)
$$f(x,y) = \frac{1}{2}x^{2} + x \cos(y)$$
 $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = x + \cos(y)$
 $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = x + \cos(y)$
 $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = -x \sin(y)$
 $\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = -x \sin(y)$
 $\frac{\partial f$

c)
$$g(x,y) = \sin(x) + \sin(y) + \sin(x+y)$$

$$\nabla f(x,y) = \cos(x) + \cos(x+y)$$

$$\cos(y) + \cos(x+y)$$

$$H(x,y) = -\sin(x) - \sin(x+y) - \sin(x+y)$$

$$-\sin(x+y) - \sin(x+y)$$

Critical points.

$$\nabla f(x;y) = 0 \quad \cos(x) + \cos(x+y) = 0 \quad \cos(x+y) = -\cos(x)$$

$$\cos(y) + \cos(x+y) = 0 \quad \cos(x+y) = -\cos(y)$$

$$\cos(x+y) = -\cos(x) = -\cos(y)$$

$$= 0 \quad x = y \quad \text{en } \Theta(\pi, \pi)$$

$$H(\pi, \pi) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{Undeternined}$$