## Stochastic Processes Homework 2

Due Date: October 24, 2020

*Instruction*: Please type or write your answers clearly and show your work. You are encouraged to use the Rmarkdown version of this assignment as a template to submit your work. Unless stated otherwise, all programming references in the assignment will be in R. For this assignment, problems roughly covers content from the lectures 4 - 5.

- 1. A stochastic matrix is called *doubly stochastic* if its rows and columns sum to 1. Show that a Markov chain whose transition matrix is doubly stochastic has a stationary distribution, which is uniform on the state space.
- 2. Consider a Markov chain with transition matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 - a & a & 0 \\ 0 & 1 - b & b \\ c & 0 & 1 - c \end{bmatrix}$$

where 0 < a, b, c < 1. Find the stationary distribution.

- 3. Let **P** be a stochastic matrix.
  - a) If  $\mathbf{P}$  is regular, is  $\mathbf{P}^2$  regular?
  - b) If  $\mathbf{P}$  is the transition matrix of an irreducible Markov chain, is  $\mathbf{P}^2$  the transition matrix of an irreducible Markov chain?
- 4. The California Air resources Board warns the public when smog levels are above certain thresholds. Days when the board issues warnings are called *episode days*. A model (Lin, 1981) of the daily sequence of episode and nonepisode days is presented below as a Markov chain with transition matrix

	nonepisode	episode
nonepisode	0.77	0.23
episode	0.24	0.76

Use R to answer the following:

- a) What is the long-term probability that a given day will be an episode day?
- b) Over a year's time about how many days are expected to be episode days?
- c) In th long-term, what is the average number of days that will transpire between episode days?
- 5. Consider a Markov chain with transition matrix

$$\mathbf{P} = \begin{bmatrix} 1/2 & 1/2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Obtain a closed form expression for  $\mathbf{P}^n$ . Exhibit the matrix  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \mathbf{P}^n$  (some entries may be  $+\infty$ ). Explain what this shows about the recurrence and transience of the states.

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